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UNION MADE

WELCOME AWAITS OREGON TROOPS AT CHARLOTTE

Charlotte, N. C., Sept. 1, 1917. To the People of Oregon:

The United States government has selected Charlotte, North Carolina, as the site of one of the mobilization camps and the war department has decreed that the troops from your state will be stationed here.

The Charlotte chamber of commerce, the Charlotte Ministerial association and the Young Men's Christian association take occasion, therefore, to express their pleasure at this decision, and to assure the troops and all those whose interest in them is closest and affectionate of the welcome which awaits them.

We wish the troops who come to us to use the offices and facilities of our organizations freely in whatever way may be of advantage to them. We extend the same invitation to those who visit the soldiers in this camp, and we pledge the hospitality and hearty welcome of our entire citizenship both to the troops and to their friends.

Very sincerely, CHARLOTTE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, By David Owens, President, E. N. Farris, Executive Secretary.

TESTING PEARS IN ROGUE RIVER VALLEY

Interesting tests are now being made by County Pathologist C. C. Cate assisted by O. A. C. to determine the proper time for picking pears and proper methods of treating pears after they are picked.

Professor C. L. Lewis, Professor Barnes and J. R. Magnus, experts in the horticultural and chemical departments of the state agricultural college, arrived in Medford yesterday and will assist Mr. Cate in the work. The results of the experiments will probably be known regarding Bartlett's in about thirty days, and the complete data on all varieties will be compiled about Christmas time.

One of the great problems for local pear growers has been to pick a pear so that it will stand up the maximum time and retain its best flavor. A practical method of determining the proper time to pick and the proper method handling, will mean thousands of dollars to the orchardists of the valley.

The tests are too involved to be described in detail but the general plan is as follows: The pears are picked every four days. They are then subjected to various chemical tests—the sugar test, starch and tannin tests, specific gravity tests, etc., etc. Pears are also picked and subjected to seven different kinds of cold storage, where the humidity is low and high, the temperature low and high and medium, etc., etc. These results are all compiled and checked back and it is believed that a practical test for every year, will be secured, showing the best time to pick pears, and the best method of treating them after they are picked.

CLOSING ATES OF HUNGARY YTO ALLIES

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 7.—Hungary which has gained a reputation in the central empire as a land flowing with milk and honey, where eggs, butter and white bread are still to be obtained, has been compelled to close her gates to swarms of her allies. The government has ordered those not Hungarians to show cause why they should reside in that country. Those who cannot show adequate reasons, and have merely settled in Hungary because food could be obtained there, will be given a week in which to leave the country.

THE GERMAN PEACE SHAM.

GERMANY talks peace only as a truce to prepare for further wars. There is no attempt at disguising this aim. German rulers, statesmen and publicists frankly admit it. They believe that war is part of the divine scheme, that Germans are a superior race and pre-destined to rule the world by conquest. That is why this war must continue until the allies are victorious, why German autocracy must be eliminated, before there can be permanent peace.

Only defeat can remove the superman delusion from Germans. As President Wilson told the pope, "This agony must not be gone thru with again." Any peace that leaves German autocracy in the saddle, that leaves German militarism unsmashed, is a menace to the future of the world.

Germany's plan consists not only in a Mittel-Europa, extending from the North and Baltic seas to the Adriatic and Aegean and on to the Persian gulf, but of great empires in Africa, Asia, and South America, and huge indemnities from the United States. There is abundance of evidence concerning German ambitions.

Emperor William repeatedly told Ambassador James W. Gerard:

"America better look out after this war." "I shall stand no nonsense from America after the war."

Admiral Tirpitz is quoted by the Frankfort Zeitung as saying:

Submarines will force Great Britain to surrender and the German fleet will then exact from America indemnities enough to pay the whole cost of the war.

General Von Bissing, late governor-general of Belgium, left a memorandum in which in which he avowed the purpose of another war:

The strategic aim of this present war is to gain room for the concentration and advance of the German armies in the new war against England and France.

German interests absolutely require the absorption of all present Belgium. This absorption must not be discussed at any peace conference. Let only the right of conquest speak. Belgium industry must not be killed entirely, but is to be subjected to such conditions as will permit Germany to use it as a lever for fixing prices in the world markets in German interests. Belgium's coal supply must be used to give Germany an economic monopoly on the continent.

Lieutenant-General Von Stein, Prussian minister of war stated in the reichstag:

I do not foster the hope that international peace will prevail after the war. So long as the interests of states clash, there will be wars. The prospects for uninterrupted peace are not very brilliant.

Count Zu Reventlow, leading German military critic, says:

What we need and must have is such a degree of German naval power as shall guarantee its immediate superiority over possible enemies on the seas at the beginning of hostilities. That is why the Belgian canal is necessary to us.

Dr. Deiderich Hahn, leader of the agrarian party, member of the reichstag, recently said in a speech before that body:

Has monarchial Germany failed? No. It stands brilliantly before the world as a conqueror. We are today in the sight of peace. May it be a real German peace. We hope those who govern us will realize our strength, keep their nerve, and continue to face the enemy as conquerors, not as cowards. Let us keep to Bismarck's policy: Germany's future is a future of battle and conquest. We must have the coal fields of Longwy and Brley. We must have fresh territories for emigration in the east. We must not return any lands we have conquered.

Count Westarp, conservative leader, said in the reichstag:

We must also secure ourselves for the future. New sacrifices require new compensations, new demands. A sufficient war indemnity is necessary to arm against the dangers of the future.

Friedrich Naumann, German journalist, sneers at the peace idea, and says:

The moment the present war comes to an end, preparation will have to begin for the next war, not only by armaments, but also by the storage of grain and raw materials on a scale hitherto undreamed of. The system of fortified trenches will become a permanent institution.

The semi-official Cologne Volkszeitung says:

We are entitled to a thumping war indemnity and we do not care who pays it. These states which have sacrificed immense sums will be unable to pay it.

Therefore, America, which has earned thousands of millions through armaments and supplies, will have to unbutton its pockets. The semi-official Taegliche Rundschau of Berlin quotes the proverb, "Hold tight what you have and take what you can get" as the maxim of Germany and the "whole peace program of the German people," continuing:

Therefore, immediately peace is concluded, the German authorities, without troubling themselves about agreements and conventions, when those are found to hamper the national requirements, must devote themselves wholeheartedly to the policy of "take."

The Hamburg Fremdenblatt echoes these sentiments and says:

First of all, however, we must assure our preponderance in Europe. That accomplished, we shall urge our authorities to establish by any and every means within their power and without the slightest regard or consideration for anybody, our dominion over the seas.

To provide soldiers for the next war, German widows are ordered to marry, so their children may fight in the future. The Crefeld General Anzeiger, in a recent issue, contains the following astounding statement:

There are more than a million war widows in Germany. They cannot be allowed to remain widows for two reasons. In the first place, the empire looks to them to provide an army for Germany's future defense, and in the next place, many of them are attending to the business of their late husbands without possessing the necessary knowledge.

All the widows must, therefore, get married at once, and preferably to wounded or otherwise unfit soldiers. They may rest assured that the national committee for the remarriage of war widows will handle the business with the requisite discretion. The committee will pay special attention to men in the hospitals, and will insert anonymous advertisements in the papers generally read by war widows.

It may be added that the utilization of crippled soldiers and war-stricken women in the interests of the empire's future wars has the cordial approval of our great Hindenburg.

Space forbids reproduction of countless other German quotations showing the sham character of German peace efforts, justifying the president's declaration that no peace is possible with the present German government. It is up to the United States to carry out the grim task of making permanent peace a possibility by destroying a government that knows neither right, justice nor mercy, by superior armed might—the only language Germans understand or respect.

WHAT WOMEN OF OREGON CAN DO TO HELP WIN THE WAR

Mrs. Jennie Kempf, state president of the W. C. T. U., spoke at the library Thursday afternoon to a representative of the small audience on "What Women of Oregon Can Do to Help Win This War." Mrs. Kempf is an easy, interesting speaker, and after explaining her historic filets scarf made during the 1917 session of our state legislature, she swung abruptly into the subject which is of such vital interest to her and hundreds of other women—Oregon's part in winning this war.

She said that Oregon has been at the front in every phase of the war preparations and now the women must rally and see to it that Oregon leads in this matter of registration of women. Sept. 15 has been set aside as registration day and it is the privilege and duty of every woman 16 years of age or older to register. Cards will be distributed and places of registering will be announced later.

Up to the Women.

Mrs. Kempf urges that all clubs and other organizations be continued as usual for we will need this work more than ever when the war is over and now thru them much good can be done. Women must do more than anyone else to aid in food increase and food conservation. Men provide but women are responsible for care and preparation of all foods, sugar, wheat, fats and meats must be saved for our armies. More money is needed for the hospital fund—the government is doing wonderfully well but our sick boys need extras and a fund must be kept on hand in Portland to supply these immediate needs.

Mrs. Kempf then produced various samples and urged each one to do her bit. The following suggestive list was given:

Need at the Front.

- 18-inch square handkerchiefs, made from any soft muslin. 15x22-inch tray cloths, made from old table cloths. 14-inch square napkins, made from old table cloths. 10-inch square wash cloths, made from old towels or bedspreads. These must all be large enough to be required size after being hemmed. Sox, made very large, from old bath robes or blankets, with tape run in top. Shoulder straps made from 2-yard strips of outing flannels—hem ends, cut down 6 inches from center of one side, fold these corners back and stitch down. Sew laps at neck thus formed. Opposite corners are then turned back 9 inches, stitched and tapes sewed on to form cuff.

Bandages Needed.

- Many-tailed arm and leg bandages cut 6 pieces unbleached muslin 4x30 inches. Lap second piece over first half way and stitch for 5 inches thru center; lay third on second and stitch, etc. Gun wiper, 2x2 1/2-inch pieces of outing flannel; string 100 on string. Hemmed flour and sugar sacks for dish towels. Horsewipes, 4x12 1/2 inches, made of khaki and bound with blue, red, yellow or maroon to denote service and equipped to meet the needs of a man and to fit pocket comfortably. Comfort bags for sailors, made from 12 1/2x25-inch strips of blue denim and fastened with draw string equipped also.

Patterns for any of the above may be obtained at local Red Cross rooms and finished articles may be left there to be shipped with other supplies. Should anyone desire to send articles directly to Portland, address them to W. C. T. U. headquarters, 310 Selling Bldg., Portland, Oregon.

Woolen socks are greatly needed and women are urged to knit them if preference to other articles now.

ESCAPED OREGON CONVICT IS AGAIN IN BAD

SALEM, Sept. 7.—George Kemp, an escaped convict from the Oregon penitentiary, has been convicted in Seattle for passing bad checks, according to information received by State Parole Officer Keller here today. It is said that Kemp's case may come under the third offense law of Washington, which provides a life sentence penalty. After escaping from the Oregon prison Kemp went to Bremerton, where he enlisted in the navy. He deserted the next day and was married in Seattle.

BELL-ANS Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

ESTERLY BUYS LOGAN PLACER MINE AT WALDO

One of the most important mining deals in the history of southern Oregon has been consummated within the last day or two in the sale of the famous Logan placer mine, situated on the Grants Pass-Crescent City road, about two miles northwest of Waldo, to George M. Esterly and associates of Seattle. The purchase price is \$140,000.

An option on the property was taken by Mr. Esterly about ten months ago. Since that time an immense amount of sampling has been done, the first pits, numbering over 100, being put down and sampled by Lewis Lavensaler, representing Mr. Esterly and associates. The average value of the ground as disclosed by this extensive sampling has not been announced, but the fact that the parties want the option by the terms of which final payment on the property need not be made till December, 1918, and are closing it by final payment at this time, indicates their satisfaction with the showing made.

On Larger Scale.

The change in ownership means that the property will be operated on a considerably larger scale than heretofore. The problem in this district is the water supply. The Logan mine owns practically all the available water. The new owners intend enlarging the ditches and expect to increase very materially the yardage handled annually. As the property has netted nearly \$10,000 annually, Mr. Esterly's plans which consummated mean that the property will be a very large producer.

The mine is one of the oldest in the state. It was in operation before there was even a village on the present site of Grants Pass. In the early days, supplies were brought in and the mine output was shipped by way of Crescent City. Its early history is contemporaneous with the gold rush to Jacksonville, where \$38,000,000 of placer output was recorded by the Wells-Fargo Express company within a few years.

Small Percentage Worked.

James Logan, the seller of the property, and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Simmons, who formerly owned the property and has lived on the ground for nearly half a century, have operated the property for many years. Only about 2 per cent of the placer ground in the Logan ownership has been worked up. The remainder shows by extensive sampling gold content equal to that of the ground worked over.—Grants Pass Courier.

JOFFRE REVIEWS SCENE OF VICTORY

PERE-CHAMPENOIS, France, Sept. 7.—Marshal Joffre yesterday reviewed the scene of his triumph of three years ago, when he turned back the Germans at the Marne. Escorted by other heroes of the battle of the Marne, the marshal traversed the now historic ground from the heights of Pere-Champenois to Mondement, and reviewed the scene of the valor of the French troops, of which this was the third anniversary.

The party was composed of President Poincare, Generals Foch, Petain, Fayolle, and others; and Premier Ribot, Minister of War and Marine Pallevue, Minister of Public Instructions Steke, and many other men connected with state and army life. The only speeches were delivered by President Poincare, Premier Ribot and General Foch. It was distinctly a Joffre day, with General Foch coming in for second honors from the people that lined the roads and the village streets.

you can afford to buy LESLIE SALT and enjoy the luxury of the fine free running salt flowing from the convenient-side spout....

JOHN A. PERL UNDERTAKER Lady Assistant. 28 SOUTH BARTLETT. Phone M. 47 and 47-J-2. Automobile Hears Service. Ambulance Service. Coronet.

WALDO COPPER MINE PURCHASED BY TWOHY BROS.

The Waldo Copper mine, about two miles distant from Waldo, and which adjoins the Queen of Bronze mine, has been purchased for \$435,000 from DeWitt Van Ostrand, of Phillips, Wis., and Dr. J. F. Reddy and A. H. Gunnell of Grants Pass, by the American Exploration company of Grants Pass, a Twohy brothers' concern, of which John Hampshire is president, according to a statement made in Medford by Dr. J. F. Reddy on Friday.

The Waldo copper mine has been in operation about 12 years, but for only the last two years has it been extensively and efficiently worked with modern mining machinery. During the first decade after its operation began only primitive mining methods were employed, it is said. In its dozen years' operation, about \$300,000 in copper ore has been produced by the Waldo, mining men assert.

TAPESTRIES USED AS SANDBAGS BY TURKS

GENEVA, Switzerland, Sept. 7.—Women's veils and the tapestries of private homes are to be utilized in the Holy Land for the manufacture of sandbags for the Turkish trenches according to the Constantinople correspondent of the Geneva Tribune.

The Turkish authorities in Palestine and Syria have informed the local officers of Bevruth and other towns, the correspondent says, that 1,500,000 sandbags are required in the trenches at once for defensive purposes. Inasmuch as sacks and cotton cloths are lacking, "all silks and tapestries" in dwellings are being used.

GIRLS! MAKE A BEAUTY LOTION WITH LEMONS

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter-pint of the most wonderful, lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoother and beautifier. Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It should naturally help to whiten, soften, freshen and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is truly marvelous to smoothen rough red hands.

Ladies with Cinderella feet can buy \$1.00 Oxfords at

\$1.00 a pair

SCHMIDT'S "Good Shoes" You better hurry. Good things go quick.

STAR MEAT MARKET

NOTE THESE PRICES Round Steak, lb. 20c Sirloin Steak, lb. 20c T-Bone Steak, lb. 20c Pot Roast, lb. 15c Beef Stew, lb. 12 1/2c ALL OTHER PRICES REDUCED. CASH MARKET WE DELIVER.

ing commandeered, and soldiers in Syria have been told by their superiors they may remove the veils from any women whom they may encounter in the streets.

"Gets-It," 2 Drops, Gorns Peel Off!

For 25 Cents Peel Off 25 Corns.



"It Will Come Off in One Complete Piece" right now—free yourself at once from all corn misery. It will peel off painlessly in one complete piece, any corn, old or young, hard or soft, or between the toes, any callus, or any corn that has resisted everything else you have ever used. Off it comes like magic. Guaranteed. All you need is 2 or 3 drops of "Gets-It," that's all. "Gets-It" is the only safe way in the world to treat a corn or callus. It's the sure way—the way that never fails. It is tried and true—used by millions. Never irritates the flesh or makes the toes sore. It always works; peels-corns-off-like-a-banana-skin. 25c a bottle in all drug stores, or sent on receipt of price by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Sold in Medford and recommended as the world's best corn remedy, by Medford Pharmacy, Heath's Drug store, Strang's Drug store, Leon B. Haskins.

MADE IN MEDFORD SUITS KLEIN FOR KLOTHES

TO ORDER \$25.00 UP Also Cleaning, Pressing and Altering 128 E. MAIN, UPSTAIRS

GIM CHUNG China Herb Store

Herb cure for earache, headache, catarrh, diphtheria, sore throat, lung trouble, kidney trouble, stomach trouble, heart trouble, chills and fever, cramps, coughs, poor circulation, carbuncles, tumors, caked breast, cures all kinds of gonorrhea. NO OPERATION.

Medford, Oregon, Jan. 18, 1917

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: This is to certify that I, the undersigned, had very severe stomach trouble and had been bothered for several years and last August was not expected to live, and hearing of Gim Chung (whose Herb Store is at 241 South Front street in Medford) I decided to get herbs for my stomach trouble, and I started to feeling better as soon as I used them, and today am a well man and can heartily recommend anyone afflicted as I was to see Gim Chung and try his Herbs. (Signed) W. R. JOHNSON, Witnesses: M. A. Anderson, Medford, S. B. Holmes, Eagle Point, Frank Lewis, Eagle Point, Wm. Lewis, Eagle Point, W. L. Childreth, Eagle Point, C. E. Moore, Eagle Point, J. V. McIntyre, Eagle Point, Geo. B. Von der Hellen, Eagle Point, Thos. E. Nichols, Eagle Point.

Evade the hot weather. Dine at the Portland this Sunday. Sunday Dinner, \$1 With Music The Portland Generation of hotel leadership

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Negatives Made any time or place by appointment.

Phone 147-J. We'll do the rest. J. B. PALMER.