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TEUTONS FAVOR, ALLIES REJECT PEACE

PEACE OFFER ACCEPTABLE TO GERMANY

German Reply to Pope's Peace Proposal Declares Germany Most Anxious for Peace—No Terms Are Named, But Principle of Triumph of Right Over Might Acknowledged for the Future—Pontiff's Views Shared by Imperial Government.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 22.—The German government's reply to Pope Benedict's peace proposal declares special measures taken by the government in closest contact with the representatives of the German people to discuss answering the question raised, proved how earnestly it desires to find a practical basis for a just and lasting peace.

The reply says that Germany fully recognizes with His Holiness the high peace producing effect of arbitration to decide international differences of opinion and in this respect Germany is ready to support every proposal compatible with the vital interests of the German empire and people.

Accepts Pope's Views.

The German reply says that the imperial government greets with special sympathy the leading idea in which His Holiness clearly expresses the conviction that the future material power of arms must be superseded by the moral power of right.

The text of the German reply reads in part: "Herr Cardinal: Your eminence has been good enough, together with your letter of Aug. 20 to transmit to the Kaiser and king my most gracious majesty, the note of his holiness, the pope, in which his holiness, filled with grief at the devastations of the world war, makes an emphatic peace appeal to the heads of the belligerent peoples.

The Kaiser-king has deigned to acquaint me with your eminence's letter and to entrust the reply to me. "His majesty has been following for a considerable time with high respect his holiness' efforts in a spirit of true impartiality to alleviate as far as possible the sufferings of the war and to hasten the end of hostilities. The Kaiser sees in the latest step of his holiness fresh proof of his noble and humane feelings, and cherishes a lively desire that for the benefit of the entire world the papal appeal may meet with success."

Kaiser for Peace

"The effort of Pope Benedict is to pave the way to an understanding amongst all peoples and might more surely delect a sympathetic reception and the whole-hearted support from his majesty, seeing that the Kaiser, since taking over the government, has regarded it as his principal and most sacred task to preserve the blessings of peace for the German people and the world. In his speech from the throne at the opening of the German Reichstag, on June 25, 1888, the Kaiser promised that his love of the German army and his position toward it should never lead him into temptation to cut short the benefits of peace unless war were a necessity, forced on us by an attack on the empire or its allies.

"The German army should safeguard peace for us and should peace. (Continued on page six.)

PROOF OFFERED FOR PAYMENTS OF PROPAGANDA

Senator King Reads Into Record the Proof of \$6500 Advanced Publishers by German Embassy—Foreign Language Press Involved—Predicts War Declaration.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Senator King of Utah read into the senate records today correspondence and photographic copies of checks to show payments aggregating \$6500 by the German embassy here to the Fair Play Publishing company, with receipts signed by Marcus Braun and J. P. Bryan.

Senator King did not disclose the source of his documents but vouched for their authenticity. They also showed payments by the Austrian embassy to small foreign language newspapers. All the payments were for propaganda.

"We will soon have to recognize," he said, "a state of war with Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey because they are aiding Germany and using their influence against us."

Other revelations, he predicted, would be made of the "sinister and sly course of German diplomacy in this and other countries."

"Many more revelations will come of the intrigue and criminal conspiracies of which Germany, and also of Austria Hungary for the purpose of embroiling this country in a war with other nations," said he. "Efforts have been made to stir up the people of this country against Japan. I think we will learn the source of very much of that activity."

Among the letters were some signed by Baron Zweidnek, former charge of the Austrian embassy transmitting checks for Polish and Dumanian newspapers and also from the Austrian vice-consul at New York.

When the Utah senator concluded inserting the correspondence the senate adjourned until Monday.

SWEDEN AGITATED OVER DRAFTING OF SWEDES IN AMERICA

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 22.—Considerable agitation is displayed here because of the report that the United States contemplates subjecting to the draft alien residents of a military age unless they leave the country within three months. The American legation has received many telephonic inquiries from agitated parents, some of whom are of pronounced German sympathies, asking whether their sons now in America would be forced to fight against Germany.

A pro-German newspaper this afternoon printed a strong protest against the proposed draft, maintaining that at least 100,000 Swedes of a military age are in the United States and that only a small proportion of them could return to their home country under present steamship arrangements. The operations of the draft law have had the further effect of checking Scandinavian emigration to the United States, a certain proportion of the departures having been inspired by a desire to avoid compulsory service.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Weather predictions for the week beginning Sunday issued by the weather bureau today are: Pacific states—Fair weather over southern and occasional rains over northern districts.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—James H. Moyle of Salt Lake City was nominated today to be assistant secretary of the treasury, and John B. Elliott to be collector of customs at Los Angeles.

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR SHOWS ANXIETY FOR PEACE IN REPLY TO POPE



First picture of the new emperor and empress of Austria, who also are king and queen of Hungary, in their royal robes. Between them is their daughter. This is a sample of the gorgeous display that the subject nationalities of Austria and Hungary are called upon to sustain. Observe the jeweled crowns, the scepter in the emperor-king's hand, and the empress-queen's elaborate train.

ITALIAN AIRPLANES FLY 200 MILES TO WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Three Italian airplanes, piloted by Italian military aviators, flew about 200 miles today from Langley field at Hampton, Va., to the capitol and landed without mishap in Potomac park, near the White House grounds.

The big Caproni airplane, piloted by Lieutenant Silvio Resnati, Italian military aviator, was the principal machine in the flight and carried beside its pilot nine passengers.

Secretary Lane, who was to have been a passenger, did not make the flight, at the request of friends.

His son, Franklin K. Lane, Jr., an American army aviator, was a passenger in the Fiat machine, which flew ahead of the big triplane, being smaller and much faster. The third machine was a Pimolo, flown by Lieutenant Baldoli.

Eagerly watched by great crowds, the birdmen, making the flight in about two hours, circled over the city, the White House, the Washington monument and then glided down to earth.

ARGENTINE EXPOSES EFFECT SWEDISH ELECTION

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 21.—Friday.—The Swedish electoral campaign closed today with elections in Stockholm. It will be several days under the complicated system of proportional voting before the results are known but it is already evident from the few elections that have been held that the influence of the Argentine disclosures will deprive the conservatives of control of the lower house.

MOYLE NOMINATED ASSISTANT TO M'ADOO

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—James H. Moyle of Salt Lake City was nominated today to be assistant secretary of the treasury, and John B. Elliott to be collector of customs at Los Angeles.

GOVERNOR OF TEXAS FOUND GUILTY OF GRAFTING FUNDS

AUSTIN, Tex., Sept. 22.—Governor James E. Ferguson of Texas was today found guilty by the senate high court of impeachment, trying him on a bill of impeachment—vote, 27 to 4, on the first article.

The second charge, that the governor profited from the deposits from Canyon City normal funds was sustained, 26 to 5.

The third, fourth and fifth charges were not sustained.

On the sixth article, charging the governor derived a profit from state funds deposited in the Temple State bank, the senate voted to convict.

Article 7, charging that the governor assisted in depositing \$250,000 of state funds in the Temple State bank for profit, was sustained.

Articles 8, 9 and 10 were not sustained.

Article 11, that the refusal of the governor to tell who loaned him \$156,500 currency, constituted official misconduct, was sustained.

Article 12, that the governor in 1916 diverted the adjutant general's fund to pay for the Canyon City normal building, was sustained.

Article 13 was not sustained.

RUSSIANS RUNNING AWAY AGAIN ALONG WIDE RIGA FRONT

PETROGRAD, Sept. 22.—Russian troops on the Riga front have retired to the right bank of the Dvina river in the region of Jaenabadi, it was officially announced today by the Russian war office.

BERLIN, Sept. 22.—Jacobstadt, on the Dvina, has been captured by the German forces on the Russian front, together with the positions on a front of twenty-five miles and six miles deep on the west bank of the river, army headquarters announced today.

CHINA TO SEND 24,000 TROOPS TO FRANCE AT ONCE

PEKING, Sept. 17. (Delayed.)—The president and the cabinet have agreed to the plan of sending a trial division of 24,000 Chinese soldiers to France if money, equipment and shipping are available. The entente allies have approved the proposition and France is eager to receive the contingent.

The Chinese probably could reach France by January first. An abundant number of fairly trained soldiers is immediately available for the expedition.

The premier is in favor of sending 200,000 men and the provincial authorities are heartily in support of the plan, if the Canton provisional government gives its approval to the war with Germany.

PRICES FIXED FOR COAL IN CANADA

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 22.—Dominion Fuel Controller C. A. McGrath has fixed the prices of coal for Vancouver as follows:

Screened, delivered in sacks, per ton, \$8.50; screened at wharf in sacks, \$7.50; delivered in bulk, wagon side; at wharf in bulk, \$7. Coal dealers agree to deliver lump coal within the regular delivery limits at the prices quoted above.

REPLY TO PONTIFF'S NOTE NOW EN ROUTE

ROME, Sept. 22.—The Vatican's courier from Switzerland had not arrived in Rome up to this evening with the Austrian and German replies to Pope Benedict's peace proposals. Cardinal Gasparri, the papal secretary of state, said the courier arriving here next Wednesday possibly would bring the replies.

EXPOSE LIKELY TO FORCE PROBE OF CONGRESS

Bernstorff's \$50,000 Plot to Influence Congress Will Probably Result in Investigation of "Suspicious Acts" of Members—Lansing Says No Reflection on Congress.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Chairman Flood of the house foreign affairs committee declared today after conferring with Secretary Lansing that he thought there probably would be a house investigation of Count Von Bernstorff's plans to influence congress by spending \$50,000 as revealed in his dispatches to Berlin.

Further details of Count Von Bernstorff's plot to influence congress thru a subsidized pro-German organization were sought today by Senator Overman, chairman of the senate lobby committee, and Representative Flood of the house foreign affairs committee, both of whom arranged to visit the state department.

Congress May Probe.

Whether congress will order an investigation into the aspersions cast upon the body in the ambassador's revealed correspondence will depend to a great extent, it is believed, on the result of today's conferences with Secretary Lansing. The disclosure of Bernstorff's activities, following closely on the revelations of Prussian intrigue in Argentina and Mexico, continued an absorbing topic of discussion in official and diplomatic circles.

Secretary Lansing sees little that a congressional inquiry could develop, but charges made on the floor yesterday by Representative Heflin of Alabama that certain members have "acted suspiciously" and veiled accusations made by other representatives in interviews, probably will force an investigation, Mr. Flood said.

After returning to the capitol from the state department, Mr. Flood began conferences with house leaders to learn their views on holding an inquiry. He declared that Secretary Lansing gave him no new details regarding the Von Bernstorff message.

Congress Not Involved.

After his conference with Chairman Flood, Secretary Lansing authorized the following statement:

"If there is any misunderstanding, I wish to say very emphatically I do not see how the Bernstorff message in any way reflects upon congress or any member. Apparently it was the purpose to employ agencies to influence them, of which they would have no knowledge, and in case they were influenced, would be entirely innocent. I do not know what the organization was. This expose is organ of German methods of peace propaganda and there is no intention of casting suspicion on members of congress."

SEEK TEMPORARY END TO STRIKE

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—W. R. Boyce, federal mediator; James L. Aekerson, Captain A. F. Pillsbury, both representing the government; Mayor James Rolph, Jr., and P. H. McArthur, labor leader, were eliminated from the conference seeking settlement of the iron workers and shipbuilders' strike today after the morning session, it was announced. This action was taken in the belief that fewer conferees would be able to reach speedier agreement. Gavin McNab, appointed by President Wilson, will be the sole representative of the government at another conference late today.

Temporary settlement of the strike of approximately 25,000 iron workers and shipbuilders apparently hinged on an agreement between employers and employes as to the wage to be paid the men upon their return to work pending permanent adjustment of their demands by a federal board.

NO CHANGES IN ATTITUDE OF AMERICA

Replies of Germany and Austria Contain Nothing That Will in Any Way Alter Position of United States as Outlined by President—Britain Also Stands Pat—Replies Contain Nothing of Restoration or Reparation.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The replies made by Germany and Austria to Pope Benedict's peace proposal contain nothing that will in any way alter the position of the United States as outlined in President Wilson's reply to the pope.

The replies as received here in Associated Press dispatches were closely studied today by all officials and diplomats here who gave indications that they were little less than had been expected.

No Basis for Discussion.

First examination of the replies, officials thought, failed to disclose anything in the nature of terms which would afford a basis for discussions.

Secretary Lansing authorized no quotation of any opinion for the government, but it was clearly indicated at the state department that such consideration as had been given to the replies had failed to develop any reason for any alteration of the aims or intentions of this government either in the conduct of the war or in any peace adjustment that may be undertaken later.

Britain Stands Pat.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—On inquiry at the British foreign office regarding the Austro-German replies to Pope Benedict's peace proposals, the Associated Press today received the following unofficial statement:

"It seems hardly necessary, especially in view of President Wilson's reply to the pope, to comment at length on the German reply beyond pointing out that it contains not one word as to restoration or reparation. "Recent history, and especially the correspondence between the Kaiser and the former czar, published a few days ago, form an interesting commentary on the Kaiser's contention that the preservation of peace has been his principal and most sacred task."

Moral Right Guilt.

"The sympathy which the German government expresses toward moral power and right does not come well from those whose blood-stained records include the ravaging of Belgium, the murder of peaceful citizens, the sinking of passenger and merchant ships, the dropping of bombs on undefended towns, the murder of Miss Cavell and Captain Fryatt and the torpedoing of hospital ships, the bombardment of hospitals, deportations from Belgium and northern France, connivance in wiping out by their ally, the Turk, of the Armenian nation, and countless other crimes.

"Nor does talk of moral right come well from those who were responsible for the organization of the intrigues and espionage in the United States since the beginning of the war which are revealed in today's newspapers."

SCOTT RETIRES AS CHIEF OF ARMY

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Major General Hugh L. Scott retired today as chief of staff of the army and was succeeded by Major-General Tasker H. Bliss.

General Scott being 64 years old and reached the age limit but will immediately be recalled into active duty in connection with the training of troops in this country.

MRS. LANSING TO OPPOSE SUFFRAGE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Mrs. Robert Lansing, wife of the secretary of state, has accepted the secretaryship of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, which recently moved its headquarters from New York to Washington.

OCCASIONAL RAINS FOR COMING WEEK

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Weather predictions for the week beginning Sunday issued by the weather bureau today are: Pacific states—Fair weather over southern and occasional rains over northern districts.