

FOUR KILLED, FIFTH DYING, OTHERS HURT, GRAND PRIZE RACE, SANTA MONICA

LEWIS JACKSON'S AUTO SMASHES TELEPHONE POLE

Driver, Spectator and Lemonade Vendor Killed Outright; Mechanician and Motion-Picture Camera Man Dying—Cars Traveling at the rate of 86 Miles an Hour.

SANTA MONICA, Nov. 18.—Four persons were killed, a fifth is dying and a number were hurt today when Lewis Jackson's car in the 13th lap of the Grand Prize race collided with a telephone pole and was thrown against two trees which were snapped off by the blow.

Jackson's legs were cut off and he was dead when a hospital was reached. His mechanic was unharmed. The tree had to be cut down to remove his body, which was almost severed. His mechanic, John Shrianda, and J. S. Harrison, a spectator, were injured, but will recover.

Harold Edgerton, a spectator and a woman lemonade vendor were killed instantly. S. L. Jenkins, a motion picture camera man, was reported dying.

Eighteen Cars Start.

Eighteen cars started today at 10-second intervals, Moose leading the way.

Five cars, headed by Oldfield, Thomas, Lenz, Bolden and an undesignated driver, were withdrawn from the start.

Resta led at the fifth lap with Pullen, Cooper, Wilcox and the field following. Resta's time was 29:02.28.8 seconds better than Alton made in the Vanderbilt Thursday.

Alton withdrew in the second lap with a broken piston.

Resta held his lead at the tenth lap. His time was 58:46.8, an average of 86 miles an hour. Cooper was second with Rickenbacher and Wilcox trailing.

Pullen turned over on the wide curve on the point of the triangular course. Neither Pullen nor his mechanic were hurt.

Aitken Leading.

Wilcox led on the fifteenth lap with Resta, Rickenbacher, Cooper, and Ruckstell following. Wilcox's time was 1:26.27, an average of 87.22 miles an hour.

Officials reported Jackson and his mechanic, John Shrianda, were slightly hurt. No one in the crowd was injured. Jackson's car was completely wrecked.

Wilcox led at the 20th lap with Rickenbacher, Cooper and the field following.

At the start of the 21st lap Aitken relieved Wilcox, it was announced, for the remainder of the race.

Aitken in Wilcox's car led at the 25th lap. His time was 2:25:34, an average of more than 86 miles. Rickenbacher, Cooper and the field trailed.

Aitken was leading at the 30th lap, with an average speed of 86.6 miles an hour. His time was 2:54:35. Cooper ran second, five minutes behind and Patterson third, two laps in the rear.

Aitken widened his lead slightly on the 35th lap with Cooper running second and Patterson third.

Aitken's time was 3:24:05, an average speed of 86.4 miles an hour.

ALL FOREIGNERS IN PARRAL SLAIN BY VILLA BAND

Chinese Refugee Reports That Bandits Have Slain Foreigners, Looted Stores, Arrested Natives and Held Them for Ransom—Five or Six Americans Among Number.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 18.—A Chinese refugee who arrived in Juarez late last night on the Mexican Central passenger train brought a report from Jimenez, Chihuahua, that practically all of the foreigners in Parral had been killed by Villa bandits.

He said those killed included the American, German, Chinese, Hebrew, French and Arab residents of the mining camp. He also said a brother-in-law of Theodore Hoemmler at Jimenez had received confirmation of the killing of Hoemmler and his family in Parral.

The Chinese refugee said the general belief in Juarez was that Edgar Koek, German consular agent in Parral, had been killed at Santa Rosalia. Five Americans are known to have reached Culiacan, Sinaloa, from Parral.

Killed Foreigners.

United States government representatives here have also reported practically the same report from a Chinese refugee who arrived in Juarez last night. These reports agree that Villa and his bandits, after occupying the mining town, ordered the foreigners killed, looted the stores, arrested many of the natives and held them for ransom and committed other depredations.

The Chinese refugee who arrived last night said at least twenty Chinese had been killed in Parral and that fifteen Arabs, Hebrews and Syrians had been put to death. He did not know the number of the other foreigners who were killed, although he said another Chinese who fled from Parral had told him in Jimenez that "all of the foreigners had been put to death."

Five or Six Americans.

Of the foreigners believed to have been in Parral when Villa entered, there were at least five, and probably six, Americans. Five of the eleven Americans left two days before the town was evacuated, and reached Culiacan, a message received by the Alvarado Mining & Milling Co. here states. In addition to these five, there remained in Parral, according to the mining men, the following Americans:

Jacob Meyers, E. W. Palmer, William Scott, who is not the son of General Hugh L. Scott, General Scott's son Merrill having left Parral many months before; Henry Schaefer, R. P. Cowell and Dr. Thomas Flannagan. However, the officials of the Alvarado Mining company think it is possible that Flannagan made the trip to Culiacan with the party in charge of Leslie Webb, who left on November 2.

The Germans said to have been in the Parral district when Villa took possession of the town were: Leopoldo, Adolpho and Carlos Twonsky, brothers; Theodore Hoemmler, E. Sierlin of Santa Barbara, a suburb of Parral; Dr. Hugo Schroeder, Hens.

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WILSON WINS CALIFORNIA BY 3500 PLURALITY

Nothing in Official Canvass to Affect President's Unofficial Majority—County Authorities Still Holding Up Larger Counties to Complete Official Recount.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Nov. 18.—With the official canvass of thirty-nine out of fifty-eight counties finished today, Secretary of State Jordan announced that no errors had been found as yet to affect President Wilson's unofficial plurality of more than 3500 votes over Charles E. Hughes. Thirty-nine counties have already been counted by the secretary of state. County authorities are still holding up the larger counties, trying to complete their official recount.

President Wilson's plurality in California will be approximately 3750 votes when the official count of presidential ballots in the state is completed.

This estimate was made on the basis of official returns from all but three of the 58 counties in the state, and estimates of Hughes' probable gain in the other three.

Only Three Unfinished.

All counties except Alameda, Los Angeles and San Francisco have completed their official count. Tabulation of the returns of 55 counties gave Hughes a total of 212,397 and Wilson 229,931. This is a lead for Wilson of 16,937.

In the unofficial returns Hughes' plurality in Alameda county was 7714 and in Los Angeles county 21,533, while Wilson carried San Francisco county by 16,094. This gives Hughes a lead in the three counties of 12,953. Deducting this from Wilson's lead in the other 55 counties Wilson is shown to be leading by 29,841.

It was estimated today that Hughes net gain in Alameda, San Francisco and Los Angeles counties will total about 230 when the official returns there are completed. This would leave Wilson in the state 3754.

No Precincts Thrown Out.

Secretary of State Jordan announced that he had requested the Republican and Democratic state chairmen to send representatives to Sacramento to watch the official tally there and to assist his men in compiling the figures. He is anxious to have all parties satisfied, when he certifies the official returns in the electoral college.

The canvass in San Francisco and Los Angeles counties is proceeding slowly. In a few precincts in both counties the commissioners have discovered small errors which led the republican or democratic watchers to

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QUEEN TURNS HER PALACE INTO A HOSPITAL



Queen Marie of Rumania has turned her palace into a hospital for wounded soldiers and acts as nurse. She is a daughter of the late Duke of Edinburgh, second son of Queen Victoria of England.

HUGHES WINNER IN MINNESOTA BY 396 PLURALITY

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 18.—The complete official vote of Minnesota, announced today by Secretary of State Julius A. Eckmahl, gave Hughes a plurality of 396. The vote was Hughes, 179,554; Wilson, 179,157.

The complete official vote on United States senator was: Kellogg, republican, 185,171; Lawyer, democrat, 117,543; Calderwood, prohibition, 78,126; Kollbakk's plurality 57,628.

The final complete vote of supreme court justice: Anderson, 152,187; Quinn, 157,348. Quinn's plurality, 5,161.

27,478 in Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 18.—Charles Evans Hughes carried Wisconsin in the recent election by a plurality of 27,478 votes, over President Wilson, according to practically complete returns. Only in two or three counties are the returns incomplete and these are estimated.

For United States senator, Robert M. La Follette, republican, has a plurality of 113,658 over William F. Wolfe.

Swedish Steamer Sunk

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Lloyd's Shipping agency announced that the Swedish steamer Tava, of 2206 tons gross, is believed to have been sunk.

STATE CANNOT RAISE MONEY FOR OPERATION

State Treasurer Kay Points Out That Under Tax Limitation Bill Passed by People State Is Limited to Nearly Half a Million Less Than Spent a Year Ago.

That the passage of the ill-considered and faultily drawn tax limitation bill, initiated by the Taxpayer's League, passed by the people at the recent election, has put the state, as well as many counties and municipalities in a bad predicament, is shown by the following letter to The Mail Tribune from State Treasurer Thomas H. Kay, who shows that the measure prohibits the state from spending within seventeen per cent of what it spent a year ago:

To the Editor: Inasmuch as there has been considerable discussion pertaining to the 6 per cent tax limitation bill, which was lately passed, I desire to make known my position on this measure.

I opposed this bill before the election, on the ground that it did not apply as was intended by its makers, and under its provisions the state could not raise within \$582,000 of as much next year as was intended it should raise by the makers of the bill.

Object of Measure. The object of the bill was to prevent the state or any tax-levying district in the state from spending more money one year than it had spent the preceding year, plus 6 per cent, but the bill was made to read that neither the state nor any tax-levying district in the state can raise more money one year than it raised the preceding year, plus 6 per cent, which is quite a different proposition. Note the difference between the word "raised" and "expended." For instance, the state of Oregon required to pay the running expenses of its departments and institutions for the year 1915, \$3,100,000, in addition to money raised from indirect sources. The state carried over an unexpended balance from 1915, of \$350,000, and after deducting this amount from the amount required, namely \$3,100,000 it raised but \$2,750,000 for 1916, although it spent \$3,100,000. Now, under the provisions of this constitutional amendment, the state can raise but 6 per cent more than \$2,750,000 next year, or \$2,905,000, which is \$400,000 less than the amount expended in 1916.

Admitted Ignorance. Mr. Robert Smith, secretary of the Taxpayer's League, which body drafted this bill, admitted, in a discussion with me before the Chamber of Commerce in Portland, on Monday, October 29, the committee did not know when drafting this measure, that the state had carried over a balance of \$550,000 into this year's budget. Therefore, the thought they were placing the state on an equality with other municipalities by permitting it to raise for 1917 as much as it spent in 1916 and 6 per cent more, which would be \$3,100,000 plus 6 per cent, or \$3,286,000, which is \$582,000 more than it actually can raise under the provisions of the bill. As proof of this, Mr. Smith, secretary of the Taxpayer's League, said in his argument in the voters' pamphlet, re-

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BRITISH ATTACKS RESULT IN FURTHER GAINS ON ANCRE

LONDON, Nov. 18.—British attacks last night resulted in further progress for General Haig's troops in the field of their new offensive movement north of the Ancre brook. Striking northeast from Beaumont-Hamel and north from Bapaume, the British pushed back the German lines in each case, London announces today. The Germans countered with their artillery, heavily shelling Beaumont-Hamel and turning their guns also on Behenrue.

At Binehes, south of the Somme, near Peronne, the Germans attacked the French lines, but according to Paris, were repulsed.

The banking operations of the Serbians have brought them to a point in the heights northwest of Iven, due east of Monastir. On the south, French are in the outskirts of Kanjona, five miles from Monastir.

RICHMOND, Nov. 18.—The Rumanians have made considerable progress on the Transylvanian front in the region of Drasovlavei, the war office announced.

BERLIN, Nov. 18.—Efforts of Rumanians to haul back the German troops in Rumania, northeast of Campulung were defeated yesterday, the war office announced, with heavy losses to the attackers.

THREE HUGHES, THREE VIEWS, THREE WATERLOOS



SAM. Perhaps it's the name, Or maybe the fame, But it's Hughes the black cat's been following me. There's Chas. Evans Hughes, Well, he got his done, When Wilson, his rival, came plowin' in.

CHARLES E. Sam Hughes is another, Ed Morris the other, They lost in three weeks of pain painting. Sam, chief of Canadian Half-million militiamen, Resigned when he noticed no gain.
WILLIAM M. Bill Hughes of Australia Has women's regalia To scorn for rejecting conscription. They only blame the black cat. But the reason may be that They are Hughes in name and description.

CONVICTS DEMAND SHERWOOD'S REMOVAL

SALEM, Ore., Nov. 18.—Over 300 prisoners at the Oregon state penitentiary crowded into the meeting of the state board of control in the prison auditorium yesterday and demanded the resignation of Deputy Warden L. C. Sherwood, it became known here today. The men left their work in defiance to Sherwood's orders that they go to their cells. When they refused Sherwood pleaded with the board to give them an audience, saying he feared a riot.

TAKE REFERENDUM ON ADAMSON LAW

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—A referendum of the country's trade bodies in the railroad situation will be ordered by the National Council of the United States Chamber of Commerce, members attending a special meeting of the council said here today. The meeting was called to discuss the Adamson eight-hour law from the standpoint of the nation's business interests. The referendum is considered necessary to get fuller opinions of business concerning government ownership and other questions.

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ONE METHOD OF PRICE CONTROL PROVES SUCCESS

Control by Government Competition Proven Only Beneficial Remedy for Reducing High Cost of Living—Investigation, Prosecution and Federal and State Control Fail.

BY GILSON GARDNER. WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—In view of the high cost of living agitation—and that is the principal agitation today in Washington—the success and failure of the different remedies employed by the federal government in meeting the question has been reviewed by the officials of the various departments with the result that one method of price control has been found to show beneficial results, namely,—control by government competition.

The price control method went into competition with the express companies and the result was beneficial to both the public and the express companies. The former not a real reduction in prices, but a very increased facilities, while the express companies availed from their lethargy and developed an enormous new line of business so that the past year showed a profit of 305 per cent.

Meanwhile it was found that regulation by investigation has failed, as for instance in the investigation of food prices two years ago, four years ago and eight years ago by the department of labor statistics, the department of justice and a special committee appointed by congress. Another instance is the recent inquiry into the increased cost of gasoline by the federal trade commission.

Regulation by Sherman anti-trust law prosecutions has also failed, as shown by the government's successful prosecution of the Standard Oil and other trusts.

Regulation by federal control of railroad freight rates has failed: See the general railroad situation with particular attention to the five per cent increase in freight rates granted by the interstate commerce commission, and the prospective increase promised by President Wilson, if necessary to take care of the eight hour day for railroad trainmen.

Regulation by state laws and state commissions has failed as proved by the recent increases in the prices of bread and milk.

This about covers the ground. Agitation and threats of litigation may temporarily check local and individual extortions, but the fundamentals of relief are found only in the one instance of regulation by the use of government competition.

RAINY WEATHER PREDICTED FOR WEEK

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The weather predictions for the week beginning Sunday, issued by the weather bureau today, are:

Rocky mountain and plateau regions: Fair and moderate temperatures at beginning of the week, followed by unsettled weather and probable local snows Wednesday; fair and colder weather after.

Pacific states: Unsettled, with general rains in north Pacific states and northern California. Temperatures moderate.

IMPROVE NAVY YARD TO BUILD WARSHIPS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—As the result of the decision to award contracts for four battleships and six ten destroyers to private builders, the navy department probably will spend \$6,000,000 available for improvement of government plants on the navy yards at Philadelphia and Norfolk.

PRESIDENT UNABLE TO VISIT COAST

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—President Wilson telegraphed R. A. Crothers, editor and publisher of the San Francisco Bulletin, today that pressure of public duties would not permit a visit to San Francisco and the "Pacific coast at this time although he hoped for such a release as will enable me to give myself the pleasure of such a trip. Mr. Crothers had invited the president on the face of California's Wilson vote.