

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY BY THE MEDFORD PRINTING CO.

Office: Mail Tribune Building, 13-27-29 North Fir street, telephone 75.

The Democratic Times, the Medford Mail, the Medford Tribune, the Southern Oregonian, the Astorian Tribune.

GEORGE PUTNAM, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: One year by mail, \$2.00; One month, by mail, .30; Per month, delivered by carrier in Medford, Florence, Jacksonville and Central Point, .50; Saturday only, by mail, per year, \$2.00; Weekly, per year, \$2.00.

Official Paper of the City of Medford, Official Paper of Jackson County, Entered as second-class matter at Medford, Oregon, under the act of March 3, 1879.

Second Class Post Office at Medford, Oregon, under the act of March 3, 1879.

Full leased wire Associated Press dispatches.



HONG KONG KOLUM

Another always knows that when she does better in going to marry that other young thing with a doll face...

Had Him Dry Cleaned: We wash everything but the baby. Sacramento laundry. Phone 104. Front and O sts.—Adv. in Sacramento (Cal.) Union.

Not Overconfident: Jas. Hamet, better known as "Bill" Hamet who has resided here for several years, has gone to Los Angeles where he expects to live.—Parterville (Cal.) Recorder.

Fashions for Fathers: "The bride was given away by her father, who was daintily gowned in a pale blue silk dress, with veil and orange blossoms lent by the bride's eldest sister.—From an English paper.

Spiritual but Immaterial: A religious debate is scheduled at the Christian church for next week. The discussion is over the Sabbath and a few immaterial subjects.—Gentry (O.) Sentinel.

Slow Rapidity: Mrs. Beulah Lockhart has returned from the Groversville hospital and is slowly recovering from her recent illness rapidly.—Groversville (N. Y.) Morning Herald.

Today's Bellringer: The little daughter had been prying each evening at bedtime for a baby sister.

The other morning her mother, reading the paper, exclaimed: "I see Mrs. Smith has a little daughter."

"How do you know that?" asked the child. "I read it in the paper," answered the mother.

"The mother read 'Born, on March 1, to Mr. and Mrs. — Smith, a daughter.'"

The child thought a moment, then said: "I know what I'm going to do. I'm going to stop prying and begin advertising."—The-Jits.

Says the Girl on the Film: When a girl tells a man, "There is something about you I like," he wants to prepare for the cold shoulder when he has spent all of it.

Fine for Poultry Shelves: Very often it happens that a blank space is seen in the press, especially in the Slough, by the organ of the Seventy-two Guilds. It is surprising to see today's issue of that paper.

Some of our army censors on the Mexican border should go to China. They would have real scope there.

As Fragrant as Poison Gas: The French government emphatically and categorically denounce as lies many statements made in the German official reports on the fighting on the Verdun front.

James K. Daily of Clay Center, was perambulating on our new sidewalks Monday. James K. is a self-made man and sure does worship his maker.—The Wellington (O.) Banner.

REAL CAUSE OF THE WAR

ONE of the best cartoons of the war was published some months ago in Puck. It represents the monarchs of Europe, clad in ermine and wearing heavy crowns, watching the battle from afar through spy-glasses. Underneath appears this legend:

Chorus of Kings: "We must keep it up a while longer, boys; not all the socialists are killed yet."

There is little doubt but that the real cause of the war was the spread of democracy throughout the world during the past few decades. Humanity was learning to think, and intelligent thought spells, sooner or later, the doom of privilege. Medieval religion and feudal royalty are anachronisms in the twentieth century.

The spread of intelligence, as manifested in the growth of socialism among the masses, the resultant social unrest, threatened enthroned privilege far more than war, which might result in still further entrenching it. German efficiency was but a means to the ends of the Prussian juggler, as individualism was to the ruling plutocracies of France and England. It was the old, old conflict between the rule of the few and the impending rule of the many.

In the Congressional Record of April 25, Senator Owen of Oklahoma prints the secret treaty of Verona, made at Verona, November 22, 1822, which bares the conspiracy among the kings and rulers of Europe to destroy popular government, and the threat of which was the basis of the Monroe doctrine. It shows the conflict between monarchial government and democracy. The following are the first four sections of the treaty:

The undersigned, specially authorized to make some additions to the treaty of the Holy Alliance, after having exchanged their respective credentials, have agreed as follows:

Article 1. The high contracting powers being convinced that the system of representative government is equally as incompatible with the monarchial principles as the maxim of the sovereignty of the people with the divine right, engage mutually, in the most solemn manner, to use all their efforts to put an end to the system of representative governments, in whatever country it may exist in Europe, and to prevent its being introduced in those countries where it is not yet known.

Art. 2. As it can not be doubted that the liberty of the press is the most powerful means used by the pretended supporters of the rights of nations to the detriment of those of princes, the high contracting parties promise reciprocally to adopt all proper measures to suppress it, not only in their own states but also in the rest of Europe.

Art. 3. Convinced that the principles of religion contribute most powerfully to keep nations in the state of passive obedience which they owe to their princes, the high contracting parties declare it to be their intention to sustain in their respective states those measures which the clergy may adopt, with the aim of ameliorating their own interests, so intimately connected with the preservation of the authority of the princes; and the contracting powers join in offering their thanks to the Pope for what he has already done for them, and solicit his constant cooperation in their views of submitting the nations.

Art. 4. The situation of Spain and Portugal unite unhappily all the circumstances to which this treaty has particular reference. The high contracting parties, in confiding to France the care of putting an end to them, engaged to assist her in the manner which may be least compromise them with their own people and the people of France by means of a subsidy on the part of the two empires of 20,000,000 of francs every year from the date of the signature of this treaty to the end of the war.

In article 5, the parties agree to "address themselves with the shortest possible delay to all the authorities existing in their states and to all their agents in foreign countries, with the view to establish connections tending toward the accomplishment of the objects proposed by this treaty." It is signed by Austria, France, Prussia and Russia.

The holy alliance placed by force a Bourbon prince on the throne of France, then used France to suppress the constitution of Spain, and financed the undertaking. The same course was followed in Italy. Senator Owen said: The Holy Alliance made its powers felt by the wholesale drastic suppression of the press in Europe, by universal censorship, by killing free speech and all ideas of popular rights, and by the complete suppression of popular government. The Holy Alliance having destroyed popular government in Spain and in Italy, had well-laid plans also to destroy popular government in the American colonies which had revolted from Spain and Portugal in Central and South America under the influence of the successful example of the United States. It was because of this conspiracy against the American republic by the European monarchies that the great English statesman, Fox, called the attention of our government to it, and our statesmen then, including Thomas Jefferson, took an active part to bring about the declaration of President Monroe in his next annual message to the congress of the United States that the United States would regard it as an act of hostility to the Government of the United States and an unfriendly act if this coalition or if any power of Europe ever undertook to establish upon the American continent any control of any American republic or to acquire any territorial rights.

The monarchies, having survived the French revolution, buried their differences to perpetuate tyranny. If they survive the aftermath of the present conflict there is little question but that they will again combine in self-interest against democracy.

APPEAL TO CIRCUIT COURT

THE opinion given by the attorney general to the district attorney of Josephine county, which was the basis for the narrow construction of the new registration law by County Clerk Gardner, which has resulted in the disfranchisement of many respected citizens of Jackson county, has already been amended by the attorney general in important particulars, especially as regards former residents of Washington and the Dakotas, who were admitted to citizenship by the admission acts of those states. It is likely to be still further amended—and an appeal to the supreme court would probably reverse it entirely, as was done in the court order placing Justice Hughes' name upon the ballot.

The attorney general does not make decisions. He is the legal adviser of state officers, not county officers, and his advice may be valuable or worthless. In no way is it binding. The prosecuting attorney is the legal adviser of county officials.

The registration law provides, however, in section 9, that in case of rejection of registration by the county clerk any elector may appeal from the county clerk's decision to the circuit court. This is what the disfranchised electors should do—as the procedure is an informal one.

Those who believe that they are receiving unjust treatment should present their case to Judge Calkins.

JOHN A. PERL UNDERTAKER. Lady Assistant. 88 S. BARTLETT. Phone M. 47 and 47-28. Ambulance Service.

Why Shoes Are Going Skyward

During many years, prior to the outbreak of the war, leaders of trade thought and opinion endeavored to show that the decrease of cattle coincident with the increase of population sooner or later would cause a general upheaval in the industries connected with leather.

Leather is one of the most important manitons of war. It has been destroyed in immense quantities since August, 1914, when the conflict began in Europe. The scarcity was beginning to be noticed before that time, but the war has made the condition much more startling.

In estimating the shortage of leather resulting from the decrease in the cattle supply it is necessary to consider the new uses to which leather is put in our modern civilization. With the development of the transcontinental railroads we have become a nation of travelers and almost every inhabitant owns a traveling bag and a leather suit case.

Despite our dwindling numbers of cattle, the United States still is better off than other countries. It is not always realized as it should be that the goat and not the cow is the meat and dairy animal over many millions of miles of earth's surface. There are more beef animals in the United States than in any other one country, but not in proportion to population and our capacity to produce leather.

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Sudan Grass

Sudan grass is unquestionably the greatest hay plant that has been introduced into the United States since the introduction of alfalfa. This plant promises to become a leading factor in the agriculture of the Pacific coast and in the southern states. In many sections and on many soils it probably will become the leading hay crop.

History: Sudan grass is a native of Sudan, Egypt, where it has long been growing under such adverse climatic conditions that it has developed remarkable drought-resisting characteristics. A small quantity of seed of this plant was introduced into the United States in 1909 by the United States department of agriculture. This seed was planted in an experimental way in the dry region of western Texas, where the plants made such a remarkable growth that it attracted unusual attention.

Characteristics of Sudan Grass: Sudan grass belongs to the sorghum family. As it is not a legume it cannot gather nitrogen from the air, as do alfalfa, clover, vetches and peas. It is an annual, hence must be reseeded every year. It is quite tender and is readily killed by heavy frosts. The plant stools very freely, a single plant often producing a hundred or more stems. Under very favorable conditions it will grow to a height of ten feet.

Cultural Directions: The seed should not be sown until the ground is warm and danger from heavy frosts is past. The latter part of April or the first of May is sufficiently early for the first planting. Where irrigation is not practiced early planting will give the best results. Where irrigation is available the seed can be planted any time between the first of May and the latter part of July. The late planting, of course, will give only one cutting.

Sudan grass can be grown in rows three feet apart, which will require from four to five pounds of seed per acre, or it may be sown broadcast or drilled in with a regular grain drill, which would require fifteen to twenty-five pounds per acre. Since each plant stools enormously, only a small quantity of seed is required to sow an acre. Two years ago the seed sold for \$1 per pound. It can now be had for about 15 cents per pound. This plant is a good seed producer in this valley, and one man produced a large quantity of seed near Brownsboro last year.

Sudan grass is of great value in this valley because of its great drought-resisting qualities. It can be grown on many soils which are too dry during the summer months for the production of other forage plants. It will be of special value on shallow soils which are inclined to be droughty. On dry soils, and where irrigation is not practiced, the seed can be sown about the first of May. Where irrigation is practiced a crop of grain and vetch hay may be grown during the fall, winter and spring months, and a crop of Sudan grass during the summer months. While Sudan grass is one of the greatest drought-resisters known, our results show that it will yield considerably more with irrigation than without.

Conclusion: In conclusion I should like to advise every farmer in this valley to plant at least a small quantity of Sudan grass this year. It will prove a revelation to most farmers. The seed can be purchased from local seed dealers.

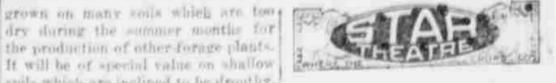
It is well known that alfalfa is king of all forage plants on deep, fertile, well-drained, moist soils. On soils which will produce abundant crops of alfalfa this crop is preferred to Sudan grass. Where conditions are not favorable for abundant crops of alfalfa, Sudan grass will prove the most satisfactory forage crop to be grown during the summer months.

Recovery of New Jersey Woman: Bridgeton, N. J.—"I cannot speak too highly of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for inflammation and other weaknesses. I was very irregular and would have terrible pains so that I could hardly take a step. Sometimes I would be so miserable that I could not sweep a room. I doctored part of the time but felt no change. I later took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and felt a change for the better after the second day. I took it until I was in a good healthy condition. I recommend the Pinkham remedies to all women as I have used them with good results."—Mrs. MILFORD T. CUMMINGS, 24 New Street, Bridgeton, N. J.

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence of the excellence of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a remedy for the distressing ills of women such as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, backache, painful periods, nervousness and kindred ailments.

Use Zemo for Eczema: Never mind how often you have tried and failed, you can stop burning, itching eczema quickly by applying a little Zemo furnished by any druggist for 25c. Extra large bottle, \$1.00. Healing begins the moment Zemo is applied. In a short time usually every trace of pimples, black heads, rash, eczema, tetter and similar skin diseases will be removed. For clearing the skin and making it vigorously healthy, Zemo is an exceptional remedy. It is not greasy, sticky, or watery and it does not stain. When others fail it is the one dependable treatment for all skin troubles. Zemo, Cleveland.

IT'S Uncle Sam's natural resources that keep him prosperous and contented. An' of 'em all I reckon VELVET is naturally the most contentful. EVERY day more smokers are learning how greatly natural aging improves naturally good Tobacco. VELVET is teaching them.



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MARGUERITE GIBSON AND WM. CLIFFORD IN

"The Heart of Tara" A spectacular drama of India—5-act production with the famous Bostonock animals.

COMING TOMORROW—LITTLE MARY PICKFORD in the greatest play of her career, "Tess of the Storm Country," a brand new print.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN, the \$13,000 weekly fun producer Sunday and Monday in "Carmen."

MOVIES MADE IN MEDFORD will be shown TUESDAY.

RECOVERY OF NEW JERSEY WOMAN

Due To Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



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Auto Service from Eagle Point to Medford and Back. The undersigned will leave Frank Lewis' confectionery every day except Sunday for Medford with his auto at 1 o'clock p. m., arriving at 2:00 p. m. Leave Nash Hotel, Medford, at 5:00 p. m., arrive Eagle Point at 6:00 p. m. A part of the traffic is solicited. S. H. MARNISH, Eagle Point, Oregon.

INSIST ON SEEING METRO PICTURES