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EM-TEES

OUR SONS. (An acoustic by Alice C. Sargent.)

Far, far from home and friends Rest those brave sons Above those graves...

And I, who sit at home and weep, Now face the empty years. Dear sons, I long for you.

Across the ocean's stormy waves My thoughts reach out to you. Eternal glory now your portion be...

AMERICA'S MEN.

(By Alice C. Sargent.) I sit in my room and listen To the sound of marching feet, I see from my window the khaki waves...

We are sending them over an ocean Now filled with a treacherous foe, Who lurks unseen in the depths of the waves...

IF IT TAKES THE LASTEST DOLLAR

(By Edmund Vance Cooke.) Third or fourth, what's the diff? There's no "maybe," "but," nor "if," For our Uncle Sammy needs it in his biz...

How'd you like to be the Russian bayoneted by the Prussian, Be despoiled of every kopeck, with four billions yet to pay?

Ours to do it? Then it's done, Uncle Sammy needs the mon. Every time we loan a dollar, You can hear the Kaiser holler...

If an "U" and an "S" spells US, Let's do it without any fuss; Let's ship in our pay For our own U. S. A.

The milt and the matt and the miser All said, "We consider it wise To invest all our ready In the Land of our Dads Than to keep them to give to the Kaiser."

WASHINGTON — Secretary McAdoo announced that about \$6,000,000 worth of certificates of indebtedness would be issued.

AN IMPORTANT WORK.

TO SECURE the co-operation of all the women of the county in the important war work of food conservation, organization and an organizer are essential.

The long neglected science of home economics is at last receiving the attention it merits—because the war has forced efficiency in the household.

The subject is a matter of great concern to the many hundred women in the county, who have taken up the study of topics in the various organizations—and indirectly of great interest to their families.

As a result the first six months work of Miss McCormick in the county, hot lunches are being served in 22 rural schools by the students.

Another emanated from the Council of National Defense, in whose membership are some of the employing class who are not free from suspicion of a "will to profiteer."

Also certain local state councils of defense have been active in launching drives against unions. All of which gives point to the news that the national war labor board has begun an inquiry into the public safety commission of Minnesota and has addressed to Governor Birnquist, of Minnesota, a request for information concerning a certain "proclamation on industrial relations" which that commission has issued.

BELGIAN MONKS DEFY KAISER BY CONCEALING GRAVE

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Flanders, June 17.—The story of the reason for the desperate assaults delivered by the Germans against Mont des Cats, one of the hill defenses of Ypres, in the recent drive has now become known.

It has no military foundation, and it will probably be the occasion for another attempt to capture the position and the territory surrounding it when the Germans resume their Flanders offensive. Here is the story:

In the autumn of 1914 the Germans passed over Mont des Cats, and the ancient Trappist monastery on it was rudely invaded. The Belgian monks treated the Germans as civilly as possible.

Soon after the Kaiser sent word to know the whereabouts of the prince's grave. The old French abbot sent the following reply:

"Tell the Kaiser that I will let him know the prince's burial place when until this spring, when Kemmel was there are no more German soldiers in Belgium, and when restoration has been made for the crimes against our people."

Since then the furious battles of Ypres took place and the Germans were driven back from Mont des Cats. The old monastery was left in peace captured, and the monks departed.

ENGLISH PUT ON TEA RATION; REAL WAR HARDSHIP

LONDON, June 17.—Horrors of war continue to pile up. The latest and most exasperating of all is about to hit the English people—they're going to be put on tea rations!

Lord Rhondda, the food controller, has decided that customers beginning July 14 must register with retailers for the purchase of tea through Great Britain. He is considering whether this order should be accompanied by one apportioning the amounts of tea to be sold.

In some parts of the country the fragrant beverage already is rationed, the weekly distribution in those places being 1 1/2 ounces per person. If the rationing is made nationwide the limit probably will be raised to 2 ounces.

The price is also to be fixed at a maximum of 2s. 8d. (56 cents) a pound, in order to prevent retailers from attracting trade away from their rivals by reducing the price.

Under the present system tea is distributed on the basis of the trade done by retailers and wholesalers in the year ended June 30, 1916. Owing to the movement of the population and other causes this method has been found unsatisfactory, and in order to adjust supplies to local requirements the registration system was decided upon.

By this scheme a customer may buy tea only from the dealer with whom he is registered.

PARIS.—Premier Clemenceau spent Sunday at the front. The Petit Journal says the premier refused to talk but that he smiled when he declined to discuss the situation.

WINNING FIGHT FOR PRESERVATION LABOR STANDARDS

(By Gibson Gardner.) WASHINGTON, June 17.—A hard but winning fight is being made by the administration to preserve labor standards during the period of the war.

War's necessities, says the president, must not be the excuse for breaking down standards of living, hours of labor, the wage scale, or any of labor's protective measures.

These include the right to organize and to strike, regulation of hours of labor, and regulation of woman and child labor.

The beginning of the war says a drive by certain powerful employers to break down labor standards.

There was a demand for the repeal or suspension of eight-hour laws, and effort to make strikes illegal.

Against Union Movement These interests called for the removal of all restraints on the employment of children and women, urging war's necessities as an excuse.

But the principal drive was against the union movement.

The president's answer to these interests is found in the now famous "Declaration of Principles," issued by the war trade conference board, beginning with the recognition of the right of labor to organize and ending with official sanction for "a living wage" which will insure "health and reasonable comfort."

Efforts have been made to defeat the administration policy by crippling the president's principal agent, his secretary of labor, William B. Wilson.

For 12 months the latter has been in a fight for his official life.

He has been surrounded by all manner of intrigue whose purpose was to take from his hands the reins of power and put them into the hands of some agency more responsive to the anti-labor interests.

Drives for Employers One of these efforts took the form of a drive for a "labor administrator."

Another emanated from the Council of National Defense, in whose membership are some of the employing class who are not free from suspicion of a "will to profiteer."

The council wished to "organize" the labor department with its own helpful members.

Also certain local state councils of defense have been active in launching drives against unions.

All of which gives point to the news that the national war labor board has begun an inquiry into the public safety commission of Minnesota and has addressed to Governor Birnquist, of Minnesota, a request for information concerning a certain "proclamation on industrial relations" which that commission has issued.

Minnesota Called Down One section of the proclamation reads:

"That employees shall not ask for recognition of a union which had not been recognized before the war.

"That employers, by a lockout or other means, shall not try to break up a union which had been recognized before the war.

"That employers and employees agree in good faith to maintain the existing status, in every place of employment, of a union, non-union or open shop."

As this is contrary to the principles which have been made the working basis for the national war labor board, this body wants to know by whose authority these principles are laid down.

The war labor board, which is labor's new supreme court, has ample powers. Behind it are the special war powers of the president as commander-in-chief of the army and navy, and his power to commandeer any industrial material, machinery or organization needed to win the war.

CONNIE MACK'S SUIT MAY DISRUPT LEAGUES

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 17.—Common Pleas Judge Morgan granted the restraining order, allowing the Philadelphia Americans fall and uninterupted use of Perry pending final hearing of the suit.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 17.—A national baseball agreement between the National and American leagues is in danger of being abrogated as the result of a suit filed in court today by Manager Connie Mack of the Philadelphia Americans asking for an injunction restraining the Boston Nationals from interfering with his playing pitcher Scott Perry, awarded to the Boston Nationals by a majority vote of the National Baseball commission.

CZECHO-SHOVAKS GAINING SUCCESS OVER BOLSHIEVIKI

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Unexpected developments in central Siberia, where Czech-Slovak regiments are gaining apparently marked successes against the soviet troops, were regarded here today as possibly marking the advent of conditions in Russia which the entente allies have been awaiting as preliminary to the adoption of strong measures to prevent the further extension of German control over Russia.

Officials here long held the belief that continuation of German control would terminate in the actual use of Russian soldiers in the German army and for that reason, means have been sought for the beginning of a campaign to restore the Russian army into active opposition to Germany.

Bolsheviki Feed Huns Already, whether under compulsion or because of secret affiliation with Germany, the Bolsheviki government has been supplying the German army with food and other necessities and unconfirmed reports have reached Washington that Russians in considerable numbers already are in the German military service.

Private advices even go so far as to state that by the beginning of next year whatever remains of the Russian army will be under the German flag, if effective steps are not taken at once by the allies to stop concessions which the Moscow government is making to the German demands.

History Unequaled The history of the Czech-Slovak movement in Russia as reported to Washington is almost without precedent in time of war.

Many thousands of Czech-Slavs deserted from the Austro-Hungarian army into Russia in the early days of the war. They were attached to the Russian army under the sole condition that they should not be obliged to fight their fellow Czech and Slavs still on the Austrian side.

When the Brest-Litovsk treaty was signed, these Czech-Slavs were left in perilous and peculiar position. If they returned to Austria they would be shot as traitors; yet they could not remain in Russia because of their lack of sympathy with the maximalists' idea of the soviets, who, moreover, did not want them.

They decided to join the entente allies and continue the war against the Germanic powers. But this was not easy of accomplishment, because the Germanic powers lay between Russia and the entente armies in the west of Russia.

Several thousands of them started eastward along the line of the Siberian railroad, heading for Vladivostok, where they hoped to find ships to take them to western Europe.

Try to Stop Immigrants The Germans soon learned of the eastward movement of the Czech-Slavs and upon their demand, the Bolsheviki government sought to disarm them. The Bolsheviki opposition quickly was resented and as these Czech-Slavs were for the most part veterans, they speedily overcome the half-organized and weakened spirited Bolsheviki Reds, who stood in their path.

Receiving accessions to their ranks as they progressed eastward along the Siberian railroad, they are now understood to be in possession of at least a third of that great artery of communication and it was learned officially today that they probably were in a position to dictate terms to the Bolsheviki government thru the control which they exercise over the food supplies in Siberia upon which northern Russia is entirely dependent.

Several thousands of the Czech-Slavs are now at Vladivostok, but as ships for the completion of the journey to western Europe are not available, the soldiers may become an important factor in any intervention which the entente allies may decide to make into Siberia.

FIRST YANKEE SLAIN GIVEN WAR CROSS

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Award of the French cross of war to Private W. J. Guyton as the first American soldier to be killed on German soil is announced by General Pershing in a continuation of yesterday's communique received today at the war department. Guyton belonged to the American forces operating in the Vosges.

The dispatch follows: "Section B.—Private W. J. Guyton, who belonged to the American troops operating in the Vosges, was killed by machine gun fire on the day after his unit entered the line. He receives the croix de guerre as the first American to die on German soil. As the division to which he belonged has now been identified this information which was transmitted confidentially on May 27, may now be published."

Irish Agitators to Follow O'Leary WASHINGTON, June 17.—The capture of Jeremiah O'Leary, Irish-American leader, under indictment in New York, in a mountain cabin in Washington state will be followed soon by arrest of a number of other Irish agitators in the United States on charges of treason or espionage.

BROKEN WIND-HEAVES

DR. DANIELS' RENOVATOR POWDERS HORSES & CATTLE. Help your horse to health and strength.

Dr. Daniels' Renovator Powders A True Conditioner. A Spring Medicine for that Tired Feeling. Make the old horse look and act like a new one.

HEATH'S DRUG STORE

MADE IN MEDFORD SUITS KLEIN FOR CLOTHES. TO ORDER \$25.00 UP. Also Cleaning, Pressing and Altering 172 E. MAIN UPSTAIRS. Says It Acted Like a Charm.

JOHN A. PERL UNDERTAKER. Lady Assistant. 88 SOUTH BARTLETT. Phone M. 47 and 47-J1. Automobile Hearse Service. Auto Ambulance Service. Coroner.

BELL-ANS Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

39 NAMES UPON CASUALTY LIST FROM PERSHING

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The army casualty list today contained 39 names divided as follows:

Killed in action, six; died of wounds, two; died of airplane accident, one; died of disease, four; wounded severely, 24; wounded, degree undetermined, one; missing in action, one.

Killed in action: Privates Charles F. Albrecht, Brooklyn; William H. Goodwin, Clovis, N. M.; Dan T. Graves, Ellisville, Miss.; Claude H. Myers, Browning, Mo.; Pietro Natale, Lucca, Montenegro; Henry J. Robertson, Lockport, La.

Died of wounds: Privates Alexander Olkosky, Canoe Run, Pa.; John M. Peterson, Rutland, N. D.

Died in airplane accident: Captain Harry S. Gwynne, Tulsa, Okla.

Died of disease: Privates George Jones, Norwood, La.; Bonifus Miller, Erie, Pa.; Edgar Pattee, San Mateo, Cal.; Paul A. Winholt, La Porte, Ind.

Severely wounded: Captain Albert S. Tucker, Laredo, Tex.; Lieutenants William Ross Gahring, Mount Vernon, Mo.; Samuel J. Gilmore, Brooklyn; Sergeants Charles H. Buck, Jamestown, N. Y.; Arthur Simmons, Canton, Okla.; Corporal Alexander Sabo, Rahway, N. J.; Privates Jos. G. Balenger, Lowell, Mass.; Barnes C. Beckwith, Parkersburg, W. Va.; Dewey Brewer, Indianapolis, Ind.; James Donaldson, Washington, D. C.; Jodie M. Ferguson, Timpson, Tex.; Ralph M. Fox, Pershey, Pa.; Marcelino Garcia, Meadowbrook, W. Va.; Neij W. Gibson, Holley, N. Y.; Gustav C. Anderson, Maddock, N. D.; Levi D. Johnson, Ayr, N. D.; Fred R. Lawyer, Bismarck, N. D.; John C. Lisle, Columbus, Ohio; Harry R. Matten, Reading, Pa.; Leo E. Mitchell, Amsterdams, N. Y.; Jos. R. Pace, Elizabeth, L.; William A. Roe, Fort Wayne, Ind.; Marlon Sinatra, East Boston, Mass.; Clarence Staff, Evansville, Wis.

Wounded, degree undetermined: Lieutenant Hugh Smith Thompson, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Missing in action: Private Robert S. Niver, Hartford, Conn.

AMERICANS CATCH FAMOUS GERMAN SPY IN PARIS

PARIS, June 17.—One of the English bars in the Montmartre district was filled with well dressed women and their cavaliers a few nights ago.

Among the patrons were two smart-looking American officers. Suddenly the door opened and a handsome young girl of 18 or so, accompanied by a man dressed in the height of fashion, entered and took a table.

The newcomers ordered cocktails and told the waiter to hurry, as their taxi was waiting outside.

But before the drinks were served one of the Americans walked over to their table, quietly drew his revolver and said "Hands up!"

His brother officer took out a pair of handcuffs and slipped them over the man's wrists, after which he was marched off to a taxi and taken to prison.

He was a famous German spy, and the officers were two of the cleverest detectives in Paris.

Awaiting The Joyful Sound

The Wonderful Music that Bursts Forth When the Storm Arrives.



Who can forget that little brassy cry that echoes the arrival of the new baby?

Before today comes the mother should get in condition to meet the crisis.

Thousands of women have used the safe and reliable solution, Mother's Friend, during the waiting months, and they relate how they entirely escaped nausea, nervousness, hearting down and stretching pains and many other debilitating and unbearably experienced which so lily fit the mother for the greatest time in a woman's life.

Mother's Friend is a wonderful help to nature in relieving strain and distress brought about by expanding muscles. The nerves, too, will be calm, making the period one of cheerful days and restful nights. The breasts are kept in good condition and the abdominal muscles relax with ease when baby is born.

Mother's Friend makes it possible for the expectant mother herself to actually aid nature in the glorious work to be performed, and no woman should neglect or fail to give nature a helping hand. It will mean infinitely less pain at the crisis, the period of her life.

Mother's Friend is for external use only. It is absolutely safe and wonderfully effective. It is prepared by the Bradford Regulator Co., Lancaster, Pa., U.S.A. Write them for their "Mother's Friend Book," so valuable to expectant mothers.

Prevent a famous remedy, which has been used by women with the greatest success for over half a century, from the greatest misery, and thus fortify yourself against pain and discomfort.

GIM CHUNG China Herb Store

Herb cure for carcinoma, neurachia, catarrh, diphtheria, sore throat, lung trouble, kidney trouble, stomach trouble, heart trouble, chills and fever, cramps, coughs, poor circulation, carbuncles, tumors, caked breast, cures all kinds of gotters, NO OPERATION.

Medford, Oregon, Jan. 15, 1917

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: This is to certify that I, the undersigned, had very severe stomach trouble and had been bothered for several years and last August was not expected to live, and hearing of Gim Chung (whose Herb Store is at 241 South Front street in Medford) I decided to get herbs for my stomach trouble, and I started to feeling better as soon as I used them, and today am a well man and can heartily recommend anyone afflicted as I was to see Gim Chung and try his Herbs.

(Signed) W. R. JOHNSON, Witnesses: M. A. Anderson, Medford. S. B. Holmes, Eagle Point. Frank Lewis, Eagle Point. Wm. Lewis, Eagle Point. W. L. Childreth, Eagle Point. C. E. Moore, Eagle Point. V. McIntyre, Eagle Point. Geo. B. Von der Hellen, Eagle Point. Thos. E. Nichols, Eagle Point.

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