

### COUNCIL ACTS UPON UNION OIL PLANT LOCATION

A dispassionate discussion of the Union Oil company's proposed establishment of oil tanks and yard at Crater Lake Junction was had at Monday night's special council meeting, at the conclusion of which the council and engineer appointed today as the time to go over the ground thoroughly, collect all the facts and, at the adjourned special meeting to be held tonight, finally settle the matter.

J. D. Bell appeared on behalf of a determination of the matter in such form as to permit the company to proceed with the erection of the tanks, yard and offices as planned. He argued that the property involved in the protest is not residence property; that a warehouse district should be established at some convenient location along the railroad; that the selection of the area about the Crater Lake junction would really enhance the value of the Angle property; that it is the natural site for oil yards and tanks and warehouses, and the importance of the Union Oil company's enterprise commended the council's serious consideration.

Dr. J. J. Emmens appealed to the council's sense of justice in the matter of doing the greatest good to the greatest number. He stated that the city must recognize a warehouse district and that such a district must of necessity be located along the railroad; that the Angle property involved was not now and never could become a residence district and that it would be unfair to take that phase of the proposition into serious consideration.

J. W. Bennett, a civil and construction engineer with the Union Oil company, also addressed the council on the protest. A similar protest was made at Corvallis, he said, when the Union Oil company sought to establish its tanks and yards in a convenient location; but, after the question of location was fully considered and it was found that abutting property would be benefited, so far as values were concerned, the protestant withdrew his protest and apologized for having caused delay in the company's plans.

Mr. Bennett explained further that the lumber and cement necessary in the proposed tanks and yard production had been contracted for with local firms, that local labor would be employed to do the work and that local labor would be engaged to operate the plant after its completion. He said that two steel tanks would be erected of cement foundations and that they, the offices and the fence inclosing them would be painted a pure white and kept in the cleanest order.

Others discussed the question, the general sentiment expressed being favorable to such a revision of the existing ordinance as would permit the company to proceed to execute its plans as formed. However, the final determination of that feature of the question was left for final action tonight.

### COUNCIL TO ACT ON SCHOOL WALKS

Many children of the Jackson school are suffering severely from being compelled to reach their school through muddy streets and trails—sometimes without either. The Jackson school is located at the head of Summit street on Jackson. There are no sidewalks in that portion of the city. Formerly there was a two-plank board walk on some of the streets leading toward the school, but they have been removed. Probably 20 city blocks are involved in this unfortunate condition. The children sit in school all day with wet feet. Sickness is the result. Back of progress is one of the consequences. This condition is disturbing the school severely. Appeal for an improved condition in this respect will probably be made to the city council.

This matter was introduced at the special meeting of the city council last night by Councilman Emmens. He had investigated the complaint made by parents, pupils and teachers in the Jackson school district concerning these conditions and suggested that the situation is serious and ought to receive immediate attention from the council. He suggested also that, temporarily at least, gravel walks or those made with crushed rock could be put in quickly and would serve the purpose during the remainder of the present wet season. The matter was referred to the committee on streets and roads, with power to act.

### DIVIDENDS SHOW STEEL TRUSTS MOST PROSPEROUS YEAR

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—The United States Steel corporation resumed dividend payments on its common stock today when the directors declared a quarterly distribution of 1 1/4 percent.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/4 percent on the preferred stock was also declared.

The total net earnings of the corporation for the quarter ended December 31, 1915, were \$51,232,788, according to the quarterly report. This breaks all records of previous earnings. The net income for the same quarter was \$49,852,113 and the surplus \$23,260,692.

This restores the common stock to a five percent basis. It was the first payment authorized on the junior issue since the dividend declared for the September quarter of 1914, which was one half of one percent. Prior to that common stock had been paying five percent since June, 1913.

Predictions had been freely made that the corporation's earnings for the last quarter of 1915 equalled or exceeded the record of \$45,563,705, established in the second quarter of 1907. It had been generally believed that the volume of business during the last six months of 1915 enabled the corporation to recoup its losses during the first half of that year and at the same time leave a substantial amount available for a common dividend after payment of the preferred dividend and usual fixed charges.

### COUNCIL ACCEPTS RECOUNT OF VOTES

At a special meeting of the city council last night the report of the recount board in the matter of the election held against the manner in which the election board in the first ward conducted the recent city election therein was accepted. This conclusion was reached practically without discussion. The findings of the recount board were complete and the facts stated supported by the result of the investigation. Following is the report:

"We, your canvassing board duly appointed to canvass the returns in the first ward of the annual election held on January 11th, 1916, respectfully report:

"We find that the examination of the ballots show the count as set out in exhibit 'A,' which is hereby made a part of this report.

"We also find that the election officials of said election in said ward failed to comply with the law by not writing the name of the voter on the ballot stub.

"We also found three ballots so marked as to be incapable of determination of the intent of the voter. These were thrown out and copies of said ballots are hereto attached.

Respectfully Submitted,

(Signed) J. T. LAWTON,  
T. E. POTTINGER,  
W. L. MILLER,  
C. Y. TENGWALD,  
EARL H. FEHL.

### WANTS CITY HALL TO BE REARRANGED

At the special meeting of the city council last night, Councilman J. C. Mann suggested that the office rooms of the city recorder should receive wholesome attention at once. The city had voted against providing a new city hall, which left the old one a proper subject for discussion. He charged that it is unsanitary, inconvenient in appointment and general arrangement and should be repaired, cleaned-up and re-arranged for the service required of those who occupied it officially. The matter was referred to the health committee, with power to act.

### JONES HEAD COACH YALE'S FOOTBALL TEAM

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 25.—T. A. D. Jones, former Yale quarterback and member of the all-American football team, has been decided upon as head coach for the Yale eleven, it is understood here today, although official confirmation is lacking.

What Have You Been Looking For? Meriol White Liniment is a preparation that gives satisfaction where a pain killer and healer is needed. We do not believe you could get a better liniment at any price. Prices \$5, 50, \$1. Exclusive agency, Hankins' Drug Store.—Adv.

### GALLIENI CUTS RED TAPE BINDING WAR MACHINERY

PARIS, Jan. 25.—General Gallieni, the French minister of war, in pursuance of his policy of de-centralizing and modernizing the methods of the war office administration, has issued a series of instructions, which are regarded in bureaucratic circles as almost revolutionary.

The general points out that the war department receives daily an average of 10,000 documents which have to be passed upon. The result has been a certain degree of confusion and difficulty in fixing responsibility. The minister and the principal officials, whose energies should be devoted to giving impulsion to the whole machinery of the department, are called upon to decide on questions of detail about which they can know nothing.

As a first step, General Gallieni makes a clean sweep of that part of the red tape which consists in the obligation of excessive letter writing and exaggerated formalities. He insists on the application throughout the army of methods similar to those in use in large business concerns.

The minister further orders that greater initiative be left to subordinate officials. District authorities will henceforth be empowered to make contracts which do not involve more than 200,000 francs.

Many laws governing army administration date back fifty years and are not in adequate relation to present conditions. General Gallieni has announced his intention wherever it may seem desirable to request parliament to repeal or amend these laws.

### PLAN INCREASE IN INCOME TAXATION

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Legislation to increase governmental revenues to meet the expenses of national defense is expected to take definite shape, now that all doubt as to the constitutionality of the income tax has been removed by the supreme court's decision. Congressional leaders had taken no definite steps toward a solution of the revenue problem, pending the court's decision.

"On all sides today the leaders expressed the belief that the decision had paved the way for increasing the tax rate on great private fortunes to aid in paying for national defense. Bills to tax incomes of more than \$1,000,000 as high as fifty percent are now before congress.

### BRITAIN TO PROBE SINKING OF PERSIA

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The British government has ordered a formal investigation of the circumstances attending the sinking of the steamship Persia in the Mediterranean last month.

### A CHILD GETS CROSS, SICK AND FEVERISH WHEN CONSTIPATED

Look Mother! If Tongue is Coated Clean Little Liver and Bowels.

If your little one's tongue is coated, it is a sure sign the stomach, liver and bowels need a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When your child is cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally; if breath is bad, stomach sour, system full of cold, throat sore, or if feverish, give a teaspoonful of California Syrup of Figs, and in a few hours all the clogged-up, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get the genuine made by "California Fig Syrup Company."—Adv.

### WATER POWER OF NATION BECOMING VAST MONOPOLY

By GILSON GARDNER. WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Eighty-seven corporations own a total of ten million developed horsepower—water and steam—or 66 per cent of the total developed horsepower in the United States today.

Eighteen corporations control more than one-half of the total waterpower used in public service operations in the United States, while six corporations control more than one-fourth. There is a further relationship through interlocking directorates of power companies, to the extent that sixteen groups of companies, made up of 156 separate companies, control 2,226,000 water horsepower and in addition 4,160,000 steam horsepower, making a total of 45 per cent of all the public service power in the United States.

These are a few of the outstanding facts contained in a special report just submitted to the senate by the forest service; the results of months of painstaking investigation into the power situation. The fact is demonstrated in the report that concentration of ownership—monopolization of power development—is proceeding at a rapid rate; that the future development of industrial life in America is now practically in the hands of a small group of men who by interlocking directorates, common stock ownership or dual office holding, bind together the great "power trust" which dominates the situation in the United States today.

The extent of concentration of control is greatest in the western states, having increased largely between 1902 and 1912, and still more rapidly in the last three years. The only hope for preventing complete monopolization of water power lies in the power sites in national forests and on public lands over which the government still has control. Should the federal government relinquish title to these sites the industrial future of America would practically pass into the hands of a few waterpower barons, who the report shows are intimately interlocked with the great banking houses of New York and Boston.

A \$625,000 beet sugar factory is to be built in or near Grants Pass.

### AN OLD PROVERB

It used to be proverbial that every man (and it is certainly no less true of woman) is either a fool or a physician at forty. This means that every intelligent person must learn so much about caring for his own health that by the time he is forty years of age, he can almost be reckoned as a physician.

Why, then, is there so much talk by doctors against "self-medication?" A woman can recognize all ordinary ailments without calling on a doctor. If they are ailments distinctive to her sex she generally knows enough to use that greatest of all remedies for such ailments, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and likewise she is familiar with the standard remedies for other diseases.

### DELINQUENT TAX LIST, 1914

The following list of real property situated in Jackson County, Oregon, is hereby advertised for delinquent taxes assessed for the year 1914. This advertisement is authorized by an act embodied in Chapter 201 of the General Laws of Oregon, as amended by the 1915 session of the legislative assembly. The taxes on the following advertised list of real property became delinquent on September 1, 1915, and are subject to a penalty of 10 per cent and interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum until the said taxes shall have been paid. Notice is hereby given that six months after the taxes shall become delinquent the Sheriff, as required by law, will open and sell the real estate for delinquent taxes. The said certificates of delinquency will bear interest at the rate of 15 per cent per annum until the certificates are redeemed. And one year after the expiration of three years from the first date of delinquency any tax included in a certificate of delinquency the holder of which certificate may cause application to be served on the owner of the property described in the certificate, notifying the owner that he will apply to the circuit court of the county in which the property is situated for a decree foreclosing a lien against the property mentioned in such certificate. The following is a list of real property on which the first and second half taxes for year of 1914 had been paid prior to April 1st, 1915, and which became delinquent September 1, 1915.

Ashland, Oregon  
Ashland lot 6 & 8—Strage—lot 6 & 8—19-118, tract in rear of lot 6 & 8 and 8 1/2. M—Des. 71-200. N4 of lot 7, blk 6. 2-43  
Patterson, M—Des. 71-200. N4 of lot 7, blk 6. 192-07  
Reeves, W. N. Est.—1900. D. E. 19-118. N4 of lot 11 and 12. E. 1/2 of lot 13. W 1/2 of land Des. 45-7. 15 ft. blk. 11. 9-21  
Pronson, Mrs. E. C.—2000. E. 1/2 of side of Overland street. Des. 95-221. 27-75  
Jainema, W. L.—Des. 25-427. lot 2, blk 23. 58-23  
Farnham, Mrs. Fred—Lot 8, blk 14. 77-91  
Ashland Mineral Springs Sanitarium—Lots 2 and 3. S 40 ft. of 4. blk. 22. 63-17  
Barker, Augusta P.—Lot 1, blk 14. lot 2, blk 25. 29-11  
Staples, E. T.—19-11. R. 44-245. Part lot 1, blk. 29. 25-72  
Vendition, R. and W. 15-2478. Part lots 5 and 6. blk 29. 95-445  
(Continued on page seven)



## joy just hangs on every puff

How a pipe of "Tux" does bubble over with good cheer and sunny comfort! There's something about the mellow taste of "Tux" that stirs a smoker's soul. It gets into his inside works, sweetens his disposition, and gives him that perky, cheery feeling, like a high-stepper trotting down the avenue.

# Tuxedo

The Perfect Tobacco for Pipe and Cigarette

Men who never smoked a pipe before are now smoking Tuxedo, because they have found that Tuxedo is the mildest tobacco made, and that it is the one tobacco that never irritates mouth, throat or nerves.



JUDGE DANIEL C. DRASY  
Supreme Bench,  
San Francisco, Cal.  
"I get a heap of pleasure out of Tuxedo, the sweetest, coolest, most delightful pipe tobacco I've ever smoked."  
Judge Daniel C. Drasy

You simply cannot get another tobacco made by the "Tuxedo Process"—and that's the original of all processes for removing every trace of harshness and bite from the tobacco. It has been widely imitated; but never duplicated.

Try Tuxedo for a week, and you'll get acquainted with the sweetest, mildest, mellowest smoke in the world.

YOU CAN BUY TUXEDO EVERYWHERE  
Convenient, glassine wrapped, moisture-proof pouch . . . 5c  
Famous green tin with gold lettering, curved to fit pocket . . . 10c  
In Tin Humidors, 40c and 80c  
In Glass Humidors, 50c and 90c  
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY



## USED CARS at Bargain Prices

We need our garage room for new cars arriving and will sacrifice our used cars for quick sale

- 1 Studebaker Touring . . . \$150
- 1 Studebaker Touring . . . 250
- 1 Buick Truck . . . 100
- 1 Howard Touring . . . 100
- 1 Studebaker [Electric Lights and Starter] . . . 500
- 1 Chalmers . . . 350
- 1 Overland Touring . . . 300
- 1 Ford Touring . . . 200
- 1 Ford Touring . . . 250
- 1 Ford Touring . . . 315
- 1 Ford Taxicab Town Car . . . 350

## C. E. GATES