

BRYAN DIFFERS FROM PRESIDENT OVER DEFENSES

Former Secretary of State Comes Out Squarely Against Wilson's Preparedness Program—Is Departure From Traditions, Reversal of National Policy, Menace to Peace.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Former Secretary of State Bryan came out squarely against President Wilson's national defense plan in a formal statement in which he took issue with the president's views as expressed last night before the Manhattan club in New York.

"A departure from our traditions; a reversal of our national policy; a menace to our peace and safety, and a challenge to the spirit of Christianity, which teaches us to influence others by example, rather than by exciting fear," is Mr. Bryan's view of the national defense plans.

The former secretary of state's statement, which reiterates views he has previously expressed on the subject of preparedness for war, was regarded as the opening gun in the fight which administration leaders expect in congress against adoption of the plan. Mr. Bryan's statement says:

Read in Sorrow "I have read the president's speech at New York with sorrow and concern. He is doing what he believes to be his duty and so long as a man follows his conscience and judgment, we cannot criticize his motives, but we may be compelled to dissent from his conclusions. I feel it my duty to dissent, and as he has given his views with clearness and emphasis, those who differ from him are under a like obligation to express themselves with equal clearness.

"He says that his position is different from that of the private individual, in that the individual is free to speak his own thoughts and risk his own opinion. This sentence is a little obscure. Insofar as he expresses his own opinion, he does not differ from the private citizen except that he speaks under a sense of official responsibility, but where a nation's fate is involved in a policy every private citizen who loves his country and tries to serve it is conscious of responsibility."

Announces New Policy "The president will not assume that he is more deeply interested in the welfare of his country than the millions who elected him to be for a time being their spokesman. And if, as he evidently believes, he is giving voice to the opinions of his countrymen, he is, of course, anxious to have them as frank with him as he has been with them, how otherwise can he know whether he represents or misrepresents their views.

"He has announced a policy which has never before been adopted in this country and never endorsed by any party in the country and he has no way of knowing until he hears from the people whether he has correctly interpreted the will of the public. His appeal is not to any party, but as he says, to men of 'all shades of opinion.'" He asks for the hearty support of the country, meaning, of course, that he wants the support, provided the people favor the policy which he has outlined. He could not, of course, ask them to support a policy which they did not endorse.

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HILLIS' FLOCK FINANCES SUIT WITH ATTORNEY

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—When the Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis returns from Marengo, Ill., he will be informed by officials of the Plymouth church in Brooklyn, of which he is pastor, that 299 members of that church have subscribed \$5000 to finance Dr. Hillis' legal contest with Frank L. Ferguson, formerly president of the board of trustees of Plymouth church, and attorney for the pastor.

The Rev. Dr. Hillis has instituted an inquiry through the courts concerning Mr. Ferguson's conduct of his affairs while acting under the power of attorney.

GREEK KING LIKELY TO CALL NEW ELECTION

Constantine Summons Leaders of All Parties to Confer—Probably Will Continue Zaimis Cabinet and Dissolve Parliament—Course Is Attacked by Venizelos.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—The all-night meeting of the Greek chamber, the new attack of Former Premier Venizelos on the policy of the government and his criticism of King Constantine's interference with "constitutional liberties" of the Greek people are recent stages of the new political crisis, which for the time being has overshadowed the military situation in the Balkans. According to latest information from Athens, the king is expected to continue the Zaimis cabinet and dissolve parliament rather than accept the other alternative of permitting M. Venizelos to return to power.

King Opposes War King Constantine is said to be in thorough sympathy with the conduct before the chamber of General Yanakitsas, war minister, whose remarks brought on the crisis, and to have demonstrated appreciation of the minister's force by appointing him an aide de camp.

King Constantine has summoned leaders of all parties to confer on the situation resulting from the overthrow of the Zaimis cabinet, and it is expected the ministerial crisis will end within twenty-four hours.

Portions of the address of Former Premier Venizelos of Greece to the chamber of deputies just before the defeat of the Zaimis ministry are given as follows by the Havas correspondent at Athens.

Venizelos Defiance "The foreign policy of the government does not have our confidence. Moreover, we consider it fatal for the country. In recent days we have felt more profoundly still the pain of seeing our country menaced by our eternal enemy, which will turn on us after having crushed Serbia.

"We are saddened by the thought that tomorrow we shall be alone, without friends or allies, in face of a formidable enemy."

At this point M. Venizelos was interrupted by a deputy, who asked whether he thought King Constantine desired the ruin of the country.

"I would have preferred to omit the name of the king in this discussion," M. Venizelos responded, "but since you ask this question I shall answer as I should. Under the constitutional regime, the king can have no responsibility."

Blames King's Advisers Ex-Premier Venizelos said, however, that he did not mean to throw upon the king responsibility for the present situation in Greece. He blamed those who had failed to advise his majesty as they ought, and said the crown could not refuse to recognize the vote of confidence accorded by the chamber of deputies to the preceding cabinet.

Says War Inevitable M. Theodoris, minister of communication, said he thought the policy of M. Venizelos would lead the country to ruin and to take opposition against the central powers, which would be disastrous for Greece and Serbia.

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ACTRESS SUED FOR \$15,000 BY PUGILIST

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—Papers naming Miss Pauline Lord, an actress as defendant in a \$15,000 damage suit for alienating the affections of Billy Roche, prize fight promoter and referee of New York, are on record today as having been served on Miss Lord, the complainant being Mrs. Nellie Roche, of San Francisco.

After accepting service, Miss Lord asserted that she had married Roche in Newark, N. J., several years ago and that she had no knowledge that he had another wife until three years afterward, when he told her of a former marriage and a subsequent divorce.

THE ROYAL FAMILY OF GREECE, AT OUTS WITH PARLIAMENT AND PEOPLE



The picture shows from left to right: Prince Paulos, Queen Sophie, Prince Alexandros, Princess Irene, King Constantine and the Crown Prince Georgeos. The king has two other daughters, Princess Helene and Princess Catherine.

SERBS FIGHTING VALIANTLY AGAINST INVADING HORDES

PARIS, Nov. 5.—Reports from the Serbian front indicate that determined resistance is still being offered to the Bulgarian forces which invaded the southern part of the country. The Havas correspondent at Saloniki, telegraphing under yesterday's date, says the Serbians are holding out firmly in the Babuna pass and that the Bulgarians are suffering serious losses in the fighting there.

The Serbian city of Monastir, in the southwest corner of the country near the Greek border, is said by the correspondent to be safe for the present; as is Pripet, twenty-five miles northeast of Monastir.

The Bulgarians bombarded the French positions at Kreslak on Wednesday, but without tangible results.

Telegraphic communication is still being maintained for the exchange of official messages between Saloniki and Monastir and Saloniki and Nish. A dispatch from Athens to the Exchange Telegraph company says that in the fighting in Babuna pass the Bulgarians were defeated after three severe battles.

The dispatch said that two British divisions are now approaching the Bulgarian front and that other units are following.

GENERAL RIGGS QUILTS PHILIPPINES

BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.—General Clinton L. Riggs of this city, a member of the Philippine commission, and secretary of commerce and police, today announced that he had resigned his post and that his resignation had been accepted by the president. General Riggs said that he took this step because he "found it impossible to submit my views and actions to the apparent wishes of the administration, as expressed by the governor-general."

Turkish Attacks Are Repulsed

LONDON, Nov. 5.—The Turkish forces in the Dardanelles took the offensive on Nov. 4, and made four attacks on the positions of the entente allies. All these attacks were repulsed, it is announced in an official statement issued here today.

PRESIDENT'S AUTO STRIKES SMALL BOY INJURY IS SLIGHT

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—President Wilson's automobile struck and injured a small boy here late today, while the president was motoring to the Pennsylvania station to catch his train for Washington. The boy was apparently more frightened than hurt.

After stopping his car and ascertaining that the accident was trivial, the president continued to the station and boarded the 3:39 train for Washington.

The accident occurred as the president's car turned a corner in front of the Pennsylvania station. Mario Passi, the boy who was hurt, darted from the sidewalk across the street directly in the path of the car. The youngster escaped the wheels, but a mudguard brushed against his left arm and knocked him over in the street.

Within a moment the boy bounded to his feet and began to rub his arm. The secret service men, following in another car, ran to him and asked him if he had been hurt. President Wilson ordered the presidential car, a limousine, stopped.

Leaving out the window the president awaited the boy's reply to the secret service men. When the little fellow, who appeared to be about 7 years old, shook his head and stoutly said he was not hurt, President Wilson ordered his car to continue.

The youngster ran back to the sidewalk, wiped his face on his sleeve and watched the president drive off. Mr. Wilson glanced back. The boy was standing on the curb rubbing his arm and grinning.

President Wilson and his party were motoring from the house of Cleveland H. Dodge, where the president and his fiancée, Mrs. Norman Galt had lunched with Mr. Dodge.

HEAVY SNOW CHECKS WARFARE IN ALPS

GENEVA, via Paris, Nov. 5.—Owing to heavy snow avalanches, military operations in the Carnic Alps, except for encounters between patrols, are at a standstill for the present. Both the Austrian and Italian soldiers in this region are suffering greatly as a result of the cold and snow in the trenches.

LAST VESSEL OF SEASON FROM NOME WITH GOLD BULLION

NOME, Alaska, Nov. 5.—The steamship Victoria sailed for Seattle late last night, the last vessel to leave Nome this season. Until next June, when navigation in Bering sea is opened, Nome will be shut off from the outside world except by travel over 2000 miles of snow trail to the open ports in Southwestern Alaska. The Victoria is carrying 250 passengers, business men and miners who will pass the winter in the states, and a large shipment of gold bullion. About 2500 people will remain in Nome.

The winter already has begun here. Severe storms are sweeping over Seward peninsula, accompanied by intense cold and much snow. There is already much ice off Nome and the flocks began moving into the roadstead just before the Victoria sailed. The Victoria sailing is unusually late, the underwriter's regulations requiring all steamers to be out of Bering sea before November 1. The revenue cutter Bear left Nome for Seattle Wednesday and will keep in touch with the Victoria to render assistance should the big liner become endangered by the ice.

Invaders Nearing Nish LONDON, Nov. 5.—The invading Bulgarians are reported to have reached a point six miles northeast of Nish and to have advanced among the hills east and southeast of the city to positions almost as near. The Germans on the north Serbian front are not so fortunate in their attack, but are slowly pressing back their opponents. The promised assistance for the Serbians is not materializing, according to advices from Saloniki, and two divisions of British troops have arrived at Strumitsa, joining the French.

German and Austrian official reports, although indicating things are going well for the Teutons on the Russian front, make it clear that they are now occupied chiefly with defending themselves against Russian attacks. Except in the way of counter-attacks, their own initiative apparently has been spent. Particularly fierce Russian attacks are recorded along the Dvina and Strpa.

TOKIO IS ABLAZE FOR CORONATION OF MIKADO YOSHIHITO

TOKIO, Nov. 5.—Tokio tonight was ablaze with light in honor of the coronation of Emperor Yoshihito, which takes place on November 10. The display on the Gimsa, the broadway of Tokio, outdid that of the brightest parts of its occidental counterpart in its most festive array. Oriental color was given by long rows of paper lanterns and sun flags, together with floral arches surmounted by golden sphinx-like plants.

A feature of the display was the appearance of a multitude of children attired in the brightest kimonos. The climax of the decorative scheme was a triumphant arch in front of the palace, with a floral parasol and ornamental towers lighted by ancient torches.

BERLIN CLAIMS FRENCH DEFEAT BY BULGARIANS

Part of French Contingent Landed at Saloniki Routed and Part Made Prisoners Is German Assertion—Move to Cut Serb Retreat in Montenegro—Russians on Offensive.

BERLIN, Nov. 5.—It is officially reported that the Bulgarians have completely defeated at a point north-east of Pripet the French forces which were landed at Saloniki. Part of the French contingent was routed and the others were made prisoners. The first of the French prisoners have arrived at Kustendil.

To Cut Off Retreat

BERLIN, Nov. 5.—A new movement to cut off the retreat of the Serbian army is reported by the Overseas News Agency. The Austrians are said to have begun an attack along the western border of Montenegro, in which country the Serbian forces are expected to seek refuge.

These attacks are being made, the news agency says, to the east of Trebinje, in Herzegovina, about 40 miles north of Cattaro. Thus the Montenegrins are being threatened from the west, near the coast, as well as from the north, where fighting has been going on for some time.

The news agency points out that the Serbian retreat into Montenegro is made still more difficult by the junction which had been effected between the forces of General Von Koevess and the Austrian troops, which have invaded Serbia from Bosnia north of Vishegrad.

Advances all along the line by the Teutonic forces invading Serbia are announced in today's official statement by German army headquarters. The capture of 2700 Serbians is reported.

On Russian Front

BERLIN, Nov. 5.—The Russians are still on the offensive in the region southwest of Dvinsk, but their attacks against the German lines have been futile and they have suffered heavy losses, German army headquarters announced today.

Recapture of a trench northeast of Lemesnil in the Champagne district, which the French had held since October 24, was officially announced by German army headquarters today.

A counter-attack by the French against positions captured by the Germans to the north of Massiges failed with heavy losses to the attacking forces.

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BONUS DISTRIBUTED ON PACIFIC MAIL

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship company, which is controlled by the Southern Pacific company, today ordered a distribution of \$25 a share, payable to stockholders on December 15. This distribution follows a recent reduction of the company's capital stock from \$20,000,000 to \$1,000,000 on its abandonment of the trans-Pacific trade and the sale of its vessels in that branch of the service.

VILLA PLANS TO TAKE GUAYMAS AS SUPPLY BASE

After Recouping Military Strength, Will Move on Mexico City—American Doctors Not Dead, But Taken Prisoners to Care for Villa's Wounded.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Confidential reports to the war department from official sources in Mexico indicate that General Villa in his movement to Naco is carrying out part of a plan to strike from there through the interior of the Pacific coast to capture the port of Guaymas to get a base of supplies and then, after recouping his military strength, probably move on toward Mexico City. Villa's first plan was to get supplies at Agua Prieta if possible, but that it was planned long ago to move on to Naco, to Hermosillo and then on to the coast, where the American embargo on arms will not prevent the receipt of munitions.

Villa's Campaign

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Nov. 5.—Villa's plan of campaign, as revealed here today by Colonel Cristobal Martinez, a wounded staff officer on parole, was to draw Alvaro Obregon's army to the northwestern boundary, capture Agua Prieta and then strike southwestward through Sonora and Sinaloa to Jalisco. Next he planned to move eastward, cut Obregon off from his base and then dash for Mexico City.

That it failed, as far as it concerned Agua Prieta, at least, is due to two factors, according to Martinez. The recognition of Carranza by the Pan-American powers and General Frederick Funston's plain statement to Villa last Tuesday, that if the Agua Prieta fighting caused further danger to American lives and property, there would be the United States army to reckon with.

Villa Broken Hearted

Broken-hearted, according to Martinez, Villa is now prepared to attempt carrying out the remainder of his program. He will abandon the border, it was said, and attempt to strengthen his control of the interior of Sonora and of Sinaloa by driving Carranza troops under General Dieguez out of those states.

The Agua Prieta battlefield, still dotted with the slain of Monday and Tuesday's fierce fighting, became offensive today and burial parties were hurried out by General Calles with orders to burn bodies to prevent danger of pestilence.

General Alvaro Obregon is expected here tonight to take command of a campaign against Villa. Calles' alleged failure to take advantage of a number of opportunities to decisively defeat and perhaps disperse Villa's army has caused some dissatisfaction.

DOCTORS REPORTED KILLED RELEASED BY VILLA'S ORDER

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Nov. 5.—General Villa has ordered the release of Drs. Thigpen and Miller and the two American chauffeurs whom he reported dead yesterday, according to a message received this afternoon. The men were prisoners at Cananea. The doctors, however, will remain at Cananea to care for the wounded. Villa said he was mistaken when he reported the four killed.

He said he now believed the men slain southwest of Agua Prieta Wednesday were four American teamsters who came with him from Chihuahua. Pylant and Wilson, the chauffeurs, will return to the border.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 5.—The only American teamsters reported to have followed Villa from Casas Grandes were Mormons of the Casas Grandes colony.

A recent report here stated that James Whipple, Lynn Hatch and Charles Turley, all Mormons of the Casas Grandes district, drove for Villa in the hope of getting their stock back when they reached the Chihuahua-Sonora lines. It was reported and later denied that they had been killed by the Villa forces.