

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

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GEORGE PUTNAM, Editor.

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CONSTITUTION OF LEAGUE OF NATIONS READ BY WILSON

(Continued from page one.)

or not, is hereby declared a matter of concern to the league, and the high contracting parties reserve the right to take any action that may be deemed wise and effective to safeguard the peace of nations.

"It is hereby also declared and agreed to be the friendly right of each of the high contracting parties to draw the attention of the body of delegates or of the executive council to any circumstances affecting international intercourse which threatens to disturb international peace or the good understanding between nations upon which peace depends.

Provides Arbitration "Article XII—The high contracting parties agree that should disputes arise between them which cannot be adjusted by the ordinary processes of diplomacy, they will in no case resort to war without previously submitting the questions and matters involved either to arbitration or to inquiry by the executive council and until three months after the award by the arbitrators or recommendations by the executive council and that they will not even then resort to war against a member of the league which complies with the award of the arbitrators or the recommendation of the executive council.

"In any case under this article, the award of the arbitrators shall be made within a reasonable time and the recommendations of the executive council shall be made within six months after the submission of the disputes.

Court of Arbitration "Article XIII—The high contracting parties agree that whenever any disputes or differences shall arise between them which they recognize to be suitable for submission to arbitration and which can not be satisfactorily settled by diplomacy they will submit the whole matter to arbitration. For this purpose the court of arbitration to which the case is referred shall be the court agreed on by the parties or stipulated in any convention existing between them. The high contracting parties agree that they will carry out in full good faith any award that may be rendered. In the event of any failure to carry out the award the executive council shall propose what steps can best be taken to give effect thereto.

"Article XIV—The executive council shall formulate plans for the establishment of a permanent court of international justice and this part shall, when established, be competent to hear and determine any matter which the parties recognized as subject for submission to it for arbitration under the foregoing article.

To Probe Disputes "Article XV—If there should arise between states—members of the league any dispute likely to lead to rupture which is not submitted to arbitration as above, the high contracting parties agree that they will refer the matter to the executive council; either party to the dispute may give notice of the existence of the dispute to the secretary general who will make all necessary arrangements for a full investigation and consideration thereof. For this purpose the parties agree to communicate to the secretary general as promptly as possible statements of their cases with all the relevant papers and the executive council may forthwith direct the publication thereof.

"Where the efforts of the council lead to the settlement of the dispute, a statement shall be published indicating the nature of the dispute and the terms of settlement, together with such explanations as may be appropriate. If the dispute has not been settled, a report by the council shall be published; setting forth all necessary facts and explanations the council think just and proper for the settlement of the dispute. If the report is unanimously agreed to by the members of the council other than the parties to the dispute the high contracting parties agree that they will not go to war with any party which complies with the recommendations and that, if any party shall refuse so to comply the council shall propose measures necessary to give effect to the recommendations. If no such report can be made it shall be the duty of the majority and the privilege of the minority to issue statements indicating to what they believe to be the facts and containing the reason which they consider to be just and proper.

May Refer Dispute "The executive council may in any case under this article refer the dispute to the body of delegates. The dispute shall be so referred at the request of either party to the dispute provided that such request must be made within fourteen days after the submission of the dispute. In a case referred to the body of delegates the provisions of this article and of article XII relating to the action and powers of the executive council shall apply to the action and powers of the body of delegates.

"Article XVI—Should any of the high contracting parties break or disregard its covenants under article XII it shall thereby have committed an act of war against all the other members of the league, which hereby undertakes immediately to subject it to severance of all trade or financial relations, the prohibition of all intercourse between their nationals and the nations of the covenant breaking state and the prevention of all financial, commercial or personal intercourse between the nationals of the covenant breaking state and the nationals of any other state, whether a member of the league or not.

To Discipline Dissenters "It shall be the duty of the executive council in such cases to recommend what effective military or naval force the members of the league shall severally contribute to the armed forces to protect the covenants of the league.

"The high contracting parties agree, further, that they will mutually support one another in the financial and economic measures which may be taken under this article, in order to minimize the loss and inconvenience resulting from the above measures, and that they will mutually support one another in resisting any special measures aimed at one of their number by the covenant breaking state and they will afford passage through their territory to the forces of any of the high contracting parties who are co-operating to protect the covenants of the league.

"Article XVII—In the event of disputes between one state member of the league and another state which is not a member of the league or between states not members of the league the high contracting parties agree that the state or states not members of the league shall be invited to accept the obligations of the membership in the league for the purposes of such disputes upon such conditions as the executive council may deem just, and upon acceptance of any such invitation, the above provisions shall be applied with such modifications as may be deemed necessary by the league.

"Upon such invitation being given the executive council shall institute an inquiry into the circumstances and merits of the dispute and recommend steps to be taken as seem to be best and effectual.

"In the event of a power so invited refusing to accept the obligations of membership in the league for the purpose of a dispute which in the case of a member of the league would constitute a breach of article XII, the provision of article XIV shall be applicable as against the state taking such action.

"If both parties to the dispute when so invited refuse to accept the obligations of membership in the league for the purpose of such dispute, the executive council may take such action and make such recommendations that will prevent hostilities and will result in the settlement of the dispute.

Supervision of Arms "Article XVIII—The high contracting parties agree that the league shall be entrusted with general supervision of the trade in arms and ammunition with the countries in which the control of this traffic is necessary in the common interest.

THE PAVING TRUST.

PASSAGE of the anti-trust highway paving bills at Salem marks the first stage of the effort to check the grip of the Warren Construction Co. upon paving in the state—a fight sponsored by Senators Thomas, Lachmund and Dimmick. In retaliation, the blocking of the ten million dollar highway construction program is threatened, but this is probably a bluff.

The fight on the Warren Construction Co. in Oregon was begun by State Highway Engineer Bowly at the time of his incumbency, when the office was created and he was appointed in 1913, though it dates back further than that, originating with Samuel Hill, who drove the combine out of Washington, as it has been driven out of many other states.

The Warren Construction Co. claim a patent upon bitulithic pavement. This pavement consists of a rolled crushed rock base upon which is placed a surface of compressed crushed rock and asphalt. The patent claims are upon the size of the rock used, and does not cover smaller crushed rock, called Topeka pavement. Upon this patent, the Warrens base their claims of royalty having exacted \$1,800 a mile for all bitulithic highways laid in Oregon. They all entail a 10-year maintenance charge, which is money thrown away.

There is no question but that bitulithic pavement is one of the best types of pavement for the ordinary highway—but the validity of the patent is open to question. Other states, such as Iowa, use the same pavement without paying tribute to the Warrens and they have never dared to press their claims to a final decision sustaining its validity—preferring to use suasion and bluff and the large corruption fund their huge profits provide to attain their ends. They are liberal spenders, large advertisers, thoroughly unscrupulous, and their extensive financial connections enable them to exert a powerful pressure upon the legislature and command a considerable following.

The record of the Warren Construction Co. is a bad one. Through proven corruption, they forced the paving of the city of Tillamook and the supreme court sustained injunctions against their being paid for the work. Hardly a community that paves, has been free from their insidious efforts to force the use of bitulithic. Where possible, they actually provide specifications that bar other bidders.

Senator Lachmund stated in the senate debate that when he was mayor of Salem, the Warrens' manager offered him a bribe of \$18,000 to permit them to lay a 4-inch base and an 1 1/2 inch surface when specifications called for 5 inches and 2 inches. Affidavits were presented of secret agreements with other paving concerns whereby competition was eliminated and the profits divided at their instigation. They cannot be trusted to fulfill specifications, as was proven when the present highway commission caught them violating contracts and served notice upon them.

Competition is what those fighting the trust seek, so that the hands of the highway commission will not be tied. The anti-trust bill that has occasioned the spectacular outburst in the senate embodies the anti-trust pavement provisions of the Shackelford law, which reads:

No part of the money expended for the hard surfacing of state highways shall be used directly or indirectly for the payment of any premium or royalty, or any patented or proprietary material, specification, process or type of construction, unless the same be purchased or obtained on open, actual competitive bidding, except on roads constructed by the highway commission on force account; nor in any case shall any patented or proprietary material, specification, process or type of construction be contracted unless the same be purchased or obtained at the same or a less cost than unpatented articles or methods equally suitable for the same purpose.

This was amended by the senate highway committee which added the clause "having regard to durability, resistance to wear and other elements of worth and value" which leaves a loop hole for the patented pavement contractors to secure advantage.

The law deemed sufficient for the nation ought to be sufficient for the state for honest road making and the senate has properly ditched the joker.

ferred shall be the court agreed on by the parties or stipulated in any convention existing between them. The high contracting parties agree that they will carry out in full good faith any award that may be rendered. In the event of any failure to carry out the award the executive council shall propose what steps can best be taken to give effect thereto.

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wishes of these communities must be a principal condition in the selection of the mandatory power. "Other peoples, especially those of Central Africa are at such a stage that the mandatory must be responsible for the administration of the territory subject to conditions which will guarantee freedom of conscience or religion, subject only to the maintenance of public order and morals, the prohibition of abuses such as the slave trade, the arms traffic and the liquor traffic, and the prevention of the establishment of fortifications or military or naval bases and of military training of natives for other than police purposes, and the defense of territory and will also secure equal opportunities for the trade and commerce of other members of the league.

"There are territories, such as Southwest Africa and certain of the South Pacific islands, which, owing to the sparseness of their population, or their small size or their remoteness from the centers of civilization or their geographical contiguity to the mandatory state, and other circumstances, can best be administered under the laws of the mandatory state as integral portions thereof, subject to the safeguards above mentioned in the interest of the indigenous population.

Annual Reports Called for "In every case of mandate the mandatory states shall render to the league an annual report in reference to the territory committed to its charge.

"The degree of authority, control or administration to be exercised by the mandatory state if not previously agreed upon by the high contracting parties in each case shall be explicitly defined by the executive council in a special act or charter.

"The high contracting parties further agree to establish at the seat of the league a mandatory commission to receive and examine the annual reports of the mandatory powers, and to assist the league in ensuring the observance of the terms of all mandates.

Labor Considered "Article XX—The high contracting parties will endeavor to secure and maintain fair and humane conditions of labor for men, women and children, both in their own countries and in all countries to which their commercial and industrial relations extend; and to that end agree to establish as part of the organizations of the league a permanent bureau of labor.

"Article XXI—The high contracting parties agree that provision shall be made through the instrumentality of the league to secure and maintain freedom of transit and equitable treatment for the commerce of all states—members of the league, having in mind among other things, special arrangements with regard to the necessities of the regions devastated during the war of 1914-1919.

Treaties to Be Registered "Article XXII—The high contracting parties agree to place under the control of the league all international treaties already established by general treaties if the parties to such treaties consent. Fundamentally they agree that all such international agreements shall be binding until so registered.

"Article XXIII—It shall be the right of the body of delegates from time to time to advise the reconsideration by states members of the league of treaties which have become inapplicable, and other international

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conditions of which the continuance may endanger the peace of the world. "Article XXV—The high contracting parties severally agree that the present covenant is accepted as abrogating all obligations which are inconsistent with the terms thereof and solemnly engaged that they will not hereafter enter into any engagement inconsistent with the terms thereof. In case any of the powers not signatory hereto are subsequently admitted to the league shall, before becoming a party to this covenant have undertaken any obligations which are inconsistent with the terms of this covenant it shall be the duty of such power to take immediate steps to secure its release from such obligations.

"Article XXVI—Amendments to this covenant will take effect when ratified by the states whose representatives compose the executive council and by three-fourths of the states whose representatives compose the body of delegates.

Gas in the Stomach Is Dangerous "Gas and wind in the stomach accompanied by that full, bloated feeling after eating are almost certain evidence of the presence of excessive hydrochloric acid in the stomach, creating so-called "acid indigestion."

Acid stomachs are dangerous because too much acid irritates the delicate lining of the stomach, often leading to gastritis accompanied by serious stomach ulcers. Food ferments and sours, creating the distressing gas which distends the stomach and hampers the normal functions of the vital internal organs, often affecting the heart.

It is the worst of folly to neglect such a serious condition or to treat with ordinary digestive aids which have no neutralizing effect on the stomach acids. Instead get from any druggist a few ounces of Bisulphated Magnesia and take a teaspoonful in a quarter glass of water right after eating. This will drive the gas, wind and heat right out of the body, sweeten the stomach, neutralize the excess acid and prevent its formation and there is no sourness or pain. Bisulphated Magnesia (in powder or tablet form—never liquid or milk) is harmless to the stomach, inexpensive to take and the best form of magnesia for stomach purposes. It is used by thousands of people who enjoy their meals with more fear of indigestion.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothing, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their normal functions, away goes indigestion and stomach troubles.

If you have a bad taste in your mouth, tongue coated, appetite poor, and a general feeling of no ambition or energy, troubled with undigested foods, you should take Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color. They do the work without gripping, cramping or pain.

Take one or two at bedtime for quick relief, or you can eat what you like. At 15c and 25c per box. All druggists.

STOMACH UPSET? Get at the Real Cause—Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics, or trying to patch up a poor digestion, they are attacking the real cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

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Why Don't You Have that knock taken out of your motor? Have your front wheels straightened and bearings looked after? Have your carbon burned out? Have your crank case drained and fresh Monogram oil put in? Have your car properly overhauled before the season's rush begins?

We have employed for the season mechanics second to none on the Pacific coast. From past experience we have found that the average automobile owner wants the best mechanic possible to do his work. We have the best possible mechanics. We will diagnose your troubles free of charge.

Crater Lake Motor Co. S. V. HALL, Master Motor Mechanic P. E. GLOBE, Master Machine and Motor Mechanic.

GIM CHUNG China Herb Store Herb cure for scurvy, headache, catarrh, diphtheria, sore throat, lung troubles, kidney trouble, stomach trouble, heart trouble, chills and fever, cramps, coughs, poor circulation, carbuncles, tumors, cracked breast, cures all kinds of gotters. NO OPERATION.

Medford, Oregon, Jan 13, 1917 TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: This is to certify that I, the undersigned, had very severe stomach trouble and had been bothered for several years and last August was not expected to live, and hearing of Gim Chung (whose Herb Store is at 214 South Front street, Medford) I decided to get herbs for my stomach trouble, and I started to feeling better as soon as I used them and today am a well man and can heartily recommend anyone afflicted as I was to see Gim Chung and try his Herbs. (Signed) W. R. JOHNSON, Witness:

M. A. Anderson, Medford S. B. Holmes, Eagle Point, Wm. Lewis, Eagle Point, W. L. Childroth, Eagle Point, C. E. Moore, Eagle Point, J. V. McIntyre, Eagle Point, Geo. B. Von der Holten, Eagle Point, Thos. E. Nichols, Eagle Point.

Sulphur, Wizard and Land Plaster. White and Red Seed Oats. Speltz and Barley. Alfalfa, Clover, Timothy and Grass Seeds. Full Line of Garden Seeds. Monarch Feed & Seed Co.

Zip Cleans your Furnace Stove or Chimney To get the most heat from your Furnace use ZIP 25¢ a Package At All Grocery, Hardware and Department Stores

Know Thy Future If in Doubt, Worried or Perplexed, Consult MME. FAY She has Perfected a System by Which She Can Read Your Life From Infancy to Old Age She will reveal to you with unerring accuracy, your past as you alone know it, your present as it is, and your future exactly as it will be. She gives absolutely reliable and strictly confidential information on every subject of life—Comforts the weak and cheers the sorrowing. Call on this wonderful psychologist and be convinced. Located 43 North Grape street.

Watch Your Blood Supply, Don't Let Impurities Creep In medicine that is purely vegetable. Many druggists have seen wonderful results accomplished among their customers by this great old medicine, and they know that S. S. S. is one of the most reliable blood purifiers ever made. Keep your blood free of impurities by the use of this honest old medicine, and if you want medical advice, you can obtain same without cost by writing to Medical Director, Swift Specific Co., 28 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Pure Blood Means Perfect Health. The average druggist has handled hundreds of medicines in his day, some of which have long since been forgotten. But there is one that has been sold by the druggists throughout this country for more than fifty years, and that is S. S. S., the reliable blood

JOHN A. PEARL Undertaker Phone M. 17 and 47-72 Automobile Hearse Service Lady Assistant 22 SOUTH BARTLETT Auto Ambulance Service, Coroner

MEDFORD IRON WORKS FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP Also agent for Fairbanks and Morse Engines. 17 South Riverside.