

FORECAST
FAIR TONIGHT
AND TOMORROW.

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

WEATHER
Maximum yesterday, 84;
Minimum today 51.

Forty-sixth Year.
Daily—Sixteenth Year.

MEDFORD OREGON, TUESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1916

NO. 112

AUSTRIAN ARMY ENVELOPED BY RUSSIAN DRIVE

Von Bothmer's Galicia Force Reported Surrounded—Germans Withdrawing Supplies From Kovel—Vladimir-Volynski Reported Evacuated—Progress Toward Lemberg.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Count Von Bothmer's army is reported to be almost enveloped by the Russians in Galicia, says a dispatch from Rome to the Wireless Press. Cossack divisions, after the occupation of Brody are said to have destroyed the railways behind the Austrian army.

The Germans are withdrawing from Kovel their heavy artillery, food and munition depots, says another dispatch from Rome to the Wireless Press. The city of Vladimir-Volynski in Volhynia, is said to have been completely evacuated by the Germans.

Force Austrians Back.

PETROGRAD, August 1.—Russian troops at the bend of the Stokhod river, in the region of the village of Voli-khuchary, forced the Austro-Germans back and fought their way to a point west of this line, it was officially announced by the Russian war department.

All Teutonic counter attacks in the Kovel and Lutsk regions, the statement adds, were repulsed by the Russians.

As the result of a Russian attack in the region of Tehekhyudenska, three miles southeast of Monasterzyska in Galicia, the Russians crossed the marshy river at Koropetz up to their waists in water, as all the bridges had been destroyed by the Austro-Germans, attaining the west bank of the river, organized their new positions. Here, the communication says, the Russians took more than 1000 Austro-Germans prisoner. In the Caucasian front pursuit of the Turks in the direction of Mosul continues.

Drive Upon Kovel.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 1.—With General Kaledine's army in full control of the Stokhod river, which has been the chief obstacle to the westward progress of the northern wing of the Russian forces under command of General Brusiloff and the troops under General Sakharoff driving the Austrian army westward by General Von Boehm-Ermolli sent from Brody, the Russians are now well advanced in the campaign against the two important centers of Kovel and Lemberg.

Of the two objectives, Kovel is in the position of gravest danger, being threatened from the west, where the Russians have successfully passed the Stokhod river, and from the south, where the Russians recently reached an advanced point on the Vladimir-Volynski road, south of Kiselin.

The view held here is that the Austro-Germans, notwithstanding their stubborn resistance, will be unable much longer successfully to oppose all three lines of advance upon Kovel, Vladimir-Volynski and Lemberg, and probably will be compelled to sacrifice one of these points in order to stiffen resistance against the Russian attacks on the other two.

CARRANZISTS GAVE FULL CO-OPERATION

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Major General Bell directs special attention to the co-operation of Carranza troops in the fight with bandits on the American side of the border today near Fort Hancock, Texas, in his official report to the war department, made public today. The Mexicans sent a detachment of eight men under Captain Marcello Marruyo to the American side, where they joined six men from the Eighth cavalry, who were engaged with the bandits.

General Bell's reports tell a story substantially the same as unofficial accounts and concludes:

"I wish to call attention to the co-operation of the Mexican troops. Three bandits belonging to this band were captured yesterday by the Mexicans and are now en route to Juarez."

WORKING MOTHER ENTITLED TO PENSION SAYS SUPREME COURT

SALEM, Ore., Aug. 1.—The Oregon supreme court decided today that a mother does not forfeit her right to state aid under the mother's pension law of 1913 if she works away from the family residence. The decision was made in the case of Mrs. Mary Luella Finley, who appealed from the Marion county court. The supreme court also ruled that the appellant was entitled to back pension from the time she filed her application in July, 1913.

ZEPPELINS AGAIN RAID EAST COAST OF GREAT BRITAIN

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—An official statement, issued today by the German admiralty staff announces that during Monday night several naval airship squadrons successfully attacked London and eastern counties of England. Abundant bombs, the statement says, were dropped on coast works, anti-aircraft batteries and industrial establishments. Important from a military standpoint. Despite heavy firing, which was begun as soon as the naval forces approached, all the airships returned undamaged.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Last night's raid on the eastern and southeastern counties of England was carried out by seven or more Zeppelins, accompanied by aeroplanes, according to reports of observers, who sighted the aircraft, returning homeward.

No details have been received as to the number of bombs dropped, the damage done or the casualties caused, if any, but independent accounts say one Zeppelin, caught by searchlights, was heavily fired upon by anti-aircraft guns and apparently hit.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—One of the Zeppelin airships which raided the eastern and southeastern counties of England last night was picked up by searchlights and fired upon, says a southeast coast correspondent of the Central News Agency. It is believed that the airship was hit, as she appeared to stop, tremble, and then dive.

It was officially announced this evening that there were no casualties whatever as the result of the projectiles dropped by the Zeppelin airships last night.

GOVERNOR ACTS TO STOP ILLEGAL FISHING

SALEM, Ore., Aug. 1.—Following the receipt of a petition, signed by many residents of Jackson county, complaining of law violations regarding fishing at the mouth of Rogue River, Governor Withycombe has announced that he would send a special agent there and if that did not suffice, more rigorous measures would be employed. Several complaints have been made regarding lawlessness in the locality.

GREAT NORTHERN MILL RATE JUSTIFIED

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The Great Northern railway was held justified by the inter-state commerce commission today in making a million-in-transit charge of 2 cents per hundred pounds on grain at Great Falls, Mont. The commission laid down the general rate that a railroad was justified in making milling charges when the actual transportation charge was not above a reasonable rate.

GERMANS STRIVE TO REGAIN LOST SOMME LINES

Vigorous Counter Attacks Upon British and French Lines Made by Kaiser's Troops in Effort to Regain Trenches and Halt Allied Advance—Situation Thought Excellent

LONDON, Aug. 1.—North of Bazentin-le-Petit in the region of the Somme, the Germans, last night, attacked the British positions, but were successfully repulsed, it was announced today by the British war office.

French Lines Held.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—North of the river Avre in the Somme region the Germans last night attempted two attacks in strong force against the French positions in the Lions sector, says the official statement, issued this afternoon by the French war department. Both attempts failed under the French fire, it is added.

Germans Regain Wood.

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—Foreaux wood: British forces, which had penetrated German positions on a narrow front west of Fonreaux wood, in the region north of the River Somme, were driven out again yesterday it was officially announced today by the German army headquarters.

On the Eastern front, the German official statement says, the Russians are exhausting themselves against the German line on the Stokhod river in Volhynia in fruitless attacks.

Strong Counter Attacks.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—The Germans, reacting with more than usual vigor north of Somme, have made counter attacks after counter attack during the last 24 hours, without in any way changing the positions of the French.

According to French official reports, all attempts of the Germans to regain lost ground, have been beaten off by the French rifle, machine gun and heavy artillery fire, while the work of strengthening and adapting the newly-won trenches is being carried on speedily and methodically by the engineer corps.

The French commanders regard the situation on the whole as excellent and say that the arrangements in the rear of the attacking forces have reached a pitch of perfection, never before seen. Material of all kinds is in abundance, far exceeding requirements, and everything is in readiness for an attempt to push the advance further when the time is ripe.

End Struggled For.

The fury of German assaults and the strength of the effective engaged, shows the determination of the emperor's generals to spare no effort to prevent the French from working their way along the north bank of the river, by way of Clerly to attack Peronne from two sides. Aviators report that the Germans are making feverish efforts to reinforce the already strongly fortified positions about Clerly and are gathering reserves from several directions. Heavy fighting is looked for in the near future.

JEWISH NEWSPAPER OFFICE DYNAMITED

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Two bombs, believed to have been made of dynamite, were exploded this morning under the building of the Jewish Daily Press, whose publisher, A. M. Lieblich, was a witness for the state in the recent trial of a score of labor leaders, charged with conspiracy here.

At the time of the trial, Mr. Lieblich said that his life had been threatened because he told the grand jury what he knew of the methods of the labor union representatives.

The bombs were placed near the front door of the building. Mr. Lieblich, his wife and three children were thrown from their beds on the second floor of the building. A night watchman, also narrowly escaped injury.

DEUTSCHLAND SAILS ON HER RETURN VOYAGE

Adverse Winds Postpone Scheduled Start at High Tide This Morning—Tugs Drag Channel for Suspected Nets—Pilot Aboard and All in Readiness for Departure.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 1.—The German merchant submarine Deutschland today sailed on her return voyage to Germany, leaving her pier at Locust Point at 5:40 p. m. She carried a cargo of crude rubber and nickel and it is understood, a consignment of gold.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 1.—With a pilot aboard and primed fully as to engine efficiency, and fuel and provisions, the German merchant submarine, Deutschland remained moored to her pier at Locust Point this forenoon at the conclusion of activities indicating final preparations for her starting on her return voyage to Germany.

No official reason could be ascertained for the delay, but it was assumed that the tide was not high at its morning flood stage. This was due to a strong adverse wind blowing down the river and bay. The next high tide occurs between 7 and 8 o'clock tonight.

The logs forming the outer barrier about the submarine were towed into mid-stream and anchored. Then the tug Timmins and a launch swept the channel from the dock out to the main channel with a heavy weight suspended under water from a line between the two craft. This was done evidently as a precaution against possible obstruction in the path.

Pilot Is Secured.

It was learned from a trustworthy source that Captain Koenig had asked for a pilot to guide the under-dater liner to the Virginia capes. The pilot designated was said to be the same one that brought the Deutschland into this port. Captain Owen Coleman of the Maryland Pilots' association.

The United States coast guard cutter Wiss-shickon arrived from Philadelphia while these operations were in progress and took up a position off the end of the slip. Later the spar barricade was replaced just outside the line of covered barges which screen the Deutschland from view from the river and the Timmins returned to her position alongside the submersible.

Arrangements were made, it was said by an official connected with the company operating the Deutschland, for the submarine to leave this afternoon or this evening.

NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 1.—Another report that the German submarine, Bremen, was approaching early today stirred the allied warships off Cape Henry to renewed vigilance. But the sun rose with the blockade runner still missing.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Prince von Hatzfeldt, counselor of the German embassy, said today after a call at the state department that he had talked on the long distance telephone with Baltimore and that the departure of the merchant submarine, Deutschland, was imminent.

ALLIED NAVAL LOSSES ALLEGED 49 WARSHIPS

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—Forty-nine warships with an aggregate of 562,099 tons have been lost by the entente allies during the war, according to statistics given out today by the German admiralty statement. The British lost 40 vessels with a tonnage of 185,000.

The losses of the Teutonic allies are given in the statement as 20 warships of 162,900 tons in the aggregate.

The British losses are given, comprising 11 battleships, 17 armored cruisers and 12 cruisers.

KAISER ASSURES FAME UNDYING ON BATTLE LINE

German Emperor Issues Proclamation to Army and Navy Commending Them for Deeds of Valor and Inspires Them to Fresh Victories and Future Deeds Equal Those Past.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 1.—Emperor William, according to a telegram received here from Berlin, has issued the following proclamation to the German forces on land and sea:

"Comrades, the second year of the world war has lapsed. Like the first year, it was for Germany's arms a year of glory. On all fronts you inflicted new and heavy blows on the enemy.

Always Superior to Enemy. "Whether the enemy retreated, borne down by the force of your attacks, or whether, reinforced by a good assistance, collected and pressed into service from all parts of the world, he tried to rob you of the fruits of former victories you always have proven yourselves superior to him.

"Even where England's tyranny was uncontested, namely, on the free waves of the sea, you 'fervently fought against gigantic superiority. Your Kaiser's appreciation and your grateful country's proud admiration are assured to you for these deeds, for your unshaken loyalty, for your bold daring and for your tenacious bravery.

"Like the memory of dead heroes, your fame also will endure through all time. The laurels which our ever-confident forces have won against the enemy in spite of trials and dangers, are inseparably linked with the devoted and untiring labor at home.

Inspiration From Home. "This strength at home has sent an ever-fresh inspiration to the armies in the field. It has continually quickened our swords; has kindled Germany's enthusiasm and has terrified the enemy. My gratitude and that of the fatherland are due the nation at home.

"But the strength and will of the enemy are not yet broken. We must continue the severe struggle in order to secure the safety of our beloved home land, to preserve the honor of the fatherland, and the greatness of the empire.

"Whether the enemy wages war with the force of arms, or with cold calculating malice, we shall continue as before into the third year of the war. The spirit of duty to the fatherland and an unyielding will to victory permeate our homes and our fighting forces today as in the first days of the war. With God's gracious help I am convinced that your future deeds will equal those of the past and present. (Main Headquarters) "WILHELM."

Message to Chancellor.

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—Emperor William today sent a message to Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial chancellor, in which he said:

"Still hard times are ahead. After the terrible storm of two years of war."

(Continued on page three)

STEAMER IN BATTLE WITH SUBMARINE

MONTECAL, Que., Aug. 1.—The British steamer Clodmoor, just in port from Genoa, Italy, had a battle in the Mediterranean sea with a German or Austrian submarine, her commander, Charles Hunter, reported today. He believes he left the submarine in a sinking condition.

The Clodmoor plainly showed the marks of the submarine's gunfire. The steamship is armed with one gun for defensive purposes and it was with this, her captain said, that he shelled the submarine when she attacked, and so seriously damaged her that she drew off in apparently a sinking condition.

The battle lasted half an hour, according to Captain Hunter, but only one shell did serious damage to the Clodmoor. This pierced the vessel near the engineer's and mate's quarters. Several shells, however, dropped on the vessel's decks.

GERMANY ESTIMATES ANGLO-FRENCH LOSSES IN SMASH 350,000

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—According to a very cautious valuation, says a statement issued today by the German army headquarters, the total Anglo-French losses in the Somme offensive will reach 350,000 officers and men. On a 17 mile front the enemy advanced 2 1/2 miles on the average and our line has never even been shaken.

ONLY ONE ARREST TO ROUND-UP ALL BOMB PLOTTERS

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1.—One arrest remains to be made to round up the entire ring of those responsible for the preparedness parade bomb outrage, according to Captain Duncan Matheson, in charge of the bomb bureau of the police detective branch.

Whether or not this man is Chris Lassen, who confessed yesterday to having placed the bomb, and soon afterward repudiated the confession, according to advices from Oregon City, Ore., where he was in custody, remains to be seen. Police officials here are interested in Lassen's story, though not sanguine as to its veracity.

The grand jury will meet tonight. It is said, at the district attorney's office and will be asked for indictments, charging first degree murder, against Thomas Mooney, Warren K. Billings, Edward D. Nolan and perhaps against Israel Weisberg.

Writs of habeas corpus, returnable tomorrow, were obtained yesterday by attorneys for Billings and Nolan.

District Attorney Pickert announced that he had four witnesses, in addition to Miss Estelle Smith, who identified Billings several days ago as the "man with the suitcase," who saw Mooney and Mrs. Mooney, Billings and one other suspect at about the same time and place as testified to by Miss Smith.

DEATHS OF INFANTS SHOW INCREASE

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—All previous mortality records in the epidemic of infantile paralysis were broken today. During the 24-hour period ending at 10 a. m. the plague killed 57 children in the greater city and 159 new cases were reported to the health department. The great increase in the number of deaths is attributed to the season's worst heat wave.

In Brooklyn alone the disease claimed 35 victims. Twelve died in Manhattan and ten in Queens. There were no fatalities and only a few new cases reported in Richmond and the Bronx where the scourge has gained considerable headway.

Health experts fighting the epidemic said that with the return of cooler weather today they were confident the number of deaths and new cases would show a decided falling off.

Since the plague got its start on June 26 there have been 4125 cases of the disease, 898 of which proved fatal.

INCREASE IN FREIGHT RATES SUSPENDED

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Freight rate increases which were to have become operative today were suspended until November 29 by special orders issued yesterday by the inter-state commerce commission. The suspensions include tariffs of western carriers increasing minimum weights on oats necessary to receive carload rates from 30,000 to 40,000 pounds and from 40,000 to 60,000 pounds on wheat flour.

BRITAIN HEARS RUMOR K. OF K.'S DEATH A HOAX

Is Kitchener Alive? Question Brought up in House of Commons and Promptly Squelched—Mysterious Haste in Arranging Memorial Service—Censor Suppresses all Rumor

(This article was written on ship-board by a correspondent who has just reached New York, having left London to escape the British mail and cable censors.)

(Copyright, 1916, by the N. E. A.) Is Lord Kitchener alive?

Was the story of his tragic death a gigantic hoax intended to deceive Germany?

Is Kitchener's hand at this moment secretly directing the tremendous pressure being exerted against the Teutonic alliance by the Russians in Poland and the Caucasus, and the French and British in France?

Rumors of the most sensational sort are running the length and breadth of England to the effect that Kitchener is alive!

Raised in Commons.

The question was actually raised in the house of commons July 6 by Sir R. Cooper, and a bare paragraph crept into a single London paper on this incident.

But no report of it was permitted by the cable censor to get to the outside world!

Financial Secretary Macnamara replied to the Cooper question, saying that an inquiry was held immediately after the news of the Hampshire sinking, with Lord Kitchener aboard, was received, in order that the survivors could be got together. No further inquiry would be held, he said, as it would "serve no useful purpose."

With that, absolute silence was shut down on the suggestion that there was no proof that Kitchener was dead.

Pertinent Queries.

Just why the admiralty was so certain within a few hours of the Hampshire's reported loss that Kitchener was among the dead—

Just why the usually slow-moving department should send death notices promptly to the relatives of the officers and men—

Just why a great memorial service in St. Paul's cathedral was arranged immediately—

Are points that will require some ingenious explaining to convince the skeptical in England that Kitchener really was drowned.

Picture the amazement that would cover the Germans and the added vim of the allied attack should Kitchener suddenly emerge, at the crucial hour, to direct the entente powers toward victory.

There is little doubt, too, that after the first shock of the news of Kitchener's death the British people went about the war with added determination; the loss was an inspiration.

Kitchener's Suggestion.

It is considered possible that Kitchener himself suggested his prearranged "demise" with the triple object in view—first, to shock and inspire the British public into greater effort; second, to visit the allied nations in ignominy; and, third, to clinch the chances for victory by his dramatic reappearance, as from the dead, at the crucial moment when Germany is expected to weaken!

HUGHES' ENDORSEMENT AIDS SUFFRAGISTS

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 1.—Commenting upon the declaration in favor of woman suffrage made by Charles E. Hughes in his speech of acceptance of the republican nomination for the presidency, Miss Anne Martine, chairman of the national woman's party here today said:

"It is a significant and momentous statement on the part of a probable future president. Mr. Hughes has opened up the way to make a definite declaration for the enfranchisement of women by national action, action in which he believes and which he has already approved by accepting the progressive platform."