

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY BY THE MEDFORD PRINTING CO.

Office Mail Tribune Building, 25-27-29 North Fir street; telephone 12.

The Democratic Times, The Medford Mail, The Medford Tribune, The Southern Oregonian, The Ashland Tribune.

Subscription Rates: One year, by mail, \$5.00; Per month, delivered by carrier in Medford, Phoenix, Jacksonville and Central Point, 50 cents; Saturday only, by mail, per year, 2.00; Weekly, per year, 1.50.

Official Paper of the City of Medford Official Paper of Jackson County. Entered as second-class matter at Medford, Oregon, under the act of March 3, 1879.

Sworn Circulation for 1914, 2588.

Full leased wire Associated Press dispatches.

Subscribers failing to receive papers promptly, phone Circulation Manager at 256R.

BRITISH LOSSES TOTAL 321,889 IN WAR TO DATE

LONDON, July 27.—The casualties in the British army and navy have reached a total of 321,889, according to a printed statement issued by Premier Asquith.

The total naval casualties up to July 20 were 9106 and the military casualties up to July 18 were 321,889.

On April 11, H. J. Tennant, under-secretary for war, announced the total of British losses since the beginning of the fighting as 139,347. If his figures were correct the British have lost 182,542 men in the last 14 weeks, an average of 13,000 a week.

Great Britain is the only one of the powers engaged in the war which has announced from time to time her total casualties. Germany has issued at home full lists by name of all men killed, wounded or missing, but the government has given out no official total. No comprehensive lists of casualties have been given out by France, Russia, Austria-Hungary or Italy.

A REMEDY FOR HARD TIMES.

FOR more than fifty years the State of Oregon has been engaged in the business of selling land and lending money. In the early days the business was carried on negligently and sometimes dishonestly. George E. Chamberlain and Oswald West changed the system and methods and showed how the state could conduct its land selling and money lending business, economically, honestly and with great benefit to the people.

The land the state has sold was granted by the government and the money loaned is that received from the sale of such lands. The land is known as school land, and the money loaned is from what is known as the irreducible school fund which now amounts to about \$6,000,000.

Is there any reason why the state should not sell other land for the benefit of the school fund if it could acquire it and sell it at a profit? There is one objection, and that is that speculation in land should not be encouraged for the reason that the price of land must be kept within certain limits or its cultivation will not be profitable.

The policy of the state should be to keep the price of land within the reach of the man who is willing to work it.

The state is lending over \$6,000,000 without loss at the interest rate of six per annum a year on farm lands. These loans are of great benefit to the farmers and the state. But the demand for such loans on unquestioned security is three times the amount available. Many thousand farmers would find the road to prosperity through development of their lands and increased production if they could obtain long time loans at six per cent.

Why does not the state lend more? Because it has no more. Can the state obtain more money for that purpose? The state can do so. Then why does not the state do so?

Well, dear reader you are part of the state. The question is for you to answer.

Just now you are being interested in the bonding of the state to build roads. That is a good plan in the minds of many. It will mean the expenditure of a large amount of money and give good highways and will bring tourists and develop the state.

If that is a good scheme, why would it not be a still better scheme to build better farms? Good roads wear out, and produce nothing to eat, wear or sell. A good farm property tended lasts forever and produces annual wealth. The Japanese proverb says, "Agriculture is the back-bone of prosperity." In Oregon we begin to realize it. Why not begin to strengthen the back-bone?

Suppose the state of Oregon could lend \$50,000,000 to the farmers of Oregon in the next five or ten years on the amortization plan at six per cent, what effect would it have on our agricultural production and exports? If it would be of great benefit why not do it?

The people of this state can furnish the money by voting for issuance of bonds to bear not more than four per cent interest to be sold at not less than par to run fifty years. The bonds would be sold from time to time as the money was needed for loans. It could be loaned at six per cent as the state school fund is now loaned, but for a longer time.

The extra two per cent would of course constitute a sinking fund and be re-loaned and at the end of fifty years would retire the bonds and the state would have the principal of twenty or fifty million to add to its irreducible school fund. Or the extra two per cent could be used to provide for printing school books in Oregon and furnishing them free of cost to the school children.

Another benefit would be conferred by purchasing from this fund four per cent bonds of cities and counties that would meet certain requirements at par and thereby save cities and counties from one to three per cent interest. Provision could be made that the purchase of said bonds should be made after public notice, and if no legal proceedings were instituted before the purchase, that the bonds would be incontestible thereafter.

When the war is over American bonds will doubtless be in demand as never before, and next to the national bonds the state bond is the highest security.

The farmers of Oregon have always been handicapped by the lack of long time loans at low interest. No one can estimate the benefit that would flow from such loans. As roads are improved, railroads built and population increases farm lands grow in value; the security will constantly increase.

The effect of such a plan would be to lower the interest rate to six per cent in nearly every part of the state. The bankers would not be hurt because their increased business would more than compensate for the reduction of interest. Stagnation would be replaced by activity.

Oregon is a debtor state. We must borrow money for development. We ought to get it as a mere matter of business at the lowest possible interest rate, for the less we send out for interest the more we keep at home.

The people acting through their state government, can get money cheaper than they can as individuals. With such a fund available for farm loans, the people of this state could build a great dairy industry that would in time produce enough in four or five years to repay the whole bond issue.

The dairy business requires more capital than the average farmer can command. If he gets it now he pays eight or ten per cent for a short period. The difference between a six per cent loan for ten or twenty years and ten per cent loan for one or two years, spells the difference between success and failure. This is as true of communities as well as individuals.

This state must have outside capital to develop its resources, but it must come from a source that will enable the borrower to sleep well after he signs the mortgage before he has to begin hunting for another loan to take up the first one.

The people of Oregon have the making of their own laws and through that power their own business and economic salvation. The plan outlined needs no new or complicated machinery to carry it out. It is simply enlarging a present business successfully conducted by the state.

This practical plan is offered for consideration.

The Man Who Wouldn't Work for \$250,000 a Year

If the pay envelope was the measure of a man Samuel Morse Felton would be about the biggest man in America.

Felton has just declined the Baldwin Locomotive company's offer of a two-year contract calling for \$250,000 a year to become munition maker for the Russian government for the next two years.

They offered him a salary more than three times as big as President Wilson's, more than 16 times as big as the salary paid the chief justice of the United States and almost twice as big as the National City Bank of New York pays its president, Frank Vanderlip, a \$130,000 a year man.

Samuel M. Felton is a self-made American, not exactly in the home-spun class, but nevertheless a plain man, and a man of simple tastes, a good neighbor, the folks around Lake Forest, Pa., where he lives, say. No barbed wire fence, no private guards needed to protect him.

Felton was only 15 years old when he started at the bottom, carrying a rod for a surveying crew in Pennsylvania, his native state.

At 20 he was chief engineer of an important railroad; at 25 he was a general manager; at 32 he was railroad vice president, and at 37 he was writing, "President of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Road" after his name. Railroad magnates soon discovered that "Sam" Felton had a genius for strutting railroad work; the weakest roads thrived under his nourishing care; stockholders forgot to worry when Felton was in charge of their road. Railroad organization and railroad



S. M. Felton

reorganization—that Felton's life work.

"The genius for railroad building is in his blood," railroad men said many years ago, and the former roadman proved they were right, for in this last 25 years he has been president of 11 roads and he has held several important receiverships.

Next to railroad building, Felton likes golfing, but the Chicago Great Western and the Pere Marquette roads—he president of the first and receiver of the latter—takes so much of his time that his record on the links is not as it might be.

The man whose brains are valued at \$250,000 a year is a striking proof that the young man isn't always the best man for a big job. Felton was 62 last February. He's a native of Philadelphia, but all the United States, from the Mexican Central on the south to the Pere Marquette on the north has been his field of activity.

STRIKERS RETURN TO WORK WITH PROMISE OF RAISE

NEW YORK, July 27.—The men who have been out on strike for a week at the Standard Oil and Tide-water plants returned to work today. The sheriff said he was positive an increase in pay would be granted the employees before the end of the week.

About five thousand men have been idle since the strike began in the plant of the Standard Oil company.

The tie up of the Eagle Oil company's plant at Caven Point, Jersey City, which began yesterday when several hundred coopers struck, was made complete today when virtually all of the other employees struck.

A large crowd of strikers and sympathizers gathered outside the plants and clashed several times with the two hundred police stationed about the gates. The strikers were arrested on minor charges.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running ear or "catarrh" of the Eustachian Tube. It is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; also cases out of ear are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflammation of the mucous surface. We will give the Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

THE PAGE

Medford's Leading Theater Cool, Comfortable, Well Ventilated

LAST TIME TONIGHT

Biograph Feature

Under Two Flags

Three Parts

Vitagraph

Serial Beautiful

The Goddess

Two Chapters

with ANITA STUART AND EARLE WILLIAMS

Kalem "Ham" Comedy

The Merry Moving Men

"Ham" and "Bud" in a new role

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COMING, WEDNESDAY-THURSDAY

William Farnum

who achieved such remarkable success in the "Spellers," in the great production "A Gilded Fool."

Gim Chung China Herb Store

Herb Cures for Earache, Headache, Catarrh, Diphtheria, Sore Throat, Lung Trouble, Cancer, Kidney Trouble, Stomach Trouble, Heart Trouble, Chills and Fever, Cramps, Coughs, Poor Circulation, Carbuncles, Tumors, Caked Breast, Cures all kinds of Goitres—NO OPERATION.

To Whom It May Concern: I am free from rheumatism. You can be the same by taking treatments from Gim Chung, the herb doctor. My rheumatism was so bad that it made me so weak I could scarcely get up when I was down and the pain I suffered one could hardly know unless one had the same disease. I was truly dissatisfied and disgusted with life in my condition and trying to live. Now to my friends that care to be cured and would like to be free from the herb doctor. He can certainly relieve in a very short time. Very truly yours, MRS. M. L. KOLE, 241 FRONT ST., MEDFORD, ORE.

MILITARY PROGRAM NOT A RUSH ORDER

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Secretary Garrison returned today from a brief holiday and began preparing a statement for President Wilson on the military preparedness of the country.

"There is no hurry up program for preparedness," said the secretary. "We are proceeding with that calmness and deliberation which we hope will insure good results. I expect to confer with President Wilson as soon as his returns from Cornish and right now I am getting our plans into shape to report to him. I hope to submit a general outline of re-organization. It is no rush order, but a report on just what we have been doing for some time."

FATHERLAND ACCUSES BRITISH AMBASSADOR

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Secretary Lansing received today a complaint from The Fatherland, a German paper published in New York, that Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, had been party to violations of the neutrality laws in recruiting for the British army and in returning Montenegrins for service.

The complaint follows the action of the ambassador in suggesting to the state department that the paper in question in forecasting the destruction of the Lusitania "had guilty knowledge of a crime."

Both communications have been filed and neither will be the subject of action.

OBREGON'S ARMY ATTACKS TORREON

GALVESTON, Texas, July 27.—The main body of General Obregon's army, assisted by the forces of General Jacinto Trevino, is making a strong attack upon the city of Torreon, according to a report reaching here today. Trevino's forces are advancing from Monterey and Saltillo.

It is also reported in this despatch that General Panfilio Natera has abandoned his allegiance to General Villa and with 8000 men has declared his loyalty to General Carranza. These troops have been operating around Zacatecas.

GERMAN SUBMARINE DESTROYS A FRENCH

BERLIN, July 27, by wireless to Sayville.—The French submarine Mariotte was destroyed by a German submarine on July 26 in the narrows of the Dardanelles, according to a despatch from Constantinople to the Mittag Zeitung. Thirty-one members of the French submarine's crew were captured.

AUTO SERVICE FROM EAGLE POINT TO MEDFORD AND BACK

The undersigned will leave Frank Lewis' confectionery every day except Sunday for Medford with his auto at 1 o'clock p. m., arriving at 2 p. m. Leave Nash hotel, Medford, at 5 p. m., arrive at Eagle Point at 6 p. m. A part of the traffic is solicited. S. H. HARNISH, Eagle Point, Ore

Advertisement for 'find yours' featuring a clock icon and text: 'It's high time for you to find yours. You'll enjoy "yours" whether it's fatima or some other good one.' Includes a small graphic of a woman and a child.

THE PRICE SHE PAYS There is hardly an American woman nowadays who can keep pace with the demands made upon her time and energy without paying the penalty of ill-health. It may be that dreadful backache, dragging pains, headaches, nervousness or the tortures of a displacement. It is the price she pays. To women in this condition Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound comes as a boon and a blessing. A simple remedy made from roots and herbs which brings glorious health to suffering women.

STAR Theater

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY July 27 and 28

"The Diamond From the Sky" Drama in Two Parts

Her Easter Hat Kay Bee—Drama in Two Parts

Gussie's Wayward Path Keystone Comedy—One Part

THURSDAY, JULY 29 John Emerson in

A Bachelor's Romance

Paramount Feature.

Matinee every day, 2:00, 3:30 p. m.

Nights, 7:15, 8:45 p. m.

PRICES 5 AND 10c

SAFETY FIRST

Don't risk injuring yourself and setting your house on fire by attempting to clean clothes at home. It is dangerous, and is not worth the risk to which you expose yourself. You can insure your own safety and the proper handling of your clothes by sending them to a for cleaning, pressing, dyeing to a plant which is modern, fire proof and up-to-date. Our charges are so low that it will not pay you to do your own work. For your own protection, call 244.



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Advertisement for Hotel Stanford: 'HOTEL STANFORD SAN FRANCISCO A modern, fire-proof, up-to-date Hotel, located in the center of everything and on a direct line to the Exposition Grounds. RATES Detached Bath \$1.00, \$1.50 single \$1.50, \$2.00 single \$1.50, \$2.00 double \$2.00, \$2.50 double 150 Rooms of Solid Comfort—Every Convenience From Third and Townsend St. Depot, take car No. 15 or 16. From Ferry take Sutter St. car, get off at Kenny St., walk half a block North. Or take a "Universal" Bus direct to Hotel.

Advertisement for Hotel Manx: 'HOTEL MANX Powell St. at O'Farrell SAN FRANCISCO Headquarters for Californians while visiting the Exposition. Our commodious lobby, fine service, and homelike restaurant will appeal to you. No Raise in Rates \$1.50 Per Day Up Management Chester W. Kelley "Meet me at the Manx" HOTEL MANX SAN FRANCISCO

DELICIOUS ICE CREAM

TRUE TO ITS NAME GET OUR PRICES

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VELVET ICE CREAM

Always pleases the young and the old. Just the desert for these hot days. It's pure, wholesome and refreshing.

Prompt delivery on all ice cream and butter orders.

FRESH MILK AND CREAM AT FACTORY

The White Velvet Ice Cream Co.

Phone 451 22 S. C. St.

COMMUNICATION

Merlin, Oregon, July 24, 1915.

To the Editor: I have been a constant reader of the general news for 50 years, and feel in say, that I have never seen a better article along reform lines, than was printed in your paper of July 19, 1915.

"A Lesson of the War" and no one can appreciate it more than people like myself, who have been working for this and other reforms for more than 30 years, and for this I thank you.

Yours for Justice, WM. M. RICHARDS, FRANK CHRISTEMAN.

Advertisement for John A. Perl Undertaker: 'John A. Perl UNDERTAKER LADY ASSISTANT 26 S. BARTLETT Phone M. 47 and 47-39 Ambulance Service Coroner'