

SECOND
EDITION

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

WEATHER
Probably fair tonight and
Sat. Max. 64; Min. 45.5.

Forty-fifth Year.
Daily—Tenth Year.

MEDFORD, OREGON, FRIDAY, APRIL 23, 1915

NO. 28

BARNES A SORT OF JEKYLL-HYDE SAYS ROOSEVELT

Boss Viewed as Mixture of Good and Bad and T. R. Endeavored to Have the Dr. Jekyll in Him Absorb the Mr. Hyde—Followed Barnes' Advice in Filling Offices.

SYRACUSE, April 23.—The trial of William Barnes libel suit against Theodore Roosevelt took a recess late today until Monday after the colonel had been questioned closely in regard to contributions received during his presidential campaign.

SYRACUSE, April 23.—During the second day of his cross-examination in the supreme court here today, Theodore Roosevelt said that he had regarded William Barnes as a "sort of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde, who, like other politicians, had his good sides and his bad sides." The colonel said he did not, as suggested by William Ivis, his cross-examiner, try to sever the ligaments between these Siamese twins of politics. Quite on the contrary, he declared, he endeavored to have the "Dr. Jekyll" in him absorb the "Mr. Hyde." It was the colonel's fourth day upon the witness stand and he seemed to be as fresh as he was on the first day. More letters, tending to show the friendly relations between himself and Mr. Barnes, were introduced.

The colonel admitted that he had complied with many of the suggestions made to him by Barnes in regard to the filling of offices in the state government during the two years he was governor.

Invisible Government

"Well, now, while you were governor, there was invisible government, you say?" asked Mr. Ivis. "Why didn't you make an attack then, similar to the one you made on Mr. Barnes?"

"If they had blocked the legislation I wanted, I would have."

"Did you ever discuss invisible government with Mr. Barnes in Albany?"

"I did not discuss the specific phrase, I did discuss my official duty and contributions to the campaign funds by big business interests."

Mr. Ivis read a sentence from the autobiography about Mr. Platt's most efficient lieutenants being men of the highest standing in the community.

"If you did not so regard Mr. Barnes in this category, why did you consult and associate with him?"

Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde

"Because I thought he was above the average of the run of politicians. I believed he might become a most useful citizen."

"Did you discuss his moral standards with him?"

"I did. I expressed my hopes to him."

"So while you were in Albany you were acting as a political monitor in order to make him a good citizen?"

"I tried to get every man to act rightly. Most politicians had two natures, however. I regarded Mr. Barnes as a Dr. Jekyll and a Mr. Hyde. He had two sides—a good and a bad one, as other politicians had."

Mr. Ivis read a letter written on white house stationery by Colonel Roosevelt to Mr. Barnes, telling him of appointing him to office.

One to Absorb the Other

"Did you appoint Mr. Hyde Barnes or Dr. Jekyll Barnes?"

"I wanted to get the Dr. Jekyll out of him. The treasury department

(Continued on Last Page)

ARIZONA LEGISLATURE IN SPECIAL SESSION

PHOENIX, Ariz., April 23.—The state legislature convened today in special session summoned to provide for the maintenance of the state government and to fix the tax rate, both of which failed of passage at the recent regular session. In a brief message urging a short session Governor Hunt told the legislators that prompt action was necessary to relieve a serious crisis with which the state is confronted.

ALLIES RENEW NAVAL ATTACK DARDANELLES

Four British Warships Bombard Forts, Which Are Also Fired at Across Peninsula From Gulf of Saros—Smyrna Again Shelled—French Take Half Mile of Trenches.

LONDON, April 23.—The assault on the Dardanelles has been renewed, although it is not apparent whether the allied forces are ready to begin the expected general attack. Four British warships entered the straits yesterday and bombarded the Turkish forts, which were subjected also to indirect fire across the peninsula from the Gulf of Saros. The result of this fighting has not been disclosed. Bombardment of the Turkish forts at Smyrna, Asia Minor also is believed to have been resumed. There is nothing to indicate, however, that any move has been made toward an attack by the forces landed from the Gulf of Saros, such as is expected to accompany the next effort on a large scale to win the Dardanelles.

Capture of nearly half a mile of German trenches near St. Mihiel, the southern extremity of the German wedge, which the French have been attempting for several weeks to force back, is announced today in the official communication from Paris. Spirited fighting in Belgium also is reported, and the admission is made that the Germans compelled the allies to retire from positions north of Ypres to the south of Ypres, allies regained ground and took many prisoners.

Two men were killed by the blowing up of a British trawler in the North sea by a German submarine.

A long conference between the Italian foreign minister and the Austrian minister at Rome is expected as a sign that negotiations are still under way between Austria and Italy. It was reported yesterday that Italy has sent an ultimatum to Austria.

No official explanation is forthcoming of the stoppage of traffic between England and Holland. One theory is that this is a strike aimed at supplies and another is that the area is being cleared for a naval battle. The latter explanation seems incomplete, however, in that if such a step were being taken ships running to Scandinavian ports also would be held up.

CZAR NICHOLAS VISITS LEMBERG

LONDON, April 23.—Emperor Nicholas arrived today at Lemberg. A Renter dispatch from Petrograd says the emperor was met at the railroad station by Grand Duke Nicholas, with whom he held a conference concerning the Carpathian operations.

A crowd gathered in front of the palace, where Emperor Nicholas is staying. Addressing the crowd, the emperor said:

"I thank you for this hearty welcome. Long live indivisible Russia! Hurrah!"

DECLARE BLOCKADE OF GERMAN WEST AFRICA

LONDON, April 23, 1:15 p. m.—An official order concerning the blockade of German West Africa is published today in the official gazette. It is signed by the commander of the allied fleet before Kamerun, and announces a blockade beginning at midnight tonight before the coast of this West African German colony, between the mouth of the River Akwaye and the mouth of the river Sanaga and also between the mouth of the river Campo, under the rules of international law.

In conclusion, the order says: "The German authorities of those parts not occupied by allied troops have been notified."

COLORADO LEADER, WHO PLANNED MINERS' DEFENSE, NOW ON TRIAL FOR MURDER



John R. Lawson and "Mother" Jones. Both called on Rockefeller, Jr., in his Wall Street office and told him the truth about the Colorado mine war.



John R. Lawson, now on trial for alleged murder of mine guard, his wife and daughter.

LAWSON HOUNDED BY ROCKEFELLERS' FOR LEADING STRIKE

(By William Macleod Raine, author of "The Vision Splendid," "The Highgrades," etc.)

TRINIDAD, Colo., April 23.—Colorado's great coal strike is over, but the Rockefeller's are busy rubbing the salt of persecution into the wounds it left.

The trial of John R. Lawson, of the Colorado miners' strike policy committee, which began here April 19, is the crux of the legal end of the strike, and the most important labor trial since the McNamara cases.

Nominally the labor leader is to be tried for the murder of a mine guard named Nemo on October 23, 1913, but the real issue at stake cuts far deeper.

Upon the result of this trial hinges the question of whether citizens have a right to organize, to gather on ground legally their own, and to defend their property and their lives against the attacks of oppressors.

Crime is Leading Strikers

The legal battle is not one between the state of Colorado and Lawson, with the death of Nemo as the point in dispute. There is no pretense that Lawson actually shot Nemo. It is charged that he was the nominal leader of a large body of strikers, some of whom are suspected of having shot Nemo during one of the many strike battles.

Through their hired attorneys the coal companies and the influence back of them mean to get the last pound of flesh from the men who fought them to a finish in the recent strike.

The desire is not to convict the man who shot Nemo, but the man in command of the Ludlow tent colony.

Lawson was one of the three strike leaders received by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., in his office at Wall street during the industrial relations commission hearings.

(Continued on Page Four.)

OREGON BUTTS IN TO AID RAILROAD GET LAND GRANT

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Attorney General Brown of Oregon got permission from the supreme court to file a brief urging that the state's right to take the Oregon and California railroad land grant be protected. He suggested the railroad be required to sell to actual settlers, and that the purchase price should inure to the benefit of the United States instead of the railroad. The land is valued at approximately \$50,000,000.

The lands in question were included in the domain granted to aid in the construction of the Oregon & California railroad. The railroad now claims title under this grant. The federal government is seeking to have the courts declare the land forfeited because of the sale of a part of the land in the grant which provided the land should be sold to actual settlers at not more than \$2.50 an acre and in 160 acre tracts. The railroad sold in large tracts to timber companies. Hundreds of actual settlers and claimants of land are engaged in the litigation to protect their rights.

Trawler Sunk by Submarine

GRIMSBY, England, April 23.—The Grimsby trawler St. Lawrence was torpedoed and sunk in the North Sea yesterday by a German submarine. Two members of the crew were killed and seven survivors were brought here today by the trawler Queenstown, whose skipper reports that the submarine fired on his vessel while engaged in rescuing the crew of the St. Lawrence.

FOOD SHORTAGE CAUSES ITALIAN RIOTS IN TRIESTE

ROME, April 23.—Fear is felt that the shortage of food in Trieste may result in disorders of such importance that they will lead to serious trouble here, where everything affecting Trieste is watched with the closest interest, because the population of that Austrian crownland is chiefly Italian.

The people of Trieste are now reported to be marching through the streets demanding bread, crying down with war and cheering for Italy. Under the rigid Austrian regulations of the past this procedure would have resulted in arrests, as the display of Italian colors or the singing of the Italian anthem were prohibited.

If the situation in Trieste becomes worse it is believed here it may be sufficient to force the hand of the Italian government because of the sympathy and excitement it would arouse among the people of this country.

FLEET TO BE IN CANAL ON JULY 4

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Secretary Daniels reiterated today without qualification that the Atlantic fleet will pass through the Panama canal to the Pacific in July. Some doubt had been expressed as to whether earth movements would have ceased by that time, and enough dredging

SANITY OF THAW TO BE DECIDED BY JURY MAY 17

NEW YORK, April 23.—The question of the sanity of Harry Thaw will be determined by a jury. Supreme Court Justice Hendrick, in a decision handed down today, granted the application for a new trial made by Thaw's attorneys on a writ of habeas corpus.

Thaw was in court when Justice Hendrick announced his opinion. His face at once lighted up with pleasure. He was kept busy for nearly half an hour shaking hands before he was taken back to the Tombs.

"It will be good news to my mother," he told newspaper men. "That's all I want to say for publication."

The moot question which Justice Hendrick had to decide was whether the court had power to grant a jury trial. He held that he did have such power.

He pointed out that the jury was called in "to aid the court by their advice" and that the finding of the jury would not be binding if the court was satisfied that it was not in accordance with the evidence and with justice.

Justice Hendrick set the date of the trial for May 17.

would be done to make the channel of sufficient depth.

"We are making all our plans to go through and will be in the canal July 4," said Mr. Daniels. "We will go through and we will go through in good shape."

PEN SKETCHES OF MEN PLAYING BIG PARTS IN TRIAL OF ROOSEVELT-BARNES \$50,000 LIBEL SUIT AT SYRACUSE, N. Y.



Theodore Roosevelt



Charles F. Murphy



WILLIAM M. IVIS



WILLIAM BARNES JR.

\$3,000,000 LOSS TWENTY DEATHS IN TEXAS STORM

Lone Star State and Eastern Oklahoma Swept by Electrical and Wind Storm—Austin Heaviest Sufferer—Streams on Rampage and Traffic Interrupted.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 23.—Damage of at least \$3,000,000 has resulted from yesterday's Texas rain and electrical storm, according to the information available up to noon today. Austin was the heaviest sufferer, with twelve known dead, five missing and a half million dollars property damage.

A rain estimated at from six to eight inches turned creeks about Austin into rivers from half a mile to a mile wide in outlying parts of the city. In the darkness last night this flood swept several entire families into the water. The known dead are:

Martha Virginia Ezell, a young girl; Helen King, a telephone operator; George Holmes; Tom Quinn, a fireman; Mexican woman named Cortez and her child; unidentified man; five negroes.

It is said that five others who were in the house with the Ezell and King girls, were drowned.

Twenty Are Dead

DALLAS, Tex., April 23.—Twenty persons, perhaps more, it was estimated today, met death late yesterday and last night in a rain, electrical and wind storm general over nearly all of Texas and eastern Oklahoma. Resultant floods have interrupted communication by rail and wire. In some parts of the storm area the wind and rain continue today. Austin felt the greatest fury of the tempest. The death toll at the state capital is expected to be at least fifteen.

Damage in Oklahoma

SHAWNEE, Okla., April 23.—Seven persons were injured, three dangerously, in a tornado which last night destroyed the home of S. L. Whitley, a farmer near here. The property damage in this vicinity was heavy.

Fort Worth Without Fuel

FORT WORTH, April 23.—Two breaks in the natural gas mains between this city and the Clay county gas fields, caused by floods resulting from last night's storm, today left Fort Worth newspapers and small manufacturers without fuel for their power plants and most housewives without means of cooking breakfast.

SPANISH SUBJECT KILLED BY CARRANZA

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Castro Fernandez, a Spanish subject, was shot and killed by Captain Loza, a Carranza officer, in Puebla, Mex., according to mail dispatches received here today at the Spanish embassy. It was stated that Fernandez was dragged from his home and shot without trial. He was charged with being implicated in conspiracy against the government. Captain Loza was condemned by the local government to twelve years imprisonment.

NEARLY THREE BILLIONS ESTIMATED FOOD EXPORTS

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Secretary Redfield laid before President Wilson at the cabinet today his estimates that American exports for the current fiscal year will reach \$2,750,000,000. The secretary took to the cabinet meeting tables showing that exports of breadstuffs from the United States last month amounted to \$59,000,000 worth, as compared with \$8,000,000 in March, 1914. Breadstuffs exported from the United States since the outbreak of the war have totalled \$118,000,000.