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ALLIES PREPARE RESUMPTION OF WESTERN DRIVE

British Advance Line at Ypres Canal—Russians Repel Attacks on Advanced Positions—Offensive North of Arras Predicted by Prussian War Minister.

FRENCH FRONT IN FRANCE, Wednesday, July 4 (by the Associated Press).—After their strongest offensive effort since Verdun, the Germans found themselves today thrown back everywhere along an eleven-mile front on the Chemin Des Dances, leaving the ground thickly strewn with their dead and having failed to take even one French soldier prisoner.

The French lines remained intact and the French commanding general who watched the operations throughout from the front trenches was able to declare tonight that not a single yard of territory had been lost.

The Germans came forward everywhere in the closest formation and in successive waves, preceded by the famous "shock" troops, who were mown down.

LONDON, July 5.—The British made an attack last night southwest of Hallebeke, in Belgium, near the Ypres canal. Today's official statement says the British line was advanced on a front of 600 yards and several prisoners captured.

PETROGRAD, July 5.—Austro-German forces in Galicia yesterday attacked the Russian advanced positions east of Brozany, but were driven off by the Russian artillery fire, the war office announced today.

Prepare Offensive.

With Russia proving that her army, now rehabilitated, can strike telling blows again, the entente forces apparently are preparing to resume the forward movement on the western front.

That the British blow will fall north of Arras is the German expectation, according to General Von Stein, the Prussian minister of war. He told a German reichstag committee yesterday that General Haig apparently was preparing for an offensive on a large scale in this area.

General Pétain, on the French front, is bending his efforts toward retaining intact all the commanding positions his troops now occupy. The latest German attempt to wrest control of an important sector on the Aisne from him not only came to naught with exceptionally heavy German losses, but the French in their reaction took a salient near Cerny from the Germans.

German Report.

BERLIN, July 5.—There was little fighting activity yesterday in eastern Galicia, where the Russians have been conducting an offensive, says the official statement issued today by the German war office. On the fronts defended by Field Marshal Von Mackensen and Aelidnick Joseph in Rumania, more local activity was reported.

NUMBERS GIVEN REGISTERED MEN

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Exemption boards which will administer the selection of the draft have begun giving serial numbers to the men who were registered on June 5.

RUSSIA ABOLISHES DECORATIVE ORDERS EXCEPT FOR WAR

PETROGRAD, July 5.—The government today abolished all decorative orders except those awarded for service of distinction in war.

TROOPS SENT TO PRESERVE ORDER ARIZONA STRIKE

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Senator Ashurst of Arizona today received a telegram from three mining companies at Clifton, Ariz., requesting that government troops be sent there to deal with the miners' strike. A government investigation also was urged.

PHOENIX, Ariz., July 5.—A long-distance message received this morning by Attorney General Hugh E. Jones from County Attorney Hugh M. Foster at Globe, stated that the situation is entirely beyond local control and that United States troops from Douglas have been ordered to the scene.

In his message to Attorney General Jones, County Attorney Foster stated that he and twenty-five police officers have been compelled to sleep in the federal building with their clothes on several nights. There are at least 3000 strikers with arms, he stated, and the strike armed force of citizen deputies is about 300.

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HANG GERMAN SPIES SAYS CHAMBERLAIN

WASHINGTON, July 5.—"Hang the German spies without ceremony." This was the demand of Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the senate military committee. Simultaneously, he declared he had no doubt that spies in governmental departments in Washington are constantly sending information to Berlin.

Following revelations that German army and navy headquarters are getting a steady flow of military secrets from the United States, as evidenced by Berlin's war moves and publications in German newspapers, opinion in Washington resolved itself to a concerted demand for exposure and execution of enemy agents.

That mandate went forth today from war and navy heads in the midst of a nation's rejoicing over America's victory in her first battle of the war.

Secret agents of this nation were put at work in the most thorough search for the spies yet undertaken.

That the attack, made possible by the spy system, failed, was due only to Admiral Gleaves destroyers which beat off the double nest of submarines lurking at two points on the trail of the France-bound troops and their convoys.

RAID ON ANARCHISTS MEETS SLAV APPROVAL

PETROGRAD, July 5.—A vote of confidence in the government was adopted unanimously by the council of soldiers' and workmen's deputies on the occasion of the raid by government forces on the villa of the former Minister Durovov which since the revolution had been the headquarters of anarchists.

FRANCE HONORS UNITED STATES IN CELEBRATION

Paris Holds Fourth of July Celebration—American Troops Receive Wild Ovation From Cheering populace—Battalion Goes to Permanent American Training Camp.

PARIS, July 5.—The battalion of American troops which paraded in Paris yesterday has gone to the permanent American training camp. The other units of the first expeditionary force which are now at a French port will leave shortly for camp instruction.

It is expected the entire expedition will be completed by July 15. Major General William L. Sibert will command the camp.

PARIS, July 4 (delayed).—When the 230th regiment of French territorialists with its band escorted the battalion picked from the regiments of United States infantry into the court of honor as a part of the Independence day celebration, the court, the arcades and the corridors of the Invalides resounded with the prolonged acclamation of the company of massed spectators that left just room enough for the train to form a hollow square.

Pershing and Poincare.

Standing in the center were descendants of soldiers of the American revolutions with banners in United States colors and the colors of a major general of the United States army—a flag of red ground with two silver stars—embroidered by French women.

Alongside was a delegation from the city, the nearest city to the birthplace of General La Fayette, carrying a lace adorned flag to be presented to the American troops.

The head of every spectator was uncovered precisely at 9 o'clock, when the American band struck up the "Marseillaise." The simultaneous appearance of President Poincare, General Pershing, General Joffre, American Ambassador Sharp and other dignitaries at the entrance of the building was the signal for tremendous cheering, which continued until the official party passed the review.

Flag Presentation.

Hats were off again and impressive silence prevailed when the banners and flags were presented to the American troops. General Pershing was grave and apparently moved. General Noix, governor of the Invalides, received the flag of the American foreign legion for the war museum.

The colonel commanding the American battalion advanced and saluted President Poincare. The bands began playing and the cheering broke out again as President Poincare shook hands with the members of the official party as the troops began to file out of the court of honor.

An airplane circling a few hundred feet overhead followed the line of march some distance. Thousands of French soldiers on leave from the front were among the masses of people along the route. Hundreds of people left the sidewalks and rushed forward to shake hands with the American troopers. Other hundreds of French soldiers in trench work uniforms, stained and dingy, joined the marching troops on either side in columns and continued for miles. Some of them wore bandages on their heads and others had their arms in slings from recent wounds. Children ran forward, throwing flowers.

(Continued on Page Four.)

GREEK KING WILL RECEIVE ARMY CHIEFS

ATHENS, July 5.—It is announced that General Haralambis, who was war minister in the cabinet of Premier Zaimis, will be appointed chief of the general staff. The officers of the national defense army will be received by King Alexander on Thursday.

Prince Nicholas, brother of former King Constantine, and his family have sailed for Italy on the yacht Amphitrite.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE PANJWIN IN RENEWAL MESOPOTAMIA DRIVE

PETROGRAD, July 5.—The Turkish troops that were forced out of Panjwin, on the Mesopotamian front, by the Russian occupation, reported yesterday, have retired to positions on heights west and south of the town, where the Russians are attacking them, the war office announced today.

LITTLE REICHSTAG MEMBERS DIFFER OVER PEACE OFFER

COPENHAGEN, July 5.—The Berlin Socialist organ Voerwaerts in its independent report yesterday's proceedings in the Little Reichstag says representatives of various parties expressed divergent views on the peace question, which was also discussed by the committee. Herr Ebert said the government could have peace without annexations and indemnities to all opponents and abandon separate overtures to Russia.

Herr Erzberger said the formula of the Russian council of deputies was impossible and impractical. He warned the government representatives against awakening false optimism by their statements.

Herr Von Payer said that further peace offers were harmful and tend to defeat the German object. The only thing to do, he said, was to hold out, meantime bolstering public sentiment by immediately beginning the work of democratizing the country.

Such demagogues of the "Little Reichstag" and the debate in the Saxon diet threatening revolution unless reform is immediately undertaken are rather unpleasant preliminaries to the reichstag meeting tomorrow morning.

A measure giving additional representations to a number of overgrown urban industrial reichstag districts probably will be submitted to the reichstag. Party leaders during a conference on Monday with Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg obtained from the government an agreement that this so-called minor reform program would be immediately taken up. A committee yesterday began preparing a report thereon for immediate presentation to the reichstag. Other reforms still slumber.

SEEK TO LOCATE ARMY OF SPIES IN GERMAN SERVICE

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Officials who for obvious reasons cannot be quoted declared today that if the government's activities against German spies in the United States could be published, the news would startle the world.

While not admitting they are convinced that the spy system was entirely responsible for the massed submarine attack on the transports of General Pershing's expedition, it was said that the combined forces of the state, war, navy and justice departments were working in cohesion and systematically unearthing information of an amazing character and of great value to the government.

It was pointed out that even with the strictest censorship of mails, cables and press, the European allies have not been able to meet the situation. The problem is of far greater magnitude in this country with thousands of aliens, an immense border and countless possible means of outside communication.

Secret service operations, necessarily carried on under cover, are given little or no publicity and this fact, officials say, gives rise to a surmise that little has been accomplished.

DELAY CLOTURE FOR AGREEMENT ON FOOD BILL

Administration Leaders Continue Efforts to Secure Compromise Satisfaction to All Factions—New Dry Amendment Provides for Wine Making This Year Only.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—With a resort to the cloture rule threatened, the senate by unanimous consent late today agreed to begin consideration of the prohibition sections and of any amendments or substitutes of the food bill at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon with debate limited.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Administration leaders today continued their efforts to reach an agreement on a time for a final vote on the food bill. It was believed a vote would be reached next week.

Senator Pomerene, the first speaker today, declared that the bill should unequivocally give the president power to commandeer coal mines when exorbitantly high prices made it necessary and in order to successfully prosecute the war. He said he had information that coal was held in railroad yards last winter while the supply was short to force up the prices.

A new prohibition amendment introduced today by Senator Groverland would prohibit use of any food materials or feeds in manufacture of alcoholic liquors and manufacture of the president to allow making of various liquors from perishable fruits only during the present year.

Following many conferences between the senate leaders today some prospects arose for an agreement for final votes upon prohibition and the entire bill without attempting cloture. Senator Chamberlain withheld his cloture motion while the leaders endeavored to patch up an agreement for disposition of the prohibition question next Monday and for a final vote on the bill and all amendments Tuesday.

EXPECT BRITISH ATTACK AT ARRAS

COPENHAGEN, July 5.—Lientenant General Von Stein, Prussian minister of war and state, told a committee of the German reichstag yesterday, according to dispatches reaching here, that a further British offensive was expected north of Arras, where Gen. Haig apparently is preparing operations on a large scale. The minister said the abandonment of the Saloniki campaign was improbable, but he regarded the Italian offensive on the Isonzo and in the Tyrol as scattered. His views on the Russian offensive are unreported, it is expressed.

QUIET PREVAILS IN EAST ST. LOUIS

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., July 5.—Resumption of work after the holiday was accomplished today without any indication of a renewal of race rioting.

A diminished number of negroes were on the streets returning to work, but hundreds have left town, and some of the big plants admitted that output would be curtailed thereby to some extent. Militiamen were everywhere and appeared to have the whole city adequately patrolled.

FILL UP ARMY WITH REGISTERED MEN

NEW YORK, July 5.—At United States army recruiting headquarters here it was said today that the ranks of the army, now about 47,000 men below war strength, would be filled by conscription. Such information came from Washington, it was asserted, and it was indicated that the drafting might begin within ten days.

RESUME CANNING OF NON-PERISHABLE FOOD PRODUCTS

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Canning of non-perishable food products, discontinued two months ago at the direction of the war can committee, has been resumed. The committee, comprising tin plate manufacturers, can makers, canners and government officials, announced today that the supply of cans now is ample for all food packing.

GERMAN U-BOATS CRUISING ABOUT AZORES ISLANDS

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Secretary Daniels announced today that the navy department had received information that German submarines were operating in the vicinity of the Azores islands. For military reasons, he said, no further information would be given out for publication.

Press dispatches from Ponta Delgada, in the Azores, yesterday told of the bombardment of that city at dawn by a German submarine. A little girl was killed and several persons injured. The forts replied to the submarine.

Another dispatch from Lisbon said the minister of marine had made an official announcement that an American transport joined in the firing on the German submarine which bombarded Ponta Delgada. The transport, he said, was discharging coal and aided the batteries in forcing the submarine to withdraw out of range. The submarine was still off the port, the announcement said.

BRITISH STEAMER SINKS A U-BOAT

AN ATLANTIC PORT, July 5.—Confidence that their gunners had added another victim to the list of German submarines sunk was expressed by the officers of a British liner which reached this port today. Attacked on the morning of June 26 by the U-boat which suddenly appeared about 500 yards off, the liner's course was promptly changed. Almost at the same instant the stern gun was fired and a shell sped toward the submarine. A column of black smoke spouted into the air and the U-boat sank under the waves, leading the observers to believe a hit had been scored.

ELEVEN MILLIONS OF FARM LOANS ASKED

WASHINGTON, July 5.—A total of \$11,661,995 in first mortgage loans to farmers at 5 per cent interest had been asked by the 230 farm loan associations, chartered by the federal farm loan board up to July 1. The loans are now being made thru the twelve federal land banks. Nearly \$100,000,000 more has been applied for by the twelve banks, but not yet approved.

A large volume of the loans is in Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, Kansas, Minnesota and Oklahoma.

CHINA SOURCE OF ANXIETY TO JAPAN

TOKYO, July 5.—Viscount Montono, foreign minister, interpolating the diet yesterday, said the restoration movement in China is causing anxiety in Japan, but as it concerns Chinese domestic politics, he believed peace in China would best be served by Japan remaining a spectator and refraining from interference at least for the present.

CHINA ON VERGE OF CIVIL WAR O'ER MONARCHY

Ultimatum Sent Chang Hsun by Tsao Kun to Withdraw From Peking Within Twenty-Four Hours—Former Premier Marshaling Troops to March Against Monarchists.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—Dr. Sun Yat Sen, who was the first president of the republic of China, has been appointed commander in chief of the naval forces of China provinces fighting for the preservation of the republic, according to cable advices received here today by the Chinese nationalist league. The same report states that senators opposing the Tsao Kun return to power have met in Nanking and decided on war, and that the southern army, loyal to democracy, have mobilized at Shanghai.

Tsao Kun Leads.

LONDON, July 5.—A dispatch from Tien Tsin, China, to the Morning Post says Tsao Kun, military governor of Chi Li, whose attitude hitherto has been dubious, has sent an ultimatum to General Chang Hsun, who restored the emperor, demanding that he withdraw from Peking within twenty-four hours. Tsao Kun is now mobilizing his forces. His action, it is considered, will endanger the chances of the monarchy.

Tuan Chi Jui, former premier, has reneged the post and is mobilizing 20,000 men in the province of Chan Tung to march against the monarchists.

Nine alleged traitors, including Prince Pu Lun, chairman of the council state, have been executed by Chang Hsun.

A dispatch from Shanghai says that the military commissioner of Shanghai and the military governor of the province of Chi Kiang refused to recognize the empire.

Premier Leads Revolt.

TIENTSIN, July 5.—Tuan Chi Jui, former premier, has issued an eloquent denunciation of the Manchukuo restoration, accusing General Chang Hsun, who played a leading part in the restoration, of overweening ambition and of committing crimes of inconceivable magnitude. Tuan Chi Jui conceived that the general was betraying the Manchus themselves, who were favorably situated, until he, Tuan Chi Jui, interfered. Tuan Chi Jui said he had intended to remain in retirement, but saw that the Manchus were being used as catpaws for brigandage. Now he calls on all provinces to put out every ounce of strength to save China from Chang Hsun.

Military Clash Impends.

TIENTSIN, July 5.—A military clash in China is imminent. The troops of Peking are showing signs of opposition to General Chang Hsun's dictatorship under the guise of monarchy. At the same time the troops of Tsao Kun, military governor of the province of Chi Li, are mobilizing and preparing to proceed to Peking.

Tsao Kun's action followed an ultimatum sent to General Chang Hsun giving him twenty-four hours to withdraw troops from Peking. General Chang Hsun took no notice of the demand.

Officials Executed.

Executions and imprisonment of prominent officials have resulted from the disturbed state of affairs. Treachery and opposition to the Manchukuo restoration are given as reasons for this action. Among those imprisoned was Wang Shi Chen, minister of war under the republic. The executions already number nine, among the most prominent being Prince Pu Lun, chairman of the council of state.

CALIFORNIA COMPLETES QUOTA OF RECRUITS

WASHINGTON, July 5.—California completed its quota of recruits for the regular army yesterday, making twelve states so far to have supplied the number of men allotted to them in the distribution of recruiting by population. Total recruiting yesterday was 1489, making a grand total of 137,918.