

GERMAN CASUALTIES IN ALLIES' OFFENSIVE EXCEED 120,000 KILLED, WOUNDED AND PRISONERS

HEAVY LOSSES OF GERMANS IN ALLIES ATTACK

French Official Report States That Enemy's Loss Exceeds Three Army Corps—Advance Still Continues, Germans Being Forced to Abandon Extended Front.

PARIS, Sept. 29.—German casualties in the recent offensive of the French and British, including killed, wounded and prisoners, were given officially by the French war office today as in excess of the strength of three army corps (more than 120,000 men).

There is no interruption of the fighting in Champagne.

Progress of the French in the Artois region, northwestern France, continues.

North of Massiges the war office says 1000 Germans surrendered.

The text of the communication follows:

Tremendous Losses

"The reports which are coming to hand make it possible to record each day more fully the importance of the success obtained by our recent offensive movement in the Champagne district, combined with that of the allied troops in the Artois district.

"The Germans have not only been compelled to abandon along an extended front certain positions strongly entrenched in the defense of which they had been ordered to resist to the very end, but they have suffered losses, the total of which in killed, wounded and prisoners amounts to more than the effective strength of three army corps (120,000 men). The total number of prisoners is at the present time in excess of 23,000 men; the number of cannon brought to our rear is 79. Seventeen thousand and fifty-five private soldiers and 316 officers taken prisoner by us already have gone through the town of Chalons on their way to the points where they are to be interned.

Hill No. 140 Taken

"Organized efforts are at present under way to clear up the field of battle and to take definite count of the arms of all kinds and of the war material which the enemy has been compelled to abandon to us.

"In the Artois district the progress reported yesterday to the east of Souchez continued, and in the course of last night, after a stubborn engagement, we reached hill No. 140, the culminating point of the crests of Vimy and the orchards to the south of this point. The number of unwounded prisoners made by us in the course of this fighting is more than 300.

"In the Champagne district the fighting is going on without respite along the entire front. In the region to the north of Massiges further groups of Germans have surrendered. In this sector alone the total of prisoners last evening reached 1000. The enemy has bombarded violently our trenches to the north and to the south of the Aisne, in the regions of St. Maré forest, of Troyon and of Vailly. We responded to this fire with energy."

GERMAN GENERALS LOSE THEIR JOBS LONDON, Sept. 29.—German newspapers today announced that two generals, unnamed, have been dismissed from German commands in the western war zone in connection with the recent setback at the hands of the French and British, according to a dispatch from Amsterdam to the Exchange Telegraph company.

It is probable, the dispatch adds, that a new German commander-in-chief of the western army soon will be appointed. In this connection the name of Field Marshal Von Hindenburg is mentioned.

Yaquina Harbor port district will defray half expenses of proposed improvements.

GERMANS BEGIN RUSH ON SERBIA WITH 300,000

British and French Land Forces to Aid Servians Near Saloniki, Greece—Bulgaria to Enter War by October 15—Plans for Campaign Being Made for Attack Within Fortnight.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—"Three hundred thousand Austrian and German troops have begun an advance on the Serbian frontier in the direction of Orsova," says the Athens correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company.

Allies Land Troops

BERLIN, Sept. 29 (by wireless to Sayville).—British and French troops intended for service in Serbia have been landed at Port Kathrin, near Saloniki, Greece, according to reports from Budapest received by the Frankfurter Zeitung, the Overseas News agency announces today.

Bulgaria in Fight

PARIS, Sept. 29.—"Bulgaria and the central powers have concluded a precise agreement, according to authoritative information," says the correspondent at Saloniki, Greece, of the Temps. "Under this agreement, Bulgaria will enter the war on October 15."

Attack in Fifteen Days

PARIS, Sept. 29.—The Athens correspondent of the Havas News agency says it is expected now that Bulgaria will begin an attack on Serbia within fifteen days.

Plans for the campaign are now being drawn up by the Bulgarian general staff, the correspondent says, with the assistance of numerous German officers who have arrived in Sofia.

Bulgarian officers say no attack will be made on Greece.

Cabinet Crisis

PARIS, Sept. 29.—A Havas dispatch from Athens says: "The Bulgarian ministers of finance and commerce have resigned, according to a report received from a reliable source in Sofia. The real cause is said to be the complete disagreement of these cabinet members with Premier Radostavoff on the policy to be followed in view of the determined attitude of Greece."

King Ferdinand granted an audience to former Premier Malinoff, leader of the party, favorable to Russia, and asked him, it is understood, to form a new cabinet.

MRS. MOHR INDICTED FOR HUSBAND'S MURDER

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 29.—Mrs. Elizabeth F. Mohr was indicted by the grand jury here today as an accessory before the fact in connection with the killing of her husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, on August 31 last, and three negroes, Cecil Victor Brown, Henry Spellman and George W. Healis, were indicted on the charge of murder. Another indictment charged the negroes with assault with intent to kill Miss Emily G. Burger, and Mrs. Mohr as an accessory before the fact. Each of the defendants pleaded not guilty.

STATE PAID HIS BILLS FOR ENTERTAINMENT

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 29.—Testimony that the state had paid his bills for living and entertainment, even engaging a woman who visited his room, was given today by Charles W. Clark in the trial of Mayor Joseph E. Bell, charged with election conspiracy. Clark was a state witness under cross-examination. On direct examination he had testified that when he went to vote he found his name already voted.

QUEEN OF BELGIUM ON THE BATTLEFIELD



The "Queen Without a Country" is here shown talking to a British officer during a visit she made to that tiny strip of Belgium territory that still remains in the allies' hands.

GREEKS RELEASE SURVIVORS FROM BRITISH TRANSPORT

ATHENS, via London, Sept. 29.—The Greek government has released the Sikhs and Gourkas, who were survivors of the British transport Ramazan, which was sunk by a submarine. They were sent immediately to Malta on the Messageries Maritimes steamer Siboni. Many of them had no opportunity even to obtain clothing.

There has been no previous announcement of the sinking of the Ramazan, a steamer of 3477 tons, although a wireless dispatch from Berlin on September 21 stated that the Frankfurter Zeitung reported that a large British transport from Egypt for the Dardanelles had been sunk by a German submarine. This vessel could hardly have been the Ramazan, however, for the Frankfort paper said the vessel in question was a 15,000-ton steamer which has been sunk in the Mediterranean off the island of Crete.

ARDMORE, Okla., Sept. 29.—Four separate investigations were under way here today in an attempt to fix the blame for Monday's gasoline tank explosion which cost the lives of 47 persons and a property loss of more than one million dollars.

GERMANS CLAIM ALLIES' ATTACKS PARTLY REPULSED

BERLIN, Sept. 29.—Recapture from the British of part of the territory won from the Germans north of Loos was announced today by the war office.

French attacks near Souchez and Neuville are said to have been "partly repulsed."

In the Champagne district French attempts to break through the German lines are said to have been unsuccessful. The text of the statement follows: "Western theater: The enemy's attempts to break through our lines continued with bitterness in the present region of attacks. A counter-attack, followed another fruitless British attack, led to the recapturing of part of the territory we abandoned north of Loos."

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Sir Charles Cheers Wakefield was elected lord mayor of London by the council today.

Sir Charles will succeed Sir Charles Johnston, whose term expires in November. The mayor elect is an alderman of the city of London and has been decorated with the Order of the Legion of Honor.

SUE LOOTERS OF ROCK ISLAND FOR \$7,500,000 TAKEN

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Jacob M. Dickinson, receiver of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad company, today brought suit in the supreme court here to recover \$7,500,000 from the directors of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad company.

The \$7,500,000 is alleged to have been unlawfully diverted from the funds of the railway company to the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad company in connection with loan transactions involving stock of the Frisco lines.

The defendants named are Daniel G. Reid, William H. Moore, Richard A. Jackson, Francis L. Hine, William T. Graham, Ogedon Mills, Edward S. Moore, Henry U. Mudge and the executors of the estate of George G. McMurry, deceased.

Receiver Dickinson asked the court that the defendants be required to account for the money expended by the railway company in connection with the loan and that "the defendants and each of them be required to pay to the plaintiff the sum of \$7,500,000 with interest thereon from the first day of December, 1909."

NO LET-UP IN NEW OFFENSIVE OF ALLIED ARMY

Field Marshal French States Allies Will Push Advantage Secured to Really Decisive Issue—British Battering Third Line of German Defense—German Attacks Futile.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The British are battering the third line of the Germans in the vicinity of Loos. The French are maintaining their offensive in Champagne. The Germans in the Argonne apparently have been unable to make important gains and have refrained from infantry attacks. This sums up briefly the situation in the west as seen in London today.

No great change in conditions is shown, but England attaches high importance to indications that the offensive movement of the allies is not to be relaxed, as was predicted in some quarters. A short breathing spell has been succeeded by the hardest pressure on German positions at the points weakened or shattered by the artillery rush.

To Maintain Pressure

That it is the intention to maintain this pressure is indicated by a telegram from Field Marshal French to the lord mayor of London, thanking him for his message of good will. The British commander added that the message encouraged his troops "to push the immediate success to a really decisive issue." This leads the public to believe there is to be no stalemate, such as followed the battle of Neuve Chapelle, but that with new British forces in the field and ample supplies of ammunition, General Joffre and Field Marshal French plan a real test whether German resistance in France and Belgium can be broken.

Russia Not Doing Well

Russia, though encouraged by the progress of her allies in the west, has not been doing so well in the last day or so. The Austrians have stemmed the Russian advance in southern Poland and retaken Lintsk. The Germans are renewing the great movement against Dvinsk.

Bulgaria has not replied to Foreign Secretary Grey's "friendly ultimatum," but special dispatches from Athens and other points say a change is noted at Sofia, and that events are now less likely to take a turn unfavorable to the entente powers.

DUTCH TO PROTEST AIRSHIP PASSAGE

THE HAGUE, via London, Sept. 29.—The Dutch government has made a serious protest to Germany concerning the passage of German airships over Dutch territory. Holland declares it expects Germany to take adequate measures to avoid violation of Dutch territory in the future.

METHODISTS OF CITY MUTINY BISHOP'S ORDER

Medford Congregation Up in Arms Over Transfer of Rev. J. K. Hawkins to Oregon City to Make Place for Bishop's Supporter—Appeal to Prelate to Rescind Transfer.

An indignation meeting was held in the First Methodist Episcopal church at Medford Tuesday night to protest against the action of Bishop R. J. Cooke at the Oregon annual conference in removing Rev. J. K. Hawkins from Medford to Oregon City. The meeting was called by the official board and was largely attended. By unanimous action a committee of five was appointed to visit the district superintendent, Rev. H. J. Van Fossen, at Ashland this morning, urging him to intercede with the bishop in an effort to retain their pastor of last year.

The feeling is general, both in the church and out of it, that rank injustice has been done to the pastor. They contend that inasmuch as Mr. Hawkins has been on the charge only one year, and that his work has been in every way satisfactory, having united a divided church and cleaned the slate of the indebtedness of a year ago, and having had seventy-one accessions to the membership during the year, he is entitled to different treatment.

Methodists Agrieved

Church members are further grieved to think that their pastor, after such a good record and being in such favor, should seemingly be made the goat to aid in making an opening for a close friend of the bishop's as a reward for loyalty to him in his administration of Portland First church affairs. Mr. Hawkins has been sixteen years at work in the Oregon conference and has been advanced in every charge to which he has been moved. Rev. H. J. Van Fossen has consented to use his influence to the extent of his ability to obtain the results desired by the delegation. A telegram of protest was sent to the bishop by this committee today.

Back of the changes made lurks the church fight in Portland over the forced consolidation of congregations ordered by Bishop Cooke, which has created widespread antagonism toward the prelate. Rev. T. B. Ford of Oregon City, whose place is to be filled by the Rev. Hawkins, has been a warm supporter of Bishop Cooke and is rewarded by being made superintendent of the Salem district. Dr. Ford was president of the Portland Methodist Ministers' association last year and stood by the bishop in the factional fight raging in the metropolis.

To fill Dr. Ford's pastorate at Oregon City, the Rev. Hawkins is transferred from a \$1400 a year pulpit to (Continued on page three)

REPORT REVOLT ISLE OF CEYLON

BERLIN, Sept. 29 (by wireless to Tuckerton, N. J.).—"Private reports from the British island of Ceylon," says the Overseas News agency, "are to the effect that the entire island has been in a state of rebellion since June 1 and that all the tea plantations on the island have been destroyed, more than 2000 persons having been shot during the rioting.

"At Colombo the struggle was a terrific one, street fighting taking place and shops being ransacked, the reports declare. The damage done amounted to more than 10,000,000 marks (\$2,500,000). Sixty persons were shot there and 1800 arrests were made.

"The monsoon was the worst the island had experienced in 100 years and superstitious Mohammedans regarded its severity as a punishment by Allah. A comet also has been seen."

CARRANZA JURY CONSIDERING ITS VERDICT!



Secretary Lansing (the arrow points him out) and the A. B. C.-B. U., conferees who hold the fate of Carranza in their hands, it is expected their verdict will be: "Provisional president." They are, reading from left to right around the table, Ignacio Calderon, Bolivia; Carlos M. De Pena, Uruguay; Joaquin Mendez, Guatemala; E. C. Sweet, secretary; R. S. Noon, Argentina; Dominico Da Gama, Brazil; Secretary Lansing; E. S. Mujica, Chile.