

NEW ENVELOPING MOVE DANGEROUS TO RUSSIAN FORCES

Czar's Forces Not Only Menaced Back of Warsaw Salient But By Larger and More Formidable Movement Aiming at Dvinsk at North and Brest Litovsk.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Holding the bridgeheads at Warsaw over the Vistula river, the most formidable obstacle in eastern Europe, Germany and Austria-Hungary, having conquered the river line and with it invaded Russian territory for an average depth of 100 miles along a front from the Baltic to Bukovina, are now throwing their forces forward in an endeavor to accomplish what Russia's allies have so feared—the complete envelopment of the Russian armies.

The British press, basing on its opinions on Petrograd despatches and the lack of reports to the contrary from either Berlin or Vienna, is inclined to the view that the forces of Grand Duke Nicholas retired from Warsaw virtually intact; but there is an increasing disposition not to minimize the seriousness of the situation as it still exists, and the anxiety of the quadruple powers seems to be manifested in renewed pressure to bring the Balkan states in line on the side of the entente powers.

Garrison at Bay

Though still holding Novogeorgievsk, the whole Russian garrison remains at bay. Thus the Russian armies not only are menaced back of the Warsaw salient from which it is assumed they were not entirely clear before heavy German forces broke across the Vistula to the southeast of Warsaw, but a larger and more formidable enveloping movement has taken definite form, being in effect a greater pair of pliers aiming at Dvinsk, in the north, and at Brest-Litovsk, in the south and superimposed on a smaller pair which sought and still seeks to crush the Russian forces in and around Warsaw.

The German official report states: Fort of Dembe Taken

"The total results of the fighting from August 4 to August 6 amount to 85 officers and more than 14,200 men being taken prisoners. Six cannon, eight bomb throwers and 69 machine guns also were captured.

"The troops investing Novogeorgievsk have penetrated as far as the Narv river.

"The fort of Dembe was taken from the south. The Vistula, as far as Bienkow has been reached.

"In Warsaw the position is unchanged. The Russians continue to bombard the town from the eastern bank of the Vistula.

"Near and north of Ivangorod the position remains unchanged.

"Between the Bug and Vistula the German troops stormed the enemy positions near Ruskowola, southeast of Lubartow and northeast of Lentschna, and forced the enemy to evacuate his positions there."

DE RESTA WINS IN NEW RECORD

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Resta captured the 100 mile speedway race here today and established a new world's record, it is believed. He drove a French car. Cooper in an American car was second and Bob Burman third.

PLAN SANITARIUM FOR ALASKA NATIVES

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—President Wilson by executive order has reserved for Alaskan natives and the United States bureau of education a tract of more than 17 acres on the Chilkot river near Haines, Alaska. The bureau of education proposes to erect a sanitarium where Alaskan natives suffering from tuberculosis can be segregated.

CARRANZA TO MEET ENEMIES IN CONFERENCE

Brief Filed at Washington States That Carranza's Washington Agent Will Meet Any of the Other Factions in Peace Conference—Announcement Surprise to Diplomats.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—On behalf of General Carranza a formal brief on the Mexican situation was filed with Secretary Lansing today, practically asking for political recognition and proposing that Carranza's Washington agents meet any of the other factions in a peace conference.

The brief submitted by Charles A. Douglas, General Carranza's American counsel, sets forth the formal suggestion of a peace conference in the following language:

Suggests Conference

"We have in Washington Mr. Arredondo, in the capacity of a special representative of the Constitutional government and at this time Mr. Cabrera, a member of Mr. Carranza's cabinet, is here. They are men of fine ability and excellent character and are anxious to serve their country in the highest and best sense. Either or both of them, I am assured, will be glad to confer with any element of the exiled people, with a view to furthering the common interest, the peace and the welfare of the nation."

No other statement was given out for publication.

Claims for Recognition

Mr. Douglas includes in his brief the substance of a recent conversation with General Carranza on the subject of compromise or the selection of a neutral man as provisional president, pending the resumption of constitutional order. He quotes General Carranza at length in elaboration of the contention that the purposes of the revolution must be accomplished as were measures promulgated by military decree and that the revolution would be defeated by the immediate restoration of the constitution.

Figures and arguments are presented outlining the aims of revolution on agrarian reform, popular education, municipal self-government and the workings of the law. Other statistics were presented to show the extent of General Carranza's control of more than half the territory and nine-tenths of the people and the progress of pacification in the wake of Carranza armies.

Surprise to Diplomats

After an outline of General Carranza's qualifications, the brief says he admits Mexico can scarcely prosper without the co-operation of the United States and says that if recognized, the United States will find in him "an active, loyal friend."

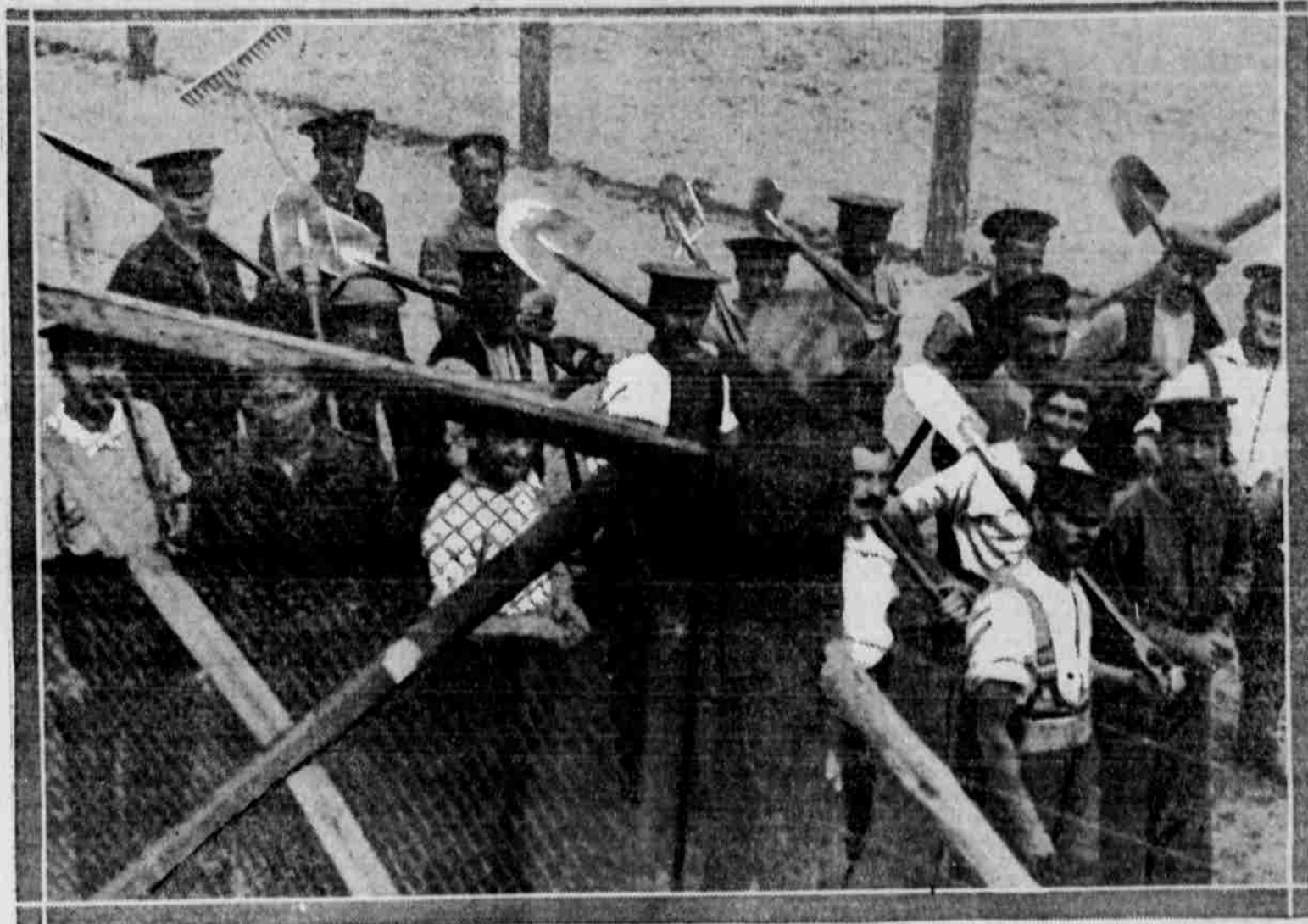
The proposal of a conference came as a surprise not only to the representatives of the other Mexican factions, but to American officials who have been led to believe that General Carranza was irrevocably opposed to any further parleys with his adversaries. The reluctance of General Carranza to come to any peace negotiations was one of the first obstacles which confronted the Pan-American diplomats when they began their conference with Secretary Lansing.

HAITI REQUESTS FREEDOM PLEDGE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Solon Menos, Haitian minister, called today at the state department and urged the necessity of giving some definite assurance to the Haitian people that their sovereignty would not be impaired permanently by the American occupation.

In addition to Dr. Boho it was learned that M. Cayin, a former government official and lawyer and possibly President Dartigueau of the senate will be presidential aspirants when parliament meets tomorrow to elect an executive.

MAKING THE ENGLISHERS WORK IN GERMANY!



Photographs by Durborough taken at a prison camp in Germany. The picture shows English prisoners on their way, under guard, to work on the roads.

HAIL GERMANS AS LIBERATORS AT POLISH CAPITAL

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—The German troops were welcomed to undamaged Warsaw as liberators, according to the report forwarded to Berlin by Kurt Aram, a special correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger. Telegraphing under date of August 5 Aram places emphasis on the statement that the city was not evacuated without a conflict. The forts were protected by barbed wire, trenches, pit falls and mines against infantry attacks. The city is not mentioned as having been damaged.

The inhabitants of the Polish capital, the correspondent says, filled the streets and welcomed the marching troops with every sign of real enthusiasm and rejoicing. The streets were richly decorated.

The Warsaw correspondent of the Berliner Tageblatt confirms the report that the German troops met with a joyous reception. The streets, he says were filled with Poles, Jews, Germans and Russians, who waved their hats joyfully to the German soldiers. Many of the inhabitants were even standing in the vicinity of the castle, although an infantry bombardment with the Russians was proceeding to the east of the building.

SWEDEN LIKELY TO JOIN IN WAR AGAINST ALLIES

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The London Morning Post declares the attitude of Sweden toward Russia, and the latter's allies for some time past has revealed elements of a disquieting character.

"Emboldened by recent German successes," the newspaper says, "the latent hostility of Sweden, which has never forgotten the loss of Finland, has become strongly developed. Considerable preparation for warlike contingencies have been made in North Sweden and the Swedish army is fully mobilized. If Sweden persists in her unfriendly attitude towards Russia, she may rapidly drift into a war which would inevitably be a great obstacle to her future progress."

The Times in a long analysis of the Swedish situation says the war party has lost its importance and the people generally accept neutrality as the wisest course.

THREE MEXICAN OUTLAWS KILLED BY AMERICANS

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Aug. 7.—Three Mexican outlaws were killed by a posse last night at a farm house about 30 miles north of here. One member of the posse was slightly wounded. The fight was of short duration.

The posses heard that the gang of bandits which raided Sebastian yesterday and killed two Americans had separated, most of them going to their homes on the American side of the border. The officials were after one Mexican who had been recognized among the raiders of Sebastian yesterday and did not know any confederates who were with him.

The posse was led by State Adjutant General Henry Hutchins, Sheriff W. T. Vann of Cameron county, and Ranger Captain Henry Ransom. It totaled 20 mounted men.

ZAPATA RAIDERS BUSY IN TEHAUANTEPEC

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—General Calles, commanding the Carranza forces threatening Nogales, has received instructions not to endanger Americans. The American consulate at Vera Cruz today so advised the state department.

Further reports from the same source state that Zapata's raiders have been operating along the Tehauantepec railway, where they have burned the stations of Los Naranjos and Tres Villas.

HARBOR CREEK WIPED OUT BY CLOUDBURST

ERIE, Pa., Aug. 7.—Harbor Creek, eight miles east of Erie, was hit by a tornado and cloudburst early today, according to an appeal for help received here. Property valued at many thousands is reported to have been blown or washed away. Relief was sent. So far as is known there were no fatalities.

ROME, Aug. 7.—The next consistory will be followed by a council of bishops at which Pope Benedict will create several new cardinals, says the Agenzia Nazionale. Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul, Minn., and Monsignor Beccaria, private chaplain of King Victor Emmanuel of Italy. It is reported, will be among those added to the college of cardinals.

GREECE REFUSES TO CEDE TERRITORY BULGARIA SEEKS

LONDON, Aug. 7.—"Greece will not cede one inch of territory to Bulgaria" was the substance of a reply made by Premier Gournaris to a delegation of Macedonian deputies who asked a statement relative to the purpose of the government, says a Renter dispatch from Athens.

In the negotiations which have been conducted by the allies of the quadruple entente with Bulgaria in an effort to induce her to enter the war on their side she has insistently demanded that she be ceded that part of Macedonia which was awarded to Serbia at the close of the Balkan wars. She also has sought to obtain at least a portion of Macedonia territory which came under the Greek flag in the same way.

Macedonia was a Turkish province until the close of the Balkan war. The region embraces a medley of peoples the chief elements being Slavs, Osmanlis and Greeks.

Similar representations were yesterday made by the representatives of the same nations at Nish to the Serbian premier.

ITALIAN SUBMARINE SUNK BY AUSTRIAN

PARIS, Aug. 7.—The Italian submarine Nereide is reported to have been sunk in an encounter with an Austrian submarine off the island of Pelagos, in the Adriatic sea, according to a special dispatch from Rome.

The Nereide, which was built in 1912, was 134 feet long with a beam of 11 feet and displacement of 315 tons gross. Her peace time complement was 17 men.

SUBMARINES SINK SIX FISHING SMACKS

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The British fishing smacks Hesperus, Ivan, Ces, and Fisherman, have been sunk, presumably by German submarines. The fishing crews were landed here today.

The fishing smacks Heliotrope and Challenger also have been sunk. The Danish steamer Hans Emil has been set on fire. The crew was saved.

RUSSIAN FORTRESS OF NOVOGEORGIEVSK DEFIES GERMANS

PETROGRAD, Aug. 7.—Warsaw was evacuated by the Russians without a struggle in its immediate vicinity in order that the city might escape damage. The retreat was businesslike and orderly.

All the war stock previously had been removed from the city along with the rolling stock of the railroads. The Russians planted artillery to prevent the rebuilding of the Vistula bridges by the Germans.

According to official information a large part of the evacuating army remained close the city prepared to contest any effort made by the Germans to cross the Vistula in pursuit.

Novogeorgievsk, notwithstanding its investment on three sides, still has railroad communication to the southeast through Nowy Dwor and Yablona. The former town is immediately across the Bug river at the junction of the river, notwithstanding the presence of heavy German reinforcements and the apparently serious efforts made in the last three days to break into the rear of the Russian Warsaw defenders.

The Germans on the Narv are being held a few miles from the left bank of the river, notwithstanding the presence of heavy German reinforcements and the apparently serious efforts made in the last three days to break into the rear of the Russian Warsaw defenders.

DOUBLE CAPACITY OF WEST POINT

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 7.—Speaker Champ Clark announced here today that he would introduce in the next congress a bill doubling the enrollment at the West Point military academy and at the Annapolis naval academy. The bill also will provide government aid for schools throughout the country that have military departments.

"The country can get all the volunteers it want in 48 hours," said the speaker. "The great need is for officers to train them."

ROSE RESIGNS AS FOREIGN TRADE ADVISOR FOR U. S.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Robert F. Rose of Montana, today resigned as one of the foreign trade advisors in the state department. Mr. Rose was appointed by Secretary Bryan and was his close personal friend.

NEUTRAL SOUGHT AS PROVISIONAL MEXICAN CHIEF

United States Announces Views of Mexico Considered at Pan-American Conference—Leader Sought Opposed to Huerta But Not Allied to Any of Warring Factions.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The Mexican situation moved forward today with two important developments.

General Carranza signified his willingness to meet his adversaries in a peace conference and an authoritative announcement was made of the views with which the United States is approaching the problem in the Pan-American conference. The position of the United States was officially stated as follows:

United States Position

That neither Carranza nor any other military faction in Mexico is in control of the country or can be considered as triumphant in the republic.

That the real purpose of the revolution was accomplished a year ago when Huerta was overthrown.

That it considers General Villa, while financially weakened, still is an active element in Mexico's affairs who must be reckoned with in an adjustment.

That the so-called Cientificos do not enter into the problem now because it is considered that the overthrow of Huerta disposed of that element.

That the great portion of Mexico is not at peace as General Carranza claims, because fighting continues in many sections from Tehauantepec to the Rio Grande and from Vera Cruz to Mazatlan.

Seek Provisional President

That the first problem to be solved in restoration of peace is to find for provisional president a man who represent the cause of the original revolution against Huerta, but who does not necessarily represent any of the factions now at war.

This outline is the first authoritative statement of the basis upon which the United States is proceeding.

General Carranza brief, filed with the state department by his American counsel Charles A. Douglas, not only proposes a peace conference with his adversaries, but practically asks recognition.

No Leader Dominant

It was made clear today that the United States, wishing to entertain claims of the rival leaders, such as presented in the brief filed on behalf of General Carranza, does not accept the declaration of any of the military leaders that they are so dominant as to insure peace in Mexico should they be recognized.

Carranza, it is held, cannot be considered in control of the situation any more than other leaders, even though he may hold more territory because Villa's forces and Zapata's hands still are operating.

The Latin-American diplomats are said to share the view that a stable government can be established only by selecting a man who represented the cause of the original revolution against Huerta and one upon whom the leaders now at war could unite.

OKUMA LIKELY TO RETAIN OFFICE

TOKIO, Aug. 7.—Owing to the persistent pressure which has been exerted by the elder statesmen on Count Okuma, the Japanese premier now is inclined to remain in office. The count presented July 30 to the emperor the resignation of the entire ministry in consequence of charges directed against certain of the ministers in connection with the method of conducting the parliamentary elections last March.

Takasaki Kato, the minister of foreign affairs, and Ven-Admiral Aokuro Tokuri Hashio, the minister of marine, still prefer to retire, it being their belief that the ministry will have difficulty in lasting.

Conferences between the elder statesmen and the ministers, looking to a solution of the cabinet crises, continue.