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Forty-eighth Year. Daily—Thirteenth Year.

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NO. 161

BULGARIA OUT OF THE WAR FOR GOOD FALL OF CAMBRAI HOURLY EXPECTED

BULGARIANS MUST BREAK WITH BOCHE

Bulgarian Minister to America Says Country Out of War and Will Appeal to United States—Britain Replies to Request for Armistice That No Military Operations Can Be Suspended and That Bulgaria Must Demobilize Army.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Bulgaria is out of the war, in the opinion of Stephen Panretoff, Bulgarian minister, who believes that his country definitely is determined to abandon its alliance with Germany, and if the entente allies refuse to listen to peace overtures, will appeal to the United States to use its good offices.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—Great Britain has replied to the Bulgarian request for an armistice. The reply, it is stated, is fully covered by the answer given by the Bulgarian representatives by the commander of the allied army on the Macedonian front. By this reply it is perfectly well defined that no military operations can be suspended.

At the same time regarding the proposal that duly accredited Bulgarian representatives should confer with the allies on the question of peace, it has been made quite clear to the Sofia government that such a peace necessarily involves a complete rupture by the Bulgarian government with Turkey, Germany and Austria-Hungary.

The allied governments necessarily demand every guarantee which they consider necessary for them to guard their military operation and prevent the dispatch of German troops to Bulgaria.

No Issues Settled

In discussing the Bulgarian proposal, it is pointed out, the allies have no intention of attempting to make a final territorial settlement in the Balkans which obviously must be a matter for consideration at the peace conference. The question, it is said, is one of the conclusion of such a military agreement as would prevent any further danger from the Bulgarian side to the operations of the allies in the Balkans.

This implies the demobilization of the Bulgarian army or its employment elsewhere against Bulgaria's present allies.

No steps in the territorial questions involved will be taken without the fullest co-operation and support of Greece and Serbia, but one of the essentials of any preliminary agreement must be the evacuation by Bulgaria of all territory outside Bulgaria proper occupied by her armies since the outbreak of the war.

If the terms laid down, which have been dispatched to Sofia are not acceptable to the Malinoff government, the allied powers, it is added, have no further conditions to propose and it will rest with Bulgaria to find other representatives who can accept these conditions.

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BRITISH CASUALTIES FOR WEEK 19,757

LONDON, Sept. 28.—British casualties reported for the week ending today as announced by the war office follow:

Officers killed or died of wounds, 432; men, 3,936.
Officers wounded or missing, 804; men, 19,757.

BELGIANS STRIKE WITH BRITISH TO NORTH OF YPRES

Advance of Two and Three Miles On Wide Front and 1,000 Prisoners Taken Early—British at Gates of Cambrai, Capture 10,000 Prisoners in Advance and 200 Guns.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—6:45 p. m. By the Associated Press.—The British and the Belgians have taken the town of Poelcappelle and have advanced on the whole front for a distance of from two to three miles. The allied forces have outflanked Fassehendaele ridge on the north and are advancing toward Roulers. The Belgians captured a portion of the forest.

Belgian and British troops launched their attacks from the region of Dixmude to a point east of Ypres. Many prisoners were taken.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—Allied troops began an attack on the front north of Ypres today and the advance at some points has been more than two and a half miles.

The attack is being made by the Belgian army and is on the larger part south of the North Sea.

One thousand prisoners have already been counted. Heavy fighting is taking place between Dixmude and Ypres and the battle is severe in the Houtholst forest north of Ypres.

Arleux Captured

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sept. 28.—(Reuters.)—Field Marshal Haig's forces today captured the town of Arleux, five miles southeast of Douai.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—11:45 a. m.—British forces resumed the battle before Cambrai at daybreak today, according to news received here. They are reported to have captured the villages of Fontaine Notre Dames, Cantaing, Noyelles and Sully.

10,000 Prisoners

LONDON, Sept. 28.—Prisoners to the number of 10,000 have been captured by the British in their offensive in the Cambrai area, Field Marshal Haig announced today. Two hundred guns were taken by the British forces.

The British have captured the towns of Epigny and Oisy-Le-Verger. The British pressed their attack yesterday without a moment's let up until a late hour and in the evening accentuated, notably their progress in the northern portion of the battlefield.

Canadian troops pushed through Hayneourt and have reached the Douai-Cambrai road.

TURKEY NEXT AFTER BULGARIA ASSERTS MARCH

Collapse of Bulgaria Direct Result of Concentration of American Forces on Western Front Forcing Germany to Keep Her Reserves From Aiding Allies.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The impending collapse of Bulgaria, General March said today is a direct result of the concentration of American forces on the western front. Hitherto, General March explained, whenever a section of the central empires was menaced Germany was able to withdraw divisions from the west front to bolster up the threatened points.

"That day is now past," he added. "As a result of the concentration of the entire American army on the western front. This has forced the German general staff to keep intact their whole strength in France."

The elimination of Bulgaria, the chief of staff pointed out, should a separate peace be granted, fore-shadows the isolation of Turkey and the possible re-entry of Rumania into the war. The effect of these events on the grand strategy of the war was obvious, he said.

Pass Hindenburg Line

In the new Franco-American drive, the American forces west of Verdun, have passed beyond the Hindenburg line and are facing the new Kriemhild line.

General March was unable to identify positively American units which participated in this action. He said the attack was characterized by the same sharpness and rapidity which has heretofore marked the American operations. On the first day Pershing's men advanced from five to six miles.

Official dispatches to date show capture by the Americans in this sector of 8,000 prisoners, while the French to the west of them have taken more than 7,000.

Plans for Russia

General March announced today that American and allied forces operating south of Archangel have been placed under command of General Poole of the British army. The American units are commanded by Colonel Stewart.

Ambassador Frances is at Archangel and General March said the war department now is in close touch with military and diplomatic officials there.

The Wednesday Study club will convene at the home of the club's president, Mrs. H. K. Deuel, next Wednesday afternoon at 7:30 o'clock. It will be the opening meeting of the year.

KING OF BULGARIA DESERTS HUN ALLIES



King Ferdinand who has been forced by public opinion and military disasters to ask for an armistice and seek peace on allied terms.

HERTLING RESIGNS AS CHANCELLOR OF GERMAN EMPIRE

LONDON, Sept. 28.—Semi-official dispatches from Berlin report the resignation of Chancellor Von Hertling. Emperor William, the dispatch adds, has not yet accepted the chancellor's resignation.

ONE YANK CORPS TOOK 3000 PRISONERS

WITH AN AMERICAN ARMY CORPS WEST OF VERDUN, Friday, Sept. 27.—(By the Associated Press.)—German prisoners counted up to noon today by this corps alone total more than 3,000. One division took more than 1,100 of the total and reports that it still has several hundred more. The prisoners include a large number of Prussian guards.

The prisoners carried in dozens of machine guns and automatic rifles which were captured with them, and the eyes in the rear resemble small arsenals. A majority of the prisoners expressed pleasure that the war has ended for them.

REV. C. R. CORLOS TO SUCCEED REV. ROLLINS

PORTLAND, Ore., Sept. 28.—Rev. C. R. Corlos was selected today as Methodist minister for Medford, at the conference of Methodist ministers of Oregon here.

VELES CAPTURED BY SERBIANS IN BALKAN DRIVE

City and Fortress, One of Important Bulgarian Bases on Vardar River Taken by Serbians—Who Are Pushing On Toward Uskub—Enormous Number of Prisoners.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—7 p. m. By the Associated Press.—The advance of the entente allied forces in Macedonia continues, says an official statement issued this evening by the British war office. Greek troops are pushing to the eastward along the Belashitza range.

British and Greek forces also are moving on Petrich along the Strumnitsa valley. Petrich is about 20 miles inside the Bulgarian frontier. Several guns of various caliber have been captured.

Veles Is Captured

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The city and fortress of Veles, one of the important bases of the Bulgarian forces in southern Serbia on the Vardar river have been captured by Serbian troops, the Serbian war office announced in a statement dated Friday.

The Serbian forces are pushing on from Veles toward Uskub. The troops defending Veles were taken prisoner. Serbian troops have reached Rativista, 15 miles north of Ishtib, and have advanced a considerable distance beyond Koehana, toward the Bulgarian border.

The text of the statement follows: "Our advance continued Thursday with excellent results. Our troops reached Rativista and have gone considerably beyond Koehana.

"On the same day about noon, our troops entered Veles and captured the troops defending the fortress. They immediately continued their advance toward Uskub.

"An enormous number of prisoners, mostly Germans, a huge quantity of war material, including several machine guns and three mountain guns and other supplies have fallen into our hands."

PORTLAND NEARING LIBERTY BOND QUOTA

PORTLAND, Ore., Sept. 28.—Portland liberty bond buyers had taken approximately fourteen million dollars worth of the city's \$18,400,000 quota today. Pledging in this state began ten days ago. The state of Oregon, outside of Multnomah county, was expected to go over the top by tonight. Five counties already have subscribed their quotas.

OREGON TROOPS IN YANK DRIVE ABOVE VERDUN

Germans Fighting Desperately to Bring American Advance to Halt on Brunhilde Line—8,000 Prisoners and Over 100 Guns Captured—Germans Massed in Woods, Shelled.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Sept. 28.—(By Associated Press.) High explosive shells from the American big guns are now reaching far behind the German lines. Fires at Brulleles and at other points are attributed to the work of the American gunners.

Shells are reported to be falling on Consenoye, Dun-Sur-Meuse, and on other towns far in the rear of the German lines. The bridges over the Meuse also are being bombarded, thus choking the exits of the Germans withdrawing.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—General Pershing's communique for Friday records the continued successful advance of the first American army northwest of Verdun, reported in press dispatches last night. It follows:

"Headquarters American expeditionary forces, September 27.

"Section A—Northwest of Verdun the first army continued its attacks begun yesterday. The towns of Charpeny, Very, Epionville and Ivory were taken. Repeated hostile counter attacks on Major General Cameron's force were thrown back by troops from Ohio, New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, Oregon Washington Colorado, Wyoming and Montana. The captured material includes over 100 guns of which 12 are of heavy caliber; many trench mortars and hundreds of machine guns. The number of prisoners has risen to over 8,000, including 125 officers."

Try to Halt Advance

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Sept. 28.—(9 a. m. By the Associated Press.)—With their backs to the outer edge of the Brunhilde line, the Germans today were fighting desperately in an endeavor to bring the American advance to a definite halt. The Germans were increasing the volume of their fire and indicating anew their determination to resist to the utmost.

The line fought for runs through the northern Argonne woods and along a line paralleling the Epionville-Mont Faucon road to a point near Ivory and thence northeasterly.

The Germans are massed in the Cierges woods and in the Ennot woods. The Americans are using their artillery freely to break up the enemy dispositions.

FOUR DRIVES AT ONE TIME IN PROGRESS

Smashing Attacks Being Delivered by the British and Belgians North of Ypres, by British and Americans Before Cambrai, by French North of the Aisne and by French and Americans in Champagne and to East—British Near Cambria.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—Austria is withdrawing her troops from Albania according to reports received in Amsterdam from well informed circles, the Central News correspondent at Amsterdam wires.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS, Sept. 28.—Marshal Foch is putting the Germans on the western front to the most severe test of the war. On four important sectors from Verdun to the North Sea, allied troops are fighting their way into and beyond the Hindenburg line.

Smashing attacks are being delivered by the British and Belgians, north of Ypres; by the British and Americans before Cambrai; by the French north of the Aisne and by the French and Americans in Champagne and to the east. On all fronts the allied soldiers are meeting with success.

Cambrai About to Fall

Cambrai, it would appear, is about to fall. The British having captured the important height of Bourlon wood, were reported beyond Fontaine Notre Dame, and Sully, within one and three-quarters miles of Cambrai. The menace to Cambrai is greater than at the height of General Byng's stroke of last November. The attacking troops hold a longer front immediately on the west, while to the north, they are pressing onward over terrain hitherto untouched by fighting. Southwest of Cambrai the British are fighting toward the important Scheldt canal, at Cantaing.

Field Marshal Haig's thrust north of Cambrai already has progressed more than three miles. The British have cut the high road between Cambrai and Douai and have the railroad between the two cities dominated by their guns. The fall of Cambrai, military observers believe, would result in a German withdrawal from Douai and St. Quentin, which possibly would lead to a retirement to the French border.

Belgian Offensive

On the north the Belgian and British armies are fighting thru the Hin-

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PRESIDENT WILSON'S APPEAL TO YOU REGARDING THE NECESSITY OF LOANING YOUR MONEY TO SUCCESSFULLY FINISH THE WAR AGAINST GERMANY.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Again the Government comes to the people of this country with the request that they lend their money, and lend it upon a more liberal scale than ever before, in order that the great war for the rights of America and the liberation of the world may be prosecuted with ever increasing vigor to a victorious conclusion. And it makes this appeal with the greatest confidence, because it knows that every day it is becoming clearer and clearer to thinking men throughout the nation that the winning of the war is an essential investment. The money that is held back now will be of little use or value if the war is not won and the selfish motives of Germany are permitted to dictate what America may and may not do. Men in America, besides, have from the first until now dedicated both their lives and their fortunes to the vindication and maintenance of the great principles and objects for which our Government was set up. They will not fail now to show the world for what their wealth was intended.

Woodrow Wilson