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NO. 169

SOX DEFEAT GIANTS, FIRST GAME, 2 TO 1

32,000 SEE CHICAGO WIN CLOSE GAME

White Sox Victorious in Opening Game of World Series—Cicotte Pitches Unbeatable Ball for American League Champions—Felsch's Home Run and Jackson's Shoe-string Catch Feature Game—Chicago Holds Lead From Start.

COMISKEY PARK, Chicago, Oct. 6.—Chicago White Sox won the first game of the world's series by a score of 2 to 1, from the New York Giants, the champions of the National league. Cicotte pitched unbeatable ball for the American league champions. Felsch's home run and Jackson's shoe-string catch featured the game. Chicago made a holiday today. Every artery that led to Comiskey park pulsated with a great crowd. Hundreds unable to gain admission to the park hung around the outside of the highways and followed the game as best they could from the spectators who shouted to them the progress of the play. It was a perfect October day and made to order for baseball.

The band played "The Star-Spangled Banner" and the crowd arose and stood with uncovered heads, while the players removed their caps. The players of both teams gathered around the home plate and a speaker made a patriotic address, at the same time showing the flags of the United States' allies. While the speaking was going on the umpires with Managers Rowland and McGraw went to the clubhouse for a conference, presumably to discuss ground rules. Thirty-two thousand persons saw the plays that made up the following official box score:

NEW YORK		CHICAGO									
AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Burns, If.	3	0	1	2	0	0					
Herzog, 2b.	4	0	1	3	1	0					
Kauff, cf.	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Zimmerman, 3b.	4	0	0	2	3	0					
Fletcher, ss.	4	0	0	2	3	0					
Robertson, rf.	4	0	1	0	1	0					
Holke, lb.	3	0	2	14	0	0					
McCarthy, c.	3	1	2	1	1	1					
Salloe, p.	3	0	1	0	6	0					
Totals	32	1	7	25	15	1					

SCORE BY INNINGS	
New York	0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—1
Chicago	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—2

WAR TRADE COUNCIL TO CONTROL COMMERCE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—A war trade council to take entire control of the country's foreign commerce is under consideration by President Wilson. The new organization would absorb the present experts administrative board and become one of the most important of the government's war agencies.

U. S. DESTROYER SINKS U-BOAT BY DEPTH BOMB

Guns of American Warship Used as Well Bombs, the Fourth of Which Accomplishes Results—Details of Pursuit—Three Misses Scored Before Result Is Achieved.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Details of a fight between an American destroyer in European waters and a German submarine, in which the submarine was destroyed by depth bombs, were announced by the navy department today. Announcing was made in the following statement: "The secretary of the navy authorizes the publication of this account of an engagement between an American destroyer and an enemy submarine. This is one of a number of encounters of a more or less similar nature, the details of which have been made public in this manner as early as possible. (A feature of interest attaches to this engagement because it was the occasion for a letter of appreciation from the British admiralty which expressed admiration for the efficient and seamanlike conduct of the officers and crew of the American destroyer.) Names Are Withheld. For military reasons the name of the destroyer and the date and the location of the action are withheld. The following account of the engagement was prepared from the complete report received by the navy department: "The American destroyer, first sighted the submarine in the early morning of a clear day. The sea was entirely calm, with hardly a ripple of foam. The submarine was running submerged with only her periscope showing. A large number of merchant ships were in sight. The U-boat was less than a mile off the port beam of the destroyer and following a parallel course in an opposite direction when the periscope was discovered. It was throwing up a column of water several feet in height, so like a nearly spent torpedo that the officer of the deck thought for a moment that this was what it was. "The next instant the destroyer changed course sharply to the left and headed for the U-boat at full speed. At the same time the forward guns opened fire on the periscope. The commanding officer ordered a course steered that would bring the destroyer across the wake of the U-boat a little to the rear of the periscope. Destroyed by Bomb. "As the destroyer dashed across the line of bubbles a depth charge was dropped and a column of clear water shot thirty feet into the air. The destroyer turned to the right, swiftly circling, and her starboard guns opened on the periscope as she came around to cross the U-boat's wake again. Again a column of clear water shot into the air. (Continued on page six.)

PERU TO BREAK WITH GERMANY

LIMA, Peru, Oct. 5 (delayed).—The Peruvian government probably will soon break off diplomatic relations with Germany. The first step was taken today when congress, by an almost unanimous vote, decided in favor of such a course. The Peruvian government on September 26 instructed its minister at Berlin to present to the German government a demand that satisfaction be given within eight days for the sinking by a submarine of the Peruvian bark Lorton, made Spanish territorial waters. It was added that if the demand was not met, diplomatic relations would be broken.

APPRECIATION FOR CONGRESS BY PRESIDENT

Needs of Nation Met in Way That Assures Effectiveness of American Arms, Declares Wilson—Rights of People Safeguarded—Work Done Well for National Defense.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The largest appropriation measure in the history of the United States became law today when President Wilson signed the urgent deficiency bill carrying \$7,758,124,000, principally for war purposes. President Appreciative. The work of the congressional session adjourning today was praised by President Wilson in a statement saying: "The needs of the army and navy have been met in a way that assures the effectiveness of American arms, and the war-making branch of the government has been abundantly equipped with the powers that were necessary to make the action of the nation effective. "The sixty-fifth congress now adjourning," the President added, "deserves the gratitude and appreciation of a people whose will and purpose I believe it has faithfully expressed. One cannot examine the record of its action without being impressed by its completeness, its courage and its full comprehension of a great task. Safeguarded People. "I believe that it has also in equal degree and as far as possible in the face of war, safeguarded the rights of the people and kept in mind the considerations of social justice so often obscured in the hasty readjustments of such a crisis. "It seems to me that the work of this remarkable session has not only been done thoroughly, but that it also has been done with the utmost dispatch possible in the circumstances or consistency with a full consideration of the exceedingly critical matters dealt with. Best of all, it has left no doubt as to the spirit and determination of the country, but has affirmed them as loyally and as emphatically as our fine soldiers will affirm them on the firing line."

TELL HEFLIN TO START PROCEEDINGS ON SLUSH FUND

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Representative Hefflin's declaration that certain members had "acted suspiciously" in connection with reports of use of German money to influence congress, was held today by the special committee appointed to investigate Hefflin's charge, to be "subject to criticism." The report made to the house today by Representative Barnhart of Indiana stated specifically, however, that the committee had no recommendation in the premises to make. The direct and parliamentary course for Mr. Hefflin to pursue, the report added, would be to bring proceedings for expulsion against members whose loyalty he challenges.

CINCINNATI PAPER RAIDED FOR SEDITION

CINCINNATI, Oct. 6.—The Cincinnati Volksblatt, German daily newspaper, was raided late today by United States secret service officers and letter files, ledgers and other account books seized and taken to the United States district attorney's office.

PITCHES SOX TO FIRST VICTORY



CICOTTE

AMERICAN PATROL SHIP FOUNDERS IN EUROPEAN WATERS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—An American patrol ship foundered in European waters on the morning of October 4 while on duty. The navy department has no information of the cause of the loss of the ship and has ordered an investigation. There was no loss of life. Further information of the incident, which was reported by Vice Admiral Sims, is being asked for by the navy department. There is nothing in the department's announcement to indicate the class of the ship. Most of the American patrols are destroyers. The lost ship was an auxiliary, not one of the regular navy list, and was on mine sweeping work when lost. The report that she foundered is taken here to mean she was lost in run of the weather.

REDUCED RATES SHIP INSURANCE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The effectiveness of methods employed in fighting submarines resulted today in a reduction of approximately 25 per cent in the premiums charged by the government's war risk insurance bureau on all American steamers traversing the war zone. The reduction, as announced by the treasury department, is from 6 1/2 per cent to 5 per cent. "This reduction," the announcement says, "is made because of the corresponding decrease in the risks."

OREGON ENGINEER DEAD ON BATTLE FRONT

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Allen V. Mercer, engineer, private, died September 26 of pneumonia, according to a cablegram received today from General Pershing. His father is A. R. Mercer of Cooson, Ore.

GENERAL STRIKE PROPOSED TO AID STRIKING CARMEN

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6.—The San Francisco labor council at a meeting last night instructed its executive committee to take a canvass of its 150 subsidiary unions on the preparation of calling a general strike in sympathy with the street car strike. Labor leaders announced here today. The council also voted to boycott the cars of the United Railways system whose employees are on strike for an eight hour day and a wage of \$3.50. No penalty for union men riding on the cars was named. The labor council controls all of the unions in the city which are not engaged in actual building construction. The latter are controlled by the Building Trades Council of California. The executive committee of the council is to meet Monday night, these leaders declare, to outline the manner in which the canvass of these unions is to be secured. The reported action of the labor council followed a vote by the striking car men to continue the strike. It is stated that the vote on this proposition was 776 to 22.

MEXICAN REBELS START REVOLUTION

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Oct. 6.—Mexican rebel forces under the leadership of Porfirio Gonzalez, reported to be organizing a revolution in the district between Alvarado and Ramos station, near Monterey, are being closed in upon by government troops from Monterey, Nuevo Laredo, Matamoros and Victoria, it was said officially in a Matamoros today.

11 WHITE HOUSE PICKETS ARRESTED

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Eleven pickets of the woman's party returned picketing the White House this afternoon and eleven were arrested. Alice Paul, one of the leaders, among them. Auction Pears. NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Boss, \$3.85; Anjou, \$2.75; Half Boss, \$1.55.

SENATE REGRETS AID TO KAISER BY LA FOLLETTE

Senators Declare Wisconsinite Has Lent Himself to German Propaganda—Accuse Him of Mis-stating Facts—Free Speech Not in Danger—Evil Effect on Germany.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—"It is unfortunate for the country and for the senator from Wisconsin," said Senator Robinson of Arkansas, replying to Senator La Follette today, "that he has lent himself and his service to the promotion of ideas and desires of the Kaiser." Senator Kellogg accused La Follette of mis-stating facts in the St. Paul speech and denied that this country went to war to secure Americans the right to travel on munition-laden ships or to protect loans made by Morgan & Co. to foreign governments. "I am as jealous of the right of free speech as any member of this body," Senator Kellogg said, "but this is a question of erroneous statement of facts rather than of free speech." Aiding the Kaiser. "I have no right or wish," he continued, "to criticize any man who voted against this nation going to war, although I may disagree with him; but we are at war, and I believe men of this body, men of influence, should not make statements tending to aid and encourage the enemy and to cast dishonor and discredit upon this nation. "Imagine the circulation in the German empire of those statements reflecting discredit upon our prosecution of the war and sustaining the justice of the cause of the German empire. Could these people be blamed for believing in a cause however lacking in justice and right, if these are the reasons which lead us into this great conflict and sustain us thru its trying ordeals?" Senate Probers. Handed by Senator Pomerene of Ohio, the following members of the senate privileges and elections committee were appointed today as the subcommittee to investigate Senator La Follette's St. Paul speech: Senators Walsh of Montana and James of Kentucky, democrats, and Dillingham of Vermont and Fall of New Mexico, republicans. The subcommittee will hold its first meeting Monday.

GERMANS FORCED FURTHER BACK

BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Oct. 6.—At some places in the new line established by the British attack in Flanders, the Germans were reported today to be in such exposed positions that they had pulled back their defenses a short distance. British patrols found the forward shell hole defenses in one section abandoned.

PARIS, Oct. 6.—The Germans made an attack last night on the Verdun front near Hill 311. They gained a footing in the French positions at some points, the war office reports, but were later driven back.

SEATTLE PHONE GIRLS THREATEN A STRIKE

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 5.—Nearly eight hundred telephone girls who recently organized a union in this city have voted almost unanimously to go on a strike October 15 if their demands for increased wages and improved working conditions are not granted.

LA FOLLETTE DEFENDS LACK OF PATRIOTISM

Senator in Lengthy Address Pleads for Right to Conduct German Propaganda—Points to Lincoln's Opposition to Mexican War and Pitt's Opposition to American War.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Congress entered the last hours of the session with attention turned to the senate where Senator La Follette took the floor at 10 o'clock to make a three hour speech in answer to the critics who have petitioned for his expulsion because of his course and public utterances toward the war. Members of the house which only was marking time waiting for the senate, flocked to the senate chamber, where galleries and floor were jammed in expectation of a spectacular finale to the session which has appropriated unheard billions for America's participation in the war, and has passed a score of war measures in an incredibly short time. La Follette Reads Speech. La Follette, always a spectacular figure in debate, had spent yesterday and most of the night preparing his speech. Standing at his seat in the front row, before the vice president's desk, La Follette began his address, reading carefully and deliberately his manuscript, with senators giving close attention. Defending his course of opposing the declaration of war and subsequent attacks on war policies, La Follette declared: "It is the citizen's duty to obey the law until it is repealed or declared unconstitutional. But he has the inalienable right to fight what he deems an obnoxious law or a wrongful policy in the courts and at the ballot box. "It is the suppressed emotion of the masses that breed revolution. If the American people are to carry on this great war; if public opinion is to be enlightened and intelligent, there must be free discussion. "Sixty Country Confused. "Congress, as well as the people of the United States, entered the war in great confusion of mind and under feverish excitement. The president's leadership was followed unquestionably by faith that he had some bit, unrevealed plan by which peace would exalt him before the world. "It appears to be the purpose of those conducting this campaign to throw the country into a state of terror, to coerce public opinion, to stifle criticism and suppress discussion of the great issues involved in this war." Besides quoting at length from the American statesmen who opposed bitterly President Polk's policy in the Mexican war, the Wisconsin senator gave extracts from speeches by Burke, Fox, Lord Chatham and others in the British parliament attacking Great Britain's war upon the American colonies. He said he did it to show that the principle of free speech was no new doctrine born of the constitution of the United States. In support of his assertion that congress should speak for the country (Continued on page six.)

\$20,000 FIREARMS STOLEN, OKLAHOMA

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Oct. 6.—Between \$15,000 and \$20,000 worth of firearms, ammunition and other articles are reported to have been taken from mercantile establishments at Cashin, a town of about 300 people in Kingfisher county, according to telephone advices received this morning by Sheriff Johnson of Oklahoma. The robbers are reported to have departed in the direction of Oklahoma City.