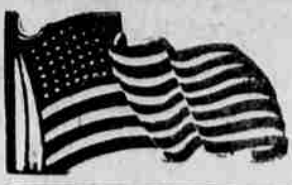


MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

MEDFORD, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1917.

N. 148.



Forty-seventh Year. Daily—Twelfth Year.

KORNILOFF'S REVOLT ENDS IN FAILURE

REBELLION APPARENTLY SHATTERED

Reported Korniloff's Retreat Cut Off—Kerensky Assumes Command of Armies—Commanding Generals Decried Rebels and Ordered Arrested—Martial Law in Moscow—Provisional Government Receives Assurances of Support.

Associated Press Summary. Petrograd's provisional government, while admitting itself unable to announce the final overthrow of General Korniloff's revolt, nevertheless expresses optimism concerning the situation in general. No further news has come through regarding the reported clash between Korniloff's troops and those of the government, 35 miles from Petrograd. It was reported in late dispatches, however, that General Korniloff's march on Petrograd had been checked, his troops outmaneuvered and his retreat cut off. One unconfirmed report said part of the army was surrendering. In Moscow the trouble is apparently accentuated, as martial law has been declared there. The constitutional democratic party has offered to participate in the creation of a new ministry in order that civil war may be avoided.

Korniloff Declared Rebel. PETROGRAD, Sept. 12.—The provisional government today issued a decree handing over to the courts of justice as rebels, General Korniloff, former commander in chief of the Russian armies; General Denikine, commanding the armies of the southwestern front; General Lokomsky, chief of the general staff; General Markoff, the chief of the headquarters staff on the southwestern front, and M. Kisliakoff, assistant to minister of roads and communications.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 12.—The Associated Press was informed unofficially early this morning at the Winter palace that Premier Kerensky was about to assume the position of commander-in-chief of all the Russian armies, at least until the revolt had been crushed.

Major-General Bonoh Bruzovitch has been appointed commander-in-chief of the Russian army in succession to General Korniloff. The central committee of the constitutional democratic party today informed Premier Kerensky that the party was agreed to its members joining a reconstructed Russian cabinet in order to avoid civil war. The provisional government today (Continued on Page Three.)

BULGARIA'S QUEEN IS SERIOUSLY ILL

SOFIA, Bulgaria, via Amsterdam, Sept. 12.—It is announced that a serious change for the worse has taken place in the health of Queen Eleanor of Bulgaria. As the result of the great physical weakness and general prostration of her majesty, the court physicians have discovered disturbing symptoms of heart trouble which they say may cause grave complications.

KORNILOFF SAYS GERMANS RULE RUSS CABINET

General Issues Proclamation Declaring That He is Without Ambition Save to Save Russia, That Kerensky's Government is Weak, Does Nothing and is German Controlled.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 12.—The texts of General Korniloff's proclamations are published here today. The first, dated at Mohilev, denounces Premier Kerensky's description of Vladimir Lvoff's mission as untrue and declares that Korniloff did not send Lvoff to Kerensky, but that Kerensky first sent Lvoff to him with the aim to create trouble.

"Russian men," continues the proclamation, "our great fatherland is perishing. The government, under pressure of the Bolshevik majority of the councils, is acting in full accord with the plans of the German general staff. Overwhelming consciousness of the impending ruin of the fatherland compels me in this menacing moment to summon all Russian men to save perishing Russia. All in whose breasts beat Russian hearts, all who believe in God, let them flock to the temple and pray God to perform a great miracle—a miracle of saving the fatherland.

Seeks Russian Salvation. "I, General Korniloff, son of a peasant and Cossack, declare to all that I require nothing personally, nothing except the salvation of mighty Russia, and I swear to lead the nation by the road of victory over the foe to a constituent assembly through which the nation will decide its own fate and chose the organization of its own political life. But I shall never betray Russia into the hands of its traditional foe—the German race, or make the Russian people the slaves of Germany. I prefer to die on the field of honor and battle rather than to witness the shame and infamy of Russian land.

"Russian people; in your hands rests the fate of your country. (Signed) "KORNILOFF."

Supported by Generals. In the second proclamation General Korniloff declares he is supported by all of the higher commanders on the front, denounces the government for incapable government, weakness and indecision and declares that in order to veil its unfitness the government is creating the chimera of a non-existent counter-revolution.

The provisional government has, under the martial law regulation, prohibited the circulation of General Korniloff's manifestos or the publication of unofficial news concerning military measures taken against the revolt.

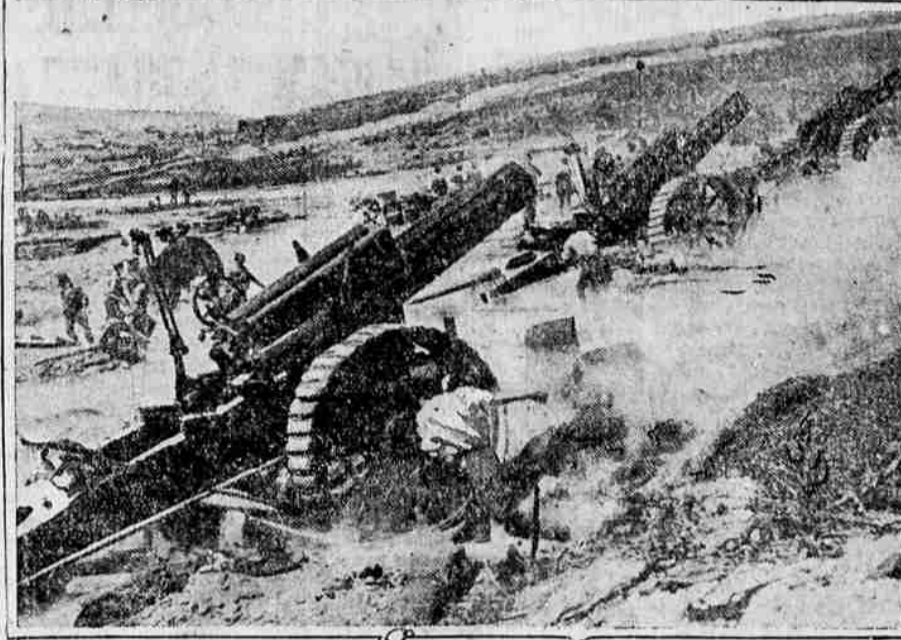
CAPTURED SHIP OF SLACKERS ARRIVES

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Sept. 12.—Escorted by the United States warship that captured her off the Lower California coast last Sunday, the gasoline schooner Anvil, with more than 50 alleged slackers and enemy aliens on board, arrived in San Diego harbor this morning.

The Anvil was docked at the municipal pier and was immediately boarded by department of justice agents and other federal officials. All approaches to the pier were closely guarded by troops and no person other than federal officers was allowed. The examination of the suspected men, it was said, would be started immediately and until the completion of the inquiry it was stated no information would be given out.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—More than 1000 claims for army exemption on the ground that the claimant is indispensable to a war industry, appealed to the president, the final judge in the case, were on file today at the office of Privy Seal Marshal General Crowder, and others are coming in.

REMARKABLE PHOTOGRAPH OF BATTLE, SHOWING BRITISH BATTERY HAMMERING GERMAN LINE



This picture shows the heavy British howitzers in the heat of their work of pounding back the German front in Flanders. The armies have swept back and forth over this section until it is a desolate waste. Note the gunners running to reload after the last discharge, so no time may be lost in spouting this concentrated storm of lead upon the German positions.

FAITH IN RUSSIA BUT MILITARY DICTATOR NEEDED

LONDON, Sept. 12.—Leslie Urquhart, one of the most prominent mining and oil engineers in Russia, who has just arrived in London, in an interview in the Daily Mail, says:

"I have faith in Russia. I have known the country more than twenty years, and she will pull through. . . Whether General Korniloff will prove 'the savior of society,' I cannot tell. But of this I am sure: A military dictatorship has got to come."

After paying a tribute to General Korniloff as "at least a man of action," Mr. Urquhart asserts there are immense risks and a few compensating gains for the Germans in a further advance on Petrograd, even if the time of the year and the character of the country permitted.

Russia, he says, is tired of the war, just like all the other belligerent peoples, but is not tired enough to make a separate peace. He added:

"I can say with absolute confidence that the whole Russian people would be dead against a separate peace and would make short work of any one who attempted to negotiate it."

FOREIGN INSURANCE FORBIDDEN IN U. S.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The Senate resumed work today on the administration trading-with-the-enemy bill, after having adopted an amendment to supplement the president's proclamation prohibiting foreign insurance companies in the United States from writing marine or war-risk insurance. The action came after Senator Frelinghuysen said it had been discovered that before the proclamation German submarines had obtained much information by wireless regarding sailings.

VILLA OFFERS TO QUIT FOR AMNESTY

JUAREZ, Mex., Sept. 12.—La Lucha, a Mexican daily newspaper published here, printed a story today from Chihuahua City, saying Francisco Villa had sent a letter to General Francisco Murguin, commander of the northeastern military zone, offering to surrender if he was given personal guarantees of amnesty. Villa is now in the Durango mountains. Inspector General Andres G. Garcia of the Mexican consular service, said he had received no information regarding the report.

AVIATION STUDENTS KILLED IN COLLISION AT SAN DIEGO

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Sept. 12.—Colliding 500 feet above the ground while flying in practice flights, first-class privates Edward M. Walsh, Jr., of Oakland, Cal., and Theodore H. Lyman of St. Helena, Cal., fell to their deaths today at the North Island army aviation field. Both Walsh and Lyman were student aviators and attached to the reserve signal corps of the United States army.

According to the official announcement of the accident, made by Colonel Dade, commanding officer at North Island, Walsh and Lyman collided in mid-air while flying at a "blind angle." Because of the positions of their planes at the time of the accident, it is said that neither was able to see the other. Officers at the island expressed the belief that both men met their death in the air as a result of the collision and that both were dead before striking the ground.

OAKLAND, Cal., Sept. 12.—Edward M. Walsh, Jr., killed at North Island this morning, was a son of Edward M. Walsh, Sr., a local attorney. According to members of the family, the father and mother of the boy had been visiting him and left San Diego this morning in an automobile for Oakland.

GERMANS CAPTURE 8900 IN RIGA DRIVE

BERLIN, via London, Sept. 12.—Russian prisoners captured by the Germans in the battle of Riga numbered 8900, according to the official announcement issued today by the German general staff. The Germans also took 225 cannon.

OBJECT OF CALL

The Women's Committee of National Defense wishes to know where to find service in case of need. Will you help win this war? Are you willing to serve your country? What can you do? Will you take the registration card, read it carefully, and on Saturday, September 15, take it to the nearest school house to sign and file? This is not compulsory, and does not obligate you beyond what you want to do. The men of our state have responded nobly to their country's call. Shall the women do less?

WORLD'S FINEST AERIAL MOTOR FOR AMERICANS

Greatest Engine Ever Perfected Makes 140 Miles An Hour in Rigid Test and Promises United States Air Mastery—Superior to Any of Foreign Nations—8 Cylinders.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The Liberty Motor, the airplane engine upon which the United States is relying to establish definite air supremacy over the Germans over the battlefields of France, has passed its final test and is a complete success. Secretary Baker announced today.

In a fifteen hundred word announcement, Secretary Baker told how all the best brains and business of American motorhood had contributed its secrets and achievements to the government to produce the Liberty Motor which is to carry the thousands of American airplanes over Germany.

For Rapid Construction.

Secretary Baker says the motor is now the main reliance of the United States in the rapid production in large numbers of high power battle planes for service in the war.

"In power, speed and serviceability and minimum weight," he continues, "the new engine invites comparison with the best the European war has produced. The engine was brought about thru the co-operation of more than a score of engineers who pooled their skill and trade secrets in the war emergency."

For obvious reasons specifications of the motor, details of its performance under test and arrangements for its production in quantity are withheld. In conclusion, however, Mr. Baker says: "Probably the war has produced no greater single achievement" the statement says, and relates for the first time the story of the design and construction of the new motor which has added a thrilling chapter to American engineering records.

Assures Supremacy.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—American aerial supremacy is assured.

The All-American aviation motor has just completed the full series of tests, including a 50-hour run, in which it far surpassed even the expectations of its designers, and put to shame the curping critics who scoffed at the idea of the United States developing such an engine in less than a year.

By a succession of engineering and manufacturing miracles American engine experts, working night and day, have perfected in three months an engine of enormous power, exceptional flexibility and remarkable reliability.

Greatest Engine Yet.

"The greatest engine in the world," experts who know the best products of the French, English, Italian and German airplane factories call it. And this judgment has been completely established by tests far more severe than those of any other nation, conducted by the United States bureau of standards.

One hundred and forty miles an hour. (Continued on Page Two.)

M'ADOO EXPLAINS WAR CREDITS BILL

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—Secretary McAdoo today continued his explanation to the senate finance committee of the need for the eleven-million-dollar war credits bill which already has passed the house. He will conclude his statement during the day. The bill will be laid before the senate tomorrow, according to present plans, and be considered to the exclusion of all other legislation. Passage of the bill after brief debate is expected.

ARGENTINE SENDS ENVOY PASSPORTS

Count Luxburg, German Charge d' Affaires Dismissed for Sending Secret Code Messages Thru Swedish Legation—Germany Asked for Explanation—Britain Calls Sweden to Account for Violating Agreement After Having Given Assurances.

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina, Sept. 12.—The Argentine government at noon today sent to the German legation passports to be delivered to Count Luxburg, the German charge d'affaires in Buenos Aires. The whereabouts of Count Luxburg still is unknown to the Argentine government.

The Argentina foreign office today sent a communication to the German foreign ministry demanding an explanation of Count Luxburg's action in sending the secret code messages to Berlin thru the Swedish embassy.

It was officially announced here today that if Germany failed to disapprove of Count Von Luxburg's action, Argentina would recall her minister at Berlin. If the Berlin government disapproved of his course, the status quo would be demanded.

The note sent by Foreign Minister Pueyrredon to Count Con Luxburg in which the German minister was tendered his passports reads:

Note of Recall.

"Mr. Minister: You having ceased to be persona grata to the Argentine government, that government has decided to deliver to you your passports, which I transmit herewith by order of his excellency, the president of the nation.

"The introducer of embassies has instructions to assist you in your immediate departure from the territory of the republic. God keep you. (Signed.) "H. PUEYRREDON."

"To Count Karl Von Luxburg, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the German empire."

Britain Takes a Hand.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—The British minister at Stockholm called at the Swedish foreign office yesterday, drew attention to the charges made against the Swedish government by the state department at Washington, and expressed his amazement that it was possible for such charges to be brought after the formal assurances given Great Britain some time ago. The minister added that the British government was surprised that it had not yet received any official explanation from Sweden.

Agreement Violated.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—The state- (Continued on Page Two.)

MOSCOW LOYAL TO GOVERNMENT

PETROGRAD, Sept. 11.—Tuesday. —All elements in the population of Moscow, according to reports here today, emphasize assurances of support to the provisional government, which have already been given by the municipal council. General Verkhovskiy called all the officers of the garrison together in the public square and was given assurance that they would support Premier Kerensky. The Salut George Cavaliers have made a special offer of their services and there appears to be unity among the workmen's groups. Vladimir Purishkevich, the well-known reactionary under the old regime, who was arrested at Dvinsk and later released, is reported again to be in custody. Petrograd is said to have sufficient provisions to last four or five days.