

# MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

FORECAST  
TONIGHT AND FRIDAY  
OCCASIONAL SHOWERS

WEATHER  
Maximum Yesterday 61;  
Minimum Today 40.

MEDFORD, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1916

NO. 193

## AUSTRIANS LOSE 15,000 MEN BY ITALIAN SMASH

### New Offensive Annihilates Regiment and Several Battalions—French Occupy Fort Vaux—British Advance on Struma—Russian At- tacks Repulsed in Seven Charges.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—A Rome dispatch to the Wireless Press says the first day of the new Italian offensive east the Austrians the loss of 15,000 men. One-third of them were made prisoners, the dispatch says. (The Italian war office reported that 4731 prisoners had been taken). The twenty-first Austrian regiment and several battalions are said to have been annihilated.

The weather is favorable and the battle against the heights east of Gorizia and on the Carso continues fiercely. Austrian counter-attacks are designated as feeble.

PARIS, Nov. 3.—British troops following up their successes against the Bulgarians on the left bank of the River Struma in Greek Macedonia have taken by assault the village of Alitsa, says the official statement issued today by the French war department.

### French in Fort Vaux.

PARIS, Nov. 3.—The French occupied Fort Vaux last evening after waiting for the cessation of great explosions inside the fort, the war office reports today. The fort, evacuated by the Germans yesterday, passed again into the possession of the French without loss to them.

The Germans gave up the fort, the statement says, as a result of the violent French bombardment and the gradual closing in of French troops. The re-entrance of the French into this position was not contested. The ring of Verdun forts is now re-established and is held firmly by the French.

### On Balkan Front.

BUCHAREST, Nov. 3.—The war office announced today that in the fighting along the Hungarian-Rumanian frontier the Rumanian forces had driven the Austrians and Germans across the border at Table Butzi. The Rumanians made an attack in Buzeu valley, occupying Mount Sirlu and Taturamio.

BERLIN, Nov. 3.—Portions of Sully-Saillies, on the Somme front, which were taken by the Germans, were again lost to the French yesterday, the war office announced today.

Attempts of the allies to advance east of Guendecourt and against the northern part of St. Pierre Vans wood, resulted in failure.

### Russians Repulsed.

BERLIN, Nov. 3.—Russian troops charged seven times yesterday in an attempt to recapture positions taken by the Germans on the Narayvka, southeast of Lemberg. They suffered exceptionally severe losses, the war office announced, and gained no success.

Austro-German forces have penetrated further into Rumania, in the districts southwest of Predeal and southeast of Rothenthurn pass, it was announced officially today.

## THREE KILLED IN AUTO, MINNEAPOLIS

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 3.—Passengers arriving from Chihuahua City on the delayed passenger train late last night, brought additional details of the robbery of the Mexican Central passenger train, which left Juarez Monday. They said three passengers were shot by the bandits when they fired into the passenger train, one being a Mexican woman. It was not known whether they were killed.

The conductor who was shot, was Carlos Pairs, whose father is an American. He was shot in the hip by the bandits when he attempted to replace a rail which had been removed by the bandits to wreck the passenger train. The engine and tender were derailed, the passengers stated, but the coaches did not leave the rails.

## SPECIAL BOOZE TRAINS FOR THE THIRSTY IN DRY WEST VIRGINIA

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 3.—Orders issued by the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad today announce the creation of two special trains, beginning tomorrow on which persons carrying legally labelled liquor will be permitted to travel. The trains will move each Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday between Ashland, Ky., and Charleston. Each passenger may carry one suitcase filled with liquor, the case to be no larger than 24 by 12 by 8 inches. Persons will not be permitted to transport liquor on regular trains, a regulation which has been in force for some time.

## PROTECTIVE TARIFF MAIN THEME OF HUGHES SPEECH

HUDSON, N. Y., Nov. 3.—In his speech here today, Charles E. Hughes made the tariff his chief theme and assailed the democratic party for its failure to reduce the high cost of living.

"I think they were just as eloquent in promises four years ago as they are today," Mr. Hughes said. "As I look back to the statements that were made at that time, I cannot see how any one could have said anything more eloquently, more persuasively than was said at that time with respect to what was going to be done for American labor and American business. You would have thought at that time that the sun of promise had just begun to shine upon a benighted world, and that they were going to have an entirely new condition in which labor would profit to the utmost and American business would get an extraordinary incentive."

"Well, they have put their ideas into force. They have not had a chance to do it for a great many years. They proceeded to do it with very extraordinary results. In the first place, they had a tariff for revenue only, but it was a tariff that did not produce revenue. We had a great falling off in revenue through a tariff for revenue, while we had a great increase of imports, and so in time of peace, which now they emphasize, forgetting the little wars we have had in Mexico, they had to pass what is called a war revenue bill to take care of the deficit which was the result of their fiscal policy."

"Then they said they were going to have American enterprise take on a new size and speed, and it did, a much reduced size and a much slower speed. The opportunities of labor vanished or were greatly reduced, and we had a very extraordinary condition in the country."

## VICTORY CERTAIN FOR BOTH PARTIES

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Alvin T. Bert, manager of western republican headquarters, announced today that the final reports received from states in his jurisdiction were more favorable to republican success than any received at any time during the campaign. Republican leaders today claimed Wisconsin, Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, North and South Dakota, Minnesota, Idaho and even Missouri and Kentucky as certain to cast their electoral votes for Hughes and Fairbanks.

Senator Thomas J. Walsh, manager of western democratic headquarters, in a statement issued today declared that the prospects for democratic victory were never brighter than at present. He says that the final reports indicate that every state in the west claimed by the republicans is either reasonably safe for President Wilson or doubtful.

## OVER 2 MILLION SPENT TO ELECT HUGHES BY G. O. P.

### Campaign Receipts to October 30 for Republicans Total \$2,012,535, and for Democrats, \$1,310,729—Frick and Whitney Head List With \$25,- 000 Each.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Supplemental reports filed here today show the republican national campaign fund totalled \$2,012,535 and the democratic national campaign fund totalled \$1,310,729 at the close of business October 30.

In addition to contributions already acknowledged the treasurers of both national committees today reported supplemental collections.

The democratic committee reported an additional \$304,436 to the \$1,006,283 previously reported, and the republican committee reported \$344,778 in addition to the \$1,067,757 previously acknowledged.

The accounts to date show total expenditures of \$1,886,599 for the republicans and \$1,126,762 for the democrats.

### Wall Street Donators.

H. C. Frick and Payne Whitney head the list with \$25,000 each. The Union League club's funds of Philadelphia and New York were next with \$20,000 and \$13,250 respectively.

Other contributors were Charles Warren Fairbanks, candidate for vice-president, and Eugene Meyer, \$10,000 each; A. W. Mellon and R. B. Mellon gave \$6,000 each.

Contributors with \$5,000 each were German G. Fleitman, Leroy Frost, George R. Sheldon, Robert W. Goetz and J. Horner Harding.

Charles McKnight gave \$4,000 and Charles G. Dawes gave \$3,200. E. M. Byers and W. P. Snyder gave \$3,000 each.

Others include H. H. Westinghouse, E. R. Crawford, F. L. Ames and J. W. Seligman Co., \$2,500; E. T. Weir, E. W. Mudge, H. J. Heinz and E. F. Price, \$2,000; Alice Jones Wilcox, H. Hagar Laughlin, George F. Porter, J. C. Teers, H. K. McMillan, F. B. Jones, Jr., Mrs. Elizabeth H. Horne, Mrs. Mary F. Laughlin and Henry A. Laughlin, \$1,500; William F. Flinn and Mrs. J. B. Oliver, \$1,250.

Among those contributing \$1,000 each were: Mrs. C. A. Grisson, Adolph T. Lewisohn, A. Russell, George C. Lee, Joseph R. Dilworth, J. M. Schoonmaker, David B. Oliver, R. P. Ernst, Henry B. Joy, Larz Anderson, A. F. Knott, L. De L. Conzette, W. I. Mellon, G. M. Laughlin, Jr., J. B. Ford, R. E. Olds and Fred M. Alger.

**Democratic Contributors.**  
The largest individual contributors were Cleveland D. Dodge of New York, \$25,000, and Edward L. Duheny, \$25,000. Among the other large contributors were:

\$12,000—Roger C. Sullivan, Chicago, \$10,000, Alvin Untermyer, New York; Fredrick C. Penfield, New York; Charles J. Peabody, New York; E. S. Peabody, Chicago, \$5,000; F. B. Lynch, M. A. Coolidge, George S. Mead, Frederick Johnson and James Lewis Taylor, New York, \$3,000; Francis P. Garvan, R. B.

(Continued on Page Three.)

## RAILROADS INCREASE 40 MILLION A MONTH

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Reports from 129 out of 189 railroads whose revenues exceed \$1,000,000 issued by the interstate commerce commission today, show that their net revenue from railroad operation ran up to \$246,558,236, an increase of more than \$40,000,000 over the previous September.

## TO PROGRESSIVE VOTERS

TO THE PROGRESSIVE VOTERS OF OREGON:  
At the primary election, held in April, 1916, you elected me as a progressive presidential elector.

When one is elected to any office in the state of Oregon, and the vote canvassed, and the result announced, it is then the duty of the governor of this state to sign and issue a certificate of election, and the secretary of state must place the name of the successful candidate on the ballot. The governor and secretary of state have no other election or option in the premises.

Under the law of Oregon, a candidate elected to an office must accept the same. The law is compulsory, and he could not resign even though he desired.

I attended the national progressive convention in Chicago last June, and that convention, composed of as able and representative Americans as have ever assembled in this country, nominated Theodore Roosevelt as its candidate for president.

Two weeks after the convention adjourned he became a traitor to every principle he announced and declared for theretofore, and declined the progressive nomination for president.

By an act of treachery and perfidy unknown in the political life of the nation he made it unfeasible for the progressive party to make a new nomination, so we find the progressive party without a presidential candidate.

I have elected to vote for Woodrow Wilson as president, for the reason that he has on his own motion embodied 19 specific declarations of the progressive platform into concrete living laws in the statutes of the United States.

For the same reason John M. Parker, the candidate of the progressive party for vice president, has openly declared for President Wilson, and is now campaigning for his reelection.

Now, as a matter of simple fairness and common honesty, I suggest to the progressives of Oregon, that they do not vote for me as a progressive presidential elector; let your vote be the expression of an idea.

As progressives, let us vote from influence of reason and not from the heartless instincts of hate and prejudice.

Your vote should express the incarnation of a principle. President Wilson has wisely originated and approved the most beneficial legislation known in the last half century of our national life.

On August 25, last, he sent a message to congress which brings a hope and emancipation to the tolling man behind the throttle, and called attention to a century old wrong; that message found expression in the Adamson bill as a blessed hope to the tolling men, women and children of this land, and holds for struggling humanity a golden promise.

With the wisdom of a Nestor and the courage of a Titan, he has challenged the vampire crew of special privilege; and so far no successful criticism has cast a single aspersion upon his acts as president.

The country will enlarge its history and add to its immortality by his reelection.  
EMMETT CALLAHAN,  
Chairman of the Progressive Party for Portland, Ore.

## RUSSIAN ADVANCE ENDS IN FAILURE ASSERTS BERLIN

BERLIN, Nov. 3.—"No success whatever was obtained by the Russians in their recent determined attack on the eastern front, which apparently was launched with the purpose of helping the Rumanians and may be considered the latest of the ramifications of General Brussiloff's great offensive movement," says an Overseas News agency review of the campaign, it says.

"At Narayvka, in Galicia, the Russians sustained a severe and sanguinary defeat in a battle that lasted seven days from October 15 to October 22, and were similarly defeated in an engagement on October 30. During the progress of this fighting Turkish troops especially distinguished themselves."

"The Russians likewise paid a high price for their attacks upon our positions on the Slatka on October 30-31. While the German losses, despite gunfire of the heaviest sort, totalled only forty men, thanks to the excellently conducted defensive positions, the Russians left about 1200 men on the field in this sector."

"The attacks which were repeatedly launched in strong force, resulted in no relief for the Rumanians."

Referring to the fighting on the Rumanian front, the review says:

"The Austro-German attacks in the Carpathian passes and in Dobruja continue in full swing, although the Rumanians are making efforts to check them by rapidly concentrating their reserves."

## GERMAN RAID ON BRITISH SHIPPING

BERLIN, Nov. 3.—A raid was made by German naval small craft on the shipping route between the mouth of the Thames and Holland on Wednesday night, the admiralty announces today. Several steamers were stopped and searched and two of them were brought into a German port.

The raiders were fruitlessly shelled by four British cruisers while they were returning.

## CREW ACCUSES CAPTAIN OF SHIP OF BRUTAL CRIMES

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—The United States district court issued warrants charging murder on the high seas, today against Captain D. O. Killman, of the American schooner Henry K. Hall, and his first mate, Fred Hansen. Six members of the crew marched to the federal building and, exhibiting bruises and other marks of violence, told a tale of horrors aboard ship between Port Townsend, Wash., and Durban, South Africa, and return, which included the murder of two of the crew, they charged.

Captain Killman and Hansen are charged in one warrant with the death of one man, while Hansen is charged individually in another warrant with the murder of another sailor.

The Henry K. Hall arrived here yesterday, 118 days out of Durban. It is alleged that one of the crew died September 1, while the ship was off the Australian coast, from a blow on the head with a knotted rope. The other man was killed, allegedly, soon after the ship left Port Townsend last January. The Hall reached her outgoing destination last May leaving badly.

## DENY REPORT OF PARRAL'S CAPTURE

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Andres G. Garcia, inspector general of consulates for the Mexican government now in New York, today received a telegram from the Mexican consul at El Paso, denying the report that Villa had captured Parral. The telegram from El Paso said Carranza troops were in full control of the place.

Mr. Garcia added that beginning November 1 Carranza troops stationed at Juarez would receive as pay 50 cents silver a day in addition to the money now paid them in government currency.

## BUSINESS MEN ASK HUGHES TO STATE POSITION

### Open Letter Addressed to Candidate by Twenty-two of Largest Manu- facturers, Asking Whether Laws Beneficial to Business Will Be Re- pealed in Case of His Election.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Fearing the election of Charles E. Hughes would bring disaster to the business interests of the country, 22 of the largest business men in the United States have addressed an open letter to the republican candidate, demanding to know exactly what he would do if president.

Attention is called in the letter to the present unequal prosperity and to the fact that this prosperity promises to continue unless the laws benefiting business men, which have been passed in President Wilson's administration are repealed or modified.

That Mr. Hughes would attempt to meddle with these laws is taken for granted by the signers of the letter, who quote from his Milwaukee speech when he declared that "the whole Democratic legislative accomplishment must be wiped off the books for the good of the country."

### Ten Specific Questions Asked

Ten specific questions are put to Candidate Hughes in the businessmen's open letter, which follows in full:

"To Mr. Hughes: As business men, we are concerned about the future. We can meet almost any condition, provided we know in advance to a reasonable extent what we may expect."

"We have considered carefully the present status of the country's business. We know that after three years of President Wilson's administration:

"The wealth of the United States has grown faster than in any nation in the world's history within the same period.

"The bank clearings of our country have reached the highest figures ever recorded by any country.

"The deposits of our national banks, our national bank reserves and our money in circulation have all made the best gains of which there is record in financial history.

"The stock of gold in the United States has become greater than that ever accumulated in any other land. Our foreign commerce has enjoyed an expansion never equaled, and there has been a greater increase in the number of our ships engaged in foreign trade, and in the number of merchant ships building in our yards than has ever been witnessed anywhere.

"Our manufactured products gained in value at a rate without precedent, and the farmers of the United States in 12 months have added to the nation's income over a billion dollars, a figure until now unknown in the world's agricultural progress.

"More men are now employed in our industries and at higher wages than ever before in our history."

"The cornerstone of this structure is domestic confidence and industrial strength at home. Trade in war supplies is but an incident of it."

### Prosperity Promises to Continue.

"Unless this development is interfered with by shortsighted legislation or unwieldy, impatient diplomacy which may drag us into war, there is every indication that our prosperity will continue, irrespective of the end of

(Continued on Page Three.)

## COMPLETES FLIGHT CHICAGO TO NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Victor Carlstrom, who left Chicago yesterday for New York, in a New York Times mail carrying aeroplanes, descended on Governors Island today, ending his flight at 8:55 a. m. His journey was interrupted by stops yesterday at Erie, Pa., and Hammondport, N. Y. On his flight from Hammondport today, Carlstrom broke another record, covering the distance, 217 miles, at an average speed of 157 miles an hour, or 31 miles an hour better than the record held by Jules Vedrines, the French aviator.

## HUGHES RECORD AS GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK

### George Creel Goes Over Executive Actions—Frequent Sessions of the Legislature Failed to Accomplish Anything—Split Party and Fail- ures Were Many and Victories Few

By GEORGE CREEL.

Whiskers have always possessed a peculiar appeal to the American people. In some queer way they have come to be associated in the public mind with honesty, simplicity, force and high purpose. The patent medicine fakers were first to grasp the possibilities of this childlike belief, and in their advertising it was always bearded men who told of marvelous cures and miraculous escapes from death.

Only on the score of this blind, traditional faith in whiskers is it possible to explain the legend that has grown up around Charles E. Hughes. Even among those disappointed and alienated by his campaign speeches, the opinion still prevails that he was a "great governor."

As a matter of fact, he was a very poor governor, futile to the last degree. His failures were many, his victories few, and when he quit Albany for Washington he left behind him a disorganized public service, triumphant bossism and financial demoralization. Without executive ability, without the gift of leadership, without vision and resource, he blundered from first to last.

### List of Failures.

The reform to which he first addressed himself was the direct primary. In every regular session of the legislature and throughout two extraordinary sessions specifically convened to pass the law, Governor Hughes was mocked and defeated by the petty party bosses and forced to quit the fight. This was Failure No. 1.

The short ballot was another reform that he advocated in his first and second annual messages. Again the little bosses flouted and bent him. This was Failure No. 2.

The regulation of Wall street speculation in securities was a specific Hughes promise. The bill embodying his recommendation was defeated in his first term, and again in the second, although the report of the citizen's commission showed grave abuses. This was Failure No. 3.

Throughout his campaign, Mr. Hughes took a position on conservation as advanced as that of Mr. Pinchot. Aside from the purchase of Saratoga Springs, no conservation measure of any kind was passed. Not only this, but he signed an amendment to the Long Sault charter that presented a water power corporation with grants of inestimable value. The steel was so obvious that a subsequent legislature was forced to repeal the Hughes law. This was Failure No. 4.

### Prison Reform Failure.

If ever prison reform needed a friend it was during the Hughes administration. Sing Sing, with two men in each horrible little cell, was a place of cruelty and madness, and the state shook to the demand that the degrees be ended. In response to this clamor, a new prison site was selected at Bear Mountain, but, after \$268,000 had been expended, the land was turned over to a park proposition.

Four years later the Sing Sing agitation was renewed, and this time a site was bought at Wingdale, in Dutchess county. A republican architect received a contract, and a republican quartermaster in St. Lawrence county got the order for stone, but

(Continued on Page Three.)

## BUTTER DROPS FIVE CENTS, PORTLAND

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 3.—Two-pound rolls of butter sold in Portland stores for 50 cents. Yesterday they were 55. Retailers said the drop was the result of accumulation of stock, which piled up when patrons refused to pay the high price.