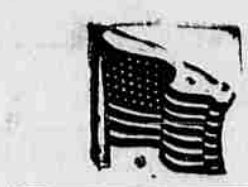


MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

MEDFORD, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1918

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Forty-eighth Year.
Daily—Thirteenth Year.

AMERICAN FLIERS LAND AT COLOGNE

Rhine Is Reached by Yank Birdmen—American Mission to Go to Spa—German and Austrians Carrying Out Naval Terms of Armistice—Beatty Meets German Delegates—Crews of Hun Submarines to Oppose Revolution.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—American airmen landed at Cologne on the Rhine Thursday, according to a Cologne dispatch to the Copenhagen Politiken and transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph company.

Americans Go to Spa
LONDON, Nov. 15.—An American mission commanded by Major General Rhodes will leave Saturday for Spa, German headquarters. Marshal Foch announces in a wireless message to the German high command. The mission will consist of six officers and nineteen soldiers. The German command is asked to give instructions to allow the mission to pass.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—(By Associated Press.)—The naval terms of the German and Austrian armistices are being carried out rapidly.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—(By Associated Press.)—The German cruiser Koenigsberg, which is carrying the German delegates to arrange the naval terms of the armistice, is understood here, will be met by British warships this afternoon and will be escorted to a point at sea where the German delegates will meet Admiral Sir David Beatty, commander of the British grand fleet.

Admiral Hugh Rodman will be the American representative at a meeting tomorrow with German naval delegates at a British port.

U-Boat Crews Loyal

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The crews of German U-boats at a mass meeting at Brunstut, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Daily Express, resolved to oppose the revolution and reinstate the officers. They decided to fly the national flag instead of the red flag.

Evacuating Poland

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The German army has begun a general evacuation of Poland, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen quoting reports from Berlin. German troops in Warsaw have been disarmed and arrested as well as have German civilians in the Polish capital.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 15.—The new German government has issued an appeal to the peasant population asking for the formation of peasants' councils for the purpose of organizing food supply. The appeal says that such voluntary self-determination is better than bureaucratic organization and will avert recourse to compulsory measures.

JUGO-SLAVS TO UNITE WITH SERBS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Complete agreement as to the union of the Jugo-Slav provinces of Austria with the kingdom of Serbia has been reached by Premier Pachitch of Serbia and the delegates of the national council of Agram as representative of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes of the Austro-Hungarian empire, according to an official dispatch received here. The conference was held in Geneva November 7.

At the request of the delegates from Agram, Premier Pachitch will present to the Serbians and allied governments the proposal that the national council of Agram be recognized as the supreme power of the newly constituted state composed of parts of the Austria-Hungarian monarchy until the formalities of the final union with Serbia can be carried out.

CABLE CENSORSHIP NOW DISCONTINUED

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Discontinuation of press censorship in connection with cable, postal and land telegraph lines, effective at once, was announced today by the government censorship board.

SENATE DEBATES NATIONS LEAGUE TO FORCE PEACE

Walsh Quotes Lloyd-George of Opposing President's Plan and Calls Attention to Fact That British Say Germany Should Be Member—Subsidized Press Opposes Disarmament

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Senator Walsh of Montana, started a discussion in the senate today on the League of Nations plan to enforce peace. He said Lloyd-George had "come out squarely" for the league proposed by President Wilson and called especial attention to a statement by the British under-secretary for foreign affairs that Germany should be a member of the league.

When Senator Walsh asked insertion in the Congressional Record of the British addresses, Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, republican, declared the League of Nations plan at present has a "very nebulous aspect" and is "a novel idea that should be very carefully considered."

Referring to Colonel Roosevelt's opposition to admitting Germany to an international league, Senator Walsh said: "I might as well be recognized that when orderly government is established in Germany, she must be admitted to the league if it is formed, or we and our allies must perpetually maintain for all time a military establishment sufficient to overawe her."

Senator Walsh quoted several passages from H. G. Wells, the British author, praising President Wilson as the leader of English political thought, and also read a discussion as to objection to the league, including a statement that "a subsidized press" opposes disarmament.

Senator Reed of Missouri, interrupted to ask if munition-makers control any part of the press. Senator Walsh replied that "he had not the slightest doubt of it."

H. G. Wells was characterized by Senator Poindexter of Washington as a brilliant writer, a socialist, pacifist and an internationalist belonging to a "great class of radicals" whose doctrine was advocated by the former kaiser.

TASKS OF PEACE MOST IMPORTANT DECLARES BAKER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Support for the United War Work campaign to uphold America's sons abroad in the important tasks of peace ahead of them was asked today by Secretary Baker.

"I think all Americans recognize the fine record of the army," said the war secretary, "but we must not fail also to appraise the work it has yet to do. Following the exhilaration of combat comes the tedium of peace, but the tasks of peace are infinitely important and we must uphold our sons as they perform them. This drive for the United War Work fund is a direct challenge to measure our appreciation."

Provost Marshal General Crowder issued a statement emphasizing that money for the welfare workers will be more needed now than during the war.

"Our boys will remain in the service for many weary months," he said. "The period of reorganization and rehabilitation will have to be gone thru."

"Now the incentive of fighting is removed, the excitement and glamor are gone. Now comes the important work of these organizations. They cannot do this unless the American people promptly and generously replenish their war chests."

CONGRATULATIONS CABLED PERSHING

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Congratulations and expressions of the nation's proud esteem were cabled to General Pershing for the American army to France today by Secretary Baker, with a promise that now a respite has come, the war department will do all in its power to expedite the early return of the expeditionary force so that the country may welcome its soldiers home.

DUTCH CLAMOR FOR ABDICATION OF WILHELMINA

Radicals Demand Republic in Holland and Queen Summons Jonkheer Collin to Take Charge of Government—Proclamation Issued Asking Cooperation of Citizens in Crisis.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The threatening attitude of the extremists in Holland who have demanded the abdication of Queen Wilhelmina is causing anxiety at The Hague, according to the Daily Express.

Jonkheer Collin, the former minister of war, who has been in London since July, returned to Holland Thursday. He was recalled, the Daily Express believes, to take charge of the government. The former minister has great influence in Holland and several times has refused the request of the queen to form a new government.

THE HAGUE, Thursday, Nov. 14.—The Dutch government has issued a proclamation urgently appealing for the co-operation of citizens in a "grave crisis." It says the majority is threatening to seize power and declares its determination to maintain authority and order.

YANK AIRPLANES UNDER DIRECTION OF RADIO PHONES

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Squads of American airplanes fighting in France up to the moment of the armistice were maneuvering under the vocal orders of the squadron commander that reached each pilot by radio telephone.

News of the successful development of this device hitherto a military secret, the some inking of it had reached the Germans just before hostilities ceased, was allowed to become public today by John D. Ryan, director of aircraft production.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—President Wilson personally inspected today the first American-built Handley Page night bombing airplane which, with thousands of others like it would have played an important role in the war had Germany not capitulated. Accompanied by Mrs. Wilson and Secretary Baker, Director Ryan of the department of military aeronautics, and General March, chief of staff, in attendance, the president looked over the big machine as it stood on the Polo grounds of the Mall and later watched it take the air. Mrs. Wilson climbed up the ladder to the under-hatchway to look thru into the quarters of the aviator, bombers and gunners.

To illustrate the great size of the giant bi-plane, a single seater was parked beneath each of its broad wings, completely sheltered under their spread. They looked like tenders to a battleship.

BRITISH CENSURE U. S. BEEF TRUST

LONDON, Nov. 15.—In a discussion in the house of commons yesterday concerning the food question and control of the meat supply, the American meat trust was criticised severely by some speakers.

Major Waldorf Astor, parliamentary secretary to the food ministry said that the trust controlled more than 50 per cent of the available and important meat supplies which constituted a serious menace. However, he added, the inter-allied food council set up by the food controller and which would buy in the world's markets was going to be stronger than the trust. It would be able to dictate to the trust if necessary and would be able to fix reasonable prices for consumers.

OIL DIRECTOR'S OFFICE ABOLISHED DECEMBER 1

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15.—The office of Federal Fuel Oil Director of the Pacific coast, now held by Prof. D. M. Folsom of Stanford University, is to be discontinued December 1. Professor Folsom announced today.

DUTCH QUEEN WHO IS ASKED TO ABDICATE



QUEEN WILHELMINA OF HOLLAND.

GREEN ARMY OF DESERTERS AIDED ALLIED FORCES

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15.—The story of how the "Green Army" or deserters from the Austrian army, which poured down from the Lika mountains in Jugo-Slavia and the Carpathians and from the Austrian rear aided the recent Italian offensive was told here today by Dr. Ljubo Leontich, member of the Jugo-Slav national council, who is visiting in San Francisco. Here is his story:

"The 'Green Army,' so called because of the verdant setting of the fastness in which they hid themselves while awaiting the hour to strike, is made up of one million deserters from Austria's Jugo-Slav and Czecho-Slav forces. They are well organized guerrillas, led by students from Prague and elsewhere. They donned the Hapsburg uniform but answered the call to battle the Latins, the Serbs and their fellow Slavs in Ukraine and Bukovina by deserting in hordes to the mountain.

"There they waited through the years of war, living primitively and ever watching until they could sweep down upon the plains of Croatia and Serbia. The revolt of a Croatian regiment at Finne a few weeks ago was the signal. They swarmed from their retreats and cut the communications between the Vienna, Berlin and Sofia. On the one hand they joined the Serbs thrusting the invaders and on the other they joined with their fellows, Dalmatians in the Austrian fleet at Pola, and turned over that fleet to the national council of Jugo-Slavia.

"Then Bohemia and the rest of Czecho-Slavia flamed with revolution, and soon the Magyars and the other ruling classes of the dual monarchy were left to their fate. When it has done its work the 'Green Army' expects to be the nucleus of the military establishment of Jugo-Slavia and Czecho-Slavia, who, while they are separate peoples with separate governments, have formed a close unity of interests."

Dr. Leontich, who was former editor of a revolutionary paper in Prague, is here to recruit the nationals of his country and Czecho-Slavia for the work of the two new nations. The independence of both of these peoples has been recognized by the United States and much of the work in formation of the new governments is being done in Washington.

MACKENSEN'S ARMY JOINS REVOLUTION

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The greater part of the forces under Field Marshal Von Mackensen (in command in Roumania) has joined the revolution, the Budapest Azesi says, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company.

PRESIDENT CONGRATULATES KING OF BELGIUM

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—President Wilson sent a cable today a message to King Albert of the Belgians congratulating him upon his birthday and paying tribute to Belgium's self-sacrifice which has won her a "crown of glory" imperishable.

FAMINE TAKING DEATH TOLL IN CENTRAL AUSTRIA

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS, Nov. 14.—(By Associated Press.)—G. D. McLeod of Montreal, an aviator, and G. O. Young, of Des Moines, Iowa, imprisoned by the Austrians during the Italian campaign, have reached the Italian lines. They bring direct news of conditions in the interior of Austria, having traveled from Salzburg, near Vienna, after being liberated.

"Horrible food conditions prevail in Austria," said McLeod today. "and it is quite possible that a million persons will die there this winter from lack of food, weakness and disease. The country is quiet now but another Russia may grow out of the situation as soon as the troops returning from the front discover that the end of the war has not brought relief."

"Scenes along the railways are like those on the battlefield. We saw bodies scattered here and there as a result of men crowding on the tops of trains and being swept off by tunnels. There were also bodies of wounded men who have been taken from Red Cross cars and left to die. Terrible sanitary conditions prevail in little towns filled with returning soldiers."

"What Austria needs is food. The other prisoners and I are alive only because food is received from outside of Austria. For three days a friend and I had between us only a little bread. It was about as big as a man's hand. Five hundred newly-arrived Serbian troops are keeping order in Laibach."

HUNS GRATEFUL TO THE PRESIDENT

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—The following message has been forwarded to Secretary Lansing:

"The German government and the German people have gratefully taken cognizance of the fact that the President of the United States is ready to consider favorably the sending of food to Germany."

HUN AIR SERVICE RESCUES CROWN PRINCE

AMSTERDAM, Thursday, Nov. 14.—Officers of the German air service have taken the German crown prince and his eldest son to a place of safety, according to the Tageblatt of Berlin.

BRUSSELS CALM DESPITE LACK OF GOVERNMENT

No Organized Authority While City Awaits Coming of Allies—German Commander Pleads for Peace—Soldiers Break Guns and Throw Pieces in Ponds.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 14.—More than 100 men, mostly German officers have been killed in disorders in Brussels and soldiers' councils have been formed in that city and at Antwerp, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company quoting the Telegraaf.

Ghent, Nov. 15.—(By Associated Press.) There is no organized authority yet in Brussels, but with comparative calm and dignity the Belgian capital awaits the coming of the armies of liberation.

On Sunday three delegates from the "Republic of Hamburg" arrived at Brussels. Standing on a balcony, the military commander of the city addressed a crowd of three thousand soldiers and civilians.

"Three million Germans have been killed during the war," he said. "That is sufficient. Let us have peace."

General von Falkenhausen, the German governor-general of Belgium, received the delegates and in the meantime French and Belgian socialists addressed the crowds.

Letter From Hindenburg
A letter has been received from Field Marshal von Hindenburg who was at Bingen on the Rhine. It was read to the crowd. It said:

"I am heartily in sympathy with the regenerative movement. Soldiers must obey the orders of the supreme powers' committee. Let us have peace."

Some soldiers then entered the park, which has been closed to the public for four years. They smashed the marble statues surrounding the beautiful ponds, broke their guns and threw the gun barrels into the water. They then formed a procession and singing the "Marseillaise," paraded thru the city behind the red flag.

The only bloodshed in Brussels occurred on Wednesday when a patrol detailed by the soldiers' committee to keep order fired upon a disorderly crowd, killing twelve civilians and wounding about thirty. The crowd had disregarded the firing of a blank volley by the soldiers.

ENDLESS CHAIN SALE SWINDLERS UNDER ARREST

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15.—Raffination of an alleged "endless chain" sales swindle through which it is charged 9000 agents scattered throughout the United States were victimized to the extent of more than \$1,000,000 was revealed here today with the arraignment of Mrs. Ethel J. Cayce, arrested under a secret indictment returned in Los Angeles in 1916 charging use of the mails to defraud.

Edwin R. Crooker, also under indictment in Los Angeles, together with his brother, Harry L. Crooker, and Frederick W. Sterling of Oakland, was arrested in Los Angeles last night, according to advices received here.

Mrs. Cayce and the three men are said to be directors in the Domestic Utilities Manufacturing company of 124 South Broadway, Los Angeles. They are charged with using the mails to defraud through the sale of contracts for the right to sell in certain districts washing machines and stove flues manufactured by the Utilities company.

Mrs. Cayce testified before United States Commissioner Francis Krull today that she had profited to the extent of \$54,000 in operation covering 111 days.

COTTON ADVANCES TEN DOLLARS A BALE

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Cotton advanced \$10 a bale within a few minutes after the market opened here today. This represented the maximum of two hundred points fixed with a view to preventing undue speculation, as the limit for fluctuations during one day's trading.

FOUR CHOSEN TO AGREE ON PEACE TERMS

President Reported to Have Selected Secretary Lansing to Head American Mission. With Colonel House, Elihu Root and Judge Brandeis as Members—Believed President Will Attend Opening Session, The Not as Delegate.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—(By Associated Press.)—Versailles, although not formally chosen as the meeting place of the peace negotiators, is regarded as almost certain to be the place selected for the peace conference when the inter-allied council reassembles today.

There also is little doubt that the supreme act of signing the peace agreement will take place at Versailles in the same historic hall where the German empire was proclaimed in 1871.

Delegation Selected

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—American delegates to the great peace conference are understood to have been selected by President Wilson, although there probably will be no announcement until the place and date of meeting has been decided upon. Discussion in well-informed quarters today of the probable personnel of the delegation centered upon four men. They are:

Robert Lansing secretary of state, to head the mission; Colonel E. M. House, Elihu Root, Louis D. Brandeis, associate justice of the supreme court. The belief is growing here that President Wilson himself will attend the opening session of the congress, though not to sit as a delegate around the peace table.

The intimation that President Wilson has chosen four men to represent the United States gives the first suggestion of the probable size of the conference.

HEAVY RAVAGES CAUSED BY FLU IN OLD MEXICO

JUAREZ, Mexico, Nov. 15.—Graves plowed like furrows in open fields, zepanes used as shrouds and wood wagons for hearses were made necessary by the influenza epidemic which swept over northern Mexico following the appearance of the disease on the American border.

All efforts to have funeral services were abandoned when the churches were forced to close because of the spread of the disease.

Medical attention was out of the question for there are only a few doctors in the small settlements and many of these were victims of the disease. The supply of drugs was soon exhausted and urgent requests were sent to the border from Chihuahua City, Parral and Durango City for medical supplies. These were permitted to be sent by the United States war trade board in spite of the fact they appeared on the conservation list of prohibited articles for export. One shipment contained 300 pounds of opium salts and large quantities of other drugs.

Medical students were taken from the hospitals in Mexico City to care for the sick and volunteer nurses recruited from the best families in the large cities for service in the small towns under the White Cross, the national relief organization in Mexico similar to the Red Cross.

NEVADA LEADS IN WAR SUBSCRIPTIONS

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15.—With a 109 per cent subscription Nevada was still leading the other Pacific coast states in the United War Work campaign, it was announced here today.

California had subscribed \$1,263,313; Washington \$655,587; Oregon \$573,000; Idaho \$184,000; Utah \$282,300 and Wyoming \$24,500. It was reported. Montana's figures were to be announced later.