

TAFT OUTLINES PLANS OF LEAGUE TO FORCE PEACE

Object Not to Urge President to Take Steps to End Present War, But Asks Acceptance by United States in World Court to Use International Force to Enforce Its Decrees.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—The object of the League to Enforce Peace is not to urge President Wilson to take steps to stop the present war, former President Taft, president of the league, declared today, in opening his two days' session here.

"We are not here," he said, "to urge the present administration to take steps to stop the war. Not that we are not hopeful that such steps may be taken, but we believe that a definite purpose, a purpose with limitations for an association like this, is much more likely to be realized than a general platform for the benefit of humanity."

The league hopes, Mr. Taft said for a world agreement on a method to make war less probable.

Taft's Plan to Nation.
Acceptance of membership by the United States in a world court in which the joint powers would use their armed and economic forces to enforce its decrees in the interest of international peace, was urged today by former President Taft before the League to Enforce Peace, of which he is president.

His address was closely confined to the technical legal questions involved in joining by the United States in such an international tribunal. He denied that such action would curtail the power and authority of either the president or congress by limiting the constitutional discretion of the latter body to declare war.

Mr. Taft explained that the league's platform proposes compulsory submission to the world court of all international disputes not settled by diplomatic negotiation and which are "justifiable."

Referring to the so-called Bryan peace treaties with England and France Mr. Taft said it was argued that arbitration stipulation in them was a delegation of the authority of the president and senate over our foreign relations.

Treaties Discussed.

"But upon reason this objection is untenable," said Mr. Taft. "Since the Jay treaty of 1794, Mr. Taft stated, some American nation had been a party to eighty-four international treaties, of which the United States was involved in two-thirds.

"In ten of those, which were boundary treaties," Mr. Taft continued, "it was never suggested that the government was delegating any power at all to the tribunal. A submission of a judicial question is not a delegation of power to an agent. It is a submission of an issue to a judge, and it is a misnomer to call such a submission a delegation."

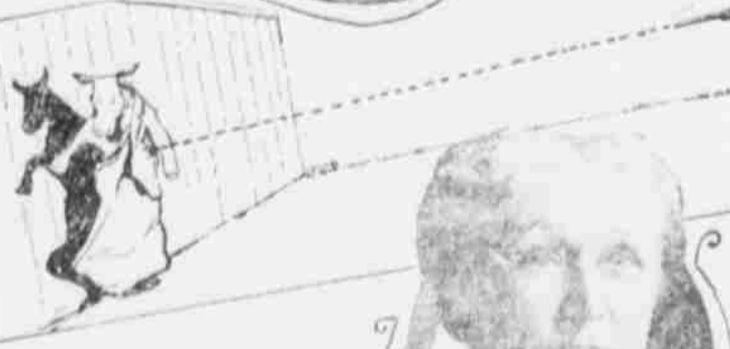
Turning to the question of the duty of a nation belonging to the proposed world court to use its arms and navy in enforcing its decrees upon other nations that should go to war in defiance of the court's decrees, Mr. Taft took issue with former secretary of State Bryan regarding Mr. Bryan's contention that constitutional amendment would be necessary before the United States could give itself to the league.

"I continue to think that the league is worthy without amendment," Mr. Taft said.

Referring to the nation's treaty with Panama, representative Panamanian, Mr. Taft stated it meant the United States in order obligation to wage war to defend Panama.

"That duty can only be discharged through the action of congress," he declared. "How that declares congress of its power to declare war? It seems to me the question demands itself."

WORLD'S STRANGEST MURDER TEST: CALF IS DRESSED IN MAN'S CLOTHES, AND SHOT!



Principals in the Boulder, Colo., murder case, and sketch of the odd test made in effort to free son of murdered man.

A calf dressed in the clothes of a man was shot to death and two human bodies were riddled with bullets in an effort made by the faculty of Keene College to prove that he did not kill his wealthy father at Lonsdale and to save him from a murderer's fate.

These gruesome experiments—perhaps the strangest in the history of murder trials—were the climax of the most sensational mystery that has ever stirred this state.

The calf was sacrificed and the bodies mutilated to show that the bullet which killed William H. Dickens as he sat in his house with his wife, Nov. 29, 1913, could not have been fired from the high power rifle owned by his son.

The fatal shot passed completely through Dickens' body and embedded itself in the wall behind him. It was fired from outside the house through the glass of a nearby window.

The bullets fired through a similar window into the calf and the two



Corpses broke to bits inside the bodies and none of the pieces even reached the wall.

The defense depends upon the testimony of the experts who conducted the experiments to clear Keene, on trial here.

Keene was arrested after detectives had almost given up hope of capturing a suspect. Then they discovered that the son had purchased a high power rifle and a silencer in Denver.

Many prominent people in Lonsdale testified as to the good character of Keene and his cordial relations with his father. Chief of these was his mother, who was almost grieved by the bullet that killed her husband.

PROGRESSIVES CUT ROOSEVELT; RUNS BEHIND TICKET

Though the progressives cast fifteen votes in eight precincts of Jackson county, Theodore Roosevelt secured the nomination for president, losing out Woodrow Wilson, who was second, Roosevelt got 4 and Wilson 2. Over half of the progressive voters did not vote for a candidate for this office. About 1000 received one vote. Roosevelt ran behind his ticket 2-1.

INCREASED PENSIONS ARE NOMINATED FOR CONSTABLES BY DEMOCRATS

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., May 26.—Pensions paid by the Methodist Episcopal church to widows of ministers will be increased as the result of a resolution adopted by the general conference today providing that a clergyman's widow shall receive three-quarters of the same paid to a retired minister. The former rate was one-half.

MOTHER TOLD NOT TO KISS ORPET

WAIKIDAN, Ill., May 26.—The court today granted partly a motion by the state to prevent dissemination of a petition towards her son by Orpet's mother. The state charged that Mrs. Orpet daily entered the courtroom in view of prospective jurors seated in the lobby where the defendant was sitting and kissed him. Judge Douglas ruled that Mrs. Orpet must not kiss her son, but need not be removed.

GOOD WORK FOR SICK WOMEN

The Woman's Medicine Has Proved Its Worth.

When Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies were first introduced, their curative powers were doubted and had to be proved. But the proof came, and gradually the use of them spread over the whole country. Now that hundreds of thousands of women have experienced the most beneficial effects from the use of these medicines, their value has become generally recognized, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the standard medicine for women.

DILTZ CONVICTED OF SELLING LIQUOR

In the federal court yesterday afternoon Justice Linn, at Medford, convicted with a fine of \$1000 and a year in prison, George Diltz, for selling liquor in violation of the prohibition law.

A new resolution was introduced at the Ashland meeting today to amend the constitution to allow the sale of liquor in Oregon. It was introduced by W. C. Brown and will be read in committee tomorrow in Medford.

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WILSON POLLED SOLID VOTE IN LOCAL PRIMARY

1185 Democratic Votes for Wilson—Marshall for Vice-President Out-runs Major—Neff Leads Electors—Joe Beeman for County Commissioner—Towne and DeArmond Win.

Woodrow Wilson received 1185 democratic votes at the primary election in Jackson county, May 19, according to the official count just completed by the county clerk. He polled the largest vote on the ballot, and in addition his name was written in on a dozen republican ballots. Henry Ford got one democratic vote.

For vice-president, Tom Marshall received 878 votes and Governor Major of Missouri 248 votes. Tom Watson of Georgia received three votes.

For delegates-at-large to the national democratic convention, Arnold, Bennett, Campbell and Morrow received the endorsement, the vote standing: Arnold 640, Bennett 609, Campbell 608, Morrow 658, Hollister 472, Morgan 595, O'Reilly 301, Tomlinson 288. For district delegates the count stands: Jackson 890, Rad, grand 457, Turner 783.

For J. Neff led the presidential electors in Jackson county, the total vote standing: Neff 1094, Cochran 1049, Hanes 1048, Sheehan 1073, Stevenson 1060.

For district attorney, N. W. Borden received 449, E. E. Kelly 404, R. B. McCabe 348, Borden's plurality 45.

For sheriff, Chief Hillson received 438 votes and Ralph Jennings 700; Jennings' plurality 268.

For county surveyor, Brown received 951 votes and for assessor Giffatin 834 votes.

Names Written In.

For congress, Hoxley received 4

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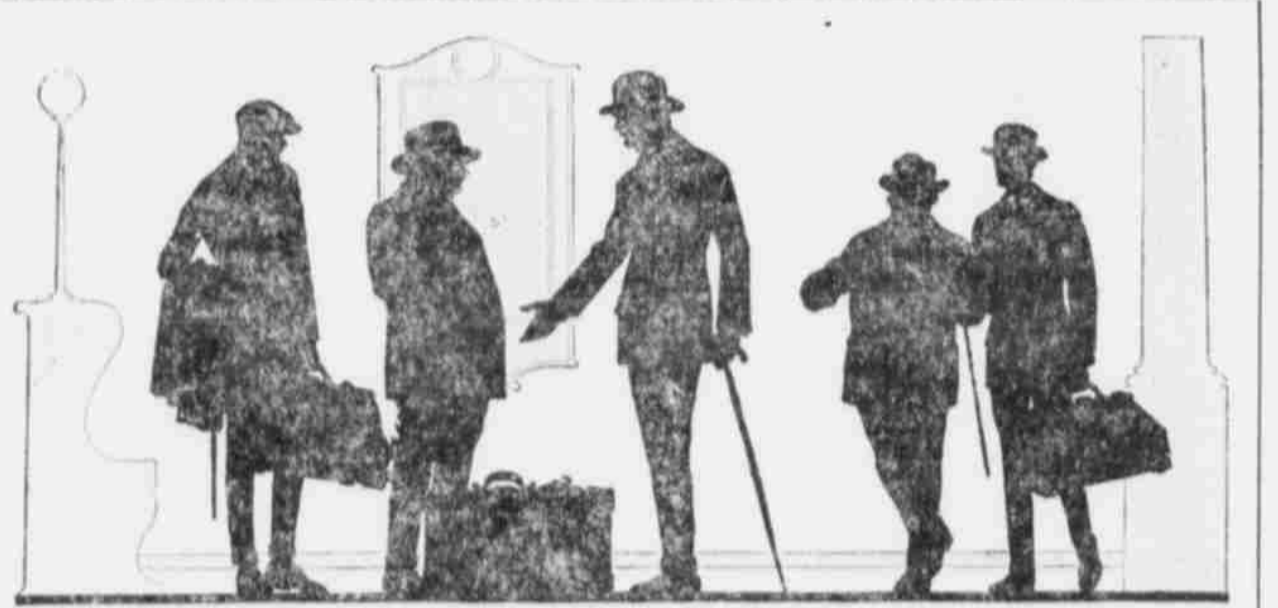
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