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CRISIS ENDS IN RUSSIA SOCIALISTS JOIN CABINET TO DEMOCRATIZE ARMY

Coalition Cabinet Including Six Socialists Completed—Generals Resume Their Commands—Premier Lvoff Optimistic—States Conditions Already Show Signs of Improvement—Army to be Democratized—Government Now Has Power

PETROGRAD, May 18.—The formation of a cabinet in which six socialists are included has been completed.

Premier Lvoff expresses high hopes that the coalition ministry will weather the storms which have convulsed the country, democratized the fighting forces and raised the sinister spectres of anarchy and reaction. Generals Alexieff, Brusiloff and Gurko have resumed their commands.

Lvoff's Statement.

PETROGRAD, May 18.—After a recession into the cabinet of five socialist representatives of the council of deputies, Premier Prince Lvoff received a representative of the Associated Press and authorized him to transmit to America an expression of the premier's confidence in the future. Premier Lvoff said:

"The most serious crisis in the modern history has been satisfactorily settled and conditions already show marked symptoms of improvement. It is my impression that the new coalition cabinet will receive the support of all reasonable Russian citizens. We have for the first time the prospect of a government which will combine both moral authority and material power.

Cabinet Difficulties.

"Most of the difficulties of my first revolutionary cabinet arose from the fact that in all questions I and my colleagues were obliged to rely solely upon moral persuasion. There was no actual government power with material force, such as you have in America and in the other democratic countries of the world. After two months experiment we discovered that moral influence was a sufficient weapon with a vast majority of reasonable Russian citizens who desired tranquility but unluckily both in the civilian population and the army there were individuals and small groups who actively aimed at anarchy and repudiated all forms of discipline.

"It became plain that the government could not remedy this condition without material force and this force could only be obtained if representatives of the socialist and allied left parties entered the government and agreed to support it unshrinkingly in a policy of combined freedom and order. If this solution had proved unobtainable we were threatened with general anarchy, followed by a national dissolution with revolution and a reactionary counter-revolutionary movement as the final stage.

Army Democratized.

"The moral course of unsuccessful revolutions, I hope, has been averted as the result of the agreement between the temporary government and the council of deputies. The council has undertaken to support the government against anarchy and disorder and further to work for the restoring of discipline in the army, naturally on condition, which we

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SOUTHERN PACIFIC STRIKE VOTE TAKEN

SAN FRANCISCO, May 18.—A referendum strike vote among 8,000 members of the four brotherhoods of employees of the Southern Pacific railroad is being taken, it became known here today. The result will not be known for ten days. The proposed strike does not involve the eight-hour law, but is over other differences and for non-recognition of a joint grievance board.



PRINCE LVOFF
Premier Prince Lvoff, who declares that Russian government has safely weathered crisis and averted period of revolution and anarchy.

HOSPITAL UNIT FROM AMERICA REACHES LONDON

LONDON, May 18.—The first of six fully organized and equipped hospital units which the American Red Cross is sending to France arrived in England yesterday. The unit comprised about 300 persons, including twenty army medical officers, sixty nurses and more than 200 other attaches.

This unit will be the first officially sanctioned by the United States government to carry the American flag to the battle fields of France since the United States entered the war. After a brief stay in England the unit will be sent to the continent where it will take charge of a base hospital behind the British front. The hospital will have accommodations for 500 patients and be fully equipped by the British hospital service.

Sir Alfred Keogh, surgeon-general of the British army, in making the foregoing announcement to the Associated Press today, said it had been decided to send from America six units comprising about 1500 persons.

NEW WORLD'S RECORD FOR LIGHT FLY CASTING

NEW YORK, May 18.—A new world's record for light tackle distance fly casting of 96 feet was made yesterday by J. Schwinn of the Newark, N. J., Bait and Fly Casting club. The rod used was not more than four ounces.

OREGON GUARD ENTERS FEDERAL SERVICE JULY 25

All National Guard Organizations Called to Colors Between July 15 and August 5—Arrangements for Incorporating Militia into Army Made—Company Seven Called

WASHINGTON, May 18.—All national guard organizations will be called into federal service between July 15 and August 5.

Governors have been authorized to recruit all organizations to war strength.

The dates of assembly in the western states follow:

July 25—Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, and Oregon.

August 5—Oklahoma, Texas, Kansas, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Nevada, Utah and California.

Arrangements for formally incorporating the guard into the armies of the United States terminating for the war period their status as militia or state troops, are understood to be based upon the possibility of supplying full war equipment for the troops.

It is also understood that the sixteen divisional cantonment camps for the guard will all be in the southeastern and western departments. Dates upon which various state units are to be moved to the big camps from state mobilization points will depend upon completion of the quarters and supply system at the cantonment camps.

Coast Artillery Included.

The formal announcement of the war department fixing the date for exercise of the draft says that all national guard coast artillery companies will be drafted July 15.

"After being drafted," the statement continues, "organizations will be held at company rendezvous for about two weeks and will then be sent to concentration camps in the southern, southeastern and western departments. All national guard organizations both in and out of the federal service will be recruited at once to full war strength. The necessary arms, equipment and clothing for recruits is not at present on hand, but it is hoped all supplies will be available by the time the troops are sent to their concentration camps."

The order informs the adjutant general that the enlisted men of the national guard reserve, as well as of the active forces, will be drafted on the dates given.

Army Assignments.

The division of the national guards and selective army which will be summoned about September 1 will be located by military departments as follows:

Northeastern department, first division selective army.

Eastern department, second, third and fourth divisions, selective army.

Southeast department, sixth, seventh and twelfth divisions, selective army, and fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, sixteenth, seventeenth.

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YOUTH AND BRIDE HELD FOR MURDER



Joseph Redenbaugh and his girl bride, 18 years-old Pearl Heitkamp Redenbaugh, who were arrested in San Francisco charged with the murder of Mrs. Alice Quiller Dunn in St. Paul last April. The youth confessed to the murder of the woman and the killing of Policeman Conroy, of Minneapolis, but declares his wife is entirely innocent.

GIRL BRIDE WILL STAND BY YOUTH WHO KILLED WOMAN

(Staff Special.)

SAN FRANCISCO, May 18.—Tragic realities eclipsed the honeymoon of Pearl Heitkamp Redenbaugh, 18, Columbus, Neb., girl, when she and her boy husband, Joseph Redenbaugh, 19, were arrested here charged with a cold-blooded crime.

The police held them responsible for the murder of Mrs. Alice Quiller Dunn in St. Paul, Minn., on April 26. It is now believed that the girl is innocent, and that what she thought was a happy "wedding trip" to the Pacific was a flight by her husband from the scene of the killing.

Killed Woman for \$3,000.

Redenbaugh willingly confessed, police declare, that he and accomplices killed Mrs. Dunn for the sum of \$3,000, and two nights before mortally wounded Policeman Conroy of Minneapolis, who had arrested them for speeding.

The youthful prisoner, who stoutly maintains his wife knew nothing of his evil doing, amazed officials by his cool recital of an astounding list of crimes that began when he was only nine years old.

Pearl Heitkamp, the bride, is a "small town" girl. Her mother is prominent in the society of Columbia.

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BRITISH NAVY LENDS CAPTAIN EVANS TO AMERICAN NAVY

(Staff Special.)

LONDON, May 18.—In the course of an editorial on the Navy League luncheon, the Times, referring to Admiral Sims' co-operation with the British admiral, says:

"In return we are lending them Captain Evans of the destroyer leader Broke."

The Times does not indicate where or how Captain Evans is co-operating with the United States navy.

The Broke was one of two British destroyers which engaged and defeated six German destroyers off Dover on the night of April 26. The Broke, after ramming one of the Germans, was attacked by two other enemy craft while the crew of the rammed vessel attempted to board her. The boarders were driven into the sea and the two other destroyers put to flight. Later the Broke, badly damaged and with her main engines out of commission, torpedoed and sank one of the remaining German boats.

Captain Evans was second in command of the famous Scott Antarctic expedition and on his return was decorated with the Order of the Bath by King George. He delivered several lectures in the United States before rejoining the navy for active service.

AID TO RUSSIA FIRST EFFORT OF ALLIED NATIONS

All Available American Ships, Seized German Liners and Spare British Ships to Carry Munitions and Supplies to Russia—Rationing of Neutrals Discussed With Balfour.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—All available American ships, the seized German liners and all the ships Great Britain can spare from her own needs, probably will soon be carrying war munitions and great quantities of railroad supplies to Russia.

As part of the united effort to hold fast the Russian provisional government against German influences and encourage a Russian military offensive, the allied war committee are making preparations to furnish the necessary transportation for supplies to properly equip and maintain the Russian armies.

Rationing of Neutrals.

The rationing of Holland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Switzerland and Spain were discussed formally today at a conference at the state department between British Foreign Secretary Balfour, Secretary Lansing, Secretary Redfield and British and American trade experts. The necessity of limiting exports strictly to these countries to prevent their finding their way into enemy's hands and conserve every possible ton of allied shipping for the most essential work was considered in all phases.

A general understanding was reached as to the complete participation of the United States in the rationing system already developed by the allied nations. The detailed working out of the agreements, however, depends on the enactment of legislation giving the president power of embargo and granting the shipping board control over all cargo space.

Elaborate System.

The allies in the first two years of the war have built up a most elaborate system to allow only enough supplies imported to countries contiguous to Germany to maintain their normal stocks.

Voluntarily statistics have been collected to assure the safeguarding of the neutral's necessities. Semi-official agencies have been established in several of the countries to cooperate in this plan and guarantee that attested imports will not fall into enemy hands.

The British have submitted all these statistics to the American officials, who in turn have added valuable supplementary information collected by American consuls while this country was still neutral.

\$200,000 Distillate Destroyed by Plot

SALT LAKE CITY, May 18.—That the \$200,000 worth of distillate destroyed by an explosion at Gerlach, Nevada, early today, was the result of a well-formed plot, was the news sent to local offices of the Western Pacific and Southern Pacific by investigators. The distillate which was contained in thirty cans was on its way to San Francisco.

FLAMES HINT AT RETREAT OF TEUTONS

British Capture Bullecourt After Three Weeks' Fighting—Tremendous Sacrifice of Germans in Vain and Burning Towns Give Hint of Another Strategic Retirement—Italians Take 6432 Prisoners in Drive—Jap Fleet to Aid French.

Bullecourt is at last in British hands and the Drocourt-Queant line appears doomed. The tremendous sacrifices made by the Germans have proved in vain and the flames of burning towns behind their lines give color to reports that Field Marshal Von Hindenburg is contemplating another strategic retreat.

Additional reports from the Italian front emphasize the importance of the victory won by General Cadorna but they also bring word that Austrians have reacted and apparently the usual period of counter attacks will follow the first successful assault on the Isonzo heights. The enormous difficulties of the terrain over which General Cadorna is operating render improbable any sensational advance and the prospects are for a repetition of the hammer and tongs fighting that is proceeding in France.

Jap Fleet Arrives.

Probably the most important news from Europe is the announcement that Japan is going to take an active part in the great struggle. A Japanese naval force has arrived at Marseille, to join the campaign against the German submarines, especially, according to the dispatches, with the purpose of protecting French shipping. This unheralded action by the allies' oriental partner raised both political and military questions of supreme interest, upon which, however, there is no light at present.

On Italian Front.

LONDON, May 18.—British heavy artillery batteries are cooperating with the Italian army in the Italian offensive against the Austrians on the Julian front, according to an official statement issued this afternoon by the British war office.

ROME, May 18.—Austro-Hungarian high command without their offensive on the Julian front are known to number 6432, says the official statement issued today by the Italian war department.

The Italian announcement says that from Tolmino to the sea the artillery was active. Efforts made by the Austro-Hungarians against the new Italian positions on the Vudice and south of Grazigna were repulsed.

German Admission.

BERLIN, May 18.—The official statement issued today by the German army headquarters staff says that the ruins of the former village of Bullecourt were evacuated by them yesterday. The Germans' headquarters statement says:

"Artillery fire on both sides of the Scarpe again increased. An English attack launched after midnight on the Gavrelle-Fresnes road was repulsed by hand to hand fighting.

"The ruins of the former village of Bullecourt were evacuated according to high command without disturbance by the enemy, who only established himself there twenty-four hours later."

WAR ARMY BILL UP TO PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, May 18.—President Wilson's approval was the final step necessary today to make the war army bill a law.

As a preliminary Vice President Marshall and Speaker Clark were to sign the bill today after which it goes to the white house. The president was expected to sign the bill immediately and to issue a proclamation fixing the day for the registration of men for the army.

SCTNES JUST BEHIND THE ALLIED LINES IN THE ATTACK NOW IN PROGRESS AGAINST THE HIN DENBURG LINE, RESULTING IN THE CAPTURE OF BULLECOURT



This wonderful picture comes direct from the western front in France. The picture shows war at close range. It was taken immediately back the battle line, at the first dressing station behind the trenches, and shows wounded soldiers being cared for and bodies being removed. Notice at the left, two German soldiers, wearing small round hats.