

You Bought for War INVEST Now Buy for Peace

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

The Weather
Maximum yesterday... 98
Minimum today... 30
Tonight and Saturday, fair.

Daily—Fourteenth Year. Forty-ninth Year. MEDFORD, OREGON, FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1919 NO. 29

ITALIAN TROOPS NOW CONTROL FIUME

14 ITALIAN DIVISIONS IN FIUME

American Officer Returning to Paris Reports Disputed City Full of Italian Troops—Citizens Flee—More Divisions On the Way—Italian Papers Attack Wilson. Declare He Doesn't Represent America and His Action Jeopardizes Peace.

PARIS, April 25.—An American officer who left Fiume three days ago and who has just arrived in Paris, says it was reported there that a total of 14 divisions had been moved to Fiume by the Italians. He said the city was full of Italian soldiers who were arriving constantly. Virtually all the inhabitants of Fiume except Italians had left the city before the officer departed.

ROME, April 25.—(By Associated Press.) What happened in Paris is altogether monstrous," says the Giornale D'Italia in its comment on the peace conference situation. "Against it we appeal to the common sense of the American people, asking them whether they consider the attitude of their president a just and straightforward one."

Doesn't Represent U. S. A. "President Wilson forgot his principles regarding the freedom of the seas and the equality of races, and distributed Germany, Hungarian, Rumanian and Bulgarian territories among the French, Bohemians and Jugoslavians, remembering his principles only to snatch from Italy the fruits of her sacrifices and her victory. We are tranquil, trusting in justice and right and in the knowledge that a large majority of the American people do not share the opinions of President Wilson. Therefore, we do not consider the generous American nation responsible for the eccentricities of its president."

Jeopardizes Peace After describing Premier Orlando's reply to President Wilson as a "proud and thrilling document," the Courier says: "The American people cannot be in agreement with a man who so haughtily arrogates to himself the right to decide the fate of Europe." The Idea Nazionale declares that not one Italian would dare to sign a peace as proposed by President Wilson. The Italia considers that President Wilson has perhaps jeopardized the peace of the world.

HINES OFFICIALLY REPUDIATES GOV'T R. R. OWNERSHIP

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—Every effort is to be made to establish adequate freight and passenger train service for the Pacific coast if it is found inadequate and of equalize rail and water rates between New York and Pacific coast points as much as possible, Walker D. Hines, director-general of the United States railroad administration, announced here today.

Explaining his refusal to accept the railroad steel standardization prices set by the board of the department of commerce, Mr. Hines said: "There has been a good deal of misrepresentation on this question. We were deliberately accused of withholding purchases to hold down prices. That is not the fact. The railroad administration at the time the armistice was signed found itself abnormally stocked with railroad products. On that account we do not have to buy. We merely are waiting to see what effect peace will have eventually on railroad products." Mr. Hines said he did not believe in government ownership of railroads, and that in view of the failure of congress to pass needed appropriations no railroad would be compelled to make improvements of which it did not approve.

LONDON PAPER SAYS "WILD WEST" WILSON SHOULD GO HOME

LONDON, April 25.—The peace conference crisis continues to be the paramount topic of comment in London's morning newspapers. The support they give to President Wilson's and Italy's views are, respectively, about evenly divided. The Post refers to Mr. Wilson's "wild west diplomacy" and says: "Mr. Wilson's name among the allies is like that of the rich uncle and they have accepted his manners out of respect for his means." The Express announces that "Premier Orlando has gone home and we commend his example to Mr. Wilson."

NO HINT WILSON WILL YIELD ON FIUME DECISION

PARIS, April 25.—While the American delegates expressed regret over the temporary break with the Italians, they apparently were confident today that some settlement would be effected when Premier Orlando confers with the Italian parliament.

The general opinion in American circles is that the making of peace will be somewhat delayed by the Italian incident. There is no hint, however, that President Wilson will yield in the slightest concerning Fiume and in the opinion of the Americans an agreement can only be reached by a change in the Italian attitude.

GERMAN COURIERS ARRIVE IN PARIS

PARIS, April 25.—German official couriers, in advance of the German delegation to the peace congress, arrived at Versailles today. The Germans were received at Versailles by other French officials and taken to the Hotel Des Reservoirs, which has been assigned to the German delegation. The couriers are Herr Von Warrendorf, councillor of embassy; Herr Walter, a postal inspector, and Herr Duker of the supply department.

PARIS, April 25.—Among those who called to see President Wilson today was Frank Hayes, president of the United Mine workers of America.

PARIS, April 25.—A plenary session of the peace conference will be held Monday to consider the revised list of the League of Nations covenant and also such portions of the peace treaty as may be completed by that time.

The session will be open to the public. It is understood that if the covenant is approved it will immediately be made public.

EASTERN STATES IN GRIP OF WINTER

WASHINGTON, April 25.—General cold wave, with snow flurries and freezing temperatures prevailed today over nearly all of the territory east of the Mississippi river. Although no April records were broken, the cold was unusual and will not begin to shade off before tomorrow and Sunday. Much crop damage was predicted. The weather man said it was entirely too cold for baseball. Many cities in the south reported that it was more like football weather. The cold will not reach Florida.

AMBASSADOR PAGE HANDS IN RESIGNATION

Rumored President's View On Fiume Is Cause—Premier Orlando Issues Statement—Wilson's Action Unjustly Offensive to His Country—Danger Not Passed.

ROME, April 25.—The Italia says that because he was acquainted with President Wilson's views on the Italian claims, Thomas Nelson Page, American ambassador to Rome, offered his resignation. In mid-February, rumors were in circulation that Ambassador Page was to resign. Early in April it was reported from Paris that the ambassador had sent in his resignation, but there has been no official confirmation of the report.

PARIS, April 24.—In the statement given out today by Premier Orlando in reply to President Wilson's appeal on the Adriatic question, stress was laid by the Italian premier upon the question of the propriety of any attempt from the outside to set an opposition between the Italian people and their government. As revealed by the full text of the premier's statement now available, after arguing that such an attempt would virtually mean the ignoring and denying of the high degree of civilization which the Italian people had attained under democratic government, the premier added:

Offense to Italy "To oppose, so to speak, the Italian government and people, would be to admit that this great free nation could submit to the yoke of a will other than its own, and I shall be forced to protest vigorously against such suppositions, unjustly offensive to my country."

In a subsequent part of his statement, Premier Orlando in referring to the conferences that have been held in an effort to solve the territorial problems affecting Italy, during which, the premier said, President Wilson had had the kindness to recognize that "truth and justice are the monopoly of no one person and that all are subject to error," Premier Orlando continued:

Error Is Easy "And I add that the error is all the easier as the problems to which the principles apply are the more complex. Humanity is such an immense thing, the problems raised by the life of the people are so infinitely complex, that nobody can believe that he has found in a determined number of proposals as simple and sure a way to solve them as if it were a question of determining the dimensions, the volume and the weight of bodies with various units of measure."

"While remarking that more than once the conference nearly failed completely when it was a question of applying these principles, I do not believe that I am showing disrespect toward this high assembly. On the contrary, these changes have been and still are the consequences of human judgment. I mean to say only that experience has proved the difficulties in the application of these principles of an abstract nature to concrete cases. Thus, with all deference, but firmly, I consider as unjustified the application made by President Wilson in his message of his principles to the Italian claims."

Danger Not Over Declaring that one could not accept without reservation the statement that the downfall of the Austro-Hungarian empire implied a reduction of Italian aspirations, the premier added:

"It is even permissible to believe the contrary, that is, that at the very moment when all the varied peoples who constituted that empire sought to organize according to their ethnic and national affinities that the essential problem caused by the Italian claims can and must be completely solved. "Now, this problem is that of the Adriatic, in which are summed up all the rights of both the ancient and new Italy, all her sufferings throughout the centuries and all the benefits she is destined to bring to the great international community."

HST! ANOTHER WAR SECRET, EVERY TREE A WIRELESS TOWER

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Discovery that every tree is a potential wireless tower was announced today by Major General Squier, chief signal officer of the army, revealing another war secret and telling the story of how the American army with a string of stations using tree tops as antennae read messages from ships at sea and the principal European radio stations.

General Squier made his disclosure in a paper read before the Physical Society of America, meeting here. Afterward he took the scientists into the woods near the bureau and demonstrated a portable field laboratory erected there for experiments in development of the discovery. He showed how nature's wireless tower was nothing more than a tall tree, preferably eucalyptus, with a small wire netting spread below and an insulated wire hanging from a spike driven near the top.

CZECHO-SLOVAKS NOW 20 MILES FROM BUDAPEST

GENEVA, Thursday, April 24.—Czecho-Slovaks have attacked the city of Waitzen, 20 miles northeast of Budapest, which is expected to fall soon. French troops are said to be aiding the Rumanians in their advance in eastern Hungary, according to advices received here from Vienna.

BERLIN, Wednesday, April 23.—(By Associated Press.) Hungary has hermetically closed all her borders in an effort to control the Rumanian invasion and prevent unfavorable news from escaping from the country. Reports from Budapest therefore are contradictory but all indicate that the situation is grave.

The days of the soviet government are perhaps numbered. The entente powers are said to have 60,000 colonial troops in Neusatz, which are advancing as a Rumanian reserve. The Czechs are believed to be preparing to attack. The people of Transylvania have revolted and are advancing with the Rumanians because of the agrarian measures imposed by the soviet regime.

A panic is said to reign in Budapest where the communist authorities are reported to be ruthlessly arresting scores of the bourgeoisie. Thousands of the citizens are fleeing according to reports. The Budapest police have begun a counter-revolutionary movement but it is said that all involved have been arrested. Government troops are leaving for the front unwillingly, having in mind the experience of their comrades who capitulated to the Rumanians.

PRESIDENT WILSON COULD BE REELECTED STATES ATTY GEN'L

PHILADELPHIA, April 25.—"If President Wilson so wished, he would be nominated and would be re-elected. I do not think there is any doubt of that." This is the optimistic prediction of Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer in a statement issued today regarding the reports that Mr. Wilson might seek a third term. Incidentally, Mr. Palmer who last night spoke in this city, disclaimed any personal presidential ambitions, and emphatically said the department of justice would enforce prohibition following July 1. "We are going to have woman suffrage," said Mr. Palmer. "It has been a long time coming, but like prohibition, but it will come, and I think it is a good thing."

EUROPE TO GO BACK TO WAR BREAD BASIS

Hoover Institutes Program to Determine Available Food Supply—United States Exempt Will Enjoy White Bread Rations—Plenty of Wheat for Europe.

PARIS, April 25.—An increase in the milling percentage which will virtually put the world back to a war bread basis for the next three months is part of the program adopted by the supreme food council under the chairmanship of Herbert C. Hoover.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Americans will continue to eat "white bread" restored late last year after months of milling on a victory flour basis, despite the return of European countries to a war bread basis, announced by the supreme food council, Julius H. Barnes, president of the food administration grain corporation and federal wheat director, said today.

A survey of wheat stocks, Mr. Barnes said, had convinced his department that the American supply was sufficient not only to warrant continued production of all wheat flour, but to meet the export demand until the next harvest.

The program also includes a complete plan for securing and distributing food to allied, liberated, neutral and enemy countries until the next harvest. One object of the program is to determine the available food supply and so to distribute shipping as not to put undue pressure on any one market.

STRIKES IN GERMANY REPORTED BROKEN BY AMERICAN SUPPLIES

BERLIN, April 25.—(By Associated Press.) Almost as suddenly as the recent strikes began here, there and everywhere, Germany appears to be quieting again. The coal miners in the Ruhr district are returning to work and yesterday those in the Dushburg and Muehlheim districts, as well as half a dozen other places returned to the collieries.

The men are resuming work the communists have urged a continuation of a strike. A big factor has been the distribution of American food. In Brunswick the authorities have been able to lighten regulations incident to martial law. Hamburg is almost the only city with the exception of Munich where matters have not quieted.

SALEM FEARS NEW OUTBREAK OF "FLU"

SALEM, April 25.—A new outbreak of influenza is feared by health authorities here, who state that three cases have been reported at Liberty, near here, and two in Salem, with one death. Mrs. J. H. Emery died yesterday at Liberty. Attendance at the Liberty school has been curtailed due to precautions being taken against the disease.

Baseball Scores. National League at Philadelphia: New York..... 3 8 1 Philadelphia..... 0 10 0 Batteries—G. Smith, Daboe and McCarty; Watson and Cadv. Other games postponed on account cold weather.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY. April 25.

Germans sweep against the British lines south of the Somme Kaiser William visits his victorious troops on the Flanders front. Hindenburg's hordes wipe out Villers Bretonneux, the front door to Amiens. America's few thousand troops deluged with poison gas near Caste. SUBSCRIBE NOW TO THE VICTORY LIBERTY LOAN WHAT YOU WOULD HAVE PAID FOR VICTORY THEN.

VILLA GRABS LOOT VALUED AT \$500,000 ONLY KILLS 3 MEN

JUAREZ, Mex., April 25.—When Francisco Villa and his forces entered Parral Sunday morning he seized \$500,000 worth of loot, 50,000 rounds of ammunition belonging to the federal forces in the garrison there, and made forced loans amounting to \$50,000, it became known today. Several civilians were held for ransom but only three were executed as far as is known.

The fight lasted from dawn Saturday until Sunday at 11 o'clock when Villa entered the town at the head of 1,500 followers. Fighting between federal forces from Chihuahua City and Villa's troops in Parral was reported yesterday.

TAKE SATURDAY OFF AND PUT THE LOAN OVER

A wonderful crop of alfalfa, grain, grass, fruit and confidence is developing in the Rogue river valley, and everybody is busy and hustling. One day off to replenish supplies, one day off to encourage merchants with patronage on Saturday, one day off to fulfill the highest duty of patriotism by visiting your banker and investing in Victory Liberty loan bonds tomorrow, Saturday, will make a fitting end to a busy week. Do not fall in this duty to your country, for the men in charge of this federal district are purposely favoring the small investor, the man who most cheerfully loans his all to the government to secure a permanent peace.

You have not been annoyed by solicitors to any extent, because all our citizens have been too busy to obey the call to solicit. Isn't this a great thing to be thankful for in this valley,—everybody too busy to ask his neighbor to answer the government's call for workers? Voluntary subscriptions to the Victory loan in the same ratio today and tomorrow, Saturday, bid fair to put this county over the top during the first week of the drive, and they will put us over if our friends from the rural districts will take the day off and they and their friends visit the banks and buy the limit of Victory Liberty bonds. We hope to see tomorrow one of the greatest crowds ever in Medford on Saturday to finish this work so well begun.

We want to drop a hint to the effect that "Us Cow Counties" of Oregon are making a wonderful showing in the Victory Liberty loan drive, and have Portland on the run to maintain her prestige. Something is going to drop in Portland tomorrow also, however, and we will all join in the Victory shouting when the state again goes over the top among the leaders. It is only the one day off to finish the business and then back to our work. W. N. CAMPBELL, County Chairman.

SPOKANE WOMEN FLY FOR THE VICTORY LOAN

SPOKANE, Wash., April 25.—Eight Spokane residents made flights this afternoon with aviators of the Victory Loan "flying circus" here. They included two women, Miss V. B. Kuyem, secretary of the five local Liberty bond campaigns, and a representative of a local newspaper.

PREMIER OF ITALY OFF FOR ROME

Head of Italian Delegation Refuses to Stay in Paris—Italians at Home Prepare Gigantic Celebration—More Hopeful View of Situation—Expected Orlando Will Return if Endorsed By Parliament—Not Adieu But Au Revoir Says Paris.

PARIS, Thursday, April 24.—Premier Orlando of Italy left Paris for Rome at 8:30 o'clock tonight, accompanied by Salvatore Barzilai, General Diaz and two other members of the Italian mission. He was given an ovation at the station by a crowd.

PARIS, April 25.—A distinctly more hopeful and less irreconcilable feeling prevailed at Italian headquarters today. No longer was there talk of a breach with the peace conference, but instead it was said: "All may be settled within a fortnight. Premier Orlando has gone to Rome to consult parliament. Thereafter we shall see."

Not Adieu, Au Revoir "PARIS, April 25.—The newspapers here are unanimous in the opinion that the departure of Premier Orlando from Paris does not constitute a rupture in relations. "It is not adieu," says the Petit Journal, "but au revoir."

The Petit Parisien is particularly optimistic, saying the "critical tension exists no longer and there are several forms of compromise possible." A part of the French press manifests some impatience that new complications should arise at the moment when the German plenipotentiaries are about to arrive. The Echo de Paris fears that "as a sequel of the methods employed, all alliances may totter."

Amicable Solution "PARIS, April 25.—(Havas.) Peace conference circles were inclined to believe today that an amicable solution of the Italian incident was in the making.

For one thing, Italy has shown her desire to maintain good relations with the allies by the fact that the Italian delegates remaining in Paris will continue to collaborate in the work of the inter-allied commission not pertaining to the actual work of the peace conference.

It is thought possible that Premier Orlando may call the Italian parliament together at an earlier date than May 6, as previously fixed, and that he may be back in Paris for the opening of the negotiations at Versailles, which will not begin before the first or second of May.

Huge Demonstration "ROME, Thursday, April 24.—A huge crowd of manifestants, parading thru Rome toward the capitol, passed before the American embassy late today just as Ambassador Page came out for a walk. The demonstrators shouted "viva America." The ambassador replied "viva Italy."

A monster demonstration has been organized to greet Premier Orlando when he returns Friday from Paris. There was great excitement among members of the chamber of deputies and the senate today over the situation in Paris. Many members expressed the opinion that Italy should warn France and Great Britain that they cannot conclude peace without Italy, according to the treaty binding the allies.

"Down With Wilson!" Telegrams from cities and villages describe organization of demonstrations in support of the cabinet. "Long live America! Down with Wilson!" was the watchword of various demonstrations in Rome last night. "Italy," says the Epoca, "fought a desperate war and sustained heavy sacrifices for the purest ideals, the realization of which is jeopardized by the unreasonable obstinacy of President Wilson."

EUGENE, Ore., April 25.—The first annual newspaper conference of Oregon opened here today. Thirty-five editors, representing publications in every part of the state, were present, to discuss advertising and advertising problems.