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RUMOR KAISER HAS ABDICATED THRONE

REICHSTAG IN UPROAR WITH THE CROWN

Germany's Internal Crisis Overshadows Military Operations—Peace Clamor is Growing—Russian Armies Still Sweeping Onward—Von Hindenburg and Ludendorff Summoned to Berlin—Quiet on Franco-Belgian Front.

Germany's serious internal crisis overshadowed the pending military operations in the news of the day.

The reports from Berlin show that the reichstag has gone on strike against the crown and the military party, apparently in the interest of a parliamentary system of government.

There is even a rumor, although entirely unconfirmed, and little credited, that Emperor William has abdicated in favor of his sixth and favorite son, Prince Joachim.

A telegram from Berno, Switzerland, today reads as follows: "An official telegram from Berlin says that General Von Stein, the Prussian minister of war, has resigned."

The Prussian war office is in reality the imperial minister of war, performing the functions of that office for the empire. General Von Stein recently expired. The antagonism of the socialists by his pan-German activities opposing peace efforts.

Peace Clamor Growing. The peace clamor is growing both in Germany and Austria-Hungary. Part of the trouble between the reichstag and the governing class is over the government's persistent declaration to state Germany's peace terms on the basis of the non-annexation demanded by what now comprised a majority block in the reichstag.

The war credit bill is being held up by this majority until the political crisis is settled. But more serious yet is the decision of the members not even to meet meanwhile for discussion in regular session of its committee.

Apparently the crown prince is waging a fight for control on behalf of the militarists interests. Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg is under fire from the crown prince and his supporters, the chancellor seemingly being too liberally inclined to suit the heir to the throne.

Can't Stop Russians. On the military side, the situation continues to bear a most encouraging aspect for the formidable group of nations allied against the central powers, this generally being taken into consideration in dealing out with the situation in Berlin and Vienna.

The Russian revolutionary armies in Galicia are still sweeping forward. Apparently there is little to stop them pouring thru the breach in the lines in Eastern Galicia opened by General Korniloff. They are pushing on north of the Dnieper and west of the Lomnica and generally proving victors in the fighting going on along a 50-mile front.

On the Franco-Belgian front a waiting policy is being pursued by General Halg on the western line and General Pétain in the French section.

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PERSHING'S ARMY NOW IN TRAINING

PARIS, July 14.—The vanguard of the American troops who left on Thursday the seaport town where they have been encamped, arrived at their permanent camp today. The men went into training immediately.

Major General Sibert, who will be in command at the camp, lunched with General Pershing before his departure for the front. General Pershing will follow later.

JAIL 16 MILITANT SUFFRAGETTES AT NATION'S CAPITOL

Police Interfere While Party Attempt to Stage Picketing Demonstration at White House on Anniversary of Fall of Bastille—"Liberty" Inscribed on Banners.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—Sixteen suffragists of the women's party, attempting to stage a picketing demonstration at the white house gates today in celebration of the anniversary of the fall of the bastille, were promptly arrested and taken to jail.

Six suffragists, first group of a three section attempt to picket the white house gates, were arrested today upon their arrival at the east gate.

Crowds Cheer and Hiss. Cheers and hisses from a crowd of several hundred people gathered for the show greeted the police as they escorted the women to automobiles awaiting to take them to the police station. First the officers made a vain attempt to persuade the suffragists to move on.

There was no disorder, the crowd of about a thousand people contenting itself with hooting and jeering as the police escorted the women away.

"Liberty" Inscribed on Banners. The banners carried by the women bore various inscriptions, including the motto of the French revolution, "liberty, equality, fraternity."

Among those arrested were Mrs. Beatrice Reynolds Kinkaid, Mount View, Cal., Miss Ann Martin, Reno, Nev., and Mrs. Doris Stevens, Omaha.

Each of the women gave \$25 bail at the police station to appear Monday for trial on the charge of impeding traffic.

BOGUS CENSORS WOULD USE FORCE IF COMPELLED TO

DOUGLAS, Ariz., July 14.—It became known today that the leaders of the armed citizens, who had charge of the deportation of 1200 striking copper miners and their sympathizers from Bisbee, would have resorted to violence to enforce censorship if correspondents had forced thru their dispatches concerning deportations after Robert Rae, general auditor of the Phelps-Dodge corporation and H. H. Stout, smelter superintendent for the corporation, issued their censorship orders to the local manager of the Western Union Telegraph company.

This was the statement of H. H. Stout, who directed the censorship as well as preparations in Douglas for the Bisbee deportations.

Stout, after the censorship was exposed as an arbitrary civilian affair, said that if the correspondents had forced thru his dispatches during the censorship, which extended from 6 o'clock Thursday morning until 4 that afternoon, he "would have been taken out within five minutes, knocked in the head or otherwise restricted" from getting news of the proceedings.

The Western Union manager would have been similarly dealt with if he had violated the censorship orders, according to Stout.

Stout and Rae Thursday night, after the character of their censorship became known and it was established that the military authorities had nothing to do with it, said they had received orders for the censorship from the "sheriff's office," but Sheriff Harry Wheeler says he issued no such order and that none of his deputies had authority to do so.

THE JONAH



INDICT BERKMAN FOR MURDER IN THE BOMB PLOT

SAN FRANCISCO, July 14.—Alexander Berkman, anarchist, was indicted by the county grand jury here last night for murder in connection with a bomb explosion here last July which claimed ten lives, it became known early today.

Berkman is alleged to have taken a leading part in the conspiracy which the state charges culminated in the explosion.

Mrs. Rena Mooney is on trial here for one of the bomb murders and her husband, Thomas J. Mooney, and Warren K. Billings, involved in the same cases, are under sentences of death and life imprisonment, respectively, for murder.

Berkman, who is now serving a term of two years in the federal prison at Atlanta, Georgia, for conspiracy to defeat the draft law, published an anarchist paper called "The Blast" in San Francisco about the time of the explosion. Editorials from this pamphlet have been admitted as evidence in the trials of the Mooneys.

District Attorney Charles M. Fickert said that every effort will be made to bring Berkman here for trial before the expiration of his sentence.

MOBILIZATION OF CHURCHES FOR WAR'S BIG TASK

By MILTON BRONNER.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—"While fighting for the liberty of the world, America must not lose the hard-fought liberties we have won at home—the short hour working day, the six-day week, the special hour day for women workers and the restrictions upon child labor. That is one of the important places where the churches of America come in strong. It will be part of their job to see that no retrograde measures are passed."

I had asked what war work the American churches were doing and going to do, putting the question to Rev. Worth M. Tippy, secretary of the social service commission of the federal council of churches of Christ in America.

He pointed out how some New York legislators had attempted to pass statutes to nullify child labor laws and aid the big canning industries.

"We have a mailing list by which we can send letters to 140,000 pastors and reach millions of the Protestant population of the country. We have already used this tremendous machinery for war work—by boosting the membership in the Red Cross, by urging subscriptions to the Liberty loan and the \$100,000,000 Red Cross fund, and by aiding in the Hoover food conservation plan."

"We will use the same machinery if in any state an attempt is made to break down our social service labor laws. We are using it in attempting to keep intact the great philanthropic agencies, the hospitals, homes for the aged, etc., which are apt to be neglected during wartime when the cost of living is high and taxes are going up. Thru our church organization we have thousands of women engaged in making Red Cross hospital supplies."

"We are preparing a war manual for the guidance of pastors, showing them how they can be of service to families of soldiers at the front or who have been killed in action. One of the biggest things we are doing at present is to organize the churches in the cantonment districts to preserve for our boys as much as possible of home and church influence. We expect to send volunteer chaplains to all training camps. We hope to do our part in providing clean amusements for the men."

"There will be many more tasks we can accomplish as the war advances"

CHINA REPUBLIC IS RESTORED BY REBELS' DEFEAT

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The occupation of Peking by the republican forces, following the surrender at Fung Tai Thursday of the monarchist army of ten thousand men, indicates the complete restoration of the republic, the Chinese legation here declared today.

Prior to the battle of Fung Tai, the Manchus were urged to lay down their arms, but General Chang Hsun refused. The engagement starting early Thursday morning, resulted in a decisive victory for the republican troops, dispatches to the legation announced.

Order in the capital was restored with few casualties. The advisers said that two foreign civilians and four foreign soldiers who ventured to the firing line were slightly wounded. Chang Hsun who led the revolt of the imperialists has taken refuge in the Dutch legation in order to obtain safe conduct out of the country. Premier Tuan Chi Jui will establish republican headquarters in Peking immediately, it was said.

Three Americans were wounded by stray bullets the state department announced today, in the ten hours fighting in which Chinese republican troops forced the surrender of the monarchist troops of General Chang Hsun.

WEALTHY HONOLULANS TOURING IN UNIQUE CAR

Blazing an automobile trail from the Pacific coast to New York City via Vancouver, B. C., Portland, Medford, San Francisco, Ogden, Omaha and Chicago, E. H. Lewis, a wealthy pioneer resident of the Hawaiian Islands accompanied by Mrs. Lewis and by Mr. and Mrs. J. Noble Prentiss, also of Honolulu, was in Medford Saturday.

To make his tour unique, Lewis, on his westward trip, will follow the old Santa Fe trail back to California, embarking for Honolulu at the Golden Gate. Lewis' big Pierce-Arrow car, which looks at first glance as large as a standard sleeper, is decorated with Hawaiian pennants and carries the Hawaiian flag, which formerly was the flag of the old Hawaiian monarchy and later of the republic of Hawaii, and is the symbol of the American territory.

Lewis is carrying letters from Mayor Lane of Honolulu to the mayors of Portland, Medford and San Francisco and other important intermediate cities along the route.

I.W.W. ACTIVITIES CLOSE THIRTEEN LOGGING CAMPS

Operators Promptly Close Mills Tho But Small Proportion of Men Employed Either Struck or Were Members of Industria IWorkers—Idaho Trouble Brewing.

ABERDEEN, Wn., July 14.—Thirteen logging camps west of Hoquiam in Grays Harbor county were closed this morning as a result of walkouts following a strike call issued last night by the Industrial Workers of the World. Only a proportion of the men in each camp responded to the call, but in each instance the operators promptly closed the camps with the result that hundreds of men who did not strike are out of employment.

At 10 o'clock this morning a review of the situation showed a total of 1170 out today in the camps, of which not more than 500 are strikers. The operators decided to close the camps to avoid possible trouble.

In addition to these camps, two were closed earlier in the week, one when the men demanded a 50-cent raise, which was granted to some workers and not to others, and the one yesterday morning when the manager lined up his men and told them that in view of anticipated trouble wages and hours would remain the same and that those who cared to quit could do so at once. As a result 20 out of 50 asked for their time and the camp was closed.

Another Strike Call Issued. No mills up to 10 o'clock had been affected by the strike order. The total number of men employed in the camps of the county is about 3000 and in the mills 5400.

The International Timber Workers union, which has applied for a charter in the American Federation of Labor, issued a strike call last night effective Monday. How many workers belong to this organization, which has made common cause with the shingle weavers union, which has issued a strike call for Monday, is not known. The Industrial Workers made no demands; their members simply walked out.

The timber workers have demanded an eight hour day in the mills and nine hours in the camps; time to be reckoned from the time the men leave the bunk house until they return.

The camps and mills now work on a ten hour basis.

Idaho Trouble Brewing. MOSCOW, Idaho, July 14.—Sheriffs of ten northern Idaho counties and two Washington counties together with Governor Alexander of Idaho and farmers of northern Idaho began a conference here today to consider a system of harvesting the grain and fruit crops. The sheriffs called the meeting after it had been reported to them that Industrial Workers of the World had threatened to interfere with the harvests.

TACOMA STREET CAR MEN VOTE TO STRIKE

TACOMA, Wn., July 14.—Street car motormen and conductors and employes on other branches of the Tacoma Railway and Power company's line voted at 4 o'clock this morning to strike Monday morning unless their requests to Manager Bean are granted before that time. The men demand the reinstatement of six street car men and one electrician who were discharged recently it is said because of their activity with organization work. Manager Bean has promised a reply Sunday evening.

British Transport Sunk. LONDON, July 14.—The British transport Armadal has been sunk by a submarine. It is officially announced. The Armadal was a merchant steamer of 6153 tons gross, 395 feet long, built in 1909 at Glasgow.

I.W.W. EXILES ARE GUARDED BY SOLDIERS

Horde of Deported Men Under Protection of Government Troops Camped Under Burning Sun of Columbus, N. M.—Taken in Special Train by Soldiers—Much Suffering Reported—Men Are Not Considered Prisoners.

COLUMBUS, N. M., July 14.—Along the same trail on which General Pershing pursued Francisco Villa into Mexico in March, 1916, the horde of deported men from Bisbee marched at noon today to the site of the Mexican and Chinese refugee camp which General Pershing established on the "plains of death" between Columbus and the international line.

The exiles went into camp under a burning sun without more shade than the small grass weed and mesquite brush afforded. Many were completely exhausted from 60 hours on board the deportation train. Much suffering was reported among the older men and the physically unfit. The men wore handkerchiefs over their heads to prevent sunstrokes.

Soldiers Protect Refugees. The deported men now are under the protection of the government. Colonel Holbrook was relieved from their care today by Colonel H. G. Sichel, commander of this district, who threw a heavy guard around the camp, refusing permission to friends from Bisbee to communicate with them.

The deported men say they expect to return to Bisbee soon under protection of federal troops, but preparations are being made here to establish a permanent camp on the site of the old Mexican refugee camp.

Attorney Cleary, one of the deportees, said he would wire former Governor Hunt:

"We demand to be returned to Bisbee, protected by United States troops as many of us have business there and others homes and families."

Fears of a Clash. Members of the automobile party of friends from Bisbee say they fear a clash between the local forces and the soldiers if those deported are returned now. They also say some strike leaders not caught Thursday were ordered to get out of town within two hours while others were put in jail.

Billy Robinson, shift boss at the Junction mine, a member of the automobile party, made a short talk to the deported men, inside the picket line today. He said:

"Uncle Sam is going to talk to them people about your cases."

Marched in Squads. The deported men marched to the camp site in squads of 200 under command of non-commissioned officers of the cavalry regiments stationed here excepting the negro troops, which were ordered not to guard the white men.

Altho the majority of the men wish to return to Bisbee as soon as possible because their families' property, non-

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COAL DISCOVERED ON ALASKA RAILROAD

SEWARD, Alaska, July 14.—A 4-foot seam of coal, eight feet below the surface and only 20 feet from the main line of the United States railroad has been discovered at Mile 161, sixteen miles nearer Seward than the deposit which is being developed at Chickeloon.

The discovery was made by G. Glaninnal, a station contractor, who was driving a tap tunnel to secure rock for a fill. This is the first coal discovered on the main line.