

\$28,092,350 SUBSCRIBED FOR BONDS IN OREGON

PORTLAND, May 30.—Final reports show that Oregon's total subscription to the third Liberty loan to be \$28,092,350, an over-subscription of \$9,597,350, or 51.89 per cent.

More important in the opinion of campaign managers than the amount of the subscription is the number of subscribers. The total number for the third Liberty loan was 154,350.

State Manager Robert E. Smith will remain on the job during the next few months, probably until the next Liberty loan campaign is inaugurated.

Following is the report of subscriptions to the third loan by counties:

Table with columns: County, Quota, Subscriptions, No. subscribers. Lists counties from Baker to Yamhill with their respective subscription amounts and subscriber counts.

PRETTY WOMEN AID IN FALL OF ITALIAN COUNT

ROME, May 30.—The trial of a "new count of Monte Cristo," now in progress in Rome, has created extraordinary interest principally by reason of the fact that Pope Benedict figures in it.

Count Luca Cortese of Naples, whose splendid mode of life gave him the title of "Luke the Magnificent," is accused of defrauding the Latium Central Credit bank out of \$1,250,000 by means of worthless bills in a sealed envelope.

The pope's interest in the case arises from the fact that the bank's depositors consist largely of Catholic peasants. Wishing to prevent the failure of the bank, the pope came forward and covered the deficit.

Count Luca created a sensation by his court testimony. His profound studies in metaphysics and other eastern lore, he said, have led him to the conviction that he is destined to restore Italy to her ancient primacy among nations.

He was a remarkable Don Juan. He traveled over Italy with a retinue of beautiful women and 14 secretaries, who, he said, attended only to "the formal part" of his duties. He was a grand figure in aristocratic society, and claims to have dictated a fine tone to the morality of the Italian stage.

"Winsome smiles and passionate courtships of lovely ladies put fresh life into me," says "Luke the Magnificent." He confessed naively that he expected King Victor to name him for the senate in recognition of his patriotic propaganda.

He sponsored a vast syndicate scheme, being aided, it is charged, by an ex-magistrate, an ex-mayor and others, who are on trial with him. Several hundred witnesses, among them many famous persons, are to appear, and the trial, which is arousing as much interest in Italy as the Caillaux and Bolo Pasha cases did in Paris, is likely to last all summer.

MEMORIAL DAY DAY OF PRAYER

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Memorial Day this year has taken on a deeper significance. The day is consecrated anew to the thousands who recently have given their lives in perhaps the noblest cause for which America ever has fought.

The nation thus commemorates the sacrifice of her khaki-clad sons who sleep in France and of her boys who were swallowed up in the cold waters of the North Atlantic when German torpedoes found their mark.

Although even the vanguard of the expeditionary forces has yet to observe the first anniversary of its arrival in France, and even though a great part of the time the American armies overseas has been given to training, the casualty list has begun to mount into the thousands.

The blood of American youth has been spilled for the first time on an European battle field. President Wilson formally has proclaimed the day one of public humiliation, fasting and prayer.

AMERICANS FIND WAR GREAT SPORT

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 28.—(By the Associated Press.)—Many of the American soldiers who took part in the successful attack against the German lines near Montdidier today also participated in the repulse of the German raid against the American lines Monday.

One participant in Monday's affair is said to have been found today in a shell hole in No Man's land with two wounded Germans as his prisoners. He was unable to get back to the American lines Monday night, so he stood guard over them until the attack this morning liberated him and secured the prisoners to the Americans.

Lieutenant Irving W. Wood of Oakland, Calif., said he did not see one American fall during today's attack. "It was more exciting than a foot ball game," he added. "We have got the Hun on the run. All we need is more Americans and then we shall lick them."

GRAVES OF FIRST AMERICAN HEROES OF WAR DECORATED

PARIS, May 30.—In a little cemetery on a peaceful hillside near the American front are three graves, each surrounded by a little wooden railing with a cross at one end.

Before them is a tablet bearing this inscription in French: "Here lie the first soldiers of the illustrious Republic of the United States who fell on French soil for Justice and Liberty, November 3, 1917."

The crosses bear the identification discs of Private Hay of Glidden, La., Private Enright of Pittsburg, Pa., and Private Gresham of Evansville, Ind.

The resting place of these first Americans to give their lives in the fight for democracy has become a shrine in the hearts of the French people. It was the scene today of a solemn service in honor of the American heroes. American and French soldiers united in paying them profound respect.

HUN AGGRESSIONS CONTINUE IN RUSSIA

MOSCOW, May 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—General Count Von Mirbach, the German ambassador to Russia, has of late repeatedly assured the soviet government of the disposition of Germany to cease its aggressive policy toward Russia, and there have been other indications of a change in the German attitude, in the softened diplomatic relations.

Regardless of the ambassador's promises, however, the German troops are daily violating the boundaries established by the Brest-Litovsk treaty, and excusing such violations by various pretexts.

Finnish white guards are now pressing the Mourman railway hard at many points, with German support, but have been repulsed by the red guards.

MARY'S ANKLE AT PAGE THEATRE

The thousands of theater goers who are familiar with A. H. Woods' success as a producer of farce comedies, will be interested in the announcement that his latest farce hit, "Mary's Ankle," will be presented at the Page for an engagement on Tuesday evening, June 4, with the original New York cast and production.

35 NAMES UPON CASUALTY LIST

WASHINGTON, May 30.—The army casualty list today contained 35 names divided as follows: Killed in action, five; died of wounds, one; died of accident, four; died of disease, eleven; wounded severely, none; wounded slightly, two; missing in action, three.

Officers named were: Lieutenant George Squires, St. Paul, died of accident; Lieutenant Edward A. Koenig, Rochester, N. Y., missing in action; Lieutenant James F. Crawford, Warsaw, N. Y., prisoner, previously reported missing.

"I'VE DONE NOTHING."



"I've done nothing." That's what Brig. Gen. Sandeman-Carey wrote to his wife in answer to her letter inquiring about "what the papers were saying about him."

The general wrote back: "I've done nothing." Here's what he did: The Germans had forced a serious gap in the allied line before Amiens, allied base and rail center.

That gap had to be filled at once. No reserves were near. So General Carey went scouting out behind the lines. He gathered a little "army" of stencillers, electricians, laborers, youths from a training camp nearby, 50 cavalrymen, and a number of United States engineers—all of whom eagerly volunteered.

They were rushed up into the gap and they held the line against immense odds for four days until reserves arrived.

HUN AIRPLANE DOWNED AT PARIS

PARIS, May 30.—An enemy airplane was brought down by French anti-aircraft guns, during an attempted raid on Paris last night. None of the German machines was able to fly over the city.

The following statement was issued early today: "Enemy airplanes were most active last night and bombed various localities on the front. Several were observed making toward Paris and an alarm was given at 11:24 o'clock. The air defense organization got to work and no enemy machine got past our curtain of fire and none flew over Paris. A few bombs were dropped in the suburbs."

"An enemy airplane was struck by a shell from an anti-aircraft battery and fell in flames. 'All clear' was sounded at 12:34 a. m."

RUSSIAN AMAZON CALLS UPON LANSING

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Mme. Maria Botchkarova, former commander of the Russian regiment of women known as the "battalion of death" was in Washington today.

Mme. Botchkarova, who arrived at a Pacific port two weeks ago, called during the day on Secretaries Lansing and Baker. At the state department, it was said she was seeking aid for Russia, but officials did not say what kind of aid, whether military, political or financial was asked.

5,000,000 MEN GERMAN LOSS IN GREAT WAR

BERN, Switzerland, May 30.—Germany's own military experts are only now beginning to admit that Germany's casualties since the war began exceed 5,000,000 men.

Karl Bleibtreu, military writer in Bas Neue Europa, gives the following statistical return of German losses in killed and prisoners only from Aug. 2, 1914, to July 31, 1917:

Table showing German losses in killed and prisoners only from Aug. 2, 1914, to July 31, 1917. Columns: Western Front, Eastern Front, Total.

From Aug. 1, 1917, to Feb. 1, 1918, Bleibtreu estimates the total losses on both fronts at 367,450, making a total of 4,156,961 for the period of the war.

Adding those who died from illness or wounds and losses in colonial and marine fighting, the grand total, he says, considerably exceeds 5,000,000 men.

INDUSTRIAL ZONES FOR MANUFACTURE WAR MATERIALS

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Centers for twenty industrial zones, established by the war industries board of the manufacturers of war materials were selected today.

The aim is to have the manufacturing plants in each zone use as nearly as possible raw and partly manufactured materials which are produced in their own zones. The centers are Boston, Bridgeport, New York, Philadelphia, Dallas, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Birmingham, Atlanta, St. Louis, Rochester, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, Kansas City, Seattle and San Francisco.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Three branch offices, located at New York City, Chicago and San Francisco, will be opened by the federal trade commission. They are deemed necessary in order to avoid the delay and expense of travel to these three centers where much of the commission's business originates, says an announcement today.

D. N. Dooherty will be in charge at San Francisco. The grand total, he says, considerably exceeds 5,000,000 men.

ECONOMIC HELP NEEDED BY RUSSIA BUT NOT MILITARY

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Mme. (By Associated Press.)—Russia is fully aware of the dangers threatening her from German imperialism, says the Bolshevik organ, Izvestia, in an article in which it asserts that no allied help is desired of a nature which would result in Russia re-entering the European conflict.

"Let some power honestly help us combat successfully the threatening danger, Russia would appreciate in the highest degree any assistance toward the improvement of transportation and communication facilities and the cleaning of her economic life. If the allies really wish, rather than to drag Russia into the war for purely strategic reasons, to give her practical help in her tragic situation, let them discuss to the exclusion of every other subject her urgent need of economic aid."

WASHINGTON.—200,000 men found unfit for military service because of minor physical defects will be employed in producing or handling war equipment to release fighting men for the front line, it was announced by the provost marshal general.

MAUD ALLEN, DURANT'S SISTER

LONDON, May 30.—During the trial today of Noel Pemberton-Billing, member of parliament for East Hertfordshire and publisher of the newspaper Vigilante, who is charged with libelling Maud Allen, a dancer, and J. P. Grein, manager of the Independent theater, in connection with a proposed production of "Salome," Miss Allen testified on cross-examination that she was a sister of Theodore Durant, who was hanged in California in January, 1898, for murder.

Maud Allen is an American dancer, who first won renown in London in 1908 with a "Salome dance," in a music hall of the English capital.

The man who she admitted in the trial at London was her brother, was convicted of killing Blanche Lamont in April, 1895, and burying her body beneath the flooring in Emmanuel church, Berkeley, Cal. Previous to his arrest for this murder, Durant had been taken into custody on suspicion of connection with the death of Minnie Williams, another young girl, whose body was found in the tower of Emmanuel church.

NO MONEY FOR STATE LIME WORK

SALEM, May 30.—Because of the lack of a quorum the state emergency board did not convene Tuesday to consider declaring a deficiency in the fund of the state lime board and making provision of a fund of \$10,000 to complete and operate the plant at Gold Hill. Governor Withycombe, Secretary of State Oloott, State Treasurer Kay and K. K. Kobli, chairman of the lower house, were present. Five members were necessary for a quorum.

Governor Withycombe said the board is not likely to be called again for a special purpose of considering a fund for the lime board, but that the question doubtless will have to remain in abeyance until the emergency board is called for some other purpose, when the lime board's proposal also can be taken up.

A Business Man Says. Nujol Laboratories, Standard Oil Co. (New Jersey), Bayonne, N. J. I have now much pleasure in stating, with full knowledge of the importance of such a claim, that the benefit I have received from the use of Nujol is incalculable. While I am in the prime of life, I had suffered for a considerable time with constipation in an aggravated form, partly induced from a sedentary occupation. My knowledge of mechanical affairs responded to the suggestion of lubricating parts of the human system, and with the idea in mind, I sent for a supply of Nujol. A very few doses affected a marked change in my condition, but to thoroughly rehabilitate my system, I extended the treatment to more than one bottle, with the result that within a surprisingly short time, regular and proper movements were obtained and my health was improved generally. I intend to always keep Nujol on hand for the correction of any slight irregularity, and firmly believe that all suffering from constipation and elderly people particularly will find it invaluable. Yours very truly, (Name and address on request) January 10, 1917. Enjoy the same healthful relief from constipation that is now benefiting the writer of this letter and thousands of other grateful users. Simply try Nujol—a few doses are generally effective—and mark how gently and surely it restores the natural regularity of the bowels. Nujol relieves without artificial stimulation, griping, or dangerous reaction. It is absolutely pure and drug-free. Pleasant and safe to take, even for infants, invalids and old folks. Obstinate or occasional cases soon yield to the action of Nujol. Use this wonderful remedy and be "regular as clockwork." ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS There are no substitutes—there is only Nujol. At every drug store. Send 50c. and we will ship new kit size to soldiers and sailors anywhere. Regular as Clockwork. In bottles only, bearing Nujol trademark—never in bulk. Nujol for constipation

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