

TEUTON FORCES CAPTURE TOWN OF POZAREVAC

Germans Making Slow Progress—
Russian Drive in Eastern Galicia Is
Reported Checked—England Un-
easy Over Balkan Situation—Ger-
mans Gain Slightly on West Line.

BERLIN, Oct. 14.—The Austro-German army which is invading Serbia has captured the fortified works to the west, northeast and southeast of Pozarevac, on the Danube.

The Russian army, which has been advancing victoriously in eastern Galicia, is said by the war office today to have been checked. The Russians were driven back across the Strypa river.

PARIS, Oct. 14.—Premier Viviani announced to the senate today that Italy probably would take part in the Balkan operations.

London is uneasy
LONDON, Oct. 14.—Increasing uneasiness is felt in London at the absence of definite news concerning allied action in the Balkans. This feeling is intensified by news of the dispute in the French chamber of deputies in regard to the Balkan danger, by Italy's persistent silence regarding participation in the expedition and by uncertainty concerning the British program.

Opinion here is divided to some extent as to the advisability of taking part in the Balkan conflict. The general opinion is that Great Britain is morally bound to assist Serbia if this can be done without a dangerous attenuation of the main front where it is felt the war will finally be decided, notwithstanding the Balkan diversion.

Slight Gain by Germans
Having failed in their attack on the British positions on the western front the Germans have turned upon the French and have made a gain east of Souchez. The advantage they obtained, however, is not of sufficient importance to affect the general situation of the French. Their assault in the vicinity of Tahure, in pursuance of the movement begun three days ago, likewise has been materially unproductive thus far.

On the eastern front the Russians are now in full possession of the initiative, and the momentum which carried them across the Strypa river in eastern Galicia has not yet diminished. It is reported unofficially from Petrograd that it is the Germans who now lack ammunition, thus reversing conditions of two months ago.

Deadlock on Dvinsk
Although the Germans are continuing their attacks on the Dvinsk lines, the fury of the onslaught has diminished and gaining in one sector while losing in another, they appear to have made no net gains recently. In fact, Petrograd press dispatches assert the German troops are three miles further from the city than a week ago. Official institutions which recently were removed from Dvinsk are now being taken back.

The Germans and Austrians continue to report steady progress in Serbian territory.

The Nish-Saloniki line has been cut for a distance of five miles at a point believed to be about fifty miles south of Nish, according to an Athens dispatch. This trunk line is the one that would be used by allied forces moving from Saloniki to Serbia.

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U. S. CONFISCATES VILLA LEAD BULLION

EL PASO, Tex., Oct. 14.—The first confiscation here of exports from Villa territory occurred today when a carload of lead bullion was seized by the custom house authorities for illegal entry when found in a train of twenty-one railcars of cotton, arriving from the south.

The cotton was consigned to a representative of the Villa government. One car carrying lead was manifested with the rest as "cotton," and so reported by the receiver.

ITALIANS OCCUPY TWELVE ISLANDS IN MEDITERRANEAN

BERLIN, Oct. 14. (by wireless to Tuckerton).—The Tagesspiegel publishes a report that the Italians have occupied twelve islands in the eastern Mediterranean, in connection with the new developments in the Balkans. Greece has protested against the occupation of these islands.

OBREGON STILL LOYAL TO CARRANZA

TAMPICO, Mex., Oct. 14.—General Alvaro Obregon, conducting Venustiano Carranza, head of the army, on a tour of inspection, learned today that rumors of his disloyalty had been published in American papers. Reports that he was about to leave the ranks of Carranza had been current in Mexico many days.

"It was with the greatest surprise that I read of a break with the first chief," he said to a correspondent of the Associated Press, and requested a denial of it. "It is well known," continued Obregon, "that I invited him into the north in order to show him just what has been accomplished. The reports of a break are absurd."

Carranza's time today was taken up largely in receiving callers and accepting social favors from his friends here. It is expected the march will be resumed some time tonight and Monterey reached some time Thursday.

GERMAN COUNT ACCUSED OF BIGAMY

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Count Max Lynar London, said to be a civil engineer and inventor of military appliances, arrested here last night, was held in \$3500 bail for examination Saturday when arraigned today. The count was held on an affidavit charging suspicion of bigamy.

It was said at the detective bureau that while the nominal charge is bigamy, the arrest really was made at the request of the department of justice at Washington.

Count London denied the charge and said the only wife he had was the woman with him when the arrest was made. He also denied that he had married Minnie Wendt of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., or Mrs. Rose O'Brien of Albion, N. Y., two women mentioned in connection with his arrest.

MONTENEGRINS DEFY ENEMIES

PARIS, Oct. 14.—King Nicholas of Montenegro is quoted by the Petit Parisien as having declared to its Cetinje correspondent:

"We are fighting in the enemy's territory. We are ready and we fear nothing."

The Montenegrin army has been reorganized and re-equipped according to Colonel Patchitch, chief of staff. The offensive begun by Austria all along the Montenegrin front has been repulsed up to the present.

THREE INCINERATED CLOVERDALE FIRE

CLOVERDALE, Cal., Oct. 14.—Mrs. Sarah J. Harrison of Lodi, Cal., Charles Scott of Orban, Cal., and one unidentified man were burned to death today in a fire which destroyed the Cloverdale hotel. Searchers in the ruins believe more bodies may be found.

It is thought the fire started from a gasoline explosion in the hotel. The town plaza broke the path of the flames after a block of seven stores and other buildings had been consumed.

55 KILLED BY ZEPPELIN RAID LONDON AREA

Fourteen Deaths Military Casualties
—Germans Claim Waterworks and Arsenal Bombarded and Many Fires Follow Explosion of Zeppelin Bombs—Airships Return Safely.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Fourteen of the fifty-five persons killed and thirteen of the 114 wounded last night were military casualties, according to an announcement made by the official press bureau today regarding the air raid by Zeppelins last night.

The text of the announcement follows: "The press bureau of the war office announces that a fleet of hostile airships visited the eastern counties and a portion of the London area last night and dropped bombs."

Airship Keels Over
"Anti-aircraft guns of the royal field artillery, attached to the central force, were in action and an airship was seen to keel over on its side and to drop to a lower altitude."

"Five aeroplanes of the royal flying corps went up, but owing to the atmospheric conditions only one aeroplane succeeded in locating an airship. This aeroplane, however, was unable to overhaul the airship before it was lost in the fog."

Some houses were damaged and several fires were started, but no serious damage was caused to military material. All fires were soon got under control.

The following military casualties, in addition to the one announced last night, have been reported:

"Fourteen killed and thirteen wounded."

"The home office announces the following casualties other than the military casualties reported above:

List of Casualties

"Killed—Men, 27; women, 9; children, 5; total, 41."

"Injured—Men, 64; women, 30; children, 7; total, 101."

"Totals—Men, 91; women, 39; children, 12; grand total, 142."

"Of these casualties, 32 killed and 93 injured were in the London area, and these figures include those announced last night."

London's latest Zeppelin raid exceeds in the number of casualties any previous attack on the British capital. The last in which casualties were reported, that of September 8, comes second. Twenty deaths were caused on that occasion, while 86 persons were injured.

The casualties in the raid of last night brings the total for all raids on England up to 640, of which number 177 persons were killed and 463 injured.

German Version of Raid

BERLIN, Oct. 14. (by wireless to Sayville).—An official report given out today by the German admiralty regarding the Zeppelin raid on London, says that in addition to dropping bombs on the English capital, the waterworks at Hampton and the town of Woolwich, where there is a great arsenal, were heavily bombarded. Great fires are reported to have followed the explosion of the Zeppelin bombs.

The text of the admiralty's statement follows: "German airships during the night of October 13-14 attacked the city of London and nearby important establishments as well as the batteries of Ipswich."

"Several attacks were made especially on the waterworks at Hampton."

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SUBMARINES SINK 5 GERMAN SHIPS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—State department advices today from Sweden reported five German vessels sunk in the Baltic sea by submarines. The dispatches were brief and gave no details.

News dispatches have reported that a British submarine is inflicting great losses on the German merchant fleet in the Baltic.

MAY IRWIN TO LEAD WOMAN SUFFRAGE ARMY



NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—May Irwin is organizing an army of 5000 volunteers to march in the woman's suffrage parade here October 23. It will be called "The Women Who Watch and Wait" army.

VILLA'S CAPTAINS DESERT TO ENEMY: GUAYMAS TAKEN

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Oct. 14.—General P. Elias Calles, Carranza commander in Sonora, stated today that he had received unofficial confirmation of the occupation of Guaymas, Sonora, yesterday by a Carranza force under General M. M. Dieguez.

Dieguez' force, Calles said, would be reinforced by 8000 men who were to embark today at Manzanillo, Colima, for Guaymas, according to a message from General Alvaro Obregon.

The addition of this force would give Dieguez an army of about 15,000 men, Calles said.

General Garcia led the retreat northward of the Villa garrison of Guaymas, according to Calles' reports. Several hundred Yaqui Indians deserted the retreating column and joined Dieguez' forces, it was said. The Villa troops from Manzanillo were said to be under command of General Gavira. The voyage on transports was expected to take two weeks.

EL PASO, Tex., Oct. 14.—The Carranza consulate announced today receipt of a message from Douglas, Ariz., stating that an American arriving at Columbus, N. M., from Casas Grandes, Chihuahua, stated that three Villa generals had deserted with their men.

Advices here considered trustworthy stated that 1000 men of Villa's force at Casas Grandes had deserted recently.

KANSAS NATIONAL FOREST IS ABOLISHED

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—Upon recommendation of Secretaries Lane and Houston, President Wilson today abolished the Kansas national forest of 138,000 acres. On November 1 it will be open to entry by application to the land office at Dodge City, Kansas. The forest comprises the sand hill region of western Kansas and was no longer needed by the agricultural department. A small herd of antelope will be retained by the government.

MILLION DOLLAR SHIP FOR HONOLULU TRADE

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 14.—A million dollar steamer for the run between San Francisco and Honolulu was announced as contracted for today by William Matson, head of the Matson Navigation company which now owns and operates six vessels between the two ports. The vessel will be built by the Union Iron Works here and is to be ready in 1917.

WILSON FAVORS GARRISON PLAN FOR BIG ARMY

Annual Expenditure of \$182,000,000,
Enlarging Force by 30,000 to 50,000 and Providing Reserve—Navy to Ask for Increase of Hundred Millions.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—President Wilson today approved Secretary Garrison's plan for increasing the army. It calls for an annual expenditure of \$182,000,000, an increase of approximately \$75,000,000. The plan in its approved form will be presented to congress with the full backing of the administration.

For Coast Defenses
Much of the increased appropriation would be devoted to coast defenses and a substantial increase in the field artillery. Details as to increases in the personnel of the army have not yet been made public.

If the navy, which will ask for an increase of \$100,000,000, carries through its plan making the total naval appropriation \$248,000,000, the appropriations for national defense, including the army's \$182,000,000, would total \$430,000,000. It is probable, however, that in final form the appropriations will not exceed \$400,000,000.

The president spent practically the entire morning going over Secretary Garrison's estimates and plans, which are understood to propose an increase of 30,000 to 50,000 men and in the army a large reserve to be created through inducing men to join the ranks by short term enlistments. The plan also includes encouragement of the national guard and increasing of the number of army officers by using the military academy at West Point to its full capacity.

Backed by President

After conferring with Assistant Secretary Breckinridge, the president laid the plan before Chairman Hay of the house military committee. Later he will consult Chairman Chamberlain of the senate military committee and other influential leaders of both senate and house.

The administration is confident that the democratic leaders in both houses will approve the plan, although it is not expected that the appropriations will be made without some opposition.

In the recommendation of both Secretaries Garrison and Daniels particular attention was paid to aircraft.

GREECE LOOSENING SWORD IN SCABBARD

ATHENS, Oct. 13, via Paris, Oct. 14.—In response to a request for a definition of the attitude of Greece, King Constantine today made the following statement to the Associated Press:

"Greece is merely loosening her sword in its scabbard. She menaces no one. But she cannot permit that events shall constitute a menace to the integrity of the nation or the freedom of the Greek people."

"It is my duty to preserve my country from the danger of destruction through becoming involved in the general European conflict. I hope to do this at all hazards—if it is possible."

SIGN CONTRACT FOR WAR LOAN FRIDAY

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The Anglo-French finance commissioners expect to sign the contract for the \$500,000,000 loan tomorrow.

After the contracts are signed there will remain some matters of minor importance to be concluded. For this reason the commissioners expect to be here until the latter part of next week, when it is thought they will go to Canada for a short stay before sailing from New York for Europe.

KING FERDINAND OF BULGARIA AN LEADERS OF HIS ARMY



King Ferdinand is shown in this picture with his cane. Others in the picture are the men who will lead the Bulgarian army in the European war.

ASPHYXIATING BOMBS HURLED BY GERMANS UPON FRENCH REAR

PARIS, Oct. 14.—There has been a particularly violent artillery engagement in the Artois district, northwest of Hill No. 140, in which both sides took part, according to the statement given out this afternoon by the French war office.

There has been also active trench fighting in the vicinity of Lihons.

In the Champagne district the Germans have been throwing asphyxiating bombs on the French rear lines.

A German attack to the west of Tahure has been repulsed by the French fire.

In the Lorraine district the cannonading between the antagonists has been almost continuous. The text of the communication follows: "In the Artois district the artillery fighting continued last night, both sides taking part. This fire was particularly violent to the northwest of Hill No. 140 between Souchez and Givenchy. The fighting from trench to trench with bombs and torpedoes has continued with great activity in the region of Lihons."

"In the Champagne district the enemy has directed a fire with asphyxiating bombs against our rear lines. To this our batteries everywhere made reply."

"A German attack in the forest to the west of Tahure has been checked by our fire."

"There has been a reciprocal and almost continuous cannonading in the Lorraine district in the vicinity of Reillon and Leintrey."

TURKEY PROVIDES BULGARIA TROOPS

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 14.—Semi-official announcement that a Turco-Bulgarian military agreement has been signed is made in the Loket Anzeiger. Under the terms of the agreement Turkey places two army corps and her munitions factories at the disposal of Bulgaria, while the latter country agrees to supply Turkey with coal and railway materials. It is agreed that Turkey shall have free use of Bulgarian harbors.

SWISS TO APPEAL IN BEHALF OF ARMENIANS

GENEVA, Oct. 14.—A committee of influential persons, including government officials and representative professional men, has been formed in Geneva with the object of appealing to neutral powers on behalf of the Armenian people. The committee also will collect funds to assist the Armenians.

SARRAIL TO LEAD FRENCH IN SERBIA

ATHENS, Oct. 14.—General Sarrail, commander-in-chief of the French forces in the Orient, who arrived in Saloniki yesterday, will take command of the expeditionary army.

BRITISH ATTACK ON BELGIAN FRONT REPORTED REPULSED

BERLIN, Oct. 14.—A general attack by the British along almost the whole of the front from Ypres to Loos, accompanied by bombardment of the Belgian coast, is reported in the official statement today of the war office. All attacks of the British are said by army headquarters to have failed.

The official announcement regarding operations on the western front follows:

"While enemy monitors were shelling the coast near Westende, Belgium and the artillery of the enemy was shelling our positions to the north of Ypres, without success, the British began an attack behind clouds of smoke and gas over almost the entire front between Ypres and Loos. This attack failed completely."

"At several places the smoke clouds floated into the trenches of the enemy. Only at some small points to the east and northeast of Vermelles were the British able to obtain footing in our first line trenches. They have since been driven out, for the most part, with hand grenades."

"Five attacks of the enemy made without use of smoke clouds, but with strong forces against the positions west of Hulluch, were repulsed, with severe loss to the attackers. South of Angres two machine guns were taken from the enemy in a counter attack. After the evacuation of the position known as Kleinen Neeter, which the French had retained on the heights east of Souchez, 400 prisoners remained in our hands."

MARTIAL LAW RULES SALONIKA

PARIS, Oct. 14.—Declaration of martial law at Saloniki on Tuesday is reported by the Athens correspondent of the Havas News agency. General Moschomowlos, who is in command of the Greek forces there, ordered his troops to salute the French and British officers. The commander of the allied troops will issue a similar order.

By royal decree Prince Nicholas, a brother of King Constantine, has been nominated military governor of the interior zone.

PERUVIAN MINISTER OF FINANCE FILES RESIGNATION

LIMA, Peru, Oct. 14.—The minister of finance, Aurelio Lastres, presented his resignation today. President Pardo declined, however, to accept it.

RUSSIA TO SEND TROOPS TO BALKANS TO ASSIST SERBS

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Sir Edward Grey, the secretary for foreign affairs, announced in the house of commons today that co-operation of Russian troops in the Balkans had been promised, as soon as troops were available.