

FINANCE MAIN SUBJECT BEFORE PEACE ENVOYS

With League Out of Way, Readjustment of World's Provincial and Economic Relations Absorb Attention of Experts—Financial Minds of America and Europe Employed.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—With the subject of the League of Nations now out of the way for some time to come, the biggest problem before the peace conference at present is believed to be readjustment of the world's financial and economic relations.

Three different organizations have been created to deal with these subjects. Some of their conclusions are ready for consideration.

Shipping Problem

The supreme economic council has been charged temporarily during the armistice period to handle only such pressing questions as the disposition to be made of shipping, the abatement of the blockade which has been holding back not only the enemy's industry, but that of neutrals, the distribution of raw materials and finally, those financial questions that require instant attention.

This council, which includes some of the ablest financial and business minds of America and Europe, has firmly but quietly been supplanting the military officials who had been dealing with the same subjects. It was felt the handling of these questions by the military was only incidental to the war and that the time had come to place them in hands trained to deal with them. It was the position held by the supreme war council which caused the economic council to be created as it was desired they be dealt with on the safe and sound lines of civilian experience.

Financiers to Meet

Of more permanent value is expected to be the work of two other organizations created by the peace conference. These are the economic drafting commission and the financial drafting commission. These include distinguished financiers from all the entente countries. The economic drafting commission already has its drafts before the peace conference awaiting action by that body. Its high importance may be judged from the fact that it has undertaken to make a practical application of the third of President Wilson's 14 points, namely, that declaring for the removal as far as possible of all economic barriers and the establishment of an equality of trade conditions among all of the nations consenting to the peace and associating themselves for its maintenance.

SISKIYOU REPELS I. W. W. INVASION

Relative to the report that is in circulation in the city that a well known Medford man of pronounced anarchistic and Bolshevick leanings, will soon be tried by a lodge of which he is a member on charges embodying Bolshevick utterances recently, the following published in this week's issue of the Yreka Journal is interesting:

"On what appears to be very good authority, it is rumored that unless their plans are changed a mob of I. W. W.'s, now organizing in southern Oregon will shortly invade northern California. Whether or not these undesirable contemplate creating disturbances of any kind cannot be learned, but Siskiyou peace officers are prepared to receive the gang properly.

"Last week thirty-three members of the 'red card brotherhood' dropped off at Hornbrook. Before they had a chance to make themselves very objectionable, however, the bunch was split up into small bunches by the officers and sent out of town in box cars. Two unusually stubborn ones, evidently enamored of Hornbrook, were reluctant to leave. Persuasion—a fourteen or sixteen inch hickory club answers the purpose admirably—led them to a change of convictions and they, too, went away.

COMMUNITY SINGERS FEATURE OF WELCOME

While the program for the coming soldiers has not as yet been perfected, it is known that community singing will be one of the big features of the welcome. Whether you can sing or not, be at the library Monday at 2:30 to help in making a glad noise. Mass preparation meeting.

The finance committee for the soldiers and sailors celebration fund, comprises Mayor Gates, Mrs. Delroy Getchell and Mrs. Frank Owen. Give your contribution to the committee and save work for the collectors.

NEED OF TROOPS FOR ENTERTAINMENT MET BY KNIGHTS

PARIS, Feb. 15.—One of the most apparent needs of the members of the American Expeditionary Force at the present time is entertainment to assist in passing away the time until orders are received to depart for home. To meet this need the Knights of Columbus, through its entertainment division, have organized numerous troupes of entertainers who will visit the various units of the army and the first party of entertainers has left Paris.

It is announced that this work will extend to the American forces in France, Belgium, Italy and Germany and that every unit of the army will be reached.

Among the Knights of Columbus secretaries in France are many professional entertainers who will be distributed among the groups and will be assisted with amateur talent among the workers. Entertainers will also be secured from among the members of the American Expeditionary Force to augment the work of the secretaries.

A minstrel troupe is being rehearsed and this show will soon be staged in Paris and will then be sent on the road to visit the various camps throughout the American army. The members of this show will be recruited from among the Knights of Columbus workers, and members of the army and navy.

While the men in the field are being entertained, those less fortunate and who are confined in the hospitals are not being forgotten as concerts are being given in the various hospitals in and around Paris several times each week. This portion of the work is highly appreciated by the patients and the officers in charge of the hospitals.

65TH ARRIVES IN PORTLAND MONDAY

It is expected that a number of relatives of Medford soldiers in the 65th artillery will go to Portland to take part in the great welcome that will be extended to the regiment on its arrival in that city Monday en route from Camp Dix to Camp Lewis for demobilization. Other relatives will wait until next week when the regiment is settled for its stay at Camp Lewis before visiting the boys.

GRATITUDE TO FRANCE.

(Continued from page one.)

ence concluded and the newly framed covenant of the League of Nations read and discussed. President Wilson left Paris tonight for Brest on his way back to the United States. Mrs. Wilson accompanied him.

A Striking Picture

President Wilson presented a striking picture as he stood before the delegates to read the covenant and expound its merits. He spoke in a calm, even tone, without gesture or emphasis, except twice when he referred to "armed forces in the background" and "to exploitation of helpless peoples." There was a ring in his voice when he uttered these warnings which would have brought applause but for the procedure of the conference which forbids all demonstrations.

Lord Robert Cecil of Great Britain, and Premier Orlando of Italy, voiced their approval of the covenant, but Leon Bourgeois of France, while expressing his general satisfaction, made reservations which indicated that his proposals for an international military force will be heard again when the debate proceeds further.

Note of Dissent

Another slight evidence of dissent was found in the remarks of W. W. Hughes of Australia, who inquired with some show of feeling if ample opportunity to discuss the scheme would be given. The Arabian delegate also sounded a minor note of discord in calling attention to secret treaties which were said to interfere with the people of the self-determination.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson arrived at the station at 9 o'clock in a pouring rain. Their departure for Brest was without that demonstration which marked their arrival in Paris on December 14, but there was every evidence of official and popular cordiality.

YANKEE GIRLS IN GERMANY THROUGHOUT WAR



VIVIAN DILLON

There was no fun or romance in being interned in Germany as a civilian prisoner during the war, according to two American girls—Miss Vivian Dillon of Los Angeles and Miss Marian Meeker of Muncie, Ind., both of whom had just been released from months of the strictest kind of police restraints.

Both young women were in Berlin studying singing when America entered the war. The police authorities required them to report personally at the police station every day often making them stand in line as long as two hours. Miss Meeker got permission last summer to leave for America, the condition being that she stay in quarantine a month. She was kept in quarantine two months and then refused permission to leave Germany. Both young women plainly showed the effects of the food shortage in Germany.

"Oh, for a good square meal such as we used to have in America," they said. "We've forgotten how milk or butter tastes and all the meat one gets over here you could put into your eye."

No Beer, No Work, Folly

(From the New York World.)
The no-beer-no-work movement now under way here and elsewhere is not wisely inspired and for that reason it is not likely to be effective. Leaders of New York labor ought to be better informed than to say in their speech making that the national prohibition amendment having been ratified, nothing is now left to the people but "direct action."

It is not the prohibition amendment that is going to deprive workmen of their beer on June 30 next. Until there shall have been legislation on the subject, that amendment will be as inoperative as the Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments. Even then everything will depend upon the character of the legislation, especially as to the definition by the lawmakers of the words "intoxicating liquors."

On the other hand, there is an act of congress, passed ostensibly in the exercise of its war power, which absolutely forbids the sale of spirits, wine and beer for beverage purposes, except for export, after June 30 next. This "war measure," placed as a rider upon the agricultural appropriation bill, became a law upon the approval of the president on November 21, last, eleven days after the signing of the armistice. It is this enactment by an intimidated and perhaps a usurping congress, and not the constitutional amendment, which soon is to make the United States bone dry.

The constitutional amendment will never be drastically enforced if public opinion demonstrates at the ballot box its hostility to that purpose, but its repeal is impossible. When by negligence the people allowed an active minority thus to write into their organic law the first article in restriction of freedom, they accepted a responsibility which will confront them forever. The best that they can do with it is by eternal vigilance and by interpretation to curb the fanaticism to which they have so tardily awakened.

It is different with an act of congress. What one congress does, another can undo. No doubt there will be an extra session of the Sixty-sixth congress during the spring. The war, which was the insincere excuse for the law, is practically at an end. The plea that there is a scarcity of grain holds good no longer. The act stands therefore, as a prohibition measure resting upon exceedingly doubtful powers and obviously intended to forestall the movement by constitutional processes to accomplish the same ends in ways which without vigorous popular support must be less direct.

Intelligent opposition to this uncalled for law cannot be expressed by the no-beer-no-work formula. That is

altogether negative, and it will bring neither beer nor bread, neither justice nor progress. The place to make public protest is, first, at Washington to the president of the United States, who should be exhorted to call a special session and secondly, at the office or residence of every member of the new congress, who should in this manner be made acquainted with the feelings of his constituents on the subject and their purpose to carry their grievance to the polls if necessary.

There are two prohibition laws, one remote and the other imminent. What will happen eventually under the first will be determined by the attitude of the people toward the second. If by wisely directed organization they do not in the next few months compel the repeal of the unnecessary act of congress effective after June 30, plans for the arbitrary enforcement of which are now being formulated, they will get more prohibition from their lawmakers than anything else for a long time to come.

TEACHERS' CLUB TO MEET AT ASHLAND

High School Teachers and Principals club will meet at Ashland, Ore., Senior high school, Saturday, February 22, and present the following program:

Music; business meeting; "Feasibility of Field Meets," general discussion by County Superintendent G. A. Briscoe and Principal P. E. Baker.

Lunch will be served in the domestic science room at the senior high school at cost of food. Afternoon program: "Standardized Tests," Prof. C. A. Gregory, U. of O.; "Theodore Roosevelt," Rev. C. A. Edwards, Ashland.

A Woman's Recommendation

Mrs. D. T. Tryor, Franklin Av., Otsego, O., writes: "Nine years ago I was very much afflicted with kidney trouble. I bought different kinds of medicine, but all to no effect, until one day I bought a box of Foley Kidney Pills. I realized so great a benefit from the use of that box that I concluded myself cured of kidney trouble. I feel safe in recommending Foley Kidney Pills to any kidney sufferers. They relieve backache, sore muscles, stiff joints, rheumatic pains and bladder ailments. For sale by Medford Pharmacy."

ASHLAND HIGH BUTTERS LOCALS OVER AUDITORIUM

In the presence of the largest crowd that has witnessed a basketball contest in recent years, the Ashland high team, as Irvin Cobb would say, completely "battered" the Medford high team all over the auditorium last night by the score of 42 to 15. The game between the girls teams of the two institutions was a pretty close contest with the local girls winning by 9 to 7. Last night's contests were the opening ones of the season, and Ashland rooters were present to the number of 100. Return contests will be played at Ashland tonight and a big crowd of Medford rooters and the high school band will accompany the local teams.

The Medford high boys team was totally outclassed in experience, practice and size last night. The Ashland team has been playing together for the past three years. Two years ago Prof. Heidenreich, the Medford high coach, coached the same Ashland team as played last night. The first half last night was a pretty contest with Ashland scoring 17 and Medford 8, but the Medford boys went to pieces in the second half. Campbell

Daily Health Talks

The Many Mysteries of Nature

BY L. W. BOWER, M. D.

You can take an onion seed and a pansy seed, and plant them side by side in the same spot of ground. In one case, you get an onion, with its peculiarly strong odor, and in the other you get a flower of rare beauty. You can plant a poppy-seed and get opium (a dangerous, habit-forming drug), or you can plant a rhubarb seed and get something that helps constipation. No scientist, living or dead, can explain these mysteries of Nature. Behind the invisible life germs in each seed is hidden the deep secret that nobody understands. Everything growing out of the ground seems intended for some use in establishing natural conditions. Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., long since found out what is naturally best for women's diseases. He learned it all through treating thousands of cases. The result of his studies was a medicine called Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This medicine is made of vegetable growths that nature surely intended for backache, headache, weakening drains, bearing-down pains, periodical irregularities, pelvic inflammations, and for the many disorders common to women in all ages of life. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is made of lady's slipper root, black cohosh root, unicorn root, blue cohosh root and Oregon grape root. Women who take this standard remedy know that in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription they are getting a safe woman's tonic so good that druggists everywhere sell it.

Favorite Prescription should have the full confidence of every woman in America because it contains no alcohol and no narcotics. Dr. Pierce knew, when he first made this standard medicine, that whiskey and morphine are injurious, and so he has always kept them out of his remedies. Send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for trial pkg. Tablets. Adv.



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Wm. G. Tait, President



and Singler, forwards, starred for Medford in the game, while the Ashland stars were Bryan and McMillan. Seely Hall refereed, and Otto Klum, former athletic coach at both the Ashland and Medford high schools, umpired. Tonight Klum will be the referee and Hall the umpire.

LIBERTY

LAST TIMES TONIGHT
Marguerite Clark
IN
"Out of a Clear Sky"
One of the Best Stories She Has Ever Appeared In
ADDED ATTRACTION
JOHN C. MACK---Banjo Soloist
TOMORROW—MONDAY
LILLA LEE in CRUISE OF THE MAKEBELIEVE
FATTY ARBUCKE in "THE COOK"
"The Cook" was shown in Medford one night only at the opening of this theater, November 30.

You Can't Use Dull Razor Blades

They are a dead loss if you don't have us resharpen them. We make them as good as new for 30c per dozen.

Heath's Drug Store

Phone 884 The San Tox Store

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