

49 CALLED TO COLORS MAY 29 FROM COUNTY

The county local board has announced the list of men to be called from Jackson county in the next army draft. Forty-nine men will be called and will leave Medford sometime between May 29th and June 2nd, for Fort McDowell, Calif. In the list below are 57 names, to allow for those who can't be found or who may be slackers of one sort or another. If all the men named as called then eight men named below will remain for the next draft. The list with each man's number follows:

- Names of Drafted Men**
- 81. Forrest Gale Williams.
 - 44. Pearl John Strahan.
 - 965. John Matthew Nichol.
 - 138. John Daniel Caster.
 - 148. Lemine Robert Cook.
 - 150. James Tait Edwards.
 - 154. George Sylvester Koster.
 - 155. Ramson Billy Carter.
 - 161. Herbert Allen Smith.
 - 162. Frederick William Witte.
 - 167. Peter Royal Card.
 - 168. Benjamin Harrison Short.
 - 169. Clifford Earl Fisher.
 - 172. Samuel Grissom.
 - 174. Harry Harvey McFarland.
 - 179. Edward Ray Holman.
 - 180. Harmon Corson.
 - 187. Clarence Fry.
 - 191. George Henry Pursel.
 - 195. Frank Lowell Middlebush.
 - 197. Wm. Logan Broberick.
 - 2034. Carl Brown.
 - 212. Jean Earl Horton.
 - 215. Henry Henshall.
 - 217. William Henry Fraley.
 - 218. Clinton Dean Vroman.
 - 222. Orval MacClanahan.
 - 248. Marion Burden Train.
 - 250. Neils Mickel Olsen.
 - 252. Nelson Odlin.
 - 263. Guy Waddell.
 - 264. William Grigsby.
 - 265. William Edward Cushman.
 - 266. Frank Hathaway Dougherty.
 - 271. Clyde Walters.
 - 274. Lloyd Casebeer.
 - 276. Harry Almond Young.
 - 279. Earl Oden.
 - 282. John Russell Ghorabru.
 - 285. Harry Marion McDaniel.
 - 290. Fred Brown.
 - 291. Arthur John Hover.
 - 293. John Jacobs Neathhammer.
 - 300. Harold Gregory.
 - 302. Joseph Earl McIntyre.
 - 303. William Henry Hall.
 - 312. Chester Raymond Pursell.
 - 317. Joseph Jay Spitzer.
 - 322. Robert Helner Holmes.
 - 323. Ray Everett Wright.
 - 329. George F. J. Richardson.
 - 334. Oliver Sylvanos Walden.
 - 335. Lester Allen Wilcox.
 - 336a. Charles W. Tenniston.
 - 337. Harry Otis Cleveland.
 - 350. William E. Neal.
 - 352. James Irwin Brady.

45 NAMES ON CASUALTY LIST

WASHINGTON, May 20. — The casualty list today contained 45 names, divided as follows: Killed in action seven; died of wounds one; died of accident, one; died of disease, seven; wounded severely, 27; wounded slightly, two.

Sergeant Gerald S. Patton, 1818 East Prospect street, Seattle, died of wounds.

Officers named were: Captain Harris D. Buckalter, Royers Ford, Pa., killed in action, and Lieutenant Tom W. Brown, New Britain, Conn., severely wounded.

RAOUL LUFBERY IS KILLED IN AIRFIGHT

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sunday, May 19. — (By the Associated Press.)—Mapor Raoul Lufbery of the American flying corps has been killed in an aerial battle. He will be buried tomorrow with full military honors in which both American and French troops will participate. Lufbery's home was in Wallingford, Conn.

The German machine which brought Lufbery down was armed with two machine guns with an operator for each piece, apparently escaped. Lufbery's only wound, aside from those received when he crashed to earth, was a bullet hole thru the thumb. Apparently the same bullet punctured one of the gasoline tanks of the machine.

The German machine was under heavy anti-aircraft fire several times both before and after the air fight, and one explosion of a shell upset the enemy plane, but it managed to straighten out again.

NO LIMIT TO SIZE OF ARMY TO WIN WAR SAYS WILSON

NEW YORK, May 20. — The American Red Cross drive for a second \$100,000,000 war fund, was opened Saturday night by President Wilson, in an address at the Metropolitan Opera house.

To win the war the United States is determined to set no restrictions on the number of men to be sent to France, President Wilson in his speech reaffirming the purpose of America to set no limit on its effort, declared.

As many men will go overseas as ships can be found to carry them, the president said, after referring to statements that have been made that 5,000,000 should go.

The United States, said he, would not be diverted by insincere talk of peace from the Teutonic powers. Their proposals, he declared, spring from a desire to have a free hand in the east.

"I intend to stand by Russia as well as France," he said.

Complete Speech

The president's speech in full follows:

"Mr. Chairman and fellow countrymen:

"I should be very sorry to think that Mr. Davison in any degree curtailed his exceedingly interesting speech for fear that he was postponing mine, because, I am sure, you listened with the same intimate intent with which I listened to the extraordinarily vivid account he gave of the things which he had realized, because he had come in contact with them on the other side of the waters.

"We compass them with our imagination; he compassed them in his personal experience, and I am not come here tonight to review for you the work of the Red Cross; I am not competent to do so because I have not had the time or the opportunity to follow it in detail. I have come here simply to say a few words to you as to what it all seems to me to mean, and it means a great deal.

Duty to Win War

"There are two duties with which we are face to face. The first duty is to win the war. And the second duty, that goes hand-in-hand with it, is to win it greatly and worthily, showing the real quality of our power not only, but the real quality of our purpose and of ourselves.

"Of course, the first duty, the duty that we must keep in the foreground of our thoughts, until it is accomplished, is to win the war. I have heard gentlemen recently say that we must get 5,000,000 men ready. Why limit it to five million?

Ignore Insincere Peace

"And, we are not to be diverted from the grim purpose of winning the war by any insincere approaches upon the subject of peace. I can say with a clear conscience that I have tested those insinuations and have found them insincere. I now recognize them for what they are, an opportunity to have a free hand, particularly in the east, to carry out purposes of conquest and exploitation.

"Every proposal with regard to accommodation in the west, involves a reservation with regard to the east. Now, so far as I am concerned, I intend to stand by Russia as well as France."

A voice from the audience interrupted with:

"God bless you."

"The helpless and the friendless are the very ones that need friends and succor; and if any men in Germany think we are going to sacrifice anybody for our own sake, I tell them now they are mistaken.

A Fight for Mankind

"For the glory of this war, my fellow citizens, insofar as we are concerned, is that it is, perhaps for the first time in history, an unselfish war. I could not be proud to fight for a selfish purpose, but I can be proud to fight for mankind. If they wish peace let them come forward thru accredited representatives and lay their terms on the table. We have laid ours, and they know what they are.

"But, behind all this grim purpose, my friends, lies the opportunity to demonstrate not only force which will be demonstrated to the utmost, but the opportunity to demonstrate character, and it is that opportunity that we have most conspicuously in the work of the Red Cross. Not that our men in arms do not represent our character, for they do, and it is a character, which those who see and recognize, appreciate and admire. But their duty is the duty of force.

The duty of the Red Cross is the duty of mercy and succor and friendship.

What the War Does

"Have you formed a picture in your imagination of what this war is doing for us and for the world? In my own mind, I am convinced that not a hundred years of peace could have knitted this nation together as this single year of war has knitted it together; and better even than that, if possible, it is knitting the world together.

"Look at the picture. In the center of the scene, four nations engaged against the world, and at every point of advantage showing that they are seeking selfish aggrandizement; and against them, twenty-three governments representing the greater part of the population of the world, drawn together into a new sense of community of interest, a new sense of community of purpose, a new sense of unity of life.

"The secretary of war told me an interesting incident the other day. He said when he was in Italy, a member of the Italian government was explaining to him the many reasons

"If you want to try an interesting experiment, go up to any one of these troop trains and ask in English how many of them have been in America, and see what happens."

"He tried the experiment. He went up to a troop train and said: 'How many of you boys have been in America?' and he said it seemed to him as if half of them sprang up: 'Me from San Francisco; me from New York; all over.'

"There was part of the heart of America in the Italian army. People that had been knitted to us by association who knew us, who had lived amongst us, who had worked shoulder to shoulder with us, and now, friends of America, were fighting for their native Italy.

Binding Friendship

"Friendship is the only cement that will ever hold the world together. And this intimate contact of the Red Cross with the peoples who are suffering the terrors and deprivations of this war is going to be one of the greatest instrumentalities of friendship that the world ever knew, and the center of the heart of it all, if we sustain it properly; will be this land that we so dearly love.

"My friends, a great day of duty has come, and duty finds a man's soul as no kind of work can ever find it.

"May I say this? The duty that faces us all now is to serve one another and no man can afford to make a fortune out of this war. There are men amongst us who have forgotten that, if they ever saw it. Some of you are old enough—I am old enough—to remember men who made fortunes out of the civil war, and you know how they are regarded by their fellow citizens. That was a war to save one country—this is a war to save the world.

"Give to Red Cross"

"And your relation to the Red Cross is one of the relations which will relieve you of the stigma. You cannot give anything to the government of the United States. It won't accept it. There is a law of congress against even services without pay. The only thing that the government will accept is a loan, and duties performed; but it is a great deal better to give than to lend or to pay and your great channel for giving is the American Red Cross.

"Down in your hearts, you cannot take very much satisfaction, in the last analysis, in lending money to the government of the United States, because the interest which you draw will burn your pockets; it is a commercial transaction and some men have dared to cavil at the rate of interest, not knowing the incidental commentary that constitutes upon their attitude.

"But when you give, something of your heart, something of your soul, something of yourself, goes with the gift, particularly when it is given in such form that it never can come back by way of direct benefit to yourself. You know there is the old cynical definition of gratitude as 'the lively expectation of favors to come.'

"Well, there is no expectations of favors to come in this kind of giving. These things are bestowed in order that the world may be a fitter place in which to live, that men may be succeeded; that homes may be restored; that suffering may be relieved; that the face of the earth may have the blight of destruction taken away from it, and that wherever force goes there shall go mercy and helpfulness.

Give All Possible

"And when you give, give absolutely all that you can spare, and do not consider yourself liberal in the giving. If you give with self-adulation, you are not giving at all, you are giving to your own vanity; but if you give until it hurts, then your heart blood goes into it.

"And think what we have here. We call it the American Red Cross, but it is merely a branch of a great international organization, which is not only recognized by the laws of each of the civilized governments of the world, but it is recognized by international agreement and treaty as

the recognized and accepted instrumentality of mercy and succor. And one of the deepest stains that rests upon the reputation of the German army is that they have not respected the Red Cross.

"That goes to the root of the matter. They have not respected the instrumentality they themselves participated in setting up as the thing which no man was to touch, because it was the expression of common humanity. We are members by being members of the Red Cross, of a great fraternity and comradeship which

extends all over the world, and this cross which these ladies bore today is an emblem of Christianity itself.

"It fills my imagination, ladies and gentlemen, to think of the women all over this country who are busy tonight and busy every night and every day doing the work of the Red Cross, busy with a great eagerness to find out the most serviceable thing to do, busy with a forgetfulness of all the old frivolities of their social relationships, ready to curtail the duties of the household, in order that they may contribute to this common

work that all their hearts are engaged in, and in doing which their hearts became acquainted with each other.

A Great Intimate Family

"When you think of this, you realize how the people of the United States are being drawn together into a great intimate family whose heart is being used for the service of the soldiers not only, but for the service of civilians, where they suffer and are lost in a maze of distresses and distractions.

"And you have, then, this noble

picture of justice and mercy as the two servants of liberty. For only where men are free do they think the thoughts of sympathy. Only where they are free are they mutually helpful; only where they are free do they realize their dependence upon one another and their comradeship in a common interest and common necessity.

"I summon you to the comradeship; I summon you in this next week to say how much and how sincerely and how unanimously, you sustain the heart of the world."



"A great net of mercy drawn through an ocean of unspeakable pain"

Another Good Investment

WE paid out some Red Cross money a while back. Paid it out—and forgot it. That's how much it hurt. Might not be a bad idea to have a look at what that money has been doing.

That money went, dollar for dollar, where it did a full day's work, wherever it was.

Three cents of it may have had the honor of disinfecting with iodine the three torn wounds of an American soldier on the French front. Or it may have had the less noble responsibility of pinning a warm flannel belly-band around six-year-old Antoine out back of Noyon.

No use,—we can't figure this Red Cross task in cents' worth.

There's the whole path of ruin from Belgium to Switzerland, just to visualize one thing at a time. If your Red Cross money went there it very likely provided pots and pans, food and clothes, beds and blankets, for the repatriated people.

Three years ago these people were prosperous and contented—self-respecting, steady, saving, hard-working, everyday, small-town citizens.

Now they have the "earth under them and the sky over them"—not one thing else.

It's for you to say whether this great work of mercy shall stop.

The Red Cross is yours, just as our Army and Navy are yours; yours to support with the same fervor and loyalty that leads you to the bottom of your purse for Liberty Bonds.

It's for your voice to say whether your Red Cross shall falter now or sweep onward, greater and more helpful than ever before.

And it's your dollars that must answer.

Every cent of every dollar received for the Red Cross War Fund goes for War Relief.

The American Red Cross is the largest and most efficient organization for the relief of suffering that the world has ever seen.

It is made up almost entirely of volunteer workers, the higher executives being without exception men accustomed to large affairs, who are in almost all cases giving their services without pay.

It is supported entirely by its membership fees and by voluntary contributions.

It is today bringing relief to suffering humanity, both military and civil, in every War-torn allied country.

It plans tomorrow to help in the work of restoration throughout the world.

It feeds and clothes entire populations in times of great calamity.

It is there to help your soldier boy in his time of need.

With its thousands of workers, its tremendous stores and smooth-running transportation facilities it is serving us America's advance guard—and the helping to win the war.

Congress authorizes it.

President Wilson heads it.

The War Department audits its accounts.

Your Army, your Navy and your Allies enthusiastically endorse it.

Twenty-two million Americans have joined it.

Contributed to the Red Cross

by

Jackson County Business Men's Association