

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

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NO. 69

BRITISH RESUME TRENCH RAIDS 70 MILE FRONT

Offensive Indicated by Artillery Preparations North of Ypres—Sarrail Resumes Drive in Macedonia—Italians Capture Monte Ortigara—Germans Seize Greek Town.

The wiping out of the German salient at Messines appears merely to prelude to a projected battle of a far mightier destruction.

The British have resumed trench raids over a front reaching from the north of Ypres to as far south as Epehy, a distance of about seventy miles as the crow flies but far more than that along the tortuous winding battle front.

The official announcement of raids north of Ypres is of especial interest in view of the recent frequently reported heavy artillery fire on the Belgian front. From Ypres the allied front curves sharply to the sea and an advance here would threaten the German hold on their great submarine bases on the Belgian coast, Ostend and Zeebrugge.

In the meantime there are indications that General Sarrail is preparing to resume the offensive in Macedonia, the Bulgarian official announcement reporting a great increase in the violence of the allied artillery fire on this front.

British Begin Advance.

LONDON, June 11.—The British have made an additional advance south of Messines, the war office announced this morning.

The statement adds: "There was considerable artillery activity east of Epehy and south of Ypres. Bodies of hostile troops assembling in this area were dispersed by our fire. We made successful raids last night near La Bassée, east of Vernelles and south of Armentières."

PARIS, June 11.—There was active artillery fighting last night north of the Somme, the war office announces. A German raid west of Cerny was repulsed.

ROME, June 11.—The Italians have resumed the offensive, capturing Monte Ortigara, east of Oina Under, Ang's pass, the war office announced today.

Italians Occupy Town.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Occupation of Janina in northwestern Greece, near the Albanian frontier by Italian troops was a "military necessity," according to official dispatches received today from the Italian government. The occupation was necessitated, dispatches say, to guarantee stability of conditions in the occupied territory of Albania and to establish a shorter and safer route for Italian transports and supply ships across the Adriatic.

BERLIN, June 11.—There was considerable increase yesterday in the artillery activity in the sector of the dunes on the Belgian front near Nieuport and east of Ypres, army headquarters announce today.

SINN FEINERS KILL INSPECTOR

DUBLIN, June 11.—Police Inspector Mills was killed last night while preventing the holding of a meeting called to protest against the imprisonment of Irish rebels. Several Sinn Feiners were arrested.

Lieutenant-General Mahon, commander of the British forces in Ireland, had forbidden the holding of the meeting, but in spite of his order 2,000 persons gathered opposite Liberty hall. Count Plunkett, member of parliament and Sinn Feiner, who was arrested in connection with the revolt of last year and other equally defiant members of the Sinn Fein attended the meeting with the intention of speaking. Count Plunkett, Cathal Brugha, James Kenny, Rod Kelly and Martin Welsh were arrested.

While he was taking these men to jail Inspector Mills was struck with a stick or stone and knocked down. He died in a hospital early this morning. His assailant has not been arrested.

ENTOMBED MEN RESCUED FROM DEPTHS OF MINE

Ten Miners Found Alive on 2200 Foot Level, Using Cement Sacks for Bulwarks—25 Found on 2400 Foot Level—63 Bodies Recovered—Death List to Read 135.

BUTTE, Mont., June 11.—Ten miners have been found alive on the 2200 level of the Speculator mine. Helmet men have been in communication with them. These men using cement sacks and mine water bulkheads themselves in so thoroly that tools had to be brought to break thru their living tomb. The men are reported to be in good condition. Helmet men were sent to the surface for food for these men and for helmets for their use so they may be taken to the shaft in safety.

The first man brought out of the ten found alive is Martin Garrity. He was in good condition. The second man was unconscious. His name is not known. He was hurried to the hospital.

Gas Lisa and Joe Thomas came next. Both were conscious but in bad shape and were taken to the hospital.

Coroner Aenea Lane this morning stated that 63 bodies had been recovered from the Granite mountain shaft of the North Butte Copper Mining company as a result of Friday night's disaster. Fifty-three of these are identified. Ten are unidentified. The coroner stated that the death list will probably reach 135 and that it is expected there are still 72 bodies in the mine.

Group of 25 Found.

After all hope that any men would be rescued alive was given up early yesterday, the rescue workers were started by a signal from the 2400-foot level of the Speculator shaft, adjoining the Granite mountain. Helmet men quickly descended to the level and found a group of 25 men alive and in good physical condition. These were quickly hoisted to the surface. The men had entrenched themselves against the deadly gas in a small blind tunnel. With their clothes these men, under the instruction and leadership of Manus Duggan, a nipper, constructed a gas and smoke proof curtain which they hung at the entrance of the tunnel. They kept the gas out of their retreat for 36 hours. When the pangs of hunger and thirst drove them out of their safe retreat Duggan essayed to lead them to the shaft. Duggan became lost or overcome in groping his way to the shaft station and while all the men he saved have been rescued, the young hero has not been found.

Recovery Slow.

The work of recovering bodies is going forward slowly. The helmet men have not yet penetrated the lowest levels of the mine. Removal of bodies is progressing very slowly. A public morgue has been established at the mines and an order has been issued that no more bodies may be brought into the city because of the state of decomposition of many of those being recovered.

If Manus Duggan, hero of the disaster, returns from the tomb of the dead to the living, he will find that since the terrible disaster, he has become a father. At midnight on Friday, a few minutes after the fire broke out in the Granite mountain shaft, friends telephoned to the timekeeper at the mine asking that Duggan be sent home. His wife was being moved from their little home on Zareida street to the hospital. The timekeeper, still ignorant of the extent of the disaster replied that he would send the man home. The babe was born Saturday morning as the father was battling with 28 others against death. Every one of the men

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BRITAIN FOLLOWS U. S. LEAD TO RUSSIA

LONDON, June 11.—Great Britain has sent Russia a note in reply to the latter's request for a statement of British war aims. The note, although not made public, is stated to be in general agreement with President Wilson's note to Russia.

NORTHCLIFFE COMES TO AID UNITED STATES

New Head of British War Mission in America Here to Coordinate Work of Various Organizations—Expresses Appreciation of British People for American Cooperation.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 11.—Lord Northcliffe, on an errand to America to co-ordinate British activities here as a commercial representative of the British government, arrived in the United States today on an American steamer.

As virtual head of the British mission in this country, Lord Northcliffe, owner of the London Times and other English newspapers, comes, it is understood, to work along industrial and economic lines in the furtherance of his government's interests in America.

Lord Northcliffe issued the following statement:

"The war cabinet has designated me head of the British war mission to the United States and I have been instructed to try to co-ordinate the work of the various admirable British organizations already established here.

"I wish to express my very great personal pleasure at being again in America and to say that the whole British people have a profound sense of grateful appreciation of the magnificent welcome accorded Mr. Balfour and his assistants on the complete success of his mission."

SENATE STANDS PAT FOR NAVAL BASE

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Democratic Leader Martin declared in the senate today that naval recruits were being sent back to their homes because the government has no mobilization grounds and that sick men have died because they could not properly be quartered.

Senator Martin made his statement in opening the fight for the \$3,000,000 appropriation for a naval base at the old Jamestown exposition site, stricken from the war budget by the house.

The senate, after hearing Mr. Martin, voted 48 to 22, to insist on the appropriation. The war budget was then returned to the house for reconsideration.

NORWEGIAN SHIP SUNK BY U-BOAT

NEW YORK, June 11.—The Norwegian steamship Askild, a vessel of 2264 tons gross register, which departed April 5 with cargo for England was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine May 19 near the French coast, after leaving England for Africa, according to members of the crew who reached here today.

"We had time to take to the boats," Otto Berusen, one of the crew said, "and then we had a narrow escape from death by shell fire. A French destroyer came up and fired on the submarine and the submarine fired back. We were between both craft in small boats and shell fell all around us."

ARREST OF SLACKERS ORDERED FOR TONIGHT

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Orders for the arrest of every man between the ages of 21 and 30 inclusive who after 9 o'clock tonight cannot show a certificate of registration for war service was issued by the provost marshal general today.

RUTH LAW'S BOMBS GET LIBERTY BONDS



Ruth Law, American champion aviator, has been attacking towns in the Middle West by dropping "bombs," and gained more Liberty Loan bonds for the government. Miss Law, who is Mrs. Charles Oliver on land, is here shown in regulation army aviator's uniform, with her French trench coat, "Poilu." She wears a French service medal on her breast and the flying corps insignia on the collar. The aeroplane is a regulation Curtiss warplane.

KILTS TO REPLACE TROUSERS IN BRITAIN AS CIVILIAN DRESS

(Correspondence of the Associated Press.) LONDON, May 30.—Kilts may replace trousers for civilian dress. Their adoption is under serious consideration in many parts of England as a result of the government's advice that men should wear material of one hue to economize in dyes.

In support of kilts a government fashion expert says they dispense with the nuisance of pressing, and of their durability there can be no question, because Scottish families have passed one kilt from generation to generation.

Another argument advanced in favor of the kilt is the advice of physicians who say it is the ideal dress for boys, because it gives them the greatest warmth around the stomach and greater freedom than trousers. Many important newspapers have come out for the kilt. One of these, the Liverpool Post says:

"Certainly something should be done to abolish the hideous cylindrical bags in which we hide our legs today. Whoever saw a statue that looks dignified in trousers?"

The presence of thousands of Scot-

SPY OR TRAITOR DIVULGING FACTS CONCERNING NAVY

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Either a spy or a traitor has been divulging confidential information from the bureau of ordnance, Secretary Daniels today told the senate naval affairs committee.

When the committee today resumed investigation of the Mongolia shell accident, Senator Freylinghuysen produced letters which Secretary Daniels said contained information which only could have been obtained from the confidential files of the ordnance bureau. He asked to have them turned over to the secret service. Senator Freylinghuysen said he had no desire to shield anyone, that he had attempted to find out something about the author and could not.

Secretary Daniels contended that charges of incompetency were made in the letters against inspectors and that they contained grave reflections upon the basic defenses of the country. One of the letters was post-marked Detroit, Mich.

fish troops in all parts of the country has made the kilt popular with many civilians.

LIBERTY LOAN FACTS

The Value of the Conversion Privilege

The holder of a Liberty Bond has the privilege, without expense to him, of exchanging his 3 1/2 percent bond into any new United States government bonds which may be issued during the present war, bearing higher rate of interest.

This is a most important practical reason for deciding to buy a Liberty Bond NOW.

If the government is obliged to raise the interest rate of any new issue to sell bonds at par (100), the present purchaser enjoys the enviable position of being able to increase his rate of interest by this exchange privilege.

Furthermore, power to increase the interest rate should enable the Government to maintain the price of the Liberty Loan at or above par (100).

It seems equally likely that in the event of such increase of interest rate becoming necessary, other securities bearing fixed interest rates, will decline in price.

This means that the present purchaser of a Liberty Bond can feel certain that he can sell his bond at any time at practically what he now pays for it, or more. If he holds other securities bearing fixed interest rates, he may have to suffer considerable loss in the event of his selling.

If the war is over in a reasonably short time, he can probably sell his \$1,000 bond at considerably more than \$1,000.

BUY A LIBERTY BOND TODAY, AT YOUR BANK.

ACCUSE WOMAN OF ORIGINATING BOMB EXPLOSION

Prosecutor Tells Jury That Mrs. Mooney Purchased Nitre as Base to Produce Explosive Used in Making Bomb Which Killed Ten People in Preparedness Parade at Frisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 11.—Eleven days before a bomb exploded here last July which killed ten persons, Mrs. Rena Mooney purchased about 20 pounds of nitre, declared Assistant District Attorney Louis Ferrari in his opening statement at the actual beginning of the trial of Mrs. Mooney for murder growing out of the explosion.

"Mrs. Mooney said she was going to experiment with the nitre, which is one of the bases used to produce dynamite, nitro-glycerine or a strong blasting powder," said Ferrari. By combining the nitre with sulphuric acid nitric acid is produced, which, if added to sulphuric acid and glycerine produces nitro-glycerine. The process is so simple that a layman with a little study could produce the explosive.

"Five days after the bomb tragedy the apartments were searched. Three books on dynamite were found. These facts the state expects to prove as showing Mrs. Mooney's direct connection with the murders."

Is New Accusation.

Mrs. Mooney's alleged purchase of nitre was not brought out in either the trial of Thomas J. Mooney, her husband, who was sentenced to death, nor of Warren K. Billings, sentenced to life imprisonment, as the result of the bomb deaths which occurred during the course of a preparedness day parade.

In opening his address, Ferrari outlined details of the death of Mrs. Myrtle Irene Van Loo, one of the ten victims for whose death Mrs. Mooney is specifically charged in the indictment.

"Two distinct lines of evidence will be employed to connect the defendant with the commission of the crime, first, her direct aid, and secondly, that a conspiracy existed between Mrs. Mooney and the others indicted.

Steel Jacketed Bullets.

"Steel jacketed bullets identical in size and make with those placed in the bomb were found in Mrs. Mooney's room.

"As Mrs. Mooney looked down on the parade from the roof of the building where she lived and saw the marchers who had not been deterred by the explosion, she flew into a rage and declared: 'What a beautiful mess a machine gun would make of the marchers below on the street.'"

Ferrari said the state would prove that the explosive contained in a suitcase was placed on the sidewalk by the defendants, who went to the scene of the tragedy in a jitney bus, later returning to their home nearly a mile away to establish an alibi.

To Discourage Patriotism.

Mrs. Mooney was surrounded by friends when court convened. The "silent jury" of union labor men filed in and took their places among spectators without objection from Superior Judge Emmet Sewall, presiding.

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KEET SUSPECT PROVES INNOCENCE

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., June 11.—A charge of first degree murder has been preferred against Dick Carter, of Springfield as a result of the investigation of the disappearance and death of Lloyd Keet, according to an announcement by Paul O'Day, county prosecutor today. Carter was said to have been arrested at Hutchinson, Kansas.

HUTCHINSON, Kas., June 11.—Richard Carter, who was arrested here yesterday at the request of Springfield authorities in connection with the Keet kidnaping case, was released today. Carter is said to have proved he had not been in Missouri for more than twelve months and could not have been connected with the case.

MOB RETURNED MEN SUSPECTED OF KIDNAPING

When Prisoners Refuse to Confess, They Are Returned to Sheriff—Fugitives of Lloyd Keet Held—Men Arrested Expected to Clear Mystery Surrounding Abduction and Murder.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., June 11.—A warrant charging first degree murder has been issued against a man named Dick Carter, County Prosecutor O'Day announced today. A man of this name who was being held by the Hutchinson, Kansas, authorities, has been released as he was not the one sought. The warrant is the first formal charge against any one in connection with the kidnaping.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., June 11.—While thousands followed the little white casket of Lloyd Keet to the grave today, more arrests were expected to clear the mystery surrounding the kidnaping and murder of the child, whose body was found in an abandoned well Saturday.

Meanwhile Cletus Adams and Claud Piersol, two of the six alleged abduction plotters, are being held in jail at Kansas City, where they were rushed for safe keeping after being taken from the sheriff and subjected to a "third degree" by leaders of a posse who threatened the prisoners with death. Having failed to obtain a confession, however, the two were returned to the sheriff unharmed.

The other prisoners, Taylor Adams, his wife and one son and Sam McGinnis, were understood still to be held at Stockton, Missouri. The coroner's inquest into the baby's death will be held Wednesday.

Letters From Kidnapers. The letters sent to Mr. Keet after the baby's kidnaping the night of May 30 were made available today. The first letter, received the day after Lloyd was stolen and which sent the father over almost impassable Ozark hill roads, instructed him minutely as to the composition of the \$6000 he was to pay over for the return of the infant and added:

"We sure got your kid. Don't say anything to the police or put it in the papers. There are three of us and we want \$2000 apiece, so it will cost you \$6000 (six thousand) to get him. We got another one picked out, so if we don't get this from you we can tell them to see what we did to yours."

Then followed instructions as to the placing of a light in a building that would notify the kidnapers their instructions were being complied with and a description of the route to be followed. The letter concluded:

"We are going to feed him and be good to him until then, but if we don't get this, you will have a tough looking kid. x x x x We got lots of milk. Kid is all right."

Second Letter Threatening. The second letter arrived at the Keet home the next morning. It declared: "When we seen what was up on the road we come in," adding that it was known the instructions of the first letter had been revealed to outsiders.

The third letter was received on the night set for the second ride. It merely had to do with the route to be taken. Both drives laid out carried past the old Crenshaw home, where the baby's body was found floating in a well. Officers believe that possibly the baby was kept in the house until its abductors became frightened.

All the letters were written, it was declared, in a good hand, apparently feminine, with attempts to disguise by misspelling and lack of punctuation.

Piersol's Iron Nerve. Adams and Piersol owe their lives to the iron nerve of the latter. The

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ITALIAN ENVOYS TO START UPON TRIP

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Italian envoys today began packing up in anticipation of beginning their postponed farewell tour of the country tomorrow. The Prince of Udine, whose illness last week delayed the trip, will remain here until able to rejoin the mission probably in another week.