

## UNITED STATES TO ACT IN 48 HOURS IF AMERICAN CAVALRYMEN NOT RELEASED

### NO ANSWER RECEIVED TO ULTIMATUM

Clear Indications at Washington That President Will Not Wait Beyond Thursday Before Taking Action—Militia Being Rushed to Border From All Parts of United States—Mexican Embassy Not Notified of Receipt of American Note by Carranza—Cabinet Discusses Crisis.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—There were clear indications today that if American cavalrymen captured by Mexican troops at Carrizal were not released within 48 hours, action would be taken by the United States.

The impression prevailed in official circles that President Wilson would not wait beyond Thursday at the latest and possibly not beyond tomorrow afternoon for a definite reply from the Carranza government to the note demanding the immediate release of the prisoners and a declaration of intentions.

Special Agent Rodgers at Mexico City reported in an overnight message that he had delivered the note to the Mexican foreign office yesterday morning. While the diplomatic aspects of the crisis awaited Carranza's action, the war department drove forward its efforts to hasten mobilization of the National Guard on the border. It is certain that no aggressive military operations can be undertaken until a substantial number of state troops is available to back up General Funston's regulars, who unquestionably would lead any movement.

**Cabinet Considers Crisis.**  
President Wilson's first step, if he should decide, to force the issue probably would be to lay the whole situation before congress in joint session.

Discussion of the Mexican crisis occupied today's brief session of the cabinet. When it was over Secretary Lansing announced there was no change in the situation, that the administration was awaiting word from General Carranza, and Secretary Baker and Secretary Daniels said no army or navy orders had been given.

Mexican officials here have expressed the opinion that General Carranza would surrender the American prisoners, whatever reply he might make to the demand for a formal diplomatic expression of his purposes.

The state department has had no official report tending to confirm this view.

**Army Mobilizing.**  
Every day's delay in what seems the inevitable break in relations with the Mexican government sees the army in better position for the swift action that may follow. This has influenced against pressing matters to an immediate issue.

Advices from General Funston's

(Continued on Page Two.)

### WANT PARKER TO REMAIN ON TICKET

CHICAGO, June 27.—Friends of John M. Parker of Louisiana, nominee of the progressive party for vice-president, urged him today to remain on the ticket. Bainbridge Colby of New York and other progressive leaders who are opposed to Charles E. Hughes, said that Mr. Parker should receive the votes of all loyal progressives.

Probationary party leaders admitted today that if Mr. Parker remained on the progressive ticket he might be named for vice-president by the prohibition national convention which meets at St. Paul, July 19 to 21.

### MEDIATION IS REJECTED BY LANSING

Carranza's Attorney Refused Conference Requested by Carranza—Reply to Ultimatum Still Awaited—Red Tape Eliminated in Effort to Mobilize Forces on Border—Conferees Unable to Agree Upon Question of Including Million Dollar Relief Fund in May Resolution.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Counselor Polk of the state department today declined to discuss mediation of the Mexican difficulty with Chas. A. Douglas, a Washington lawyer, formerly counsel for General Carranza, who called to say he had no authoritative advice from Mexico City that Carranza would agree to mediation with the military status quo maintained in the meantime.

Luis Cabrera, minister of finance in the Mexican cabinet, telegraphed Mr. Douglas today that Carranza was willing to enter into such an agreement.

**Is Dead Issue.**

Mediation of the dispute with Mexico was a dead issue today, and 12,000 national guardsmen were ready to start for the border to enforce the United States' demands on General Carranza's government.

Secretary Lansing yesterday prevented even informal proposal of mediation by telling Minister Calderon of Bolivia that the American government believes nothing in the situation is subject to arbitration. General Carranza previously had accepted "in principle" the offer to mediate.

With a singleness of purpose, administration officials today were looking for word from Mexico City indicating General Carranza's future intention toward the United States. This was expected in reply to the last American note demanding release of the prisoners held at Chihuahua.

**Cutting Out Red Tape.**

Even greater efforts were made by the war department to eliminate "red tape" and expedite the dispatch of national guardsmen to relieve regular army border patrols for a possible Mexican campaign. Orders issued will permit postponement of final physical examinations until troops reach their destination. Railroad officials were called on to give troops and army supply trains right of way over much other traffic.

Conferees of the senate and house on the May resolution to draft national guardsmen into the federal service were unable to agree today on the question of including a million dollars relief appropriation for dependent families of those drafted, and disagreement on that section was ordered reported to both houses.

### CABINET CRISIS OVER IRISH AFFAIRS

LONDON, June 27.—Questions regarding the progress of the Irish negotiations directed to Premier Asquith in the house of commons today were postponed at his request.

This suggests that hopes of a settlement have not been entirely abandoned, despite the action of the English unionists and the unionists from the south of Ireland, who are opposing acceptance of the proposals made to the Irish parties by David Lloyd George, which provide for the exclusion of six counties of Ulster from the operation of Irish home rule for the period of the war.

The whole matter, which threatens to produce a cabinet crisis, was the subject of consideration at a cabinet meeting this morning.



ARRIVAL OF UNCLE SAM'S BOYS AT OUR BORDER CAPITAL.

This photo, hot from the border, shows a regiment of infantry called to duty, marching through the flag-decked streets of El Paso, the border capital, on their way to camp. Almost every day sees a new detachment of troops arrive in the city and the crowds always give Uncle Sam's boys in blunk a rousing ovation. As each new contingent of fighting men detains the alarmed inhabitants feel safer from possible attack by the Mexican forces gathered across the line.

### FRUSTRATE RAID UPON BISBEE BY MEXICAN FORCES

Concentration of Troops at Naco Explained—Units of Army Stationed So as to Secure Instant Action and Line of Battle Maintained Along Border.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., June 27.—The activity at Naco was explained today. Information had reached headquarters that the Mexicans had planned to sweep across the line to Bisbee and there raid the offices and storehouse of the copper smelter concerns. The twenty-second infantry was rushed from Douglas to El Paso.

General Funston and his staff searched every report from all border stations today for some sign of hostility on the part of Carranza's army. That is pointing into northern Mexico, but the real work of department headquarters was the supervision of the multitudinous details incident to preparing the American force for efficient invasion. Overnight and early morning reports from El Paso, Eagle Pass, Brownsville and other headquarters posts indicated no active aggression by Mexicans and only brief reference was given to hostile activities anywhere.

**Units Are Grouped.**

Units of the American army have been stationed in such manner that almost instant action could be secured by the commanding officer here. No relaxation of efforts to guard the border towns and ranches from bandits has been displayed, but far more attention has been paid to marshaling the thousands of men along the border in what is, in effect, a line of battle.

The units of the national guard now moving throughout the United States are expected to begin arriving soon. Just where they will be stationed has not been made public here. Some inactivity was displayed at General Funston's headquarters that so much publicity had been given to movement of troops. It was indicated.

(Continued on page six)

### MILITARY HALTS FILIBUSTERS ON ARIZONA LINE

NOGALES, Ariz., June 27.—A heavily armed filibustering expedition organized to cross the line at Sasabe and bring back an automobile seized by the Mexican authorities, was broken up here last night by the military authorities.

Eighteen men, all carrying revolvers or automatic pistols, and most of them rifles or shotguns, were quickly leaving town in six automobiles when a squad of infantry barred the road.

Colonel W. H. Sage, commanding, warned the men that a raid into Mexico would be the signal for retaliatory moves by Mexicans that would endanger Americans along the entire Arizona border. He said he would have them arrested by United States cavalry if they approached Sasabe armed and would turn them over for prosecution on a charge of breach of neutrality.

The automobile seized by the Mexicans belongs to J. C. Clay, who arrived here via Sasabe Sunday after an exciting three day's trip from Hermosillo. Sasabe is about seventy-five miles west of Nogales.

### SIoux INDIANS SEEK TO FIGHT IN MEXICO

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Fifteen hundred Sioux Indians in South Dakota have offered to enlist in the United States army during the Mexican emergency. The Indians will not be allowed to enlist unless there is a call for volunteers.

### WILCOX APPOINTED REPUBLICAN CHAIRMAN

NEW YORK, June 27.—William H. Wilcox, former postmaster of New York and later public service commissioner, was today appointed chairman of the republican national committee.

### OREGON MILITIA START TONIGHT FOR MEXICAN LINE

SAN FRANCISCO, June 27.—Oregon National Guardsmen will be the first state troops of the western department to see service on the Mexican border. The Third Battalion of the Third Infantry of the northern state has been ordered to leave Camp Rosecrans, San Diego, and by Friday night the rest of the Oregon militia-men will be on their way south.

The orders to entrain at once for the border came last night to Captain Kenneth P. Williams, federal military officer. The second battalion and Battery A were ordered to leave Wednesday, the Third Infantry headquarters, the machine and supply companies will entrain Thursday and Troop A, cavalry and recruits will depart Friday.

Upon their arrival at San Diego it was expected here that the Oregon guardsmen would be assigned to duty along the border immediately. California militiamen camped at Sacramento, expected today to receive early orders to begin moving to El Paso. Captain Henry A. Hanson, federal military officer, announced today he expected to have the entire 1000 troops mustered into the Federal service by tomorrow night. The entire Second Infantry will be ready for service late today.

Arriving was being continued in all the western states. Miles City, Mont., which has already furnished 155 men for militia service has started to supply a company of rough riders. Sixty men were signed up early today.

### 1900 AUTOS A DAY FOR UNCLE SAM

NEW YORK, June 27.—The automobile manufacturers of the United States are prepared to furnish to the government on short notice 500 motor trucks and 1000 passenger automobiles a day, says Alfred Reeves, general manager of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce.

### ORPET ON STAND TELLS RELATIONS WITH TWO GIRLS

Tells of Giving Bottles Filled With Molasses and Water to Victim—Denies Having Said He Saw Girl Take Poison—Severely Cross-Examined as to Conduct With Girl.

WAUKESHA, Wis., June 27.—Will H. Orpet, charged with the murder of Marion Lamberty, resumed the witness stand today. Attorney Ralph E. Butler of the defense immediately asked about the water and molasses which Orpet said he gave Marion "to relieve her mind." One of these bottles he sent to her, the other he brought to her on February 9, the day of her death.

"I bought the bottle, of six-ounce size, of Otto Peterson and filled it two-thirds full of my room," he said. He testified yesterday that Marion, when he met her in Helen's woods, refused to accept it, saying: "That will not do me any good."

For a half hour questions and answers were of a nature at which women long their heads and men were plainly uncomfortable, but Mr. Orpet went on robotically. The young witness, faced by his father and mother, turned his head as he replied. "Did you tell Mr. Dady on any one else that you saw Marion take poison?"

"No, I did not."

The witness was then turned over to the state for cross-examination. He was asked about an automobile ride which Marion and Orpet took last September. It was on this trip that the relations between the young pair passed the bounds of morality, the witness admitted.

"What were your relations with Celeste Younger?"

"There was a brief understanding between us. I had known her six years."

"You were engaged?"

"No, there was an understanding. No date was set for marriage. I had not ever formally asked her to marry me."

Orpet said he had studied chemistry at the University of Wisconsin, but denied he had studied about potassium cyanide.

### BIG DRIVE BY ALLIES ON ALL FRONTS NEAR

Reports Lend Color to Belief That Long-Threatened Concerted Attack in Preparation, If Not in Actual Execution—Gas Clouds Employed on British Lines—French Regain Trenches at Verdun—Germans Halt Russians at Sokul, But Elsewhere Czar's Troops Progress.

Latest reports from both Berlin and London lend color to the belief that the long threatened concerted attack by the entente allies on the various fronts is in preparation, if not in actual process of execution.

At Verdun the situation has not materially changed over night. Paris reports further progress for the French in regaining ground in the region of the Thiaumont work north of the citadel.

Operations by Teutonic submarines are being continued in the Mediterranean where the British steamer Cardiff and the French steamer Fournel have been sunk.

The Teutonic stand against the Russians southeast of Kovel is being firmly maintained. Berlin today reports a successful assault on the Russian lines southeast of Sokul. Elsewhere the Russian offensive is continuing to make progress.

**On British Front.**

BERLIN, June 27.—Marked activity continued in evidence along the Franco-Belgian front held by the British and the northern wing of the French line. Numerous gas clouds are being employed by the entente forces in operations, the war office announced today. The artillery fire on the German line was especially intense in the vicinity of Somme.

Russian positions southwest of Sokul in Volhynia have been stormed by General Von Linsingen's troops and held against counter attacks, according to an announcement of the war office today. Several hundred Russians were taken prisoner.

**On Verdun Front.**

PARIS, June 27.—The French have recaptured another section of the trenches at Thiaumont in the Verdun sector, according to an official statement issued by the war office today. The struggle for the possession of the village of Fleury is still progressing. Three allied aeroplanes dropped 65 shells on German ships near the Belgian coast.

ROME, June 27, via London.—Following up their recent successes on the Tenthio front, the Italians have driven back the Austrians still further, the war office announced to Posen and Arserio.

**Pfianzer's Army Cut Off.**

PETROGRAD, June 27.—With the elimination of General Pfianzer's army in Bukovina, the attention of General Brusiloff's forces in this section now is directed upon Kolomea, the key to the defense of Lemberg on the south.

The occupation of Kimpolung and Koty has opened the way to Kolomea.

(Continued on page two.)

### RIOTING AT LEIPSIK ENDS IN MARTIAL LAW

BERNE, Switzerland, June 27.—Reports have reached here that serious rioting occurred in Leipzig at the end of last week and that about 1800 shops, chiefly those of bakers, butchers and provision dealers, were pillaged by mobs. It is said that Czech soldiers brought from Austria fired upon the crowd and that martial law has been proclaimed in Leipzig and the Duchy of Brunswick.