

AMERICAN SHIP SUNK BY U-BOAT

U-Boat Torpedoes the Steamship Chemung in the Mediterranean and Tows Crew Near Shore—Vessel Goes Down With Stars and Stripes Flying at Her Mast, the Captain Having Formally Refused to Lower the Flag—Carried No Munitions.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Lloyd's reports that the American steamship Chemung has been sunk.

The crew of the Chemung has been landed at Valencia by the Spanish steamer Giner, says a Reuter dispatch from Valencia today.

The Chemung was torpedoed near Cabo de Gata, according to the dispatch.

The steamer foundered with the American flag flying, it is added, the captain having formally refused to lower the flag.

Crew Towed Near Shore.

The submarine towed the crew to within five miles of the coast, the Valencia advises state, and then abandoned them. At the end of the day they were picked up by the Giner. The Chemung sailed from New York on November 8 for Genoa and Naples and stopped at Fayal, Azores, November 20. She was owned by the Harby Steamship company of New York, was built in 1888 at Buffalo and was 327 feet long, of 3662 tons gross.

Cabo de Gata, or Cape Gata, is a promontory on the coast of Andalusia, forming the eastern side of the Gulf of Almeria, an arm of the Mediterranean.

No Munitions Aboard.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The Harris Magill Steamship company, representatives here of the Harby Steamship company, owners of the Chemung, reported sunk today, said the vessel carried general cargo only, no munitions or cargo owned by the Italian government being on board. The ship was commanded by Captain John L. Duffy and carried a crew of thirty-five men, the majority of whom are believed to be Americans. No word of the loss had been received up to 2 p. m. by the representatives of the owners from their agents at Genoa, where the vessel was due to arrive today.

The crew list of the Chemung shows that only ten of the men on board, including Captain Duffy, were Americans, the others being Greeks, Russians, Spaniards and Mexicans.

HUGHES' PLURALITY 57,964 IN JERSEY

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 28.—The state board of canvassers today officially promulgated figures of the recent election, compiled by the secretary of state.

The average vote for presidential electors was: Republican, 268,982; democratic, 211,018; socialist, 10,495; prohibition, 3182; socialist-labor, 855.

For United States senator the vote follows: Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, republican, 244,715; James E. Martine, democrat, 170,619.

Robert Carson, republican, over Congressman Thomas J. Scully, democrat, by 11 votes.

PRESIDENT CHANGES CABINET MEETINGS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—President Wilson changed a long time custom today when he decided that for the present the meeting hour of his cabinet hereafter would be 2:30 p. m. instead of 11 a. m. every Tuesday and Friday. This change was decided upon so the president will have his mornings on those days for other engagements.

TEUTON FORCES NEAR CAPITAL OF RUMANIA

Further Advances by Germans in Rumania Bring Them Within 37 Miles of Bucharest—Danube Stronghold Captured—Artillery Is Active Along Western Front—Bulgar Success in Macedonia.

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—Further advances by the Teutonic troops in Rumania was announced by the war office tonight. Subjoined is the statement:

"On the Somme there was no action of importance. In the Carpathians the Russians made various attacks and the engagements are continuing. In Rumania our movements are progressing. On the Macedonian front, attacks northwest of Monastir failed."

Two important announcements are made by Berlin today in reporting continued progress of the Teutonic invasion of Rumania—the capture of Giurgiu on the Danube and the taking of Curtea de Arges on the Argecu river, 80 miles northwest of the capital.

37 Miles From Bucharest. The capture of Giurgiu places Field Marshal Von Mackensen's army advancing from the southwest only 37 miles from Bucharest, with a railroad running thence along which the advance may be pressed.

In occupying Curtea de Arges, General Von Falkenhayn's troops apparently have driven the Rumanians from the line of the Topolog and may even have broken, near its northern end, the line of the Argecu, along which the Rumanians were expected to make a decisive stand.

Thus the semi-circle about Bucharest and the Rumanian armies is gradually but steadily being drawn closer. Substantial successes are reported by Berlin in the new operations for tightening the grip.

Artillery Active. Considerable interest attaches to the reports of artillery activity that continue to come from the Ypres, Artras and Armentieres districts, toward the northern end of the Franco-Belgian front. The Ypres sector in particular has been twice mentioned within the last 24 hours in the British reports, last night as the scene of a British bombardment, while today heavy German shelling of the line north of Ypres is recorded. Recent reports from Berlin declared that indications were accumulating that an attack by the entente at some new point along the German lines on the Western front was in contemplation.

Berlin today emphasized the importance of the German-Bulgarian success in defeating a strong attack by entente forces along a wide front in the Monastir region. Extremely heavy losses are declared to have been suffered by the French, Serbians, Italians and Russians in an assault which netted them nothing.

BERLIN IGNORES VENIZELOUS' WAR

LONDON, Nov. 28.—German newspapers regard the declaration of war by the provisional government of Saloniki as negligible, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to Reuters. The dispatch quotes the Koelnische Zeitung as saying:

"This government of rebellion has not been recognized by us. It does not exist to us, and therefore its declaration of war is nothing to us but a blank paper requiring no reply. Although we need not, and shall not, take notice of M. Venizelos' declaration, we cannot disregard it in practice. The so-called army of the provisional government will act against the Bulgarians and us, and we shall make prisoners. These prisoners are rebels as long as we disregard the declaration of war and must be treated as such."

The General Anzeiger of Dusseldorf says: "Venizelos must not believe that his so-called government and his franc-tireurs will be recognized by Bulgaria or Germany as belligerents."

CHIHUAHUA IN VILLA'S CONTROL STATES RUMOR

Evacuation of City by Trevino Reported, But Not Confirmed—Shortage of Ammunition Is Alleged as Cause—Reinforcements on Way—Artillery Abandoned.

JUAREZ, Mex., Nov. 28.—For the first time since the report gained circulation, a Carranza official here admitted late today the possibility that General Trevino had been forced to evacuate Chihuahua City because of a shortage of ammunition.

Information regarding the evacuation of Chihuahua City was obtained through Lauro Corillo, brother of Mrs. Jacinto B. Trevino, one high government official said. Corillo, it was said, had received word to inform Mrs. Trevino her husband was safe. Mrs. Trevino denied she or her brother had received any word from General Trevino since Saturday.

Retirement Possible.

This official declared that a retirement to Sauc, it made, was for temporary military reasons only. He added that Trevino would move southward as soon as Murguia reached the scene of action. Carranza officials exhibited a telegram dated November 27 as proof that Trevino was in Chihuahua City yesterday.

Reinforcements for General Trevino are being assembled in Sauc Station, 32 miles north of Chihuahua City, and will be led toward the city by General Francisco Gonzales, commander of the Juarez brigade, who left here early today with a train loaded with men and munitions, it was officially announced at military headquarters.

On the train carrying General Gonzales and his command, which approximated 400 men, was taken a quantity of ammunition. It is known that a quantity of ammunition which was sent to Trevino at the outbreak of the battle was stolen north of Chihuahua City. The escort accompanying today's shipment is expected to prevent a recurrence of the theft. Trevino is admitted by the Carranza officials here to be short of ammunition.

KAISER TO PRESENT WILSON X-MAS GIFT

GENEVA, Switzerland, Nov. 28.—Emperor William will send to President Wilson as a Christmas present, a deluxe set of American authors, specifically proposed, printed and bound at the Royal Printing works in Berlin, according to the Budaest newspaper Az Est. The German submarine Deutschland, the newspaper says, will carry the gift to the United States on her next trip across the Atlantic.

Emperor William's Christmas gift to Pope Benedict will be a bible magnificently illuminated and bound.

FRENCH CHAMBER IN SECRET SESSION

PARIS, Nov. 28.—The chamber of deputies meets today in secret session for the second time since the beginning of the war.

The session is said to be a long one, as 41 interpellations are to be put to ministers and almost every question vital to the conduct of the war is to be raised.

One of the chief subjects to be discussed will prove, it is expected, to set the general policy in the conduct of operations and the question of offensives.

GREECE APPEALS TO NEUTRALS FOR AID

ATHENS, Greece, Nov. 28.—The government of Greece today appealed to the neutral nations through the Greek diplomats at the respective neutral capitals against "the coercion being employed by the entente powers towards Greece."

FIRST PICTURE OF "STARVATION SQUAD"



GERMAN NAVAL FORCES AGAIN RAID ENGLISH COAST

LONDON, Nov. 28.—An official German statement given out here today says German naval forces have made another raid close to the English coast near Lowestoft, capturing a vessel.

The German statement is quoted in an official British communication issued this afternoon. The Berlin statement is given as follows:

"The admiralty announces that a portion of our naval forces again executed a raid, going close to the English coast. Not far from Lowestoft an enemy patrol vessel and its crew were captured. Some neutral steamers also were stopped and searched, but as they carried no contraband they were released. Our naval forces returned without seeing any trace of the enemy."

The British admiralty appends the following: "A report has been received that the armed trawler Narval was on duty off the east coast on the night of November 26 and is missing. This presumably is the vessel referred to."

This is the second German naval raid in the last week. On the night of November 23 German destroyers bombarded the town of Ramsgate, near the mouth of the Thames. The British admiralty announced that a German outpost vessel had been sunk by gunfire, but this was denied officially by London.

Lowestoft is on the North sea, about 75 miles northeast of Ramsgate.

EUGENE OF AUSTRIA COMMANDS ARMIES

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Archduke Eugene of Austria has been made a field marshal and promoted to the supreme command of the Austro-Hungarian forces in succession to Archduke Frederick of Austria, according to a dispatch from Rome to the Wireless Press, which says the information was obtained from an Austrian source.

Archduke Eugene has been in command of the Austrian forces operating on the Italian front since May of last year. Previous to that time he commanded the Austrian forces, which invaded Serbia.

John Carlton of Portland is a business visitor in the city for a few days.

WEIGHT OF FOOD SQUAD INCREASED BY CHEAP DIET

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—Whether laughter and good-fellowship at the dining table of the Chicago diet squad is responsible in any measure for the increasing weight of its members was a problem being studied today by the sponsors for the test, which purports to prove that it is possible to live well on 40 cents a day.

The twelve dieters—six men and six women—today were thirty and one-fourth pounds heavier than when they started. The greatest gainer was William Merker, who acquired four and three-quarters pounds during the week.

Mrs. Lottie Pettit, the only member of the squad to lose weight, tipped the scales at 161 1/4 pounds, a loss of three-quarters of a pound.

Dr. John Hill Robertson, city health commissioner, said the one definite lesson for housewives is that "they should go to market and bring their purchases home with them."

STOCKMEN AWAIT RESULT DIAGNOSIS SUSPECTED HERDS

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—Facing the possibility of a renewed outbreak of the foot and mouth disease, livestock men here awaited with some anxiety today the outcome of the federal diagnosis of suspected herds in Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska.

Dr. S. E. Bennett, head of the bureau of animal industry in Chicago, with Dr. E. C. Day, federal veterinarian, and Dr. F. S. Mather, an expert in stock plagues, left here last night to investigate suspected cattle in the Kansas City yards today.

Meanwhile authorities here announced that the precautionary measure taken by Dr. O. E. Dyson, state veterinarian of Illinois, prohibiting the shipment to the stock yards of Chicago and East St. Louis, except for immediate slaughter, of any cattle, horses, swine or sheep from Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska, will not be rescinded until all possible danger of infection is believed past.

Officials of the Chicago Union Stockyards & Transit company asserted also that their embargo order against livestock from all points west of the Missouri river will be effective as long as seems necessary.

U-BOATS RENEW WARFARE, SINK MANY STEAMERS

Submarine Activity Reported on a Large Scale—Over Dozen Ships Reported Torpedoed by Lloyds—Large Liners Among Vessels Destroyed at Sea.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Lloyds announces that the British steamship City of Birmingham has been sunk. The British steamship Knarston, which was previously reported to have been sunk, has been towed into Gravesend, considerably damaged by a mine or torpedoed. The City of Birmingham, 7465 tons gross, was last reported on her arrival in Bombay from Liverpool on September 4. She was 452 feet long, built in 1911 and owned by the Hall line of Liverpool.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The Lloyds report received late today at the state department lists the Briarmer Castle as torpedoed. It also reported the torpedoing of the Norwegian steamer Banstead on November 25 and the sinking of the Norwegian steamers Oifjeld and Tryn and the British steamers Kalminderne and Jerseyman. Dates were not given.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Lloyds Shipping agency today announced the following:

"The Danish steamer Villenoes, of 778 tons gross, from Esbjerg for Grimsby, has been captured.

"The captain and crew of the Norwegian steamer Belle Ile of 1883 tons gross has been landed and report that their steamer was torpedoed by a German submarine." (The Belle Ile was last reported on November 2 as passing Ushant while bound from Gothenburg for Bilbao).

"The French sailing vessels Alfred de Courcy, of 164 tons gross, and Malvina, of 112 tons gross, have been sunk.

"The British steamer Rhona, of 610 tons gross, has been sunk.

Greek Vessels Sunk.

"The captain and crew of the Greek steamer Christoforos, of 2345 tons, of Piraeus, have been landed and report the steamer sunk by a German submarine."

A Greek steamship whose name is given as Michal, believed to be the Michael, has been torpedoed off Tinian island, in the Grenada archipelago. The Greek steamer Michael, 2514 tons gross, and 300 feet long, was built in 1890 and owned in Andross. She was last reported at Piraeus. There is also a Greek steamship Michael, 2141 tons gross, owned in Syria. She sailed on October 24 from Cardiff, Wales, for Arzew, Algeria.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Norwegian steamship Visborg, of 1311 tons gross, has been sunk, according to an announcement made today at Lloyds shipping agency. The captain and crew of the vessel have been landed. The captain reports the Visborg was sunk by a German submarine. The Visborg was 245 feet long and built at New Castle in 1885. She was owned in Haugesund, Norway.

CATTLE DISEASE NOT FOOT AND MOUTH MALADY

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 28.—It appears improbable that cattle at Waverly, Neb., have the foot and mouth disease, according to a report received today by J. S. Anderson, state veterinarian, from A. W. Miller, veterinary inspector for the bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture.

In his letter to Dr. Anderson, Mr. Miller says: "It has been impossible to make a positive diagnosis of the disease among cattle in this (Waverly) vicinity. However, taking into consideration everything our investigation has disclosed up to the present time, it appears improbable the disease affecting cattle in this vicinity is foot and mouth disease."

2 ZEPPELINS LOST IN RAID ON ENGLAND

Mammoth Airships Brought Down and Destroyed by British Airmen—A Third Zeppelin in Broad Daylight Drops, From Great Height, Bombs on London, Injuring Four and Causing Slight Material Damage.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Two Zeppelins, which raided the northeast coast and the north midland counties during the night, were brought down and destroyed by British airmen and it is understood the crews of both airships perished. This makes a total of seven German airships destroyed in England in the present year, while six have been brought down in other fields of operation.

Trying its luck in broad daylight, a third Zeppelin, flying high over London this morning dropped bombs on the capital, injuring four persons and causing slight material damage.

The two months of immunity, which Great Britain had had from hostile air raids led many persons to believe the Germans would not pick any more airships in attacks, which were said in England to have gained no military advantage for them.

Little Damage Done.

Official reports do not say how many airships crossed the coast, but apparently they were bombarded so severely by anti-aircraft guns and attacked by air planes, that they were unable to do much damage. Lights were turned out in all towns in the districts affected and the commanders of the Zeppelins apparently had difficulty in locating themselves.

One Zeppelin discharged her cargo of explosives in Yorkshire and Durham. She was attacked by a single air plane and fell in flames off the Durham coast.

Another got as far as the north midland counties and likewise dropped bombs. She was attacked by air planes and guns and apparently damaged, but effected repairs after reaching the Norfolk coast and started for home at high speed and at high altitude. Naval air planes were awaiting her, and with the aid of an armed trawler, brought her down before she had gone many miles.

Falls in Flames.

Great crowds, attracted to the seacoast by the firing, watched the Zeppelins as they descended in flames.

The Zeppelin brought down on the

BANKS WARNED NOT TO INVEST IN FOREIGN BILLS

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The warning of the federal reserve board in the matter of English treasury bills was apparently without influence on trading at the opening of the stock exchange today. In no important instances were stocks lower than a fraction, while some, including representative rails, were actually higher. Dealings were moderate and without unsettlement in any quarter.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Bankers today received a warning from the federal reserve board against investing in foreign government treasury bills for long terms. A statement issued by the board was interpreted informally by some officials as referring to the recent proposals of J. P. Morgan and company, British financial representatives, that American bankers make loans on British treasury bills, of indefinite total issue secured by gold reserve held in Ottawa. These loans would be for ninety days, with privilege of five renewals for ninety day periods. The board also told bankers that further extensive gold imports will be dangerous only if followed by great loan expansion and inflation.