

BULGARIA GIVES FINAL WAR WORD THIS AFTERNOON

Traitor Balkan State, Owing to Delay, Given Additional Time to Answer Ultimatum of Czar—Armed Forces on Three Frontiers Await Order to Strike.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—A dispatch from Amsterdam to Reuter's Telegram company says: "The People's Gazette of Cologne understands that the Bulgarian government probably will make no reply to the Russian ultimatum. The recall from Sofia of all entente ministers, the newspaper says, is expected today, and it adds that a declaration of war by Russia is considered possible."

PARIS, Oct. 5.—Telegraphing from Nish, Serbia, under yesterday's date, the correspondent of the Havas News agency says: "The quadruple entente will send a collective ultimatum to the Bulgarian government today (Monday)."

LONDON, Oct. 5, 1:05 p. m.—Whether by delay in telegraphic communications or by some other unexplained cause, Bulgaria obtained an additional 24 hours in which to decide her course, the time limit of the Russian ultimatum demanding that King Ferdinand break with the central powers did not expire yesterday afternoon, as had been reported, and the Bulgarian government had the opportunity of delaying its decision until mid-afternoon today.

The Petrograd dispatch making this explanation reached London this forenoon, too late for comment in the first editions of the newspapers. All followed the lead of the morning papers that by her silence Bulgaria had definitely committed herself to a Turco-Teutonic alliance. But with the troops of the allies ready, with Russian squadrons in the Black sea prepared to attack Bulgarian ports, and with Bulgarian forces along both the Serbian and Greek frontiers, there was believed to be little chance of any development which would prevent Bulgaria from allying herself against the allies.

Special dispatches from Athens assert that Greek sailing ships already have been pursued by Bulgarian revenue cutters, the Greeks being fired upon, but escaping.

Official messages reaching London from Athens say the Bulgarian authorities, immediately after the conclusion of the recent convention with Turkey, seized all Greeks and other Christians who fled from the ranks of the Turkish army to take refuge in Bulgaria and delivered them to Turkish authorities. At the same time, according to these advices, large quantities of food and other supplies have been sent to Turkey from Bulgaria.

No official report has been issued concerning the landing of allied troops at Saloniki. According to Athens, three-fifths of the Bulgarian forces are to go to the Serbian frontier and the remainder will hold the Greek line.

PARIS, Oct. 5, 5 a. m.—Russia's ultimatum to Bulgaria is welcomed in Paris as a means of clearing the Balkan situation. Little doubt is felt here that France will take similar action and that if the Russian minister

ADALIA SHELLED BY A TORPEDO FLEET

BERLIN, Oct. 5 (by wireless to Sayville).—Reports received from Adalia say that two torpedo-boats, one of which was French, have shelled that city," says the Overseas News agency. "The municipal hospital, which fled the Red Cross flag, was destroyed and one of the inmates killed."

Adalia is a seaport of Asia Minor, on the Gulf of Adalia, with a population of about 30,000, probably three-fourths of whom are Mohammedans and the remainder Greeks.

TEUTONS REPEL BRITISH; GREAT OFFENSE EBBS

English Fall at Loos—German Official Statement Says Allies' Drive of Last Week Do-or-Die Effort That Failed—Hope to Influence Neutrals by Victory.

BERLIN, Oct. 5, via London, 4 p. m.—The British attack on the German fortifications north of Loos has been again repulsed. The war office announced today that the efforts of the British were fruitless and that they sustained considerable losses.

"A British hand grenade attack on the fortifications north of Loos was again repulsed. During the fortress attacks on the fortifications the British fell more than eighty prisoners, as well as two mine-throwers, in our hands, in addition to their very considerable losses in killed or injured."

"A section of a trench which had been occupied by the French on the hill northwest of Givenchy was recaptured yesterday. Four machine guns were taken.

"Aviators of the enemy dropped bombs on the village of Biache, St. Vaast, northeast of Arras. One inhabitant was killed. Otherwise no damage was done.

Artillery Fire in West Artillery firing along a wide front has succeeded the exhausting infantry operations of the past week or more on the front in France, the French war office statement today shows. No exchanges of territory are reported.

A dispatch from Berlin declares that the German steamer Svoniga, reported sunk in the Baltic sea yesterday by a British submarine, was attacked with shell fire without warning.

A German official statement on the general offensive movement of the entente allies on the western front declares in effect that it is shown to have been a do-or-die effort to end the war, which failed.

The Berlin war office asserts that both British and French army orders prove that the movement was started with the intention of driving the Germans from French soil, thus influencing hither neutral nations to join the entente powers.

EXAMINE JURORS IN MATT SCHMIDT CASE

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 5.—Further examination of jurors in the trial of Matthew A. Schmidt, charged with murder in connection with the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building October 1, 1910, marked the second day.

Former Judge Charles H. Farrell, chief counsel for the defense, engaged in several heated passages with the court and was reprimanded continually. He was ordered to take his seat after he defiantly told Judge Willis he would make objection to the court's rulings whenever he pleased.

QUASH INDICTMENTS COLORADO COAL CASES

WALSLENBURG, Colo., Oct. 5.—Arguments on a motion to quash indictments against seventy-five men, growing out of the disorders of the coal miners' strike of 1913-14 began in the district court today. The cases were called by Judge J. H. Denison of Denver, sitting for Judge Granby Hillyer, who recently was prohibited by the supreme court from presiding in future strike cases.

RUMANIA HOLDS BULGARIA ACTS AS UNFRIENDLY

Nation Safe From All Surprise Attacks—Russia's Ultimatum After Defeats in East Surprise to Germany—Servia Enthusiastic Over War in Balkans.

PARIS, Oct. 5, 4:45 a. m.—"Premier Bratiano of Rumania already has twice informed Bulgaria that the latter's mobilization is regarded by the Bucharest government as an unfriendly act," says the Matin.

The newspaper adds: "Rumania, from a military point of view, is ready for any eventuality, thanks to the blunder on the part of Austro-Hungary, who, a month ago, closed the frontier, which gave Rumania the required pretext for concentrating troops. Rumania thus is safe from all surprise attacks."

BERLIN, Oct. 5 (by wireless to Sayville).—"The Russian ultimatum to Bulgaria was received here with astonishment," says the Overseas News agency. "The political world was amazed that Russia, after her recent defeats on the battlefield, should find the courage to make an aggressive movement of this nature. It means simply the violation of the sovereign rights of an independent state."

LONDON, Oct. 5, 1:45 p. m.—"It is Russia which has precipitated the trouble in the Balkans by insisting that a handful of German officers in civilian dress be expelled from Bulgaria," was the Bulgarian legation comment on the situation to the Associated Press today.

NISH, Serbia, Oct. 5, via London, 1:33 p. m.—Close observers of the Balkan situation are of the opinion that if Bulgaria does not at once dismiss the German officers who have been brought into the country to take part in Bulgaria's threatened military operations, an extension of the war in the Balkans is inevitable.

The Serbian army is declared to be better prepared than ever to go into action. The entire Serbian people is indulging in enthusiastic manifestations of its purpose to defend the rights and integrity of the country.

NEGRO STEALS SWITCH ENGINE, THEN ESCAPES

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Oct. 5.—A soldier believed to have been a member of the tenth (negro) cavalry, stole a switch engine from the Bisbee, El Paso & Southwestern railroad today and started toward Douglas. Seven miles south of Bisbee the soldier deserted the engine after exchanging shots with a posse and escaped in the mountains. The engine was in bad condition, due to inexperienced handling. Officers are still on his trail.

ARTOIS BOMBARDMENT IS 'FAIRLY VIOLENT'

PARIS, Oct. 5.—There was a fairly violent bombardment in the Artois region yesterday, both sides taking part, according to the announcement given out by the French war office this afternoon.

FEDERAL RELIEF FOR GULF STORM VICTIMS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—In response to a message from Governor Hall of Louisiana asking for assistance in taking care of the homeless, Acting Secretary Newton of the treasury today authorized public health service officials to lend tents and other equipment to gulf coast hurricane sufferers. Governor Hall wired that five or six thousand people were homeless and destitute.

GOT THE KAISER'S PICTURE IN YOUR POCKET? SURE! IF THERE'S AN INDIAN HEAD NICKLE IN YOUR CHANGE



The Real Kaiser. On the Nickel. The chances are you have a profile picture of the Kaiser in your pocket at this very minute—AND DON'T KNOW IT. No "kidding," honest! Look in your pocket and see if you have an Indian head nickel among your change. If you have, hold a card over the back of the head, allowing only the forehead, eyes, nose and chin to be seen. Then draw a little up-lifting mustache and— YOU WILL SEE THE GERMAN EMPEROR IN ALL HIS GREATNESS. A newsboy discovered it first—now everybody is "digging" for Indian head nickels.

NAME MINISTER AND 10 OTHERS IN LAND FRAUD

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 5.—Indictments in the alleged Oregon land fraud cases were taken off the secret file today and the names of seven men not yet arrested were made public. Eleven others, including one minister, have been arrested. One pleaded guilty.

The seven men named were: S. D. Aubry, Benjamin F. Fairchild, A. T. McMenamin, Charles Heaton and three men now serving terms in federal prison on McNeil's island; Fred Brantner, John W. Logan and John Cogburn.

The indictments charged eighteen men with fraudulently inducing persons to file claims on timber land along the Southern Pacific railroad in Oregon which was not open to entry. About 25,000 claims were filed, it was stated by the Southern Pacific, and more than \$3,000,000 collected.

Some of the men indicted, it was alleged, represented themselves as agents of the Southern Pacific and others as government timber cruisers. It was alleged they represented the government was co-operating with the Southern Pacific in the sale of the land, which was then and still is in litigation.

GERMANS SQUEAL AT DOSE OF OWN MEDICINE

BERLIN, Oct. 5 (via wireless to Sayville).—The German steamer Svoniga was shelled in the Baltic sea by a British submarine without previous warning," the Overseas News agency declared today.

"The submarine," adds the news agency, "first flew the German flag and then the British."

ZAPATA REPELLED IN MEXICO CITY ATTACK

LAREDO, Tex., Oct. 5.—Zapatistas conducted an attack on Mexico City the morning of October 2, according to delayed advices reaching here today, and were repulsed with a loss of 700 dead, including one general. The Carranza losses were admitted to be two officers and eight-hundred soldiers.

LANSING SILENT ON KAISER'S BOW TO U. S. DEMANDS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Secretary Lansing said he would make no comment on Ambassador Von Bernstorff's letter, as he considered the text spoke itself. Inasmuch as the ambassador is acting with the fullest powers conferred upon him by the Berlin foreign office, his representations are considered as final, the crisis is considered passed and nothing remains to the Arabic cases except the fixing of indemnity, which will not be done by arbitration, as Germany first proposed, but by diplomatic negotiations between the two governments. These negotiations probably will begin orally.

In the absence of official comment the ambassador's letter was generally regarded as signaling a completely successful outcome for the principles for which President Wilson has contended in the submarine warfare controversy, which at least twice brought Germany and the United States to the brink of a break in diplomatic relations. Inasmuch as the Washington government has contended that the Arabic case must first be settled before it could consider the question of indemnity growing out of the sinking of the steamship Lusitania, for which Germany has offered to pay, it is believed that feature of the controversy next will be taken up.

BRITISH INTERFERENCE U. S. TRADE NEXT

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—With the submarine issue with Germany considered virtually settled, the way now is cleared for pressing the American complaint against Great Britain on account of interferences with neutral commerce. Sending of a note long in preparation has been withheld because the president wished to avoid coupling controversies between the United States and opposing belligerents.

Disguised as Sailor SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 5.—Captain Fred Jebson, San Francisco ship owner and broker, who is said to have reached Germany disguised as a Norwegian sailor before the mast, is one of the officers of the German submarine 29, according to word received by friends here yesterday.

CHICAGO 'DRY' SUNDAY ORDER 'BOLT IN BLUE'

Mayer Thompson Suddenly Puts in Effect State Law Ignored for 44 Years and Leaves for San Francisco—Liquor Interests to Adopt Retaliatory Measures.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—Mayor Thompson's order to close Chicago saloons on Sundays in accordance with the provisions of a state law which has been evaded or ignored locally for two-score years, was the general topic of conversation here today.

The mayor gave no warning, except to his intimates of his intention. He dropped the bomb at the council meeting last night, rushed into a taxicab and soon was on his way at the head of an aldermanic delegation headed for the exposition at San Francisco.

"Why did he do it?" was the question most commonly asked. The mayor himself said that it was Corporation Counsel Folsom that had instructed him plainly that it was the law. Others professed to see politics in it. Liquor men generally said that they had been "double-crossed."

The drys were jubilant and the wets were busy planning meetings to take action. There was much talk that the liquor interests would insist that the law be enforced to the letter against other enterprises—drug stores, milk deliveries, baseball and the like.

It was so sudden that the liquor dealers were unable to announce any definite plan today.

Chief of Police Healey said that it would require every man on the force to see that the law, which closes all bars, including those in hotels and clubs, at midnight Saturday until the following midnight is obeyed.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—Chicago for the first time in 44 years will be dry next Sunday. The order that 7162 saloons, cafes and gardens shall obey the Illinois Sunday closing law will go into effect at 12 o'clock Saturday night, it was announced today. The drastic closing order read to the city council by Mayor Thompson last night came as a sensation to the liquor interests.

GREECE FOES OF WAR HELD AS KAISER'S TOOLS

ATHENS, Oct. 4.—Plain speaking characterized the meeting of the chamber of deputies. Premier Venizelos accused the opposition press of selling "its honor to German propagandists." Representatives of the opposition journals who were in the press gallery directly in front of the premier, arose and attempted to file out in protest. They were prevented from leaving by a crowd which massed behind press boxes and were compelled to stand there, the target of hisses and catcalls from the crowded galleries and the floor of the chamber.

Premier Venizelos won a triumph, notwithstanding the most determined attacks of the opposition, which protested against occupation of Greek territory by foreign troops.

BULGARS STRONG FOR REVENGE FOR INSULTS

BERLIN, Oct. 5, via London, 6:30 p. m.—A dispatch from Sofia, dated October 4, to the Zeitung Am Mittag says: "Premier Radostavoff of Bulgaria today made the following declaration to representatives of the government parties: "We confront war and must defend our national interests. We must wrest from our enemies everything they took from us two years ago and get satisfaction for every insult."

ARABIC CASE TO BE SETTLED AS AMERICA WILLS

Germany Will Change Last Note to Meet Views of Washington—Admission of Error of Subsea Pilot Not Full Reparation—Must Concede Liability.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Secretary Lansing announced today that Germany had disavowed the sinking of the Arabic and was prepared to pay an indemnity for the American lives lost.

Secretary Lansing gave out the text of a letter received today from Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, which was as follows: "My Dear Mr. Secretary:

"Prompted by the desire to reach a satisfactory agreement with regard to the Arabic incident, my government has given me the following instructions: "The orders issued by his majesty, the emperor, to the commanders of the German submarines, of which I notified you on a previous occasion, has been made so stringent that the recurrence of incidents similar to the Arabic case is considered out of the question.

"According to the report of Commander Schneider of the submarine which sank the Arabic, and his affidavit as well as those of his men, Commander Schneider was convinced that the Arabic intended to ram the submarine.

Admit Alibi Fizeles "On the other hand, the imperial government does not doubt the good faith of the affidavit of the British officers of the Arabic, according to which the Arabic did not intend to ram the submarine. The attack of the submarine was undertaken against the instructions issued to the commander. The imperial government regrets and disavows this act and has notified Commander Schneider accordingly.

"Under these circumstances, my government is prepared to pay an indemnity for American lives, which to its deep regret, have been lost on the Arabic. I am authorized to negotiate with you about the amount of the indemnity. "I remain, my dear Mr. Lansing, yours very sincerely, "J. VON BERNSTORFF."

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Satisfactory settlement of the issues between Germany and the United States growing out of the sinking of the steamship Arabic was forecast in official quarters after a conference between President Wilson and Secretary Lansing.

Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador in a brief conversation earlier in the day, gave Secretary Lansing oral assurances that his communication submitted last Saturday would be changed to conform to the wishes of the United States and that an hour later a messenger from the German embassy brought the document to the state department.

In all quarters it was indicated that the wishes of the United States had been met to the extent that an arrangement has been made for the settlement of points in dispute.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, gave Secretary Lansing today oral assurances with respect to the case of the Arabic that a point to a satisfactory settlement, according to official information obtained after their conference.

MINNEAPOLIS WET BY 9,400 VOTES

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 5.—Practically complete returns from yesterday's county option election in Hennepin county, which includes Minneapolis, shows that prohibition was defeated by a majority of about 9400 votes. With only one precinct missing the count was: Against county option 39,337; for county option 29,934, making a total vote of 69,271.