NO. 63

After Siege of Three Weeks Troops of Dual Alliance Recapture Austrian Stronghold From Russians-Removes Threat of Danger to Cravow-Terrific Loss of Men.

VIENNA, June 3 .- The Austro-Hungarian war office tonight announces that Przemysl has been retaken from the Russians in the Galician drive.

of three weeks the fortress of Przemysl in Galicia has fallen to the Austrians. The Russians were in possession a little over seventy days.

This news was received in London ing more terrific, the announcement of an Austrian victory was not expected so quickly, particularly in view of the official statement from Petrograd of last Monday, saying the Austro-German grip before Przemysl had been broken and that the offensive in the great Galician struggle had passed to the Russians.

Twenty Days Hammering

The Austrians reached Przemysl at half past three o'clock this morning after a hammering with heavy guns artillery onslaught. The occupation er. of the fortress by the Austrians will threat against Cracow.

operation which brought them into to make temporary provision for renthe fortress on March 22, they did it dering unnecessary the re-election of Herr von Flotow that Austria by the slowly and systematically, conserv- members on accepting office. ing the lives of their men as much recently to accomplish the same end iness weer applauded. has been entirely different. Their expenditure in men and ammunition has perhaps outdone anything in this war, not even excepting the German quith who was on urgent "public under the circumstances Italy was rushes for Calais and the terrible business" and declared the premier not obliged to help Austria if the latstruggles along the Yser river.

Big Guns Do the Work

by British observers as one of the of a ministry of munitions he added, most remarkable feats of the war. Im- also would be introduced and it mediately after the surrender of the would go to the later stages on Mona westward rush through Galicia and John Simon announced that a tribunit was predicted that they would soon at for dealing with alien enemies Hungary. A terriffe Austro-German tices Sankey and Younger of the offensive was inaugurated, however, high court; and Amelius R. M. Lock-Russians back to the San and to en- win and John J. Mooney, members able the Teutonic allies to encircle of parliament. Przemysł and attack it from the north

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RUSSIANS DESTROY : OIL WELLS; BURNING

BERLIN, June 3 .- News from the Galician front concerning the retreat of the Russians indicates they fired and destroyed twenty or more great erude oil wells, as well as a number of wells from which naptha is derived, in the oil-producing region between Boryslaw and Drohobyez, lying to the west of Stry. It itesis ing to the west of Stry. It is estimated that 80,000 tens of oil was destroyed.

brought under control by the Austrian on falling into Austro-German hands, and German troops, the whole terri- were turned by their new owners tory is covered with a pall of smole. against the inner fortifications, says

wells for the production o fillumin- company from Copenhagen. ating oil, benzine and grease. They are said to have spared the English that the Austrian railway officials. Ohio to report to the consulate here and French wells.

Their annual product is valued at ready to return to the recaptured men would be enrolled as a result of the Hebrides, a group of islands off police say they have evidence that B,000,000 growns (\$600,000).

FIRSTASSEMBLY OF PARLIAMENT

Works Smoothly-Asquith Absent, as Is New Chancellor-Unionists Cannot Take Office Until Bill Is Passed Permitting Them.

LONDON, June 3 .- The first assembly of the coalition British par- the greatest war in history, to safeliament showed no striking features. guard the highest and most ancient Premier Asquith was absent and Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the of Premier Salandra in an address at LONDON, June 3 .- After a siege exchequer, was at Nice conferring the meeting held here today to make with the Italian financial authorities, plans for the relief of persons in civil while A. Bonar Law, secretary for life who may be made needy as a rethe colonies and Arthur J. Balfour, first lord of the admralty, and other the combatants, but also upon those with a certain degree of surprise, members of the new cabinet from the who remain at home," continued the While it had been well known that unionist side could not take their premier, "and they must see that the the Russian position at Przemysl was places on the front until the passage serious and that the artillery fire of of a null permitting them to take the Germanic allies was daily becom-

ship in the house. Several junior members of the new government on taking the cabinet seats were cheered, while members of the privy council and prominent unionists outside the cabinet occupied the front opposition seats. The Irish nationalist contingent took the usual seats they had held for many

New Vantage Points

The majority of the members found their way to customary places that lasted more than twenty days, on the opposite side of the house but The capitulation of Przemysl must be several groups of unionists and liberascribed to the effectiveness of this als found new vantage points togeth-

Sir John A. Simon, secretary of remove the danger of the Russian state for home affairs, announced an interview he had with Signor Salearly in the sitting that he would andra and Hans von Flotow, then When the Russians starved out the introduce a bill which would be Austrian garrison at Przemysl, an passed through all its stages today

Harmony and cheerfulness as possible. The method which the peared to pervade the house. All Austro-Germans have been employing members rising, even for minor bus-

Asouith is Ab

The home secretary said he regretted the absence of Premier As-The retaking of the Przemysl for- garding the position of Italy and the aggression. tress already has been characterized war. A bill for the establishment Austrian garrison the Russians began day and Tuesday of next week. Sir overrun both Silesia and the plains of had been appointed, consisting of Justhe result of which was to drive the wood, Donald McLean, Stanley Bald-

Sir Albert Spicer, liberal member for the central division of Hackney, asked whether the government would protect banks against risks from air craft or goods in warehouses pending settlement of some of the former insurance or indemnity. He said that the banks holding bills against goods in warehouses were demanding insurance policies or refuning amounts advanced while the merchants were unable to cover full risks not stop hostilities with Servia. even at prohibitive prices,

The home secretary said the mater would be considered as soon as possible.

RUSSIAN GUNS ARE TURNED ON RUSSIANS

LONDON, June 3. - When the Rus sians were forced to ahandon som of the outer Przemysl forts they had Although the fires have been no time to destroy the gurts, which, The Russians had been using the a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph

It is understood, the disputch adds, the police and municipal officers and with a wiew to doing military duty in Boryslaw, the only ones in Europe sians, have now gathered at Cracow consul estimated that about 10,000 Islands. The crew was landed in sides his clothes, he lost \$65. The scaport on the north.

TEUTONS RETAKE | HARMONY RULES | ITALY'S PREMIER UPON AUSTRIA

Coalition Government for Britain Says That Austria Violated Terms of Triple Alliance After Having Found That Italy Was Hostile to Aggression Against Serbia, Arranged with Germany to Surprise Europe.

> ROME, June 3 .- "We entered this, aspirations, the most vital interests Emanuel in the present war. of our country," was the declaration sult of the war.

"War imposes duties not only upon national life is not interrupted. Italians of all classes must not only have a spontaneous and profound feeling. but a reasoned conviction of the justice of our cause and the sanctity of

Not a Betrayal

Premier Salandra reviewed the diplomatic events leading up to the confliet from the time of the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand. Italy's former allies, he declared, had no right to say Italy betrayed them, for she never disguised her views on Austrian aggression against Serbia and its consequences. In support of his argument he read a dispatch to ed the Gulf of Triest, sank two merthe Duke of Avarna, ambassador to chant vessels and damaged an Aus-Austria, sent him on July 25, 1914, by trian auxiliary cruiser. the Marquis San Guiliano, the late minister of foreign affairs, detailing German ambassador. During this interview the speaker declared he and Marquis San Guiliano pointed out to terms of the triple alliance treaty had no right to take the step she had taken at Belgrade without previously coming to an agreement with her allies, and that Austria's action clearly showed she desired to provoke war. The Italian statesman therefore informed the German ambassador that hoped to be in his place on Monday fer nation found herself at war with when he would make a statement re- Russia in consequence of an act of

Demanded Compensation

Premier Salandra asserted that on July 27 and 28, 1914, the Italian government recited in clear terms the question of the cession to Italy of the so-called Italian provinces held by Austria, both at Vienna and Berlin. "We declared," said he, "that if

Italy did not obtain adequate compensation the triple alliance would be irreparably broken. Impartial history will say that Austria, having found in July and October, 1913, that Italy was hostile to aggressive intentions against Serbia, arranged with Germany to take Europe by surprise by confronting it with an accomplished fact. The horrible crime at Sarajevo was exploited as a pretext a month after it occurred. Foreign Minsiter von Berchtold told the Duke of Avarna on July 31 last that even if mediation were employed it would

Tisza's Claims Refuted

had pretended, that Austria engaged trich father if yo ulike but let this stranger and a beautiful young woherself to respect the integrity of be the only possible exception." Serbian territory, Kajetan Merey von Kapos-Mere, then Austrian ambassador, told Marquis San Guiliano lion women of the general federation on July 30 that Austria could not refused to wear feathers! give such an engagement because she could not foresee that during the war force in the United States than those she would not be forced against her connected with the department of interned these. Coming here by

(Continued on Page Two)

ITALIANS IN OHIO

CINCINNATI, June 3 .- An order calling upon all Italians in southern the order.

ITALY'S PREMIER AND COUNCILOR TO KING

Premier Salandra

Premier Salandra, head of the Italian cabinet and councilor of King

PARIS, June 33 .- King Victor Emmanuel of Italy has offered his services as an intermediary in the adjustment of territorial questions which have arisen between Russia and Rumania, according to the Milan

GENEVA, June 3 .- News dispatches declare that two Italian torpedo

VERONA, Italy, June 3 .- The Austrian troops are withdrawing from ley, (part of the valley of the river Avisio, to the northeast of Trent).

health resort of San Martino de Castrozza. This village contained eight mans and Italians.

TO STOP WEARING FEATHERS IN HATS

PORTLAND, Ore., June 3 .- Mrs. John Dickinson Sherman of Chicago created a stir among the delegates assembled for the third and closing session of the mid-biennial council of the General Federation of Women's clubs here today when she declared that "just as long as women of the federation wear feathers on their hats, will they be open to the charge of inconsistency."

economics were given a prominent gagged and stark naked. place. Teaching of conservation of

the women of America, if the two mil- Stevenson.

agriculture," said Mrs. Elizabeth steamer from San Francisco, he spent Claypool Earl, of Indiana, who spoke his money like a sailor. On the street on "home economics and the United here yesterday he was hailed by a States department of agriculture."

CALLED TO FRONT NORWEGIAN STEAMER

the coast of Scotland.

CAVALRY FORCES

Flank Movement Captures Silao and Surrounds Obregon at Trinidad-Carranza Declared Victim of False Reports-Mexican Capital to Be Entered Within a Week.

WASHINGTON, June 3 .- Consular ed today that Villa troops in a flank movement captured Silao and put Carranza cavalry forces to rout. Obesaid, is surrounded at Trinidad byl and large quantities of supplies.

Eliseo Arredondo, head of the Carfollowing comment on President Wilson's Mexican statement:

Carranza Statement

"I believe President Wilson's note largely due to the lack of relations between the government of the United States and the constituionalist government of Mexico, and that this has given room to the many false reports which have victimized General Carranza, attributing to him acts and omissions of which he is incapable.

"Mr. Carranza latedly has ordered the advance of his troops toward the city of Mexico, which he will undoubtedly take before one week is over, and I understand he will immediately establish theer a provisional boats early yesterday morning enter- civil administration, until he can wipe out the remnants of the reactionaries and convene the people to elections for officers of a constitutional

Americans Leaving

"There is no danger therefore that strife may orplong itself in Mexico their positions along the Fiemme val- and cause greater calamities for the ject to destruction. people, which I am inclined to believe is the only thing that worries They have virtually destroyed the the government of the United States." The Brazilian minister in Mexico City today telegraphed Secretary Brying the capital because of the fam youd question.

Five persons, nationality unreports of officials, could have made as ed, were killed in a raid by Mexis cans on Querobabi Tuesday night State department dispatches from Nogales today say after looting the town the raiders burned five railway

STRANGE TALE OF NAKED MAN FOUND

PORTLAND, Or., June 3.-O. M Mrs. Sherman spoke on the work Rankin of Sylvan, a suburh of Portof the conservation department. The land, began his prosaic duties today forenoon session was taken up with by opening a bran box to feed his the discussion of various subjects, cows. The lifted lid disclosed the among which conservation and home unconscious figure of a man, bound,

The police were called, and after natural recources in the public he had been revived the stranger gave schools was urged. "We can deal his name as Jack Kling, aged 22, una master stroke for bird preserva- til recently first mate of the British tion," said Mrs. Sherman, "by refus- ship Invergarry. Kling told a story "It was not true, as Count Tisza ing to wear feathers wear an os- of an encounter with a pleasant man, not one note of which would "Thing of the inspiring effect on have jarred the ear of Robert Louis

Kling, who is an Austrian, quit the Invergarry at San Francisco, he said, th highest court in the land, "There is no greater educational because the vessel was going to Etrope, and he was afraid he would b gentleman in an auto, whom he had met on the steamer and who gave the name of McArthur. McArthur introduced a girl in the rear seat of his auto as his daughter and invited him to take a ride.

> As they drove along a wooded road, Kling's story is true.

IN ANSWER TO GERMAN NOTE

President Spends Day Working on Reply to Kaiser-United States Unmoved in Its Intention to Force Submarines to Obey Rules of International Law.

WASHINGTON, June 3.-President Agent Carothers at Chihuahua report- Wilson worked most of today on the new note to Germany.

The situation had developed to point where, although the visit of gon, the Carranza commander, he Count Bernstorff, the German am- that the corporation should not be bassador, to the president yesterday dissolved. The principal points in Villa infantry and has lost two trains was believed likely to enlighten the the decision are: Berlin foreign office on the attitude of the United States, the American ranza agency here, today issued the government is unmoved in its intention to determine promptly whether the Sherman law. German submarine commanders will hereafter respect the principles of international law.

Wilson's Attitude Firm

The facts upon which the German government asked agreement, it is now practically certain, will be treated by the note as not irrelevant with one exception. It is understood that controlled by the new trade commisthe note will restate that the Lasitania was on a peaceful cruise, did not resist capture and was unarmed. All the other points raised by Germany are deemed irrelevant under the laws of nations.

The purpose of the United States in the new note will be to discover whether Germany will in the future. on encountering vessels of any nationality that are unarmed, transfer passengers and crew to places of safety; should a vessel carrying contraband be certain of condemnation in a prize court, and therefore sub-

Lusitania Unarmed

It was reiterated at the state department today that while affidavits filed there by the Germany embassy, contending that the Lusitania was large hotels, six belonging to Ger- an that he had arranged for special armed, had been carefully considered, train to remove 150 Americans and the proof of the United States that the Steel company was unduly remany other foreigners who are leav- the Lusitania was unarmed was be-

Count Bernstorff conferred brief ly with Secretary Bryan today and would not discuss the subject of his

IN BIN OF BRAN STEEL TRUST CASE TO BE APPEALED

WASHINGTON, June 3 .- News that the government had lost its dis solution suit against the U.S. Steel corporation for the moment almost matched the international stiuation in interest. The suit is regarded as probably the most important anitrust suit ever brought by the depart ment of justice.

Undoubtedly it will be appaeled to the supreem court of the United States because the government would Angeles Times, and General B. J. Vilbe unwilling to leave such questions joen, a former Boer leader, to organas were raised unsettled except by

RUSSIA TO BUILD NEW RAILROADILINE

cil of ministers has sanctioned the never authorized him or anyone else construction of a railroad to cost to organize an expedition to Lower 17,000,000 rubjes (\$8,500,000) from California. The man is not telling the Kling said, the girl suddenly put Kandalaska, in the province of Arch-truth." something bitter into his mouth. When langel, across the Kola peninsula, to he resented this, McArthur held him the port of Kola, on the Arctic ocean. LONDON. June 3. - The Norweg- up at the point of a revolver, while This new line will connect the Arctic heard of Zogg. The Austro-German forces cap others who fled from Przemysi when their home country, was issued by lan steamship Cubano was torpedoed the girl bound and gagged him. Then with the railroad system of Russia tured the mineral wax mines at the fortress capitulated to the Russ Consul Charles Ginocchio today. The and sunk yesterday off the Flannan he said, they chloroformed him. He and give another outlet to a Russian

STEEL TRUST IS LOST IN COURT

Government Loses Case to Dissolve Billion Dollar Corporation, New Jersey Court Holding It Not a Monopoly and Not a Violation of Sherman Anti-Trust Law.

TRENTON, June 3.-The decision in the United States Steel corporation uit was filed in the United States district court this afternoon. It held

It refuses to issue any injunction. It holds the foreign trade of the Steel corporation is not a violation of

It holds certain price fixing agreements which followed the Gary dinners, but which stopped before the bill was filed to have been unlawful.

It allows the government to move to retain jurisdiction of the bill if such price-fixing practices are renewed. but suggests matters may now be

Two Opinions Rendered

The opinions, two in number, are argely a discussion of whether the steel corporation monopolized the steel trade or dealt unfairly with competitors or purchasers.

The opinion says: "This case, a proceeding under the Sherman anti-trust law, is one largely of business facts."

It says all the trust cases thus far determined settle down to this, that only such combinations are within the Sherman act or by reason of the intent of those forming them, or the inherent nature of their contemplated act, wrong the public by unduly restricting competition or unduly ofstructing competition in the course of trade. It further holds the questions of the fact of the court to determine whether, when the bill was filed, stricting competition or unduly obstructing trade in the home market. None of the signers, in the opinion Whether it was restricting competition or unduly obstructing trade in the foreign market, had the steel corporation had these objects in view when it was formed in 1901, the opinion holds the proofs show, when the bill was filed, the competitors of the Steel company were doing 60 per cent of the country's steel and iron bus-

Test of Monopoly

The test of monopoly, the ominion says, is not the size of that which is acquired by the trade powers of that which isn of acquired. In the ten

(Continued on Page 6.)

DECLARES OTIS EMPLOYED HIM START REVOLT

LOS ANGELES, June 3 .- N. S. Zogg, self-styled Mexican revolutionary general, declared on the witness stand in the superior court today that he had been engaged by General Hacrison Gray Otis, owner of the Los ize a revolt in Lower California, an alleged project which recently resulted in the indictment of General Otis' son-in-law, Harry Chandler, on a charge of having conspired to violate American neutrality.

General Otis said today be had never heard of Zogg. General Otia is at Tehon Rancho, near Bakersfield, and was reported by telephone.

"I don't know any one by the name PETROGRAD, June 3.—The couns of Zogg," General Otis said, "and I

Harry Chandler, son-in-law of General Otis, also stated he had never

"I heard several days ago that this man was telling such a story," said Mr. Chandler, "The sotry, I think, is The port of Archangel is more than a fabrication for the purpose of his 360 miles farther south than Kola. | offense of passing valueless checks."