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VICTORIOUS ALLIED ADVANCE CONTINUES

BRITISH TAKE BRAY; DRIVE EAST AT BAPAUME

Haig Smashes Through German Positions All Along Battlefront South of Arras—Four-Mile Advance on 12-Mile Front—Many Guns Captured—British Capture 14,000 Prisoners in Three Days, 30,000 Since August 8—Heavy Fighting.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—Bray is reported to have been captured by the British. Several thousand German prisoners have passed through the cages behind General Byng's third army today. No effort to count the guns captured has been made up to this time.

The British were smashing through the German positions this morning all along the battlefront.

The British are reported to have captured Becordal and to have reached the high ground southwest of Fri-court.

The British have passed well beyond Happy Valley.

Attacks Resumed

LONDON, Aug. 24.—British attacks in the Albert sector were resumed this morning according to an official statement issued by the war office today, which says that the British have made progress.

In the fighting during the last three days the British have captured 14,000 prisoners.

LONDON, Aug. 24, 1 p. m.—The British third army is advancing very rapidly. It has gone forward in some places to the depth of four miles on a front of 12 miles, according to dispatches received in London today.

The British fourth army is on the outskirts of Bray where heavy fighting is proceeding.

There can be no doubt that prior to the British attack the Germans were contemplating a retirement. The British attack had the effect of hustling the enemy and preventing him from carrying out his plans. This has been proved by the large number of prisoners taken.

No return has yet been made of the total number of prisoners taken by the French, but a conservative estimate of the total of Anglo-French captures since July 18 confirms the earlier report from Paris placing them well over 100,000.

To Save Bapaume

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—A large number of cannon, including complete batteries of howitzers and trench mortars, have been captured by the British north of the river, the British have taken 12 cannon.

The village of Behagnies, 2 1/2 miles north of Bapaume on the Bapaume-Coeval river, five miles southeast of the British, British forces are operating east of Bapaume, within two miles and a half of Bapaume on the west.

British forces are reported to have reached points east of Henin, on the Arras highway, has been reached by them. They are in the outskirts of (Continued on Page Four.)

NAVAL RAID UPON DUNKIRK A FAILURE

LONDON, Aug. 24.—German motor boats attempted a reconnaissance in the neighborhood of Dunkirk, France, yesterday morning. They were driven off by British and French patrolling vessels. One enemy boat is believed to have been destroyed. The allied forces suffered no casualties.

SPAIN NEARING RUPTURE WITH HUN OVER SHIPS

Germany Vigorously Protests Spanish Intention to Replace Sunken Spanish Ships Torpedoed by U-Boats With Interned German Vessels—Negotiations Fail.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 24.—Germany has energetically protested against the intention of Spain to replace sunken Spanish ships torpedoed, by interned German ships.

Negotiations Fail

PARIS, Aug. 24.—Negotiations between Berlin and Madrid over Spain's decision to replenish sunken Spanish shipping with German interned vessels have failed, according to the Petit Parisien. Chancellor von Hertling will not furnish any guarantee against submarine warfare, it is said, and Spain is maintaining its position.

It is said that at a meeting of the ministers at San Sebastian last night complimentary decisions were reached in the controversy with Germany.

May Sever Relations

LONDON, Aug. 24.—Germany's reply to Spain's announcement as to submarine warfare says that such a procedure as was indicated in the instructions to the Spanish ambassador at Berlin might possibly result in the severance of relations between the countries, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company. The note declares, however, that Germany is ready to consider limiting the operations of submarines outside the danger zone.

It is said that Germany has informed Spain that she cannot render any guarantee in this respect and cannot treat Spain in an exceptional way. Germany, the note says, hopes that Spain, which has expressed a desire to maintain her neutrality, will really remain neutral.

PERUVIAN MEETING IN ALLIED CAUSE

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 24.—Two hundred Peruvian troops at Ancón, 30 miles from here, have notified Major Armando Patino, the leader, has issued a revolutionary manifesto which condemns the government, calls for immediate declaration of war on Germany, unconditional delivery of interned German ships to the United States, and the sending of a division of Peruvian troops to France and appeals to Peruvians to listen to the words of President Wilson and place themselves resolutely on the side of the allies.

The mutiny has resulted in rumors of a revolutionary movement throughout the republic. The trouble, however, is not seriously regarded. Several columns of loyal troops now are endeavoring to capture the insurgents. Rumors of disturbances at Arequipa and Cuzco are not confirmed.

TEN MILLION FOR COAST POWER PLANT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Proposed distribution of the \$200,000,000 asked by the war trade board for government construction or improvement of power plants in war industrial centers, was submitted to the house commerce committee today by Lieutenant W. W. Stanley of the army engineers.

The estimates include \$10,000,000 for the Pacific slope and some territory west of the Rocky mountains. It is estimated also that \$31,250,000 will be needed for additional power equipment in scattered territory in the middle western states.

GERMANS PREPARE MEUSE LINE FOR FINAL RESISTANCE

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The Germans evidently expect to be pressed back to the Meuse, says the Amsterdam correspondent of the Daily Express, as they are fortifying positions along that river in Belgium. The Germans are digging extensive trenches between Dinant and Givet.

Givet is ninety miles directly east of Bapaume.

BRITISH DRIVING HUNS FROM AIR ON BATTLE FRONT

LONDON, Aug. 23.—British air fighting on the western front during the last week provides a striking indication of the difficulty now confronting Germany in the air.

In the battle area enemy scouts are compelled to operate in large formations at a much greater height than formerly.

Severe air fighting has occurred between Albert and the Amiens-Roye road, resulting, according to latest reports, in the destruction of 62 enemy machines and the driving down of 21 airplanes out of control. Twenty-six British machines have been reported missing.

This superiority has been attained without any diminution of the aerial activity in other sectors. Attacks on the Rhine provinces have been pressed with the utmost vigor.

Coupled with a virtual cessation of raids on London, the increasing number of bombing raids into Germany, of which there were 21 during the past week, must be demoralizing, showing Germany that she is unable adequately to protect her air frontier.

REPUBLICANS URGE ACTION ON SUFFRAGE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Republicans of the senate in conference today adopted a resolution urging action at the earliest possible date on the pending federal woman suffrage amendment. The resolution did not advise the republican membership how to vote.

LODGE FLOOR LEADER FOR REPUBLICANS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts and ranking minority member of the foreign relations committee, was elected unanimously for floor leader by republicans of the senate in conference today to succeed the late Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire.

YANKEE AVIATORS BOMB CONFLANS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Another successful bombing of railroad yards at Conflans by American aviators, without the loss of a machine, is announced in General Pershing's communique for Friday. It says also that an American outpost on the Aisne between Fismes and Bazoches driven back by a small local action, later reoccupied its position.

HOUSE EXEMPTS CONGRESSMEN IN DRAFT BILL

Trial Vote on Man Power Measure Postponed Until Monday by Senate—Work or Fight Clause Amendment Rejected—Policemen Not Exempted Either.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The new man power bill extending the selective draft to all men between the ages of 18 and 45 years was passed by the house tonight with only minor changes in the original draft of the war department.

On the first roll call only two negative votes were cast—by Representative London of New York, the socialist, and Representative Gordon of Ohio, democrat. The final vote was announced as 356 to 2.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—When the house resumed consideration of the man power bill today the amendment of Representative Madden of Illinois to bar government employees from deferred draft classification on account of their employment was defeated 149 to 128.

Plans for a final vote in the senate on the administration man power bill before adjournment tonight were abandoned late today by Chairman Chamberlain, who announced that it would go over until Monday. Prohibition leaders, he said, had agreed to lay aside temporarily the nation-wide prohibition measure which was to have come up automatically Monday.

A "work or fight" amendment proposed by Representative Black of Texas, similar to the one added to the bill by the senate committee, but modified to meet objections of organized labor, was rejected by a vote of 91 to 52.

An amendment by Representative Smith of New York to exempt from draft police officers in cities of 500,000 population, was rejected. Mr. Smith read a letter from Mayor Hyland of New York, urging the necessity of permitting policemen of the new draft ages to remain on their jobs.

The house reversed its action of yesterday in removing the exemption of members of congress from the new draft and by a vote of 153 to 89 voted down the Gregg amendment to make all congressmen and state legislators amenable to the draft.

Chairman Dent of the military committee lost a final fight for the McKenzie amendment for separate classification of youths from 18 to 20. The house refused 191 to 146 to recommit the bill. Then a roll call began on the bill itself.

CHINESE TROOPS TO JOIN ALLIES

PEKING, Aug. 29.—(By the Associated Press.)—A Chinese contingent on the way to join the allied forces at Vladivostok has reached Mukden, Manchuria, according to an announcement here.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 23.—General D. C. Scherbatcheff, former Russian commander on the Romanian front, and General V. A. Tchersonisoff, former commander of the Russian northern front, a Moscow dispatch to the Rhenisch West Phalian Zeitung of Essen says, have accepted commands in the Czech-Slovak army.

ARBITRATION TREATY WITH JAPAN RENEWED

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The arbitration treaty between Japan and the United States, was extended for another term of five years today by the signatures of Secretary Lansing and Viscount Ishii, the Japanese ambassador.

KAISER SUMMONS EVERY AVAILABLE MAN TO COLORS

THE HAGUE, Aug. 13.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.) The German government has summoned every available man to the colors, says a letter just received here from a newspaper correspondent in Germany. Of the two hundred thousand workmen at Krupp's between 30,000 and 40,000 have been called up for service at the front.

TRAWLER SUNK BY GERMANS AFTER RAID COMPLETED

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Belief among naval officers that the trawler Triumph had been destroyed by her German prize crew after a day or two of playing havoc with North Atlantic fishing fleets grew today almost into certainty. Dispatches from naval patrols again failed to mention the sighting of the raider. The opinion here is that the Germans sent the Triumph to the bottom and returned to their submarine.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Delay in the capture of the trawler Triumph armed by a German submarine to prey upon American fishing craft, was criticized in the senate today by Senator McCumber of North Dakota. He declared there was no excuse for the navy's failure to deal with her promptly.

Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania followed with an attack on the navy department, saying the submarine "chaser" program had been delayed and that it was due largely to "procrastination of the secretary of the navy."

Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, replied with a defense of the navy and praise of its work in safely conveying troops. Senator Penrose said his information was that the troops were carried over largely in British transports conveyed by British war vessels.

RESENT EXPOSURE OF WAR PROFITEERING

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Recent activities of the Federal Trade Commission in relation to big business interests have drawn an emphatic protest to President Wilson from the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. It was learned today that the headquarters of the chamber here has sent a letter to the president vigorously criticizing the commission's action. The letter has not been made public. White House officials declined to discuss it.

Bitter resentment against the commission among some of the leading business interests was aroused by its report on profiteering as well as by the protracted investigation of the packing industry, culminating in a report denouncing the five great packing concerns as a monopoly and recommending "the government assume complete control of the meat industry."

JESS WILLARD WILL NOT FIGHT UNTIL WAR IS OVER

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 24.—Jess Willard, heavyweight champion, will not engage in a match to defend his title until the war is ended. He states he will confine himself to exhibitions, the receipts to go to war charities.

A CANADIAN ATLANTIC PORT, Aug. 24.—An enemy submarine, appearing in a comparatively narrow stretch of water on the extreme eastern coast yesterday sank several small craft, it became known here today.

OVER 1,500,000 U.S. SOLDIERS NOW IN FRANCE

General March Declares Situation Now Favorable to the Allies—British Duplicate French Success—Statements Regarding Army of Four Million.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The total number of soldiers embarked now has passed the 1,500,000 mark, General March, chief of staff, announced today.

Commenting upon the military situation, the chief of staff pointed out that since last Wednesday the French advance has continued in the plateau overlooking Noyon down to the Oise river, making a maximum advance for these troops of nine miles since August 18. This has forced the enemy back across the Oise.

The British thrust Thursday in the Albert region resulted in an important advance between the Ancre and the Somme rivers, which General March said, has developed a new salient.

The rest of the line since Wednesday has been reasonably quiet, he said, the allied activities being confined to "nibbling" tactics and artillery fire.

Favorable to Allies

The chief of staff said the situation on the western front now was decidedly favorable to the allies. The French success, he said, has been duplicated by the British, who inaugurated an attack Wednesday south of Arras. Rapidly advancing, the British reached a depth of three miles, but their progress has been held up by German counter attacks. The railroad at Arras still is in German hands, according to latest official advices, and the Germans are utilizing largely in their defense the railway embankments.

No recent reports have come to the department from General Pershing regarding the progress in the organization of the first field army. General March was unable to say whether the American division forming this army have been concentrated in a new American sector.

Replacement Division

He said the 83rd division (Pennsylvania and Ohio troops) is serving as a replacement division; the 37th (Ohio troops) is in the fourth army corps. The 79th division (District of Columbia, Maryland and Pennsylvania troops) is in training in the rear of the line.

This division at the same time captured 3,500 prisoners.

Another American division in a single action took complete 10 German batteries and presented them to General Pershing.

General March said statements he made recently in hearings before the military affairs committee were the results of gold blooded military opinion and were not intended to raise the hopes of the people. He apparently referred to his testimony that an army of 4,000,000 Americans could win the war next year.

Further improvement in the shipping situation was noted and General March said the program of transporting troops to France, was going ahead without change.

General March spoke warmly of the achievements of the American soldiers in France.

"The American soldier deserves the confidence of the American people." (Continued on Page Three.)

BEEBE APPOINTED ADJUTANT GENERAL

SALEM, Ore., Aug. 24.—Governor Withcombe today appointed Charles F. Beebe of Portland to be acting adjutant general of Oregon, to succeed John M. Williams, who resigned to accept a commission as major in the adjutant general's department of the regular army.

NOYON NEAR FALL; FRENCH FLANK CITY

Menace to German Positions Along 50 Mile Front Increases Hourly—French Cloes to Heights Above Chemen-des-Dames, Outflanking Hun Line—20,000 Prisoners in Three Days—Fires Indicate Withdrawal From Vesle River Line.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The town of Noyon is expected to fall at any moment, according to information received here this afternoon from the battlefront in France.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—Artillery actions in the region of Lassigny and between the Oise and the Aisne rivers are reported in the official statement issued by the war office today. Raiding operations in Lorraine also are reported.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—Further evidence has been gathered that the victories of the allies have affected considerably the morale of the German troops. The cause of the depression, which is quite general among the prisoners, is the conclusion they have reached is that the allied artillery and aircraft are superior to theirs. They attribute their defeat to the success of the French encircling their strongest positions and in well directed and concentrated artillery fire.

Discussions seem to have arisen between different elements of the German army which has resulted in bitter recriminations.

The bulk of the Juvigny plateau is in the hands of the French. French cavalry patrols crossed the Ailette today although the Germans resisted desperately.

Closing in on Noyon

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, Aug. 24.—With the allied advance between Arras and Soissons the menace to the German positions on the 50 mile front increases hourly.

West of Noyon the French have forced a crossing of the Divette at Evricourt, three miles from Noyon, and they maintain their strong pressure from the south and east. Between the Aisne and the Ailette, north of Soissons, General Manzin's troops are close to the heights dominating the Chemin-des-Dames, increasing the menace to the German positions along the Vesle.

General Mangin is sharpening the salient which has its apex immediately north of Soissons.

Enemy to Retire

Fires are burning behind the German position north of the Vesle and the enemy may be preparing to retire. Infantry and transports have been observed moving northward from the Vesle in the last few days. American and French pressure continues along the river and the Americans have gained some more ground about Fismes.

In the last week more than 20,000 prisoners by the French, not counting today's, have been taken and more than 50 towns and villages regained.

NEW AVIATION ACE FOR AMERICAN ARMY

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Friday, Aug. 23.—(By the Associated Press.) Three German airplanes brought down in one day, a record for American aviators, has been credited to Lieutenant Donald Hudson, Washington, D. C. Official confirmation has just been made, adding his name to those of the other four aces of the American army.