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LIEBKNECHT TO PROCLAIM A NEW GOV'T

RED RADICAL OF BERLIN IS NEW HEAD

Bolshevik Join Mutinous Sailors in Attack on Ebert Forces—First Phase Successful but Later Government Troops Gain Upper Hand—Blood Flows in Berlin Streets—Hundreds Killed—Revolters Demand Change.

BERLIN, Wednesday, Dec. 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—The editorial rooms and the publishing plant of the Socialist Vorwaerts were seized and occupied at 10 o'clock tonight by members of the Spartacus group.

It was announced by the Spartacus group tonight that Dr. Liebknecht, their leader, would proclaim the overthrow of the Ebert government tomorrow morning. During the past few days the radical elements have threatened to suppress the Vorwaerts because of its attack on the revolutionary terrorists.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—The mutinous sailors who had been holding out in the Red Palace at Berlin, have hoisted the white flag and have been allowed to leave under guard, according to advices from Berlin sent by the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Amsterdam. Government troops, the message adds, now occupy the palace and the royal stables.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—The Alexander and Franzer regiments have openly joined the revolting sailors in Berlin and it is predicted in advices sent from Berlin late Christmas night that nearly the entire Berlin garrison will support them, leaving the government without troops.

These advices were transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Copenhagen. They add that large numbers of sailors are reported to be coming from Kiel to join their comrades in Berlin.

Demand Liebknecht
When these reports were sent a large number of armed civilians were continuing to join the sailors, not only at the royal stables, but in the Koenigsstrasse. This street with all its houses, was reported in the hands of sailors, who were supported by the Spartacans. They demanded that Premier Ebert and Secretary Haase resign and be replaced by George Ledebour and Dr. Karl Liebknecht.

Dr. Liebknecht, the advices add, went to the chancellor's palace and had a long conference with the ministers, the result of which was unknown.

Further fighting was anticipated, it was added, as the Spartacans and the sailors had decided to attempt to force the guards to return to Potsdam. The guards were stationed in Unter den Linden and on the Werderschen Platz.

Red Castle Seized
According to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen, a force of 800 sailors on Monday formed a guard and seized the Red castle, one of the former royal palaces.

SOLDIER THROWS BOMB GENERAL IS WOUNDED
HARBIN, Monday, Dec. 23.—(By the Associated Press.)—General Semenoff was wounded in the legs and 10 other persons were injured when a man wearing a uniform threw a bomb in a theater in China recently, according to advices from that city.

ALLIES AGREED FUNDAMENTAL PEACE ISSUES

Wilson Tells American Troops He Finds No Essential Differences—Promises Them Happy New Year—Much Affected by Review of 10,000 Yank Veterans.

ON BOARD PRESIDENT WILSON'S SPECIAL TRAIN EN ROUTE TO CALAIS, Dec. 26.—(By the Associated Press.)—President Wilson left Chantonnay for England late yesterday afternoon feeling more strongly than ever the magnificent part American soldiers took in the winning of the war. Yesterday's review, in which 10,000 American soldiers marched before him, created a deep impression on the president, quite apart from the historic significance of reviewing fighting men on foreign soil for the first time.

A Happy New Year
When addressing his troops as "fellow countrymen" he told them that he believed that he could promise them a happy New Year. This was considered the keynote of the address and friends about Mr. Wilson construed his words to mean that he was beginning to see the way more clearly toward the attainment of the objectives he has set for himself at the peace conference.

At least one very important address may be expected from the president while he is in England. He may define his line of thought more clearly on issues in which Great Britain is so deeply interested. He will take opportunity to do this in the course of conferences he will hold with Premier Lloyd George, A. J. Balfour, secretary of state for foreign affairs, and Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, but whatever public speeches he will make will of course be in explanation to the English people themselves, who he believes are in accord with the principle on which the peace conferences were begun.

No Fundamental Differences
In his address to the American troops yesterday President Wilson said he had found no difference in principles or fundamental purposes. He expects to return to Paris to continue the work of the peace conference with what may be differences of opinion cleared away or on the way to accommodation.

Yesterday's review was a picture worthy of a great painter. The sight of 10,000 American veterans carrying the United States flag on the soil of a sister republic, a comrade in arms in a great cause, was just a little too much to permit the president to suppress his emotion. He frankly admitted being "all choked up."

President Is Kissed
Mr. Wilson's visit to soldiers' billets in nearby towns will long be remembered. At one place he climbed a ladder to the loft of a stable to talk with soldiers stationed there. Everywhere the boys and girls of the little villages brought native flowers or gifts to him. One spy little miss actually hopped into his car and planted a kiss on his cheek before the president knew what was going on. Ambassador and Madame Jusserand, who accompanied President and Mrs. Wilson to Chantonnay, left for Paris at the same time that Mr. Wilson's train started toward Calais.

OREGON BOYS IN 91ST DIVISION ARE HELD OVER THERE

SALEM, Ore., Dec. 26.—Soldiers from the Pacific coast and Northwest states, who are with the 91st division, which was organized at Camp Lewis, are not slated for early return home, according to a letter received today by Governor Withycombe from Major General William H. Johnston, commander of the division. General Johnston pointed out that the 91st had been selected as one of the thirty combat divisions designated to remain in France for further training and possible service.

The letter gives in detail the movements of the division since it landed in France and commends its members for valor shown in battle.

WILSON FORCED TO SPEAK TO THE TOMMIES

British Veterans Insist on a Word From American President—Hopes Soldiers Will Enjoy Fruits of Victory—Is Introduced to Lloyd George at Charing Cross.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—As soon as President Wilson and his party entered Buckingham Palace the crowds outside, including several hundred wounded soldiers in the palace yard began cheering. Then came shouts of "We want Wilson! We want Wilson!"

In response the president and Mrs. Wilson, together with King George and Queen Mary appeared on the second floor balcony.

President Wilson laughed and waved his hand, indicating that he would rather not speak. Mrs. Wilson waved a small union jack. The crowd, however, insisted on a speech, so the president waved the chorus of voices to silence and then addressed himself especially to the wounded soldiers.

Reluctant to Talk
"I do not want to make a speech," he said, "but I do want to tell you how much I honor you men who have been wounded in this fight for freedom and to thank you all for the welcome you have so generously given me. I hope each and every one of you will come through safely to enjoy the fruits of the victory for which you so courageously fought."

As soon as the president's speech was concluded, the party re-entered the palace where King George received a large group of American newspaper correspondents, including those who preceded President Wilson to France on the steamer Orizaba.

Enthusiastic scenes marked the arrival at the Charing Cross station. As the president, accompanied by King George emerged from the station, the crowds jamming the streets broke into prolonged cheers. At the same time guns began to thunder out a salute and dozens of airplanes soared overhead. The bells and chimes all over the city also pealed a welcome.

During the procession, flags, hats and handkerchiefs were waved. The president was uncovered throughout the drive to acknowledge the cheers.

Meets Lloyd George
The scene inside the Charing Cross station was not less cordial although not so noisy. The reception party included King George, Queen Mary, Princess Mary, Premier Lloyd George and all the members of the cabinet, the heads of the army and navy, premiers of the various dominions, a representative of India and other officials. There was a guard of honor from the Scots Guards, while the band of the Grenadier Guards played the "Star Spangled Banner."

The king and queen and Princess Mary greeted President Wilson with cordiality. President Wilson, accompanied by King George and the Duke of Connaught, inspected the guard of honor. Premier Lloyd George and the members of the reception committee were then presented to the president.

Sits With King
The procession in which President Wilson traversed the streets of London to Buckingham Palace today was a short one. There were intervals of 100 feet between the units. First came a detachment of police and then a general and his staff with the troops of the Household Cavalry four abreast in khaki and with drawn swords. Next came the king's carriage in which President Wilson sat on the right of King George. The Duke of Connaught sat opposite them. Another group of cavalry followed and then came the carriage with Queen Mary, with Mrs. Wilson.

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MILITARY EQUIPMENT O. A. C. RETAINED
OREGON AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Corvallis, Dec. 26.—Some of the military equipment used by the S. A. T. C. at the college is being retained for military use by special arrangement with the war department. This equipment includes 300 complete uniforms, 300 coats and mattresses, 10 large tents for use in emergency hospital work and on field trips, 300 latest model Remington rifles and the same number of Russian rifles.

FATHER OF HERO KILLED IN ACTION HELD AS TRAITOR

YAKIMA, Wash., Dec. 26.—L. W. Peters, whose son was recently killed in action with the Canadian army, was today held on a charge of espionage preferred at a hearing before E. E. Cleaver, United States commissioner. Peters is alleged to have circulated literature ridiculing the government of the United States and upholding Germany as a model. He is of German birth but a naturalized British subject who has lived in the United States three years. Bond was fixed at \$2,000.

DEFINITE SHIP POLICY URGED BY SENATORS

Readjustment of Costs to Increase Merchant Marine to Meet Needs After War—LaFollette Seaman's Act Upheld by Senator Fletcher—Necessity Is Acute.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Formulation of a definite government policy relative to the construction of ships and their cost in order to increase the American merchant marine to meet our needs after the war was urged during a discussion of the ship question today by the senate.

Senators Vardaman of Mississippi, and Weeks of Massachusetts, favored a readjustment in the cost of construction.

Charges that the seamen's act had driven the American flag from the Pacific ocean were branded as "utterly absurd" by Senator Fletcher, chairman of the senate commerce committee.

"The necessity for ships now is almost as acute for commercial purposes, as it was for military purposes," Senator Fletcher said.

He added that England is planning to build 2,000,000 tons annually and France 3,000,000 tons, while the United States had the yards to build 6,000,000 tons annually.

Senator Jones of Washington, said if the United States kept pace with England and France in the construction of ships the American government would have to assume the same attitude toward private enterprises that those governments assume.

SEC'Y BAKER ASKS PROMPT RETURN TO VOLUNTEERS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Immediate legislation authorizing resumption of voluntary enlistment in the army and the repeal of provisions of the selective service act limiting enlistments to the period of the war, was urged today by Secretary Baker in a letter to Chairman Dent of the house military committee.

Without the legislation, Secretary Baker said, the army after the proclamation of peace, would not have sufficient forces to perform essential military duties, including the policing of the military border.

GREAT OVATION GIVEN WILSON IN ENGLAND

On Journey From Calais President and Mrs. Wilson Accorded All Honors Ever Given Royalty—Masses Line March, American Flag Is Worn—Cheers Rock Streets.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—President and Mrs. Wilson were in Buckingham Palace this afternoon after a journey from Calais to London during which they were accorded all the honors ever given royalty. Never has a royal progress, except those of great national ceremonials, excited such interest here as the first state visit of an American president.

The drive of the short procession from the station to the palace was made thru streets lined with the guards regiments in khaki. Fresh flags hung overhead and covered buildings, white windows, balconies, sidewalks and open spaces were filled with people, many of whom wore the American colors.

It was a brief spectacle. First came the sovereign's escort of troops from the household cavalry, with helmets and steel cuirasses. Then came the carriages with King George and President Wilson and Queen Mary, Mrs. Wilson and Princess Mary. These were followed by three others, which passed almost unnoticed, as all eyes were on Mr. and Mrs. Wilson and the royal family.

Pass Nelson Monument
Altho the trip was a short one, it lay thru a most interesting section of London. From Charing Cross the route ran along the north side of Trafalgar Square with the Nelson monument towering on the left and the national gallery on the right. Its gray walls almost covered by huge American and British flags. It continued along Pall Mall, turning northward at St. James Place and up St. James street to Piccadilly—the chief landmarks along this stage being solid, somewhat worn buildings of the old London clubs now decked with bunting they keep for special occasions. The procession drove westward along the north side of Piccadilly passing a tract of clubs and big hotels and palatial residences, notably the home of the Duke of Devonshire, with Red Cross flag over it, and the residence of the Duke of Wellington, at the entrance of Hyde park where the procession turned.

Between Piccadilly and Buckingham Palace there stretches Green park which was dark with people. The party drove past Wellington arch and along the southern side of the park, flanked on the right by the wall of the palace ground, and then into the broad plaza before the palace and thru the iron gates into the palace.

People Crowd Near
Probably the most interesting part of the spectacle for the president was the people who were crowded everywhere to greet him. The day being a holiday, workmen and women had a chance to turn out with their small children. They made the most of their opportunity and to no stratum of British humanity could the president have made a stronger appeal.

While the formal features of the event were well staged and managed, the human factor presented the most interest. The interior of the grimy old station where King George welcomed Mr. Wilson was carpeted with red and the walls and roofs were hidden behind masses of flags. Club windows were mostly monopolized by men while the hotels and stores along the way were filled with gay

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NEUTRALS NOT TO JOIN IN PEACE CONFERENCE

PARIS, Dec. 26.—(Havas.)—Allied representatives have decided that neutral nations will not be admitted to the peace conference, according to newspaper here. Neutrals may address their claims to belligerents, however, and such claims will be referred to a special body which will be created by the peace conference.

It is reported that neutrals will participate in the deliberations incident to the formation of a League of Nations.

PLEASURE TO MATCH MINDS SAYS WILSON

President Gives Brief Address On Arrival at Dover—Common Purpose Gives Common Spirit—Duke of Connaught Greets the Presidential Party at Port.

DOVER, England, Dec. 26.—The weather was bright and crisp this morning and Dover wore a festive appearance with its decorations and its animated throngs ready to welcome President and Mrs. Wilson. Their arrival was signalled by the firing of a royal salute. Large crowds lined the Admiralty pier and its approaches long before the president came ashore.

The Duke of Connaught with his suite, accompanied by John W. Davis, the American ambassador, the Earl of Reading, British ambassador to the United States; Lord Herschell and the mayor of Dover were on the pier to meet the visitors. The mayor presented an address of welcome to the president, President Wilson then reviewed the guard of honor from the naval garrison of Dover.

The scene in the harbor as the presidential vessel entered was an animated one. Airplanes and sea planes in large numbers circled overhead, while in the warships in the harbor, which joined with the shore batteries in firing the salute were gallily dressed with bunting. The crews manned ship and cheered as the presidential boat passed into the harbor.

Mrs. Wilson Interested
As the Brighton entered the harbor the salute in honor of the president was fired from Dover Castle. This was the first time since the beginning of the war that this honor had been accorded any visitor. The Brighton's path was along the line of ships of the famous Dover patrol, all of which were flying American flags and their crews lining the rail. The bands which when the Brighton was sighted had played "God Save the King," now took on the "Star Spangled Banner," each ship's company standing at attention.

The Brighton squadron was flying the president's flag, Admiral Key's pennant and the British naval ensign. Mrs. Wilson, who was on deck, took the greatest interest in the evolutions of the British destroyers.

Strew Roses in Path
As President Wilson walked to the train, a dozen girls wearing the American colors, strewed petals of roses in his path. All this time the airplanes had been hovering over the pier and the station and as the special train bearing the president left for the capital the airmen also headed for London, accompanying the train all the way.

In addition to the great crowds in the town, many people gathered along the line of the railways and at different stations cheering as the train passed.

In reply to the address of welcome, President Wilson said:

"We have come through many serious times together and therefore can regard each other in a new light as comrades and associates, because nothing brings men together like a common undertaking and a common purpose."

"It is, therefore, with deep emotions and peculiar gratification that I find myself here afforded the opportunity of matching my mind with the minds of those who, with a like intention, are proposing to do the best they can, that can be done in the great settlement of the struggle."

MISS MARGARET WILSON CELEBRATES WITH YANKS

NEUFACHTEL, Wednesday, Dec. 25.—(Havas.)—Christmas was celebrated by 5,000 American soldiers here today. Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of the president, participated. Gifts of toys and clothing were given to the children of the vicinity.

Basketball Starts at O. A. C.
OREGON AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Corvallis, Dec. 26.—Basketball practice will start at the college immediately after the Christmas holidays. G. V. Robinson, last year's center, will be the nucleus around which the quintet will be formed.

VICTORY U.S. FLEET SAILS INTO PORT

Tumultuous Reception Given to Victorious Squadron Under Command Admiral Mayo—Parade Up Fifth Avenue Surpasses All Records for Noisy Enthusiasm—Fleet of 21 Aeroplanes Precede Armada Up the Bay.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—Led by the super-dreadnaught Arizona, ten great battleships in command of Admiral Henry T. Mayo—the vanguard of America's victory fleet in European waters—steamed majestically up New York harbor today in review before Secretary of the Navy Daniels and were greeted with a tumultuous reception by harbor craft and hundreds of thousands of persons who lined the shores. The fleet reached Ambrose channel late yesterday afternoon and rode at anchor within sight of the city's lights last night.

Thunderous Salute
The ships weighed anchor at 7:30 o'clock today and escorted by a fleet of 21 airplanes proceeded slowly up the harbor to the Statue of Liberty where Secretary Daniels and a party of distinguished guests on the presidential yacht Mayflower reviewed the inspiring procession. The shrieks of thousands of welcoming sirens and whistles were drowned by the thunderous salute of 19 guns from each battleship as it came abreast of the Mayflower.

The dreadnaughts passed up the Hudson and anchored from 55th to 125th street and preparations then were made for 10,850 men to disembark for the land parade down Fifth avenue this afternoon.

The ships welcomed home after 18 months of strenuous patrols of seas infested by enemy submarines were: The Pennsylvania, the Arizona, the Oklahoma, the Nevada, the Utah, the New York, the Texas, the Arkansas, the Wyoming and the Florida.

The Reviewing Party
In addition to Secretary Daniels, the reviewing party included Secretary of War Baker, Secretary of Agriculture Houston, General Peyton C. March, chief of staff of the United States army; Admiral Gant of the British navy and the senior naval attaches of the allied nations.

After the parade this afternoon the men will be given shore leave and a number of entertainments and dinners will be given in their honor.

When the fleet was at anchor off Ambrose channel lightship the snow fell so thickly that the dreadnaughts and their escorting cruisers could not be seen from shore.

Scarcely visible, a giant kite balloon preceded the Arizona, leading the unit of the fleet, to the harbor—an aircraft towed, 800 feet up, by the gunboat Gloucester, at the end of a taut line. Behind the armada two more balloons were pulled along abaft the Florida, the last warship to enter. Above the slowly steaming dreadnaughts airplanes dipped and rose—obscure snowbirds which gave to the scene a picturesque touch as they darted about above the basket masts of the battleships. From each of these masts fluttered a large American flag and promptly at 10 o'clock, notwithstanding the difficulty of maneuvering in the snowstorm, the Arizona steamed by the Mayflower, firing her salute of 19 guns in honor of Secretary Daniels.

OREGON COUNCIL OF DEFENSE TO QUIT JANUARY 1

SALEM, Ore., Dec. 26.—The Oregon state council of defense will cease to exist on January 1, Governor Withycombe announced today. An executive committee named by the governor, with Mayor George Baker of Portland, as chairman, will deal with any problems arising from demobilization and reconstruction.

The decision to disband the defense council was due to the fact that it is operating under a deficit created by the state emergency board and it was believed it should no longer be an expense to the state.