



# MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE



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## AGREEMENT ENDS CRISIS FOR RUSSIA

Government and Radicals Reach Agreement and Cabinet Reconstruction Follows—Milukoff Resigns as Foreign Minister—Union of Allied Fronts Assured—New Cabinet Pledged Confidence and Plentitude of Powers.

PETROGRAD, May 16.—The government and the radicals who have been hampering its activities have reached an agreement on three important points and cabinet reconstruction has been inaugurated. Following the publication of important cabinet changes including the retirement of Professor Paul N. Milukoff, foreign minister, from the cabinet, the official news agency issued this statement: "The three cardinal points upon which the government, the executive committee of the duma and the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates have agreed are: The unity of the allied fronts; The fullest confidence of the revolutionary democracy in the reconstructed cabinet; A plentitude of powers for the government."

**Milukoff Resigns.** PETROGRAD, May 16.—Paul N. Milukoff, minister of foreign affairs, has resigned, leaving the cabinet altogether. M. Tereschenko, minister of finance, has been appointed foreign minister, and A. F. Kerensky, previously minister of justice, has been named minister of war and marine.

Having discussed the conditions under which representatives of the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates would consent to enter the cabinet, the provisional government decided today that it was unable to accept the first of these conditions. Professor Milukoff's decision to retire from the cabinet was announced at a sitting of the provisional government held last night. Its cause, the official news agency states, was a difference in views on the reorganization of the cabinet.

It was suggested that Premier Lvoff should take charge of the ministry of foreign affairs, but the premier declined. Finally the majority decided it was best to entrust the ministry of foreign affairs to M. Tereschenko, while M. Kerensky was appointed minister of war and marine.

**Cause of Differences.** This called for the enunciation as a fundamental principle of a foreign policy openly pursuing the aim of reaching as soon as possible a general peace without annexations or indemnities, on the basis of the right of nations to work out their own destinies. The provisional government was unable to agree to such a principle because it did not consider possible any renunciation of principles set forth in its proclamation of April 9.

The provisional government further thinks it necessary to confirm the unity of all allied fronts and insists on an energetic struggle against anarchy. To the financial and economic reforms mentioned in the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates the government raises no objection.

## M'ADOO ON TOUR FOR LIBERTY BONDS

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Secretary McAdoo starts late today on a tour of middle western cities to speak on behalf of the \$2,000,000,000 Liberty loan. His first speech will be in Chicago tomorrow. Before leaving Mr. McAdoo addressed an appeal to American women to come to the support of the Liberty loan by buying bonds and urging others to participate in the loan. He appointed a committee of ten leaders in women's organizations to cooperate with the government in selling the bonds.

## ITALIANS VICTORS IN DRIVE ALONG ISONZO FRONT

Important Points Captured—3375 Prisoners Taken—British Recapture Ground About Bullecourt—Terrific Battle Raging Along Front of French With Germans Attacking

ROME, May 16.—The war office announced today that as a result of the offensive began yesterday the Italians thus far have captured 3375 prisoners, a mountain battery and 30 machine guns.

The Italians have captured the wooded heights on the east bank of the Isonzo north of Gorizia. They have forced a passage of the river between Loga and Bombrez, capturing the latter village.

In the center of the field of attack the villages of Zagora and Zagomila were taken by the Italians.

**British Win Lost Ground.** LONDON, May 16.—The British have captured most of the ground they had lost at Bullecourt and have established new posts on the west side of the village, says a dispatch today from Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters.

Severe fighting is in progress today north of the Scarpe river on the Arras battle front, says today's official statement on operations in the Franco-Belgian war theater. The statement reads: "Fighting continued yesterday to our advantage in the western portion of Bullecourt. We captured a few prisoners in the course of a small encounter last night on the right of our positions in the Hindenburg line east of the village."

**Violent Battle Raging.** PARIS, May 16.—A violent battle is raging near Moalin De Laffaux, on the French front where the Germans have attacked in force after an artillery struggle which lasted throughout the night. The official statement of the war office says the French are maintaining all their positions.

The attack is on a front of four kilometers. BERLIN, May 16.—The capture of trenches on a front of 600 meters east of Luneville is announced in today's official statement.

## CYCLONE OF FIRE SWEEPING FORESTS OF MINNESOTA

DULUTH, May 16.—A southeast wind early today drove forest and brush fires north of Duluth back over their previous path.

Fires also are reported in several sections of Wisconsin and Michigan and in the Minnesota Iron ranges, but no serious damage has been reported.

HIBBING, Minn., May 16.—Forest fires are burning fiercely throughout the Hibbing district. Ashes and barn-brands fell in Hibbing last night.

Warehouses and outbuildings were razed last night in the township of French. Fires are within half a mile of Marble, Woodbridge location, near Buhl, is endangered.

SUPERIOR, Wis., May 16.—Six homes and many small buildings have been destroyed near Gordon by forest fires and today the flames are sweeping northeast "like a cyclone of fire" a telephone report says. With no rain in three weeks the situation is serious in many sections of northern Wisconsin.

## NORWEGIAN WORKMEN SHUN PEACE CONFERENCE

COPENHAGEN, May 16.—The Norwegian workmen's central bureau has decided not to attend the Stockholm socialist conference.

## REICHSTAG HEARS TALK OF REPUBLIC AND REVOLUTION

Lefebour Declares Republic Must Soon be Established—Scheidemann Socialist Leader, Threatens Revolution if Program of Conquest is Not Abandoned in Near Future.

BERLIN, May 16.—A significant feature of the session of the reichstag following Chancellor Von Bethmann Hollweg's remarks was remarks by Philipp Scheidemann, the socialist democratic leader, and George Ledebour, the independent socialist, referring to a possible revolution in Germany. Herr Scheidemann intimated that if the British and French renounced the idea of annexation and Germany insisted on annexing territory, there would be a revolution. This resulted in indignant repudiation by a large section of the house and Herr Scheidemann hastened to say it had gone so far as that.

**Declares for Republic.** Herr Ledebour, however, declared that a republic must soon be established in Germany and that his party would propose that a constitutional committee take preparatory steps in that direction.

"The chancellor doubtless desires annexations both in the east and in the west. With the exception of extravagant visionaries nobody believes that Germany can win a war of subjugation. The Russian socialists have made an offer which opens up the possibility of peace. This is what the chancellor forgets. It is true that a separate peace with Russia cannot be achieved, but the Russian government can convert the entente, and in this direction we ought to assist it."

"Herr Scheidemann must not take up cudgels against the government if he does not want strong words which do not shrink even from the announcement of a revolution, to be followed by deeds. We are convinced that events must happen in Germany as they have happened in Russia. That is what those in power are working for. We must soon introduce a republic in Germany and we shall propose that a constitutional committee take preparatory steps in that direction."

Philipp Scheidemann, in introducing the social democratic interpellation, said:

**Socialist Attacks Conquest.** "We are convinced that the central powers will stand fast in repelling intentions of annihilation but also that the wishes of the French, English and German annexationists shall not be realized. Thus think the socialists and millions are with us. "The supporters of conquest shout for increase of power, increase of territory, money and raw material. That can only be wanted by a nationally organized gang of robbers (this statement provoked a storm of indignation on the right.) The drawing of the kaiser into this agitation has as a result that abroad the

## TURKS PERSECUTE PALESTINE JEWS

LONDON, May 16.—An Amsterdam dispatch to the Times says that Deputy Cohn, an independent socialist, asked Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg in the reichstag if he was prepared to exert an influence on the Turkish government to prevent as far as possible a repetition of the Armenian atrocities in Palestine.

Deputy Cohn said that Jemal Pasha, commander of the Turkish forces in Syria, at the end of March, had ordered all Jews, including German, Austro-Hungarian and Bulgarian subjects, to be removed from Jaffa and its neighborhood on the ground of military necessity. The expelled Jews are reported to have been subjected to violence and robbery, many being killed. The Turks also did nothing toward feeding the fugitives. Deputy Cohn added that Germany would incur a great moral responsibility if she took no action.

## NEW YORKERS GIVE JOFFRE MINIATURE LIBERTY



Marshal Joffre is here shown receiving a miniature statue of liberty presented the hero of the Marne on behalf of the people of New York. Thirty thousand persons cheered him.

## HUNDRED MILLIONS LOANED TO RUSSIA BY UNITED STATES

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The \$100,000,000 loan to Russia today by the United States was made available for her purchase of supplies in this country and was deposited to her credit in the federal reserve banks. Today's loan marks the formal entry of Russia as a participant in the \$3,000,000,000 credit to be placed at the disposal of the allies.

"In issuing this credit," Secretary McAdoo told Charge d'Affaires Onau of the Russian embassy, "to your government it gives me the greatest pleasure to think that we may be extending to you at this time a service which we hope will be of great value to both of us. I need not enlarge upon the fact that we extend it to you as additional evidence of the strong friendship which has already existed so long between the American and the Russian people. We earnestly hope that the resources we place at your disposal today will contribute to the establishment of democracy and freedom throughout the world."

With the sum already advanced the allies having reached the \$625,000,000 mark including \$50,000,000 advanced Great Britain yesterday and with further loans to Great Britain, France and Italy and in prospect, besides a \$75,000,000 loan to Belgium, indications are that the total to be advanced the allies will be approximately \$1,000,000,000 or one-third of the entire amount to be loaned them before the first periods of the Liberty loan are available.

## ARMY BILL AGAIN SENT TO CONFERENCE

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The army bill was again sent back to conference today by the house with instructions to include an amendment for a graduated increase in the pay of privates during the war, beginning June 1. Chairman Dent, of the military committee, was swept over by a vote of 199 to 177 despite his appeal of "for God's sake, let us have a law before the house does another somersault."

The effect of the action was to direct an increase of the pay of the private soldier from the present \$15 to \$21, up to \$30 to \$36.

## WHEAT MARKET CONTINUES SLUMP

CHICAGO, May 16.—The wheat market broke sharply today on the restrictive regulations adopted yesterday. September, on initial sales, declined an extreme 17c to \$2.94. This was 41c under the adjustment price fixed by the board of trade.

## AMERICANS HASTEN TO RUSSIA TO AID NEW DEMOCRACY

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The American commission is going to Russia in what amounts to a race against time with only two objects in view, it was stated on the highest authority today.

These objects are: To convey to the Russian people the gratification of the United States at the transformation of the ancient despotism into a republican form of government and to render any helpful service it can to aid the new government rising from the ruins of the empire.

The commission has no purpose to sway the judgment of the Russian people as to which faction shall control in the organization of a permanent government. This statement was made to meet sinister misrepresentations by Germany in Russia which are calculated to provoke some of the Russian factions into making a separate peace before the American commissioners can arrive in Petrograd.

## GERMAN MAIDEN AERIAL RAIDER

GENEVA, May 16.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—A German girl aviator, belonging to a rich family at Constance, whose fiancée was a member of the flying corps, was killed in France during an aerial raid last November, has taken up his work as an aviator and aerial scout. Frauslin L., who is 21 years of age, has the rank of lieutenant in the army, dresses like an officer and few know her secret.

According to the Konstanzer Zeitung she has brought down three enemy machines on the Vosges Belfort front and has learned to handle a machine gun in an airplane like a man. With hair cut short and a strong face, the Journal adds, the young woman cannot be distinguished from other young officers. She has been fighting in the air for four months and has had two narrow escapes, being forced to land within the German lines, but has not been wounded.

## GIRLS IN FACTORIES TO WEAR OVERALLS

CHICAGO, May 16.—It was made known at the semi-annual convention of the National Association of Garment Manufacturers that employers are strongly in favor of their girl employees wearing overalls and that ten large factories have already supplied their girl workers with that article of masculine apparel. It was predicted at the meeting that all shop and factory employees would be wearing overalls within the year.

## PATRIOTISM OF VALLEY SHOWN IN BIG PARADE

Led by Oregon's Governor, Military and Civilian Organizations, Militia, Home Guards, Red Cross, Civilians, Lodges and School Children With Flags and Banners, Parade.

Ideal weather conditions greeted the greatest patriotic parade in Medford's history Wednesday forenoon, and crowds of people from all sections of the valley lined up on both sides of Main street to see the long procession pass by. Flags were flying everywhere and there were myriads of flags in the parade.

It was also one of the most representative parades in the history of the valley as well as very unique. The governor of the state, city officials, business men and school children, women's organizations, the ministers of the city, the military, civic and fraternal organizations were all in line. It is estimated that the parade numbered 2000.

The parade passed in review before Governor Withycombe, who at its conclusion delivered from the band stand a brief patriotic address, in which he praised the people of Medford and the valley for their patriotic spirit and complimented the city and valley in general.

## Ashland in Line.

The one distinct hit of the parade, standing out distinctly from many striking features, was the Japanese woman in Red Cross costume who marched at the head of Medford's Japanese delegation. The Ashland delegations also attracted much attention. The sister city vieng with Medford in patriotism had about 250 persons in the line of march, including band, military company and Red Cross chapter.

The parade was headed by Grand Marshal Lawton and the Ashland band, followed by Company I, third Oregon infantry, the Seventh Company of Medford, and the First Company of Ashland, C. A. C. Then came women of Medford chapter of Red Cross garbed in R. C. nurse costume. At their head were thirteen girls garbed in flag costumes, representing the thirteen original states, carrying a banner on which was inscribed the "Grand Army of the World."

## Red Cross in Evidence.

The Ashland Red Cross chapter, men and women, followed immediately after, the women garbed in white shirt waists and black skirts, and the men with Red Cross badges on their arms. Then followed the Medford chapter of the National Girls Honor Guard, the girls wearing white dresses and flowing red ties.

Several automobiles in which were Governor Withycombe and city officials and military officers were next in line, followed by the Medford band and Grand Army veterans, who were loudly applauded all along the line of march. Most of the stooped and white haired veterans marched with firm step, but others not so strong, were in a large automobile at the head of the post.

In striking contrast to those who preceded them came the Spanish-American war veterans bearing at their head a huge placard on which were the words "Always Ready." These veterans of a later war, most of them in the prime of life, marched with military bearing and springy step. Then came the Medford Home Guard, Company A, in civilian uniform. (Continued on Page Two.)

## TRI-STATE GOOD ROADS MEETING CALLED TO ORDER

Fourth Annual Convention Opened at Nataratorium—Welcome Address by Mayor Gates for City and by Governor Withycombe for State—Address by Pres. Westerlund.

The fourth annual convention of the Tri-State Good Roads convention was opened at the Nataratorium at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon. President John A. Westerlund, as presiding officer, set forth the purpose of the association and the objects of the convention. Mayor C. E. Gates then delivered an address of welcome to the delegates.

Governor Withycombe then followed with an address of welcome on the part of the state, advocating the \$9,000,000 road bond issue, dwelling upon roads as military necessity, depicting the present as one of the greatest epochs in the history of the world, emphasizing the need of patriotic cooperation and concluding with a complimentary reference to the Rogue river valley as the choicest spot in Oregon for residence.

Speeches followed by George T. Cotterill, state highway engineer of Washington and personal representative of Governor Lister, who was unavoidably detained, and by Herbert Nann, state highway engineer of Oregon.

Communications and telegrams expressing good will and regrets at not being present were read. A committee upon resolutions was appointed and Secretary Boos read his annual report.

The following are also on the program: Mrs. Winnie Braden, secretary-treasurer Polk County Good Roads association; J. H. Albert, of Salem; Mrs. Chas. Schieffelin of Medford; Judge H. F. Lewis, Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands; Mrs. Laura Gurnell of Grants Pass.

Appointment of committee on ways and means.

Wm. Steel, of Crater Lake, and Porter J. Neff of Medford.

Five minute discussions by delegates; appointment committee on nomination of officers.

Business meeting at the library at 8 p. m. to receive the report from the committee on election of officers.

President J. A. Westerlund delivered an address as follows: "In the name of Medford, Jackson county, and all of southern Oregon, I extend to you all a hearty welcome."

"We are glad to have you here to help us devise ways and means to further the great cause of building good roads and help us arouse interest in the \$6,000,000 bond issue to be voted on June 4th.

## Tri-State Association.

"The Tri-State Good Roads association has worked hard for three months trying to do its share in helping to educate the public to realize the great advantage it will derive from good roads in Oregon. If Oregon is to keep pace with other states we must get busy at once to pave our main highways. 'Keep away from Oregon on account of its muddy roads,' is quite common advice by tourists. We can't blame them for giving such advice, knowing as we do ourselves the miserable roads we ask them to pass over. "We can learn a great lesson from California. California has spent \$18,000,000 already. Last fall she voted \$15,000,000 more for good roads. The same is true of Washington. (Continued on page six.)

## ATTEMPT TO BURN SEIZED MERCHANTMEN

NEW YORK, May 16.—The steamship Princess Irene, formerly a German merchantman, was seriously damaged by the fire which broke out in the New York navy yard in Brooklyn last night, it was learned today. The fire was the second one at the navy yard within four days.

The origin of the blaze, which was discovered in a pile of mattresses brought aboard for use by recruits, is unknown. The efforts of sailors saved the Frederick der Gross, another former German liner from destruction as sparks fell upon the decks.

## FLYING BOAT FALLS INJURING AVIATORS

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., May 16.—Ted Hequembourg, instructor, and Lawrence Curtis, of Boston, student, were injured this morning when a flying boat in which Hequembourg was giving Curtis a lesson, fell a distance of fifty or seventy-five feet at the Atlantic coast aeronautical station here. Officials of the station stated that the accident was caused by banking too sharply.