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SENATE FAILS TO ACT UPON INTERVENTION

Foreign Relations Committee Adjourns Without Action—President Likely to Be Sustained in Effort to Give Carranza a Chance to Demonstrate Ability to Establish Order.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—General Carranza telegraphed the Mexican embassy here today that he had formally proclaimed Francisco Villa an outlaw and authorized his execution by any citizen of the republic who might encounter him.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—After heated discussions over the Mexican situation, the first meeting of the senate committee on foreign relations adjourned today without taking action on resolutions providing for intervention or sending troops to aid Carranza in protecting American citizens. The subject will be taken up again next Wednesday. Senator Stone, who urged speedy action, has decided to make a canvass of the senate to determine what support would be given an effort to consider proposals of intervention should the foreign relations committee fail to act on the resolutions before it.

The opinion prevailed that none of the intervention resolutions would be reported at present and that a majority of the committee would uphold the president in his determination to give the Carranza government a chance to demonstrate its ability to establish order in Mexico.

Mexican Data Not Ready
The data called for in Senator Fall's resolution regarding the Carranza government and its recognition was not before the committee, and Chairman Stone, who saw the president earlier in the day, could not say when it would be ready. The committee did not consider the nomination of Henry P. Fletcher as ambassador to Mexico.

Intervention resolutions were still under discussion when the committee adjourned to attend a session of the senate.

Senators Lodge and Sutherland also urge action by the committee.

Senators Clarke of Arkansas and Williams of Mississippi, democrats, spoke for leaving the Mexican situation at this stage in the hands of the chief executive. The democrats seemed solidly in favor of such a course, excepting Senator Pomeroy, who thought something should be done now.

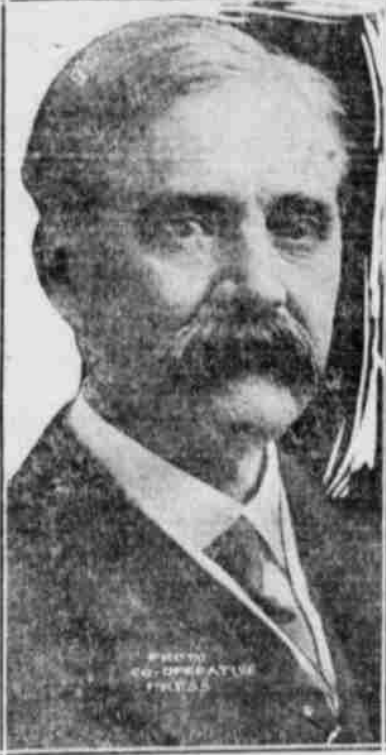
Senator Borah urged that a resolution be adopted authorizing the president to use the army and navy to protect Americans and to inform Carranza that the United States was ready to take a hand.

A resolution calling on the president for information as to whether the United States had entered into any relations with South America or Central America republics which would require the United States to consult them before using the army or navy to protect American citizens in Mexico, was introduced by Senator Sherman, republican. No action was taken.

NEW HAVEN SUED BY STOCKHOLDERS

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—Minority stockholders of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, who are suing former directors of the road to recover from them \$102,000,000 for losses alleged to have been incurred by the company in unprofitable and improper purchases, today filed an amendment to their suit, seeking the right to proceed in the name of the corporation itself. They claim that the present directors have refused to press such a suit because of friendliness for their predecessors and that the present directors have caused the corporation to defend the pending suit.

CUMMINS PLEADS FOR GOVERNMENT MANUFACTURE OF OUR MUNITIONS



Senator A. B. Cummins of Iowa

RUSSIANS LAUNCH NEW OFFENSIVE IN BESSARABIA

BERLIN, Jan. 19 (by wireless to Sayville).—A new offensive movement has been inaugurated by the Russians to the east of Czernowitz, near the Bessarabian frontier. The official Russian statement of today says the Russians made four successive attacks at several places, but were repulsed.

The German army headquarters staff today gave out the following statement: "Eastern theater: There is nothing to report except that a German air squadron attacked enemy storage depots and an aerial port at Tarnopol."

"Western theater: On the Yser front a small detachment advanced into the enemy trenches and captured one machine gun. There have been mining operations by both sides on this front west of Lille and as far south as the Somme river.

"During the night enemy airmen dropped bombs on Metz. So far only material damage has been reported. An enemy aeroplane fell this morning southwest of Thioncourt. One of the occupants was killed."

WAR COUNCIL OF ALLIES IN SESSION

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Members of the French and British governments held another war conference this afternoon in Downing street. France was represented by Premier Briand, Jules Cambon, general undersecretary of the foreign ministry and Alexander Millerand, former minister of war.

For the British government Premier Asquith, War Secretary Kitchener, Foreign Minister Grey and First Sea Lord Balfour of the admiralty were present. A number of French and British naval and military officers also attended the meeting. Further plans for active prosecution of the war were discussed.

FURTHER FLOODS IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 19.—Southern Pacific traffic along the coast and San Joaquin valley lines was opened from here to San Francisco today after having been more or less interrupted by floods and landslides for two days. Rain began falling again today and further flooding was feared. Debris in the Arroyo Seco, a gully in the northern part of Los Angeles, was dynamited today to prevent flooding.

WANTS NATION TO MAKE ALL WAR MUNITIONS

Senator Cummins of Iowa Pleads for Elimination of Private Profit as an Influence for War by Government Manufacture of All War Munitions—Regards War Only Last Resort.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Elimination of private profit as an influence for war by government manufacture of all war munitions was urged in the senate today by Senator Cummins of Iowa, republican.

He pleaded for prompt adoption of his resolution, which would authorize a special committee to inquire into the most feasible plan for acquiring plants to supply the army and navy with all arms, ammunition and equipment, including ships, and to report on the legislation necessary to prevent private manufacture of such products.

War a Last Resort

"I agree that war may come to this country," Senator Cummins asserted, "but if it comes it must be the result of the calm dispassionate, loyal purpose to meet the awful scourge because there is no other way of defending our civilization, our institutions and our honor. I do not assert that every person or corporation which may profit from war would invite war, but I do assert that all such persons and associations are not competent to judge the controversies which may lead to conflict, and inasmuch as they cannot be removed from the great panel of the republic, they ought to be removed from the business out of which their interest grows. It ought to be made impossible, so far as the power of the government is concerned, for any man or corporation to make money out of war."

Munition Makers Busy

"In this critical moment, what is the attitude of the makers of arms and munitions? Without exception, so far as I know, they are insisting upon the most comprehensive program which it is possible to conceive and they are employing through all the channels and all the instrumentalities which mold public thought, all the forces at their command for a completeness of preparation that would turn this country into a military camp and practically destroy all ambition, save the ambition to overcome by force of arms the entire world."

Emphasizing the effect of the European war on private munition makers in the United States, he told the senate that since the war began there had been 174 new corporations organized in this country for the manufacture of munitions and the value of arms and munitions exported in fifteen months had aggregated \$161,964,278.

Cummins submitted a table showing the following estimates of the amount of the war contracts of some of the larger corporations:

War Contracts Issued
American Car & Foundry, \$35,000,000

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KING GUSTAV MAKES PLEA FOR PREPAREDNESS



LATEST PHOTOGRAPH OF THE KING OF SWEDEN

KING OF SWEDEN ASKS NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The Politiken of Copenhagen, as quoted by the Exchange correspondent there, says anxiety has been expressed in Stockholm by the speech at the opening of the Swedish parliament by King Gustave, who urged vigorous preparation of national defense in view of the disregard on the part of belligerents of neutral rights. The situation is a source of concern in Stockholm, the correspondent says, on account of the seizure by the British last week of a large quantity of provisions from the Swedish-American steamship Stockholm from New York for Stockholm. The action of the British authorities is criticized sharply by the Swedish press, which expresses the opinion that the value of the goods returned cannot be regarded as anything like adequate offset to the effect of the incident. Some Swedish newspapers state that such actions are worse than an open rupture.

Hjalmar Branting, socialist leader in the second Swedish chamber, who recently visited the allied front in Flanders, is quoted by the Social Demokratian as saying that he prefers action a day too early rather than a day too late in order to save Sweden from complications.

"It is noted that King Gustave in his speech from the throne did not make the usual reference to the good relations of Sweden with foreign powers," the correspondent adds. Several interpellations on foreign affairs are expected during the session.

PRESIDENT PLANS SPEAKING TOUR FOR PREPAREDNESS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—President Wilson's first speaking trip to carry the national defense fight before the country will begin early in February and probably will cover middle western states, including Ohio. The president spent two hours today going over invitations from all parts of the country. In his addresses on the national defense the president undoubtedly will touch also on the Mexican problem.

In addition to making a personal appeal before the country in numerous public addresses in support of his program for strengthening the army and navy, the president plans to hold further conferences on the subject with the leaders in congress.

Numerous reports which have come to the president of confusion over the issue in congress and uncertainty of the outcome prompted the step.

BELGIAN CHILDREN SEND TOYS TO WILSON

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—P. H. Chailourou, representing the Belgian relief commission, brought to the white house today a trunk full of simple presents sent to the president and Mrs. Wilson by Belgian children. They included dolls, pictures, busts of the royal family and embroidery work. The president read accompanying messages and said he was deeply affected by the sentiments.

DEATH THREATS BY MRS. MOHR IN HER LETTERS

Threatened to Kill Husband and Par amour in Missives Written Year Before Crime—Cross-Examination Develops Fact That Mohr Beat His Wife Because of Interference.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 19.—A letter containing a threat to kill Miss Emily Burger and alleged to have been written by Mrs. Elizabeth F. Mohr, who is on trial for the murder of her husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, was introduced by the prosecution today. George W. Rooks also testified that Mrs. Mohr told him she could hire a couple of thugs to kill her husband.

Miss Burger, who was wounded when Mohr was shot, was his private secretary, and the state claims that jealousy of her was one of the motives that led Mrs. Mohr to employ Cecil Brown and Henry Spellman, negroes, to murder her husband.

Rooks is a brother-in-law of Miss Burger. On cross-examination he denied that he had been jealous of the physician's attentions to Miss Burger or had tried to prejudice Mrs. Mohr against her husband.

Threatening Letter Read

Rooks first identified a postcard Mrs. Mohr wrote him urging him to keep his sister-in-law away from her husband. He then introduced a letter he received from Mohr on December 3, 1913. It was allowed to go into the record over the objection of counsel for the defense. It read in part:

"My son Charles has told me that his father has taken him three times to call on Miss Burger. I am going to get after her. She is not going to get the best of me. I will kill her before I'm through with the whole matter. She is a low person, when she won't listen to a good woman like me, who wants her to stay away from my husband. She will be sorry."

"I just want to let you know your sister-in-law is deceiving you. I'm not going to put up with it. Please look into this matter and don't let her jolly you. I give her fair warning."

Bitter Towards Husband

Rooks told of conversations he had with Mrs. Mohr between December, 1913, and June, 1914, and said she had expressed herself as very bitter toward her husband.

"She said she could hire a couple of thugs to murder her husband," he said. "She also said she hoped he would get killed by his automobile."

In response to questions by the prosecution the witness stated that Mrs. Mohr had said Miss Burger would never live to marry her husband, that she would kill her first. He said Mrs. Mohr had said she would give her husband a divorce if he would give her \$30,000 and the Middletown estate. He said he went to see Arthur Cushing, one of Mrs. Mohr's attorneys, about the suit.

On cross-examination the witness

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NEW PHOTOGRAPH OF MRS. E. F. MOHR, ON TRIAL FOR THE DEATH OF HER HUSBAND



Mrs. E. F. Mohr

Witness at Providence, R. I., physician, who is charged with having investigated the murder of her husband, Dr. F. C. Mohr.

NO SURRENDER BY MONTENEGRO; KING OFF TO ITALY

PARIS, Jan. 19.—The following official statement was issued today: "The wireless news of the surrender of the Montenegrin army appears somewhat premature. It is now announced from another source that negotiations between Austria and Montenegro have been broken, the conditions of surrender imposed by Austria having been found quite unacceptable by Montenegro."

"The king, the royal family and the diplomatic corps are about to proceed to Italy."

"AWFUL" FLOOD SWEEPS ON PHOENIX

PHOENIX, Ariz., Jan. 19.—Officials of the reclamation service advised to the sheriff's office here today state an "awful flood" was coming down Salt river and probably would reach Phoenix late today. Residents were being warned to leave all low sections along the Salt and Gila rivers.

YUMA, Ariz., Jan. 19.—Telephone messages said that residents along the upper Gila river are moving from their homes, and that the flood had reached alarming proportions. Hundreds of passengers on overland trains were marooned here. Ten westbound trains were held here and probably will not be able to reach Los Angeles for several days.

SWEDEN CLASHES WITH ENGLAND

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The controversy between Great Britain and Sweden over the detention of mails has reached an impasse with both sides stubbornly refusing to allow its rival's mails to be expedited through the respective countries. Sweden now is holding an enormous quantity of the English post destined for Russia, while mail is being taken from every Scandinavian liner brought into Kirkwall, Scotland, Swedish action is the first-tangible reprisal measure by a neutral. Vigorous representations are being made by the diplomats of both countries. The foreign office here takes the definite stand that a parcel, no matter what class of postage it bears, is no more entitled to protection than is ordinary freight.

25,000 UNITED STATES TROOPS ENCAMPED ON MEXICAN BORDER AWAITING CALL TO ARMS—SCENE IN CAMP NEAR BROWNSVILLE



UNITED STATES TROOPS