

RUSSIANS TAKE STANISLAU--ITALIANS DOBERDO--SALONKI DRIVE BEGUN

SLAVS DRIVE VICTORIOUS AT LEMBERG

With Rapid Strides Russians Are Forcing Their Way Along the River Dneister--Armies Near Halicz From North and South--Furious Resistance Offered but Germans Admit Retirement for Re-grouping of Forces--5000 Prisoners Taken.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 11.—Stanislaw, an important railroad center southeast of Lemberg, capital of Galicia, has been occupied by Russian troops.

BERLIN, Aug. 11.—Austro-German troops in the region of Monastyrzyska, and at points on the Dneister and in the Bystritsa river regions of Galicia, have been compelled to give way because of the superiority of hostile forces at some places, says today's war office statement. Counter attacks brought the engagements to a standstill and a regrouping of the Teutonic forces is now taking place.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 11.—The Russian are advancing on the Sereth river in Galicia, the war office announced today. They have also entered the town of Monastyrzyska, northwest of Stanislaw. Fighting continues in Monastyrzyska.

The Russians have also reached the Dneister, south of Mariampol, which is eight miles southeast of the important town of Halicz. They also have advanced to the right bank of the Bystritsa river, a branch of the Dneister which joins that river near Mariampol.

5000 Prisoners Taken. In the fighting of August 8 and 9 more than 5,000 Austrians and Germans were captured. The statement follows:

Fierce fighting is continuing in the region of Mikhlabachy, the village of Vuksti Lubavole, the town of Stobovy and the village of Zarovne. On the River Sereth our troops are advancing as a result of fierce fighting. The enemy is making a desperate resistance, alternating between defensive actions and counter attacks. Notwithstanding the enemy's efforts to stem our advance our gallant troops, under General Sakharoff, by a series of repeated attacks, pushed the enemy out of villages and woods on the right bank of the river and, having reached the ridge commanding the heights. They are fighting before the village of Trostian vesnogrovec. We took here 2,500 men and

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WIRELESS CALL FROM SUBMARINE

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Wireless observers at shore stations were puzzled early today by signals received from an unidentified vessel, apparently somewhere off Sandy Hook, which was calling the Telefunken wireless station in this city. The fact that the stranger refused to disclose the identity of the vessel, led some of the wireless operators to believe they were at last in communication with the long-expected German submarine Bremen.

While in communication with the shore stations, a few hours earlier the strange vessel reported herself only as a collier and the operator on board signed his calls "DBU" which in the private wireless signal of the North German Lloyd steamer, Breslau, last reported as tied up in New Orleans for the period of the war.

ALLIES START NEW OFFENSIVE FROM SALONKI

Anglo-French Forces Attack Bulgarians at Dorian, Capturing Town--Italian Advance Continues Unchecked--British and French Make Steady Progress

PARIS, Aug. 11.—An attack by Anglo-French forces on the Bulgarians at Dorian, 40 miles northwest of Salonki, is reported in a Havas dispatch from Salonki. The allies occupied the Dorian railway station and a neighboring hill. In front of the captured positions, the dispatch says, the bodies of numerous Bulgarians were found. The attack was preceded by a vigorous bombardment.

At other points along the front artillery fighting continues with patrol engagement along the Serbian border.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—Reuters correspondent at Salonki telegraphs that the artillery duel on the Balkan front has been renewed. The height captured by the Anglo-French forces is Hill 22E, south of Dorian. The railway station lies five miles east of the town.

Italians Victorious. ROME, Aug. 11.—The Italians have occupied the entire Doberdo plateau, the war office announced today.

The Italians also have captured Rubbia and San Martino del Carso. They have reached the line of the Vallone river. The Austrians have retired to the east of the town of Vellone.

The number of prisoners taken by the Italians since the fall of Gorizia now exceeds 15,000 according to the correspondent of the Tribune on the Isonzo front. Italian cavalry and cyclists are clearing the valleys of the retreating Austrians and, according to the correspondent, the battle continues in favor of the Italians on both wings.

Salient Is Cleared. By their new victories the Italians appear to have taken an important step toward clearing the salient formed by the bend of the Isonzo below Gorizia. The Doberdo plateau was the scene of heavy fighting early in the war, but the Austrians obstinately withstood efforts of the Italians to win this important position. The fighting took place on a front some distance below Gorizia, the capture of which enabled the Italians to push forward in the direction of Trieste in this region. San Martino del Carso is six miles southwest of Gorizia. It is about 20 miles from Trieste.

On Somme Front. LONDON, Aug. 11.—British pressure on the Somme front is being continually exerted against the Germans in the Bazentin-le-Petit and Pozieres regions and General Haig's forces have made additional progress north of both these places, London announces.

The French in the Somme region are evidently preparing for a new offensive.

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WESTERN UNION TO TRANSFER PACKAGES

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—The Western Union Telegraph company notified its customers today that its national distribution service for the delivery of packages will be transferred to another corporation on September 1 and thereafter its messengers will collect and deliver telegrams only. It is understood that the package deliveries will be made by motor trucks operating from a central station in the larger cities. A shortage of boys to act as messengers had necessitated the change. The national distribution service now is in operation in all the principal cities served by the Western Union.

TEN PER CENT PROFIT TAX ON WAR MUNITIONS

Senate Democrats Agree to Cut Proposed Schedule in House Bill to Yield Revenue of \$45,000,000--Copper Excluded--Tax Placed on Profits of Powder and Munitions.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—A ten per cent net profit tax on manufacture of munitions of war was agreed upon today by democrats of the senate finance committee as a substitute for the munitions taxes proposed in the house revenue bill.

The committee completed its consideration of the house bill for submission to the senate tonight, the net revenue to be derived from the measure being estimated at \$198,000,000, or \$11,000,000 less than the house bill. Specific duties on munitions proposed in the house would have yielded \$72,000,000. Under the senate amendment the revenue to be derived from munitions will be only \$45,000,000.

The proposal to levy a net profit tax on excess profits of manufacturers of all goods sold to foreign governments as proposed last night was rejected by the committee after a prolonged fight.

The amendment strikes out all the munitions taxes contained in the house bill, including the much protested copper tax, and provides that every corporation manufacturing gunpowder or other explosives and all munitions of war and articles going to make up munitions, including motor boats and submarines, shall pay for each taxable year a tax of ten per cent upon net profits received from the sale of such goods manufactured in the United States.

The proposed tax would become operative a year after its close of the European war and would be operative from January 1, 1916.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 11.—With sixteen new cases of infantile paralysis and four deaths reported in this city for the 24 hours ending this morning at 9 o'clock and a total of 58 cases in the city since Monday morning alone, the disease is beginning to assume serious proportions in the eyes of the medical authorities and renewed efforts are being made to check its growth and stamp it out. Since the first of July there have been 148 cases with 28 deaths.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 11.—Pennsylvania's quarantine for infantile paralysis was today extended to all borders of the state.

CARRANZA RETURNS CONFISCATED LANDS

PARIS, Aug. 11.—Confirmation was given today by Juan Arzoz, financial agent in Paris, that the Carranza regime, of a Mexico City dispatch in the Figaro saying the Mexican government has decided to return sequestered properties taken from supporters of previous governments, subject to any civil responsibilities which may have been incurred.

The dispatch says this will tend to unite the various elements in Mexico for the restoration of normal conditions.

WILMINGTON, Del., Aug. 11.—An explosion which blew out a cylinder on a rehydrating press at the Dupont Powder company's plant at Carney's Point, N. J., today killed three workmen and injured two others.

PARKER MAKES PACE ALONE



John M. Parker of Louisiana

PROSPERITY HERE PERMANENTLY SAYS FITZGERALD

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Unstinted praise of the Wilson administration was voiced by Congressman John J. Fitzgerald of Brooklyn, temporary chairman of the democratic convention here today. The democratic party in three years, he said, had enacted "more progressive, remedial and beneficial legislation, than had been previously perfected in any two decades."

"This included the constitutional amendments for the direct election of senators and the levying of a tax upon incomes. The Underwood tariff law, the federal reserve act, the good roads law, the agricultural co-operative extension act, the Clayton act and the anti-injunction law."

Mr. Fitzgerald denied the assertions of Charles E. Hughes, republican candidate for president, that the country is enjoying only temporary prosperity. He declared that exports have virtually doubled since the advent of the Wilson administration and now aggregate \$4,000,000,000 annually, of which less than six per cent consists of war munitions. He quoted figures to show that new textile mills are under construction, that many wage increases have been reported and that bank resources and deposits have increased greatly. This condition, he said, was due chiefly to the belief of the people that the affairs of the nation were in safe hands and that there was no fear of the country being plunged into war.

The present republican state administration was criticized as "wasteful and extravagant" by the speaker.

WILSON COMING WEST TO SPEAK

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—President Wilson practically has decided to make a speaking trip across the continent. No details of the tour have been arranged, but it was understood today that his itinerary will be worked out within the next few weeks.

The president's advisers have been urging him to make a number of speeches, but he has been withholding a decision until the work of congress had progressed further. It was known definitely today, however, that if present plans were carried out, the president would go to the Pacific coast.

REACH VOTE ON SHIPPING BILL BY MONDAY NEXT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Republicans of the senate indicated today that they would permit a vote to be reached on the administration shipping bill late tomorrow or Monday. This developed while Senators Jones and Gallinger were cross-questioning Senator Simmons about progress on the revenue bill being drafted by a finance sub-committee.

Senator Simmons said he hoped to have the revenue measure ready for the full committee Monday and to report it to the senate Tuesday. While it is being perfected the democrats will call up the workmen's compensation bill or Philippine conference report.

Senator Jones, resuming his speech against the shipping bill, argued that even if the measure should meet one purpose for which it was proposed and reduce ocean freight rates, foreign importers, rather than American shippers would be the beneficiaries.

Senator Fletcher of the commerce committee submitted an amendment to provide that whenever regulations or practices of foreign governments operated to discriminate against vessels of the United States it would be the duty of the shipping board to report to the president for diplomatic action or to be brought to the attention of congress.

WOMEN CLASH OVER COMMITTEE

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Aug. 11.—Sharp differences regarding the manner of selecting a resolutions committee to draft a statement of the election policy of the national woman's party developed at the first formal session of the national conference here today. A substitute motion that the committee consist of 12 members instead of five as first proposed and that the members be selected by each state, instead of by the national chairman was lost by a vote of 46 to 42.

An amendment intended as a compromise was immediately passed, increasing the personnel of the committee to 14—one from each suffrage state represented, and the original motion was then passed unanimously. Miss Anne Martin, national chairman, announced the selection of Mrs. William Kent of California as chairman and said the others would be selected later.

PARKER NOW HEADS TICKET OF PROGRESSIVES

So-called "Headless" Ticket Gathering Power to Cause Great Crash in Some States, Says Gardner--Bull Moose Organization Maintained--Roosevelt Denounced as Judas.

BY GILSON GARDNER INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 11.—The progressive party has not quite gone out of business. The party organization will be preserved for future use, and it is even settled that in a number of states the progressives are to take part in this presidential campaign.

So much I gathered from the conference of progressives just ended here. About 30 states were represented.

The first thing the committee did was to "denounce and repudiate the George W. Perkins crowd."

Roosevelt a Judas. The 32 progressive committeemen who tried to deliver the progressive endorsement to Charles E. Hughes were grilled to a crisp, and one member, Judge Burton Vance, of Kentucky, included Col. Roosevelt among those who had achieved a position in history with Benedict Arnold and Judas Iscariot.

Then the remaining faithful proceeded to read out of the progressive party all committeemen and others who had deserted for Hughes. This is to be followed by filling the vacant committee places and demanding the archives, the treasurer's funds and other paraphernalia of the party organization.

These demands are unquestionably legal and will be backed up by court action if necessary.

Having got this much out of his system, the faithful progressive in Indianapolis took a hitch in his belt and considered how best to get into the coming fight.

Parker Heads Ticket. "Suppose we just go in as we are, and where we can?" suggested John M. Parker.

"With no head to the ticket—no presidential nominee?" asked a delegate from Michigan.

"Why have a head to the ticket? I am the regular progressive party candidate for vice president. This gives us a right to a list of presidential electors on the ballot. That represents the party and gives the voter a chance to vote his progressive principles."

On this prospect the plans for another convention and another presidential candidate were immediately dropped.

MEDIATORS FAIL IN SOLUTION OF RAIL DEADLOCK

Delay of 24 Hours Asked of Trainmen--Intervention of President May be Asked--No Common Ground Found for Compromise--Employes Stand Pat for 8 Hours.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—After liberating the great part of the night, Commissioners William Chambers, Martin A. Knapp and G. W. W. Hanger, of the United States board of mediation and conciliation, were today no nearer a solution of the "deadlock" in the dispute between the four railroad brotherhoods of the country and their employers than they were yesterday. The efforts of the mediators to avert a nation-wide strike were virtually at a halt, due to the fact, it was reported, that the railroads refuse to grant any concession other than arbitration, while the men persist in their firm stand for the unequivocal granting of their demands for an eight-hour day and time and a half overtime.

Request Day's Delay. A formal request for a 24-hour delay in the negotiations was made by the federal board to the union men today when they assembled to receive the mediators and it was reported that the board, unless there was an unexpected change in the situation in that time, was prepared to suggest to President Wilson that he intervene.

Mr. Hanger, who asked for the delay, took pains to point out, however, that no particular significance should be attached to the sudden change in their plans.

"It must be remembered," he said, "that the question at issue involves hundreds of railroads and thousands of men and the mediators cannot arrive at a judicious conclusion as to the merits in the case, until they have thoroughly assimilated the situation."

Mr. Hanger added that the board expected to continue its deliberations today and might reach a decision by evening as to the time of the next meeting with one or the other side in the dispute.

Stone's Statement. "We do not intend," said W. S. Stone, chief of the Brotherhood of Railway Engineers, to wait very long on the mediators. The temper of the men is such that they would not have waited a minute if they had not persuaded them to give the mediators the chance. Personally, I do not care to carry the strike vote around in my pocket for any extended period. It is like a stick of dynamite."

Since its organization in 1915, through an act of congress, and up to September 29, 1915, the board has sat on 47 controversies between the railroads and their employes. In every instance the board has succeeded in securing an adjustment of the differences, 39 cases having been settled by mediation alone and eight by arbitration.

NO PROBE LIKELY OF RISE IN WHEAT

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—No federal investigation of the sudden rise in the price of wheat is probable, according to information here today, but it was said that United States District Attorney Clyné will keep a watch on the activities of speculators on the wheat market to prevent unlawful manipulation. This was the statement of Mr. Clyné in denying rumors that a federal investigation already had begun.

TURKS BAR RELIEF WORKERS FROM SYRIA

LONDON, Aug. 11.—Turkey has refused to grant the request of the United States that a neutral committee be permitted to undertake relief work in Syria where thousands of native christians are reported to be starving.