

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY BY THE MEDFORD PRINTING CO.

Office, Mail Tribune Building, 25-27-29 North Fir Street, Phone 74.

A consolidation of the Democratic Times, The Medford Mail, The Medford Tribune, The Southern Oregonian, The Ashland Tribune.

The Medford Sunday Sun is furnished subscribers desiring a seven-day daily newspaper.

GEORGE PUTNAM, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS:

BY MAIL—IN ADVANCE: Daily, with Sunday Sun, year, \$6.00; Daily, without Sunday Sun, year, \$5.00; Weekly Mail Tribune, one year, 1.50; Sunday Sun, one year, 1.50.

Official paper of the City of Medford, Official paper of Jackson County.

Entered as second-class matter at Medford, Oregon, under the act of March 5, 1879.

Second-class postage paid at Medford, Oregon, under the act of March 5, 1879.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Full Licensed Wire Service. The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news published herein.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

Notice to Subscribers—The United States War Industries Board has issued the following mandatory order, among other things, regarding the newspaper business during the period of the war.

THE QUIBBLING HUN

THE second German reply to President Wilson is a fair sample of what may be expected in any negotiations with the Hun, barefaced denials of established facts, endless quibbles over trifles, and interminable discussions leading nowhere and with no object save to gain time and create dissension among the allies.

Germany, which struck a medal to commemorate the destruction of the Lusitania with its 1100 neutral non-combatants, now denies U-boat atrocities and wants a neutral commission to establish what the German government has decorated naval officers for accomplishing.

Germany, with the smoke still ascending from the burned cities of France, with the wreckage and debris still piled in the streets of the towns she has systematically looted before fleeing the avenger, calmly denies all acts of destruction save what were "necessitated by war"—and wants these crimes also investigated by neutrals.

Similarly, Germany in 1914 denied the Belgian atrocities which a shocked world would not believe until they were amply verified by the American Belgian relief commission, and by various impartial investigators—and which Germany has since admitted and attempted to justify as necessary acts of war.

Germany promises to cease torpedoing passenger ships. Germany once before solemnly promised the same thing and kept on sinking every ship possible and finally openly repudiated her agreement with the announcement of unrestricted submarine warfare. German U-boat promises have proven not worth the paper they are written upon.

Germany "hopes the United States will approve of no demand that would be irreconcilable with the honor of the German people"—yet the German government and the German people have proved that they are without honor, that their gospel is might is right, and that anything which advances, even in a remote degree the advantage of Germany, is righteous and just—no matter what degree of baseness and savagery is displayed.

Germany suggests that an opportunity be brought about for fixing the details of evacuation of occupied territories—yet the evacuation of these territories has long been planned by the German army and is being executed according to plans as rapidly as necessitated by allied pressure, the cities being looted and burned, the inhabitants enslaved, and the country devastated.

As to the "fundamental changes" in the German constitution providing for popular representation in decisions governing peace and war—these changes were granted once before by a Prussian king and can be as easily annulled as they were then. The kaiser giveth to keep his throne, and the kaiser taketh away—when danger passeth—blessed be the name of the kaiser.

Germany is still defiant and unrepentant, still insatiably greedy, mad for world power, still ruthless and barbarian. The war will have been in vain if peace is made without the authors of the peace notes sent to gain time and provoke dissension. Until the German army is broken, not bent as at present, any peace will be premature and Germans will still regard the army as their salvation.

How can any self respecting government negotiate with the Huns who are without pity, mercy, or honor, who have no sense of fair play, no sense of justice and are incapable of telling the truth? We cannot compromise nor negotiate with the Hun, who only understands force, force to the limit and who must be crushed to ensure the safety of civilization and the future of humanity.

Kaiserism at Home

(From the Portland Oregonian.) Through force of circumstances the newspapers have, to a large extent become lawbreakers in matters of direct obligation. More and more the voter neglects to study measures for himself and relies upon the advice of his favorite publication.

This has been remarked by prominent citizens of opposite extremes of political thought. Yet but one newspaper in Oregon has ever drafted a bill, paid the cost of its initiation and made the bill its own.

The Portland Journal has in the past initiated and fathered measures. Its publisher is said to have expended upwards of \$4,000 to force upon the ballot this year two bills relating to newspaper advertising.

The corrupt practices not places certain restrictions upon the expenditure of money by corporations in the interests of candidates. Yet a newspaper, if it determines to use its influence and its organization to foster legislation of particular type, can go farther toward attaining its ends than any railroad or bank or manufactory in this state.

The large newspaper's organization is state wide. It has employees in every town and in nearly every hamlet. These it can require to do its bidding and thereby of dissemination.

The newspaper has space on its pages which it will not sell at any price to advertisers. This preferred space it is at liberty to utilize for its own ends.

If a newspaper will it, there may be constantly at its disposal a group of economists ready to do whatever it desires, in return for small crumbs of publication. No matter what its device, course, it seems also to be true that any newspaper can obtain a following which believes implicitly anything it may wish.

Here are elements sufficient to create lobby or czar out of any newspaper which takes circulation in Oregon which will give it the power to do its bidding and thereby of dissemination.

The Journal has manufactured an issue out of nothing. It has paid to put the issue before the people. It has put its employees at work writing the books of every county for material that may be twisted into an argument in favor of its position.

It is devoting space that no other lawyer would be permitted to use at any price. It is spreading out these persons who believe it, or fear it, or merely rejoice in authority to interview in behalf of its policy.

While complaining that the country newspapers term its publisher a czar and do not discuss the merits of its bill, it has never yet, on its own account, published an honest statement as to the present law, which it seeks to amend or an honest statement as to what its bill would do. Its attempt is to blind a desire to illustrate or prove its power as a czar.

PLANE PRODUCER.



C. W. Nash has been appointed assistant director of aircraft production and is in charge of engineering and production of aircraft for the government. He is president of the Nash Motors Co. of Kenosha, Wis., and an expert in engine building.

SEVEN WELFARE ORGANIZATIONS TO RAISE 170 MILLIONS

In asking the people of the United States to contribute \$170,000,000 to maintain and extend the work of the seven great welfare organizations recognized by the government in this war, an appeal is being made for the largest contribution ever in the history of the world.

President Wilson in his letter to Raymond S. Fosdick, chairman of the commission on training camp activities, said: "Convey a very warm expression of the government's appreciation of the splendid service they have rendered in administering the troops at home and overseas. Through their agencies the moral and spiritual resources of the nation have been mobilized behind our forces and used in the finest way, and they are contributing directly and effectively to the winning of the war."

The organizations at work among the soldiers are the Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., K. of C., Jewish Welfare Board, American Library Association, War Community Service and the Salvation Army. Each is filling a niche in the life of the American soldier that make for morale.

The united drive for funds will take place from November 11 to 18. Every home in every community is to be reached. Every dollar contributed is to be used for the physical, moral and spiritual benefit of the enlisted men.

BASEBALL GAMES NET WAR \$18,000

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 21.—A check for \$18,034.32 was forwarded to Secretary of War Baker today by the National Baseball Commission and with \$2,315.27 already given by the Boston American League club players represents 10 per cent of the revenue received by all interested parties in the recent world's series to be donated to war charities.

4,000 DEATHS FROM INFLUENZA, BOSTON

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—Normal conditions were resumed in this city today when places of public assembly were allowed to resume by health officials. These places had been closed for nearly three weeks because of the epidemic of influenza which caused nearly 4,000 deaths in Boston. Health officials believe the disease is under control here.

SHARP DECORATES STATUE OF LILLE

PARIS, Sunday, Oct. 20.—(Havas) American Ambassador Sharp today placed at the foot of the statue of the city of Lille a wreath of flowers. He also deposited a shield bearing an inscription of homage in the city from the United States.

Ugly, Unsightly Pimples Are Signals of Bad Blood

Give Heed to the Warning. Pimples on the face and other parts of the body are warnings of impure and impoverished blood. Sometimes they are foretold eczema, boils, blisters, scaly eruptions and other skin disorders that burn like flames of fire. They mean that your blood needs S. S. S. to purify it and cleanse it of those impure accumulations that can cause unlimited trouble. This remedy is the greatest vegetable blood purifier known, and contains no minerals or chemicals to injure the most delicate skin.

Go to your druggist, and get a bottle of S. S. S. today, and get rid of those ugly and disgusting pimples, and other skin irritations. And it will cleanse your blood thoroughly. If you wish special medical advice, you can obtain it without charge by writing to Medical Director, S. S. S. Laboratories, Atlanta, Georgia.

Fallen for Freedom

The minor casualties which are reported in this casualty list were reported to the war department at Washington by courier, in compliance with the order of the war department that all casualties, both major and minor, be reported and published. Heretofore only the major casualties were reported, these being received daily by cable.

It is made to be understood that the increase does not reflect current losses, but rather that the increase, insofar as minor casualties are concerned, is due to the recently adopted policy of issuing the accumulated lists of minor casualties now being reported by courier.

(Signed) War Department Bureau Committee on Public Information. The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces. Killed in action, 175; missing in action, 219; wounded (degree undetermined), 365; died of aeroplane accident, 4; died of accident and other causes, 9; died of disease, 216; died of wounds, 124; wounded severely, 476; slightly wounded, 345. Total, 1922.

Killed in action: Corp. Harry Saxe, Willow Creek, Cal.; Privates Beaneville W. Bertolet, Callahan, Wash.; Ervin J. Haugen, Dufur, Ore.; Sergt. Vergilio Carroto, San Francisco; Corp. Chas. M. Dewey, Los Angeles. Missing in action: Privates Hans H. Paulson, Selma, Cal.; Wm. G.

Influenza—How to Avoid It

The following suggestions of the California state board of health may prove of immeasurable value to any man or woman who will read, remember and act upon them in the present great emergency. The country here set forth has been prepared after consultation with some of the ablest medical men in America. If you will follow the dictates of this official bulletin, you will be doing your duty to your fellow man and to yourself.

Until Doctor Comes. If you feel a sudden chill, followed by muscular pain, headache, backache, unusual tiredness and fever, go to bed at once. See that there is enough bed clothing to keep you warm.

Open all windows in your bedroom and keep them open at all times, except in rainy weather. Take medicine to open the bowels freely. Take some nourishing food such as milk, egg-and-milk or broth every four hours.

Stay in bed until a physician tells you that it is safe to get up. Allow no one else to sleep in the same room. Protect others by sneezing and coughing into handkerchiefs or cloths, which should be boiled or burned.

Islet that whoever gives up water or food or enters the sick room for any other purpose shall wear a gauze mask, which may be obtained from the Red Cross or may be made at home of four to six folds of gauze and which should cover the nose and mouth and be tied behind the head. Remember that these masks must be kept clean, must be put on outside the sick room, must not be handled after they are tied on and must be boiled five minutes and thoroughly dried every time they are taken off.

To Householders. Keep out of the sick room unless attendance is necessary. Do not handle articles coming from the sick room until they are boiled. Allow no visitors, and do not go visiting.

Call a doctor for all inmates who show signs of beginning sickness. The usual symptoms are: Inflamed and watery eyes, discharging nose, headache, backache, muscular pain, and fever. Keep away from crowded places, such as "movies," theatres, street cars.

See to it that your children are kept warm and dry, both night and day. Have sufficient fire in your home to dispense the dampness. Open your windows at night. If cool weather prevails, and extra bed clothing.

To Workers. Walk to work if possible. ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids OTHERS are IMITATIONS

WESTON'S Camera Shop The Only Exclusive Commercial Photographer in Southern Oregon

NEGATIVES MADE ANY TIME OR PLACE BY APPOINTMENT

Phone 147-J We'll do the rest J. B. PALMER Medford 208 East Main Street

MADE IN MEDFORD SUITS (KLEIN FOR CLOTHES)

TO ORDER \$25.00 UP Also Cleaning, Pressing and Altering 128 E. MAIN, UPSTAIRS

JOHN A. PEEL UNDERTAKER Lady Assistant 25 SOUTH BALEY'S Phone M. 47 and 47-J Automobile Hearse Service

WESTON'S Camera Shop The Only Exclusive Commercial Photographer in Southern Oregon

NEGATIVES MADE ANY TIME OR PLACE BY APPOINTMENT

SPANISH INFLUENZA RAPIDLY SPREADING

Persons Weak and Run-down Easy Victims—Fortify Yourself Against it by Taking Tanlac

According to late reports issued by state and federal health authorities the Spanish influenza epidemic is rapidly spreading to all parts of the country, and it now seems that practically every state in the union will be seriously affected before it runs its course.

It has not only become a great and terrifying menace to the public health, but unless checked, it is apt to seriously affect the progress of war work in all its various departments. Already the Shipping Board has announced that ten per cent of its workers had been affected.

The disease has made its greatest progress in the east where it has claimed its victims by the thousands. Reports from other sections, however, are equally alarming, and both civil and military authorities have warned the public to take every precaution to prevent its further spread. In many cities schools, churches and theatres have been closed and public gatherings of all kinds forbidden.

Medical authorities agree that people who are weak and run-down are the earliest victims of the influenza epidemic. If you find yourself tired, weak and losing flesh, or if you are in a generally run-down condition, or if you catch cold easily this warning should be heeded promptly. You are really in great danger, because the germ of this disease is very catching and you are apt to fall an easy victim if you come in contact with the germ. People who are well and strong are not likely to contract the disease because they are able to throw it off. The common way to keep from taking it is to fortify the system against attack by building up the constitution.

In other words to use the old adage, "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." And if you are in a sub-normal condition the proper thing to do is to begin immediately to build up your powers of resistance. To accomplish this, nothing on earth will strengthen you so well as Tanlac, the powerful reconstructive tonic, which contains the very elements needed by the system to give you fighting strength and ward off the influenza germ.

First of all Tanlac begins its action by creating a good healthy appetite for wholesome, nourishing food, and assists every organ of the body to perform its natural functions, thus helping to build up health and strength in the natural way.

Tanlac is also the ideal strengthening tonic for persons who are suffering from the after effects of influenza, Grippe or Bronchial troubles and hundreds of thousands are using it daily with the most gratifying results.

In connection with the Tanlac treatment, it is necessary to keep the bowels open by taking Tanlac Laxative Tablets, samples of which are included with every bottle of Tanlac. It is also important that the every day rules of hygiene be observed; that is, sleep in well ventilated rooms, get plenty of fresh air and exercise and keep away from crowds.

Tanlac is sold in Medford by West Side Pharmacy, in Gold Hill by M. D. Downie, in Central Point by Miss M. A. Mee, in Ashland by J. J. McNair, Adv.

GIM CHUNG China Herb Store

Herb cure for carache, headache, catarrh, diphtheria, sore throat, lung trouble, kidney trouble, stomach trouble, heart trouble, chills and fever, cramps, coughs, poor circulation, cancerous, tumors, cracked breast, cures all kinds of goiters. NO OPERATIONS.

Medford, Oregon, Jan 13, 1927

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that I, the undersigned, had very severe stomach trouble and had been bothered for several years and last August was not expected to live, and hearing of Gim Chung (whose Herb Store is at 618 South Front Street, Medford) I decided to get herbs for my stomach trouble, and I started to feeling better as soon as I used them and today am a well man and can heartily recommend anyone afflicted as I was to see Gim Chung and try his Herbs.

(Signed) W. R. JOHNEON, Witnesses: M. A. Anderson, Medford; S. B. Holmes, Eagle Point; Wm. Lewis, Eagle Point; W. L. Childreth, Eagle Point; C. E. Moore, Eagle Point; J. V. McInyre, Eagle Point; Geo. H. Von der Heiden, Eagle Point; Thos. E. Nichols, Eagle Point; Friday, June 28th, War Savings Day

J. T. Gagnon Lumber Yard

All kinds of rough and dressed Lumber. Specialties: Dimension stuff, Finishing Lumber, shingles, Sash and Doors, Roofing Paper, Fruit Boxes. Buy Jackson County Products. Place orders now for Fruit Boxes. New Shed, 113 S. Front St., Medford. Phone 859.