

The Weather

Maximum yesterday.....72  
Minimum today.....40

# MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

Preactions

Tonight and Friday,  
Fair.

Daily—Fourth Year,  
Forty-ninth Year.

MEDFORD, OREGON, THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1919

NO. 10

## RUSH U. S. TROOPS TO NORTHERN RUSSIA

### SITUATION OF ALLIES IS CRITICAL

England Alarmed By Situation In Northern Russia—American Troops Now On Way—British Relief To Follow Immediately—Allied Forces Isolated By Ice—Fear Bolshevik Will Attempt To Drive Them Into The Sea.

LONDON, April 3.—The situation in the Murmansk region of northern Russia is giving the British military authorities considerable anxiety. Announcement was made today that British relief committees will follow immediately the American troops now on the way to North Russia.

It is pointed out that while the allied troops are isolated by the ice, the Bolsheviks are likely to attempt to drive them into the sea. The Bolsheviks have superior forces and as their section of the Dvina river thaws sooner than the part occupied by the allies they have an important advantage.

The allies therefore, believe it is essential that the troops be reinforced or relieved at the earliest possible moment.

**Oregon Boy Captured**  
NEW YORK, April 3.—Young Men's Christian Association officials today identified the two workers reported in yesterday's dispatches from Archangel, Russia, to have been captured by Bolsheviks, as Bryant R. Ryall and Malcolm V. Arnold. The spelling of the names was apparently confused in cable transmission. Ryall is 34 years old and has been in Russia a year. His mother, Mrs. C. E. Ryall lives at Gladstone, Ore.

Arnold, 32 years old, is a graduate of the University of Nebraska. His parents live at Ogalala, Neb.

**PROSKPIROV, Ukraine, April 2.**—(By the Associated Press.)—"The allies will be in the position of Pontius Pilate washing his hands if they do not come to our rescue," was a statement made to the Associated Press today by Simon Petlura, military and civil head of the Ukrainian republic, a man to see whom the correspondent had journeyed for nearly two weeks over bridgeless rivers, on slow trains, in automobiles, afoot and by wagon.

Simon Petlura has had many epithets applied to him, of which few are favorable. He is, however, generally regarded as a mysterious person who is usually a fugitive and is looked upon as something between a Mexican bandit and a Moscow convict. He is known by reputation in a vague way throughout middle Europe as the man who has succeeded in holding a difficult position with surprising tenacity for the past year or more. He has enjoyed the same class of enemies as Joseph Pilsudski, the Polish military dictator, encountered before the latter became better known.

**KING ALBERT PAYS VISIT TO WILSON**  
PARIS, April 3.—King Albert of Belgium called on Colonel E. M. House of the American peace mission this morning for a talk with the colonel before the king was due to pay President Wilson a visit in the afternoon. At this visit, which was set for 3 o'clock, it had been announced that the interests of Belgium before the peace conference would be discussed with President Wilson and that King Albert would present a request that Brussels be made the seat of the League of Nations.

### FEDERAL JUDGE HOLDS WORLD WAR IS NOW LEGALLY AT AN END

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 3.—In line with an informal statement from the bench on March 24, Federal Judge Walter Evans in an opinion today handed down a decision finding that the war in Europe legally is at an end and that a plea for a new trial on conviction of violating war-time military regulations after the armistice was signed has no standing in court.

### NO PEACE RESULTS AFTER LABORING FOR TEN DAYS

PARIS, April 3.—President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George, Clemenceau and Orlando continued their discussion at President Wilson's residence today. Other peace conference organizations also met.

All the conferences tended to unravel the tangled issues still standing in the way of peace. The meetings proceeded amid another wave of apprehension spreading through the conference over the lack of any tangible results after the council of four had labored continuously for 10 days.

### MAYOR WOODMAN'S AIDE CONFESSES

LOS ANGELES, April 3.—Thomas Lee Woolwine, district attorney of Los Angeles county, issued a signed statement today announcing that Horace W. Karr has made a complete statement throwing light on the charges of police graft that have been the subject of a grand jury investigation here. Karr was reported a city hall reporter and was formerly to be the go-between for Mayor F. T. Woodman, recently indicted, and those with whom he is alleged to have dealt.

### ASKS 40 MILLION BOND ISSUE FOR CALIFORNIA

SACRAMENTO, Calif., April 3.—Governor William D. Stephens, in a special message today, urged the legislature to submit a proposed \$40,000,000 bond issue for highways at a special election to be called as soon after adjournment of the legislature as possible.

**Alexander the Great Sails.**  
CHICAGO, April 3.—Grover Cleveland Alexander, premier pitcher of the National League, has sailed from France on the Rochambeau and is due to arrive in New York April 14, officials of the Chicago Nationals were advised today.

**Daniels Arrives in Rome.**  
ROME, April 2.—Josephus Daniels, rived here today and was met by American Ambassador Thomas Nelson Page and Vice Admiral Delbone. Italian minister of marine.

### KOREA TO ASK INDEPENDENCE FROM JAPAN

Delegation at Peace Conference to Present List of Grievances—Sentiment of People Declared Unanimous—Rhine Bank to Be Neutralized—Peace Terms By Easter.

PARIS, April 3.—An appeal for the independence of Korea will be submitted to the peace conference before the end of the present week by a delegation headed by Kinsie Kim, representing the new Korean young men's society. The appeal is declared to represent the vehement desire of almost the entire Korean nation, as manifested by the present widespread passive resistance movement.

The document is accompanied by a long memorandum reciting the alleged injustice and unpopularity of Japanese rule and the harshness of the measures with which Japan is declared to be endeavoring to repress the national movement for liberation.

PARIS, April 3.—(By the Associated Press.)—The drafting committee of the league of nations commission has finished work but has not passed on the French amendments to articles VII and IX as well as the American and Japanese suggestions as to the Monroe doctrine and the equality of nationalities. It is expected that the league of nations commission will meet on Saturday to adopt a definite text of the covenant.

The council of four has virtually decided, according to information from French sources, that the left bank of the Rhine will be neutralized until Germany has paid the indemnities fixed by the peace conference. It is understood that French and Belgian troops will hold this territory.

### BAKER SLAPS BACK AT "CHAMBERLAIN"

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Commenting on what he termed the very intemperate speech of Senator Chamberlain, retiring chairman of the senate military committee, delivered last night at Natchez, Miss., in connection with the Ansell-Crowder court martial controversy, Secretary Baker said that in three years as secretary of war he could not recall a single instance in which he had received a helpful suggestion from Senator Chamberlain or one which he had intended to be helpful.

### GRAIN EMBARGO TO MIDDLE WEST IS OFF

CHICAGO, April 3.—The railroad administration today cancelled the embargo on all grains for all primary markets and discontinued the permit system. All conflicting embargoes of individual roads were also cancelled. The markets affected include St. Paul and Minneapolis, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Council Bluffs and Duluth.

Officials said the action was due to the improved condition of storage facilities, which now permits receipt of grain without restriction. The permit system for movement of export grain to seaboard points still is in effect. Removal of the embargo on the movement of primary points affects points only in the middle west.

### RETURNED YANKS SCORN POSITIONS AS SHEEP HERDERS

THE DALLES, Ore., April 3.—With the opening of spring work and the advent of the lambing season, a shortage of labor is being experienced here and the local branch of the federal employment service is unable to supply the demand of local ranchers for farm help.

A feature of the employment situation here has been the fact that, while the office was opened primarily for the purpose of securing employment for returning soldiers and sailors, practically none of these have been willing to accept ranch jobs.

### FALLS THROUGH SKY LIGHT; HUBBY HOLDS HIM AS BURGLAR

PORTLAND, April 3.—Ray Simpson, frightened because he thought burglars were attempting to enter his room in a local lodging house last night, climbed out upon the window ledge with his suitcase and with several suits of clothing and pairs of shoes in his hands, and fell thru a skylight into the apartment of George Sanford and wife, in an adjoining building. Sanford mistook the intruder for a burglar and held Simpson at the point of a gun until the police arrived. Simpson went to police headquarters wearing several hats telescoped on top of each other and carrying three pairs of shoes. He was released after an investigation.

### HEIRESS RUNS OFF WITH BELL BOY

SAN DIEGO, Calif., April 3.—Miss Frances H. Gray, a pretty 19-year-old girl who disappeared from a Pasadena hotel where her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Gray of Chicago are spending a vacation, was caught here today at the desk of the marriage license clerk where she and Joseph Cardenas, a bell boy at the hotel, were about to get a license. Cardenas, who is 21, is the son of a wealthy coffee merchant of San Salvador and came to California to study law was working at the hotel to help pay his expenses. He was confident Miss Gray "would stick to him forever."

### ALLOW NO LUNATICS IN SOVIET POLITICS

COPENHAGEN, April 3.—The new government in Hungary has definitely promulgated a system of government by village, town, district and county councils and a national assembly of councils, a dispatch from Budapest says. The representatives to the national assembly will be elected by the town and county councils. All men and women who have reached the age of 18 will be permitted to vote with the exception of those who employ wage earners for profit, or who live on unearned income or are merchants, priests, monks, common criminals or lunatics.

### WALSH AND RUSSELL PLEAD FOR DFBS

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Application for a respite preliminary to a petition for pardon for Eugene V. Debs, the socialist leader sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment for violation of the espionage act, has been received at the White House and will be referred to Attorney General Palmer. The request is signed by Frank P. Walsh, Charles Edward Russell and Alan Benson. The application for clemency to President Wilson is Debs' last appeal.

### GENERAL WOOD HONORED WITH SERVICE MEDAL

Former Chief of Staff Awarded the Distinguished Service Emblem—Gen. Otani, of Japan, Also Among the Officers Cited—Two Civilians Given Place With War Heroes.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—A list of officers who have been awarded the distinguished service medal for exceptional meritorious service during the war, issued by the war department today, includes the names of Major Generals Leonard Wood, Hugh L. Scott and John F. Morrison.

At the same time the department announced award of the medal to General K. Otani, of the Japanese army "for especially meritorious and distinguished service as senior allied commander in Siberia."

Among other officers given the medal are: Brigadier Generals Robert M. Danford, Oliver Edwards, Frank K. Ferguson, Charles McK. Saltzman, Archibald H. Sunderland, E. Tveit, Winslow, Lytle Brown, John J. Bradley; Major Generals Willard A. Holbrook and Guy Carleton; Colonels James G. Steese, Bradley Dewey, Robert E. Willie, J. R. McAndrews; Lieutenant Colonel S. J. M. Auld, British army; Colonel E. D. Giles, British army.

### TWO CIVILIANS HONORED

Two civilians received the medal, Frank R. Jewett, late lieutenant colonel in the signal corps, for his service in connection with the development of the technical apparatus for the army, and Charles Eisman, late vice president of the committee on supplies, council of national defense, for his "energy, courage, business ability and foresight" in enlisting American industry and thus making possible "the proper and prompt equipment of our armies with clothing and equipment."

### COLONEL MAY RETURNS \$1000 CHECK TO MAYOR

PORTLAND, April 3.—Colonel John M. May, commander of the old Third Oregon regiment, which served in France as the 162nd Infantry, today sent a check for \$1000 to Mayor Baker with a note stating that no opportunity had presented itself to use the money for the men under his command. The money was given to Colonel May prior to the departure of the regiment for France. It was a part of the Oregon boys' war emergency fund raised thru the staging of entertainments at the public auditorium.

### RANGER EXPECTS EASY FIRE FIGHTING 1919

HOOD RIVER, Ore., April 3.—The forests are in excellent shape for fire control, according to W. M. Cooper, chief ranger of this district who passed thru here today enroute to Mount Hood from eastern Oregon where he had been taking a count of cattle destined for range pasture.

### CANADIANS LAY OUT 9-HOLE GOLF COURSE UPON VIMY RIDGE

WINNIPEG, Man., April 3.—Canadians have laid out a nine-hole golf course on Vimy ridge, according to a letter just received from a Canadian officer in France. He said that President Wilson probably will be invited to play the first "official" game.

Vimy ridge was captured by Canadian troops after fearful fighting and it is understood that France will probably present the ridge to the dominion as a war memorial.

### ALLIES PERMIT HUN SOLDIERS TO FIGHT REDS

COBLENZ, April 3.—(By the Associated Press.)—German troops opposite the Coblenz bridgehead began moving early Thursday toward Frankfurt where a Spartacist revolt has been causing disorder.

### LENINE ADVISOR TO HUNGARIAN LEADER

BUDAPEST, Via Vienna, March 30.—(By the Associated Press.)—Budapest is orderly and the government is putting forth every effort to stabilize conditions.

### INDUSTRIAL BOARD BACKS STEEL TRUST

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Chairman Peek of the industrial board made a statement today emphasizing that the question of steel prices will not be reopened as a result of the failure of Director General Hines to accept for the railroad administration the approved schedule. He said the board's agreement with the industry would remain unchaned and that in further conferences an effort would be made to bring about the cooperation of the railroad administration.

### HOQUIAM LUMBER MILL VICTIM OF FIRE BUGS

TACOMA, Wash., April 3.—Fire believed to be of incendiary origin, burned the \$100,000 plant of the Hoquiam Lumber and Door company at Montesano, last night, according to word that reached Tacoma today. The watchman was in the boiler room when he heard an explosion. He rushed up into the mill and found it blazing. The destruction of the plant was total.

### REVOLUTION IN MEXICO IS STARTED

General Blanquet Announces Safe Arrival After Dangerous Trip—Will Join Diaz Forces—Mexican Gunboats Eluded—"Will Meet You in Mexico or Eternity" Is Parting Word—Old Federal Army Officers Join New Revolt.

NEW YORK, April 3.—General Aurelio Blanquet, Mexican minister of war during the administration of President Victoriano Huerta and described as second in command to General Felix Diaz, recently reported as having undertaken a revolutionary movement against President Carranza, "after a very dangerous trip," according to an announcement made here today by Roberto Gayon, his secretary.

The purpose of General Blanquet's return, Mr. Gayon said, was to reorganize the Diaz forces, overthrow the Carranza government, re-establish the constitution of 1857 which he says was repudiated by Carranza, and revoke the alleged confiscatory decrees of the present government.

Blanquet was accompanied by General Juan Montano, chief of staff; General Enrique Gonzales, chief of artillery; Colonel Francisco Trasluceros, judge advocate; Colonel Louis Acosta, Captain Guillermo Roas, and two other Mexican officers of the old federal army, according to Gayon.

Acting Secretary of State Frank Polk has been advised of General Blanquet's safe arrival and the purpose of his visit.

**Eluded Gunboat**  
General Blanquet and the members of his party sailed from a port in the West Indies for Mexico March 14, on the motor sloop La Providencia and successfully eluded the Mexican gunboat Zaragoza and two smaller patrol boats which they learned had been sent out to apprehend them. Mr. Gayon stated. They party landed at a desolate point on the coast of Vera Cruz and were met by the forces of General Diaz and escorted to his headquarters at Tepatlaxco.

Has 40,000 Troops  
General Blanquet, who has been living in New York with his family for the last four years, sailed for Havana, Cuba, from this port January 8. Gayon said that he understands that the motor sloop which registers less than 100 tons, also carried some munitions, but that they were not obtained in this country.

General Diaz, according to Gayon, has 40,000 troops scattered thruout 15 of the 27 states of Mexico. Of these, he said, 7500 were in Vera Cruz, including 1800 men at the headquarters in Tepatlaxco. Several officers in the old federal army are reported to have crossed over to the Diaz forces. General Candido Aguilar, son-in-law of President Carranza and a former secretary of state in his cabinet, is said to be leading the government forces against Diaz in the Vera Cruz district.

### NEW COLORED KING TAKES T. R.'S COGNOMEN

ADDIS ABABA, Abyssinia, April 2.—A grandson of King Johannes II, who died in 1889, has revolted and declared himself king under the name of Theodore. The government has sent out a punitive expedition to put down the rebellion.

Governor Tejon of Dediazmach also has revolted against the government. The government announces that it will send a mission to Paris to apply for the admission of Abyssinia to the league of nations.

There has been more or less disorder in Abyssinia since the death of the famous Emperor Menelik in 1913.