

DEAD HAND OF ASSASSIN MENACES WITH DYNAMITE SHIPS WHICH ARE NOW IN MID-OCEAN

HOLT PLANNED DESTRUCTION OF OCEAN LINERS

In Letter to Wife, Morgan's Assailant Admitted Placing Dynamite Aboard Saxonia and Philadelphia—Twenty-five Pounds of Dynamite Purchased Still Missing.

NEW YORK, July 7.—The dead hand of Frank Holt, assassin, bomb maker and alleged wife murderer, reached out over the Atlantic today and menaced with dynamite attacks two trans-Atlantic liners with nearly 1000 men, women and children aboard.

Somewhere on the ocean, Holt wrote to his wife, the liner Saxonia or the Philadelphia—he was not sure which—would be destroyed today. A dynamite bomb containing thirty pounds of explosive, which Holt is known to have received, and which has not been accounted for, is believed by the police to be the means Holt had chosen to destroy the ship.

While Holt lay today a suicide in his cell at Mineola, L. I., where he was taken after his attempted assassination of J. P. Morgan, the wireless crackled a warning over the Atlantic telling of his threat to blow up a ship, and the mystery of his life was cleared away with his positive identification as Erich Muentzer, the alleged wife murderer, who fled Harvard university in 1906.

Identified as Muentzer

Nothing more dramatic in the last few crowded days of Holt's life than the warning of destruction was uncovered after his death. His confession that he placed the bomb in the capitol at Washington last Friday, his attempted assassination of J. P. Morgan, the growing belief that he was Erich Muentzer, alleged murderer of his wife, culminating today in his positive identification—in death—as Muentzer, and his sensational suicide by leaping twenty feet from the top of his cell to the floor, formed a series of events to which the threatened destruction of the Philadelphia or the Saxonia fitted as a startling climax.

The powerful wireless stations of the navy department were enlisted in the effort to prevent the threatened disaster at sea. In answer to the warning there was received today a message from the captain of the Philadelphia which said that everything aboard had been identified and that all was well. The Saxonia had not replied. Her failure to do so was attributed to the weakness of her wireless batteries, which could not, it was thought, span the distance from mid-ocean to shore without delay.

Dynamite is Missing

GLEN COVE, N. Y., July 7.—The authorities of Nassau county joined the New York City detectives today in a painstaking search for more than twenty-five pounds of dynamite known to have been delivered to and unaccounted for by Frank Holt, the assailant of J. P. Morgan, the man who set the bombs in the United States capitol last Friday, and who committed suicide during the night by jumping twenty feet from an iron bar.

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IDENTIFY HOLT AS WIFE SLAYER ERICH MUENTER

Man Who Attempted Murder of Morgan and Who Dynamited Capitol Identified as Harvard Instructor Who Disappeared After Indictment for Murder of Wife.

GLEN COVE, N. Y., July 7.—Frank Holt, who attempted to take the life of J. P. Morgan, and who committed suicide last night in the Mineola jail, was today identified as Erich Muentzer, the Harvard instructor, who disappeared after being indicted as the murderer of his wife, Leona, in Cambridge, Mass., in 1906.

The identification was made by S. P. Smith, state detective of the district attorney's office of Middlesex county, Massachusetts, Theodore Hillier, an automobile man of Cambridge and A. T. Brown, a Boston newspaper man.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Positive identification of Frank Holt, assailant of J. P. Morgan, as Professor Erich Muentzer, the missing Harvard professor, alleged to have murdered his wife, is made here by Professor Chester N. Gould of the University of Chicago.

Former Pupil at Chicago

Professor Gould, in a statement made public today, admitted that he had identified Muentzer, who was a former pupil at the University of Chicago, while at Cornell university last November. He said he decided for several reasons not to expose the man as "he seemed to be getting along so nicely."

Professor Gould's statement in part follows: "When I arrived at Cornell university last November to engage in research work, I was introduced to Frank Holt, but paid little attention to him at the time. He asked me how Cutting and Allen, two University of Chicago professors, were getting along. I told him and asked if he knew them. He said he did not, but had heard of them.

Recognized Muentzer

"Holt's carriage and speech had stayed with me and reminded me of someone, but I could not remember whom. Then my mental associations began to work and I said, 'I know who it is. It is Muentzer.' "The next time I saw him he looked squarely at me and said, 'Hello Gould.' His words had the attitude of a man stepping back into an old familiarity. He never avoided me, except on one occasion, when I saw him with his wife and family. "I had every opportunity to observe him and hear him speak German and English and there can be no doubt that Frank Holt was Erich Muentzer."

800 BRITISH COLUMBIANS HAVE GONE TO BATTLE FRONT

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 7.—Up to June 226, 10,422 British Columbians had been recruited in the province, of whom 7899 had gone forward, the remainder being in training at Victoria and Vernon. This does not include British Columbians who enlisted in England and elsewhere.

LEAPED FROM TOP OF CELL TO DEATH BELOW

Despite Guard Maintained, Holt Commits Suicide—Skull Is Fractured on Iron Floor—Last Words of Assassin to Warden Stated That He Needed Rest and Sleep.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Frank Holt, who shot J. P. Morgan, lay dead today in an undertaking establishment at Hempstead, L. I., and the New York police had in their possession his trunk, containing 134 half-pound sticks of dynamite with which they believe he planned to wreck public buildings in New York and other cities.

An autopsy early today established the fact that Holt committed suicide by leaping from the top of his cell door in the Mineola, L. I., jail. Walter R. Jones, the Mineola coroner.

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SNAPSHOTS OF J. P. MORGAN AND PART OF NATION'S CAPITAL WRECKED BY BOMB



J. Pierpont Morgan, the Duchess of Connaught, and at Morgan's left, the Duke of Connaught. The duke and duchess are members of the British royal family. The photograph was taken while they were in America. Below is Morgan and Lord Haldane (again at Morgan's left) former British war minister.



East side of capitol in Washington wrecked by explosion. Cross marks reception room where explosion occurred. Below, at left, Charles W. Higgins, senate sergeant-at-arms, and at right, Elliot Woods, superintendent of United States Capitol. These men are in charge of the building.

BODY ATTACHMENT WRIT ISSUED FOR MRS. EVELYN THAW

NEW YORK, July 7.—A body attachment was issued by Supreme Court Justice Hendrick today for Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, who failed to appear to testify in the proceedings yesterday relative to the sanity of her husband, Harry K. Thaw. Mrs. Thaw yesterday told Deputy Attorney General Cook that she could not stand the strain of testifying and said she did not propose to testify against her husband. She left for the Adirondacks last night. Dr. Bernard Livingston, Mrs. Thaw's physician, was called to the stand today. He said he had found Mrs. Thaw run down and in a nervous condition and advised her it would be unwise for her to testify. Justice Hendrick then said that if the attorney general desired Mrs. Thaw to be present that he would issue a body attachment, whereupon Deputy Attorney General Becker asked that such an attachment be issued.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE IN ANNUAL SESSION

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 7.—The national board of directors of the Anti-Saloon League of America at an executive session today adopted resolutions urging congress to submit to the states the proposed amendment to the federal constitution providing for national prohibition.

SAXONIA UNABLE TO LOCATE BOMB

NEW YORK, July 7.—The Cunard Line late today received a reply by wireless to the message sent to the Saxonia, 1200 miles at sea, regarding the suspicion that Holt had placed a bomb on the vessel. The message read: "Search made. Nothing found."

RUSSIA AND JAPAN IN NEW ALLIANCE

HONOLULU, T. H., July 7.—A new alliance between Japan and Russia is reported by Tokyo dispatches to local Japanese papers to be imminent. Advice received today say that the elder statesmen spent yesterday in completing details of the reported alliance and that it is in nearly final form.

TURKS' ATTACK DARDANELLES IS REPULSED

French Report Most Sanguinary Battle Since Landing—Cathedral at Arras Burning—Fierce Attacks by Germans on West Line—Bombardments Continue With Honors Even.

PARIS, July 7.—The French department this afternoon gave out the following statement in reference to recent operations in the Dardanelles: "In the Dardanelles on the 5th of July the Turks delivered a general attack, the most important they have undertaken since their efforts in the early days of May. Their purpose was to drive us into the sea. "At 4 o'clock in the morning a very intense artillery fire was opened on our first lines, as well as on the zone behind these lines occupied by French and British troops. The enemy subsequently endeavored to deliver several infantry attacks, but not one was successful in coming as far as our trenches. Decimated by our artillery fire and mowed down by our rifles and machine guns, most of our assailants never left the battlefield. During this action batteries of the enemy on the Asiatic coast fired without interruption. A Turkish cruiser also took part in the engagement. Aviators of the enemy bombarded our lines.

"At the end of the day a group of about fifteen British and French aviators flew over the Turkish aerodrome at Chanak, threw down several bombs and struck the principal hangar with a big bomb."

French Statement

PARIS, July 7.—The French official report states that the bombardment north of Arras continued all night. Two German attacks were repulsed. On Messines heights two attacks were repulsed. After a bombardment near St. Michael the Germans took the offensive on a long front, and at one point succeeded in penetrating the first French line on a front of 700 yards. Elsewhere they were repulsed with heavy loss. In Le Pretre forest a fresh German attack, preceded by throwing flaming liquids, was repulsed.

German Statement

BERLIN, July 7.—The German statement reports progress on the west bank of the Vistula. "During pursuit of the Russians to the Zlota Lipa river from July 3 to July 5, the Germans captured 3859 men. The number of prisoners made south of Biala Blota has been increased to seven officers and about 800 men. "North of Ypres (Belgium) British troops yesterday invaded our German trench, but were ejected in the evening. "While we were shelling enemy troops gathered at Arras, the town took fire and the cathedral is burning. "Between the Meuse and the Moselle rivers there was lively fighting. There also was some activity to the southwest of Les Eparges, where the enemy continued his efforts to win back the positions recently lost. At the first attack he French got into a part of the German line of defense. A counter-attack won back all the trenches with the exception of one piece of 100 yards. The enemy abandoned one machine gun."

What'll You Have?

By Satterfield



(A new grape juice drink has been named the "Wilson-Bryan Splitz." "Satter" suggests some other refreshments.)

BRITAIN REFUSES TO PAY SEA LOSSES

LONDON, July 7.—The British government "cannot undertake to pay compensation for losses at sea owing to the action of the enemy," Reginald McKenna, the chancellor of the exchequer, today informed a questioner in the house of commons, who wanted the survivors of the Cunard liner Lusitania compensated for their lost effects.