

EAST PRUSSIA AGAIN INVADED BY CZAR'S ARMY

Third Attempt of Russians to Seize German Territory—Seaport of Memel Seized—Another Drive at Warsaw From Bzura River Seems Probable—Russians Defeat Turks.

PETROGRAD, March 19.—The campaign in the east has assumed a new aspect with the penetration of the northern most point of East Prussia by Russian forces. This invasion in the north in many ways parallels the advance into East Prussia of two months ago, when the Russian Tenth army, which it was thought might flank the German positions near the Mazurian Lakes, was defeated and driven out. On this occasion, however, Russian military authorities say unanimously that the invasion does not possess a like strategic significance. The Russian force has penetrated East Prussia and entered the important seaport of Memel.

Shift Polish Attack. Of equal importance is the general shifting of directions of the German attack in Poland, accompanied by new concentration of forces, which has now become apparent. Although fighting is still in progress to the north of Przasnysz, the Germans apparently have abandoned their efforts to break through the fortified line in the north and approach Warsaw from that direction. They are transferring troops to the southern bank of the Vistula, presumably in preparation for a resumption of the attack along the front to the west of Warsaw, near the Bzura river, where for two months they vainly hammered the strong line of Russian defenses which separates them from the Polish capital.

SUDAN PAPERS CONTAIN NOTHING ABOUT UPRISING

NEW YORK, March 19.—Issues of the Sudan Times, published at Khartoum as late as February 11, which have reached this city, contain nothing to confirm the reports received by wireless telegraph from Berlin yesterday, respecting the uprising of dervishes and their successes in the Khartoum and Nubia regions. The Berlin dispatches said that an uprising of the Senussi tribesmen occurred in November. The Sudan Times, February 11, contains the following official report: "Sheikh Sidi Ahmed, grand senussi, in conversation with a British official expressed great annoyance that certain people had spread baseless reports in regard to his intentions and thus throw doubt on his pledged word of friendship to Egypt and his government. "Suleiman El Baruni, the Tripoli agitator, and others, who were discovered intriguing against Egypt, have been arrested by the Senussi and are kept under strict guard."

NEW CRATER ON MT. LASSEN ERUPTS WITH OLD CRATER

REDDING, Cal., March 19.—Lassen Peak and smaller craters and vents nearby began a series of eruptions at daybreak that still continue, emitting rolling clouds of sulphurous smoke that have spread for many miles in all directions. This is the eighty-first eruption of the main crater. The first eruption came from behind Broke-Off mountain, probably from Bumpas Hellhole. Lassen Peak's main crater became active several hours later.

GERMANS ADMIT RUSSIANS STILL IN EASTERN PRUSSIA

BERLIN, March 19, (by wireless).—The German general staff today gave out a report on the progress of the war, reading as follows: "In the Champagne district further French attacks have failed. One of these was to the north of Le Mesnil and the other to the north of Beausejour. We took prisoners two French officers and 70 soldiers. After heavy losses the French retreated under our effective fire back to their former position. "To the southeast of Vernon the French have made several advances. In the plain of the Woivre French attacks have been repulsed, while on the east side of the heights of the Meuse the fighting continues. "The situation in the vicinity of Memel, in East Prussia, is not yet clear. It would appear that minor Russian detachments have entered Memel. Counter measures have been taken. "All the Russian attacks between the River Pissa and the River Orzye, to the northeast of Przasnysz have been repulsed. In some of these engagements the enemy lost heavily. "The situation south of the Vistula shows no change."

DIPLOMATS DISCUSS BLOCKADE PROTEST

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The Austrian ambassador, Dr. Dumba, and the minister from the Netherlands, Chevalier Van Rappard, discussed the British order in council with Counselor Lansing at the state department today, both seeking light as to the probable attitude of the Washington government. The Netherlands minister is keeping his government informed as to the views of the United States on Holland's reply to the British order which is based to some extent upon the position taken by Washington officials.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS OR TWO FLEETS?

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 19.—Warning that the United States must now decide on a definite foreign policy was given by Senator James Hamilton Lewis, who addressed the Missouri legislature today. Senator Lewis said the United States should decide whether it should retain the Philippines and maintain two large fleets to face aggression on the part of foreign powers or the United States must decide to leave the Philippines and return to the traditional policy of isolation. Should the United States find it necessary to make a protest against Japan forcibly seizing China, Japan would probably exact of present allies—Great Britain, France and Russia—to support her against the United States, said Senator Lewis. "Then America would be confronted with a remarkable situation. Should Japan, in conjunction with China, be forced to vent the grievance of her people by war, she would seize the Philippines and then would seize

FLEET RENEWS ASSAULT UPON DARDANELLES

Artillery Duel Between Batteries and Warships Protecting Mine Sweepers in Progress—French Battleship Reported to Have Struck Mine and Sunk—Fortifications Undamaged.

PARIS, March 19.—An artillery duel in the Dardanelles between Turkish shore batteries and warships protecting allied mine sweepers lasted from midnight until 2 a. m. yesterday, says an Athens dispatch to the Havas agency based upon information from Tenodos. The warships are reported to have been struck by several shells but the damage done was slight. Two shore batteries were silenced.

BERLIN, March 19 (by wireless).—A squadron of six British and seven French battleships at half past seven o'clock this morning attacked three fortresses of the Dardanelles. French Warship Sunk. At the same time another squadron of the allied fleets commenced operations against three fortresses in Saros Bay.

After a fierce artillery duel the hostile ships withdrew at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, but part of the squadron continued its fire until 5 o'clock at long range and at great intervals. The French battleship Bouvet struck a mine at 2:30 in the vicinity of the entrance to the straits and sank in three minutes. A British torpedo boat was sunk by the fire from the forts. The British battleship Irresistible was put out of action while another battleship was seriously damaged.

Fort Little Damaged. The Overseas News Bureau says today.

"A special correspondent of the Berlin Tageblatt, after a personal inspection of the Dardanelles reports that the fire of the allied fleet has inflicted no serious damage to the inner fortifications. Five British ships have been disabled, however, and three mine sweepers have been sunk. No Turkish soldiers have been killed since the allies began the shelling of the inner forts.

SERBS PLAN BAN ON BULGAR TONGUE

SOFIA, Bulgaria, March 19, (by way of Berlin).—The Bulgarian news agency announces that the Serbian minister of education has forbidden the use of the Bulgarian language in private schools in an effort to destroy every trace of Bulgarian culture in the country. Only Greeks, Turks and Albanians are permitted instruction in their mother tongue. The Serbian language is required in all other schools.

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Hawaii as the base from which to intercept our fleet on its way to recover the Philippines. Then Russia the ally of Japan, would seize northern Alaska. "This would divide our army and navy. England, because of her alliance with Japan, could render no assistance to the United States in Canada or Alaska, nor would she dare to do so, in view of British possessions in Asia and India. Central America, which has a grievance against us, such as the claim that we formally took Panama, might lead itself to aid our foes by destroying the Panamanian canal to prevent our fleet in the Atlantic and Pacific from joining. "It is plain that the United States has but one of two courses. Either we must come out of the Philippines and remove any governmental interest from the far east or we must maintain an Atlantic fleet large enough to cope with combined Europe, and a Pacific fleet large enough to combat the combined Orient."

WITHOUT A COUNTRY MAN IS DOOMED TO LIVE UPON HIGH SEAS

NEW YORK, March 19.—Excluded from America, rejected by Brazil and due apparently to travel the ocean as a guest of the Lampport and Holt line steamers until the United States immigration authorities concede that he has recovered his mental equilibrium, Nathan Cohen is in New York again today after having completed two round trips from New York to Buenos Ayres. Since last May, Cohen has been a wanderer upon the face of the ocean. His case is an odd one in the annals of deported immigrants.

Asserting that Brazil was his native country, he first arrived in New York in May, 1912, and went to Virginia to set up a little store with a relative. His sanity was questioned and the immigration officials ordered his deportation to Rio Janeiro, whence he came. He was first shipped south last May, but Brazil rejected him and he was carried on to Buenos Ayres and thence to New York. Efforts to land him here were futile and again he made the round trip to Buenos Ayres, returning yesterday on board the steamship Vasari. In all, he has traveled 33,740 miles on one \$45 ticket. It is now asserted that his mental balance has been restored and an effort was again to be made to land him here. If it fails he must start south again March 27.

AUSTRIA RESISTS CEDING OF LAND TO KEEP ITALY QUIET

PARIS, March 19.—The Austrian government is resisting energetically pressure exerted by Germany to induce her to make territorial concessions to Italy, according to a Geneva dispatch to the Petit Parisien. Count Andrássy, former premier of Hungary and several statesmen representing the dual monarchy are reported to have gone to Berlin to discuss the problem with Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and Foreign Minister Von Jagow. It is reported at Geneva that if other negotiations fail the German chancellor contemplates a trip to Vienna in the hope that he may convince Emperor Francis Joseph that it is necessary for Austria to consent to the sacrifices asked.

The Vienna Tribune says it is informed by Pan-Germans in Austria are involved in violent conflicts with Czech Transylvania deputies, who are clamoring for a rupture with Germany and the conclusion of a separate peace.

CONSUL'S ARREST VIOLATED NO TREATY

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Preliminary reports to the state department on warrants of arrest issued for Wilhelm Mueller, German consul at Seattle, and his assistant indicate that there was no violation of the rights of consul or privileges guaranteed under the treaty with Germany. Further investigation will be made, however, by a reply to be made to the German embassy's protest against the action of the local authorities in Seattle. It is charged that Mueller had conspired to obtain secrets of a Seattle shipbuilding company, which was said to be building submarines for Great Britain.

BANKS CAN CONDUCT TRUST BUSINESS

SALEM, Or., March 19.—According to an opinion made public today by the office of the attorney-general, national banks in Oregon may conduct a trust business without complying with the state trust law. The trust law, it is held, applies only to banks organized under the state laws.

MORE BRITISH VESSELS VICTIMS OF SUBMARINES

Steamers Hyndford and Bluejacket Torpedoed in English Channel—Both Small Ships—One of Crew of Former Lost, But Latter Remains Afloat.

GLASGOW, Scotland, March 19.—The British steamer Hyndford was torpedoed today in the English channel by a German submarine. It is reported that one member of her crew was killed.

LONDON, March 19.—The British steamer Bluejacket, with wheat from Liverpool, has been torpedoed by a German submarine off Beachy Head. The crew took to the boats. The steamer, although badly damaged, remained afloat.

The steamer Hyndford was of 2775 tons net burden. She was 376 feet long and was built at Port Glasgow in 1905. She was owned by the Scottish Shipowners company of Glasgow.

The Bluejacket was of 2271 tons. She was 336 feet long and belonged to J. L. Thompson & Sons, Ltd. She was owned by G. Hallet of Cardiff and was built at Sunderland in 1904. Beachy Head is a promontory on the south coast of England, projecting into the English channel, about twenty miles east of Brighton.

This steamer was torpedoed in the favorite hunting grounds of the German submarines off Beachy head, while she was proceeding for London under her own steam.

JACK JOHNSON TO RETURN HOME

CHICAGO, March 19.—Jack Johnson, the pugilist, is tired of expatriation and hopes to return to his home in Chicago, where he is under conviction of violating the Mann act, according to a letter received by his mother today. "I am getting tired of knocking around," Johnson's letter read, "as soon as I have whipped Willard I will come back to Chicago and take my medicine, as the government has fixed it up for me."

PLAN REDUCTION OF COTTON ACREAGE

DALLAS, Tex., March 19.—Testimony that reduction of cotton acreage in the southwest is unlikely this year and that diversification of crops is nearly impossible because of restrictions in the tenant system was given today at the land hearing by the federal commission on industrial relations. The commission also took testimony of the existence and effects of an alleged socialistic movement among farm tenants. Investigation of so-called farming was expected to come up late today.

HORN HELD TO FEDERAL COURT

RANGOR, Me., March 19.—Werner Horn, charged with illegal interstate transportation of explosives, was held today for appearance in the federal district court in Boston. He was remanded to jail in Portland pending his removal to Boston by United States Commissioner Charles H. Reid. Attorneys for Horn argued that their client should be kept in the jurisdiction of this state for a hearing on the matter of his extradition to Canada. They claimed that he had committed an act of war and was responsible only to the German government, which in turn was responsible to the United States. Federal District Attorney John F. A. Merrill replied that the contention of the defense had no foundation in international law. There was no evi-

FALSE PASS PORTS COST TEN MONTHS IN COUNTY PRISON

NEW YORK, March 19.—Richard Madden and Gustave Cook, found guilty yesterday of conspiracy against the United States in aiding Richard P. Stegler, a German naval reservist to obtain a false American passport, were sentenced today to ten months each in the New York county penitentiary. Stegler was then arraigned and pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to 60 days imprisonment.

PREACHER TELLS OF BLOODY SCENES ON ELECTION DAY

INDIANAPOLIS, March 19.—Violent and bloody scenes were witnessed in the Sixth ward on election day, according to testimony today in the Terra Haute election fraud cases by the Rev. I. B. Harper, pastor of the First Methodist church in Terre Haute.

Dr. Harper said he himself had been arrested and his life threatened when he went to the aid of William Horsley, republican candidate for prosecutor, who had been attacked by a number of persons when Horsley objected to rushing illegal voters into the voting place. He also said women at the polls were insulted.

Mrs. Mary Bailey, Mrs. E. Bernard Clogston and Miss Emma B. Moore, watchers at the polls, told of alleged insults in the Sixth ward in the red-light district. These women said they were told by democratic election officials and workers that they would "have to wear wrappers and register like the other women in the district," if they wanted to remain. Mrs. Clogston said Earl de Mint, election sheriff who has pleaded guilty, put his hands on her shoulders "in a fatherly manner." When she objected, she testified he said: "If I can't put my hands on you women you will have to take a ride to jail."

FRENCH CAPTURE MORE TRENCHES

PARIS, March 19.—The war office communication this afternoon is as follows: "At Notre Dame de Lorette we have ourselves been masters of communicating trenches which run from the hill captured by us toward the village of Albain. We destroyed them after having killed, expeller or captured the defenders. "In the Argonne between Bolante and Four de Paris, after a violent fight we progressed ten meters. In the forest of Consvoeye we repulsed a German counter-attack last night and maintained the ground gained on Thursday. At Les Eparges we carried a salient east of the position, in which the enemy had successfully maintained himself since the fighting of last month. We repulsed two counter-attacks yesterday and a third last night."

VILLA'S TROOPS WIN VICTORIES OVER CARRANZA

Convention Forces Defeat of Carranza Followers Under Herrera—Successes Also Recorded Along Line of Vera Cruz-Mexico City Railroad.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Defeat and complete rout of the Carranza forces under General Monclovia Herrera by the convention troops of General Rosalio Hernandez at Oregano, southeast of Piedras Negras, was reported today to the Villa agency by the military commander at Piedras Negras.

End of Resistance. The dispatch said a large number of prisoners were taken by the convention forces and Herrera's men scattered and fled to the Burro mountains near the border, between the states of Chihuahua and Coahuila. This defeat the agency claims, marks the end of resistance by the Carranza element in this section of the country. Another report today said the scattered remnants of the Carranza forces surprised and routed by General Villa at Ramones, east of Monterey were retreating northward toward the border city of Camargo and the main body had reached Aldamas, with the Villa troops in close pursuit. All their artillery and ammunition was captured.

Friction With Chief. WASHINGTON, March 19.—Friction between General Carranza and General Gonzalez, local commander at Tampico, over the collection of petroleum production tax, has been caused by the claim of Gonzalez that the taxes should be used for local purposes, the state department was advised today. A recent order, it was reported, requiring all future payments to be made to the general director of the stamp office in Vera Cruz, instead of in Tampico. Reports from Vera Cruz said several Carranza garrisons along the railroad connecting Vera Cruz and Mexico City had been defeated.

THAW FREE FOR MONTH AT LEAST

NEW YORK, March 19.—As the result of various writs and orders sworn out in his behalf and the resultant tangle, Harry K. Thaw is in no danger of being returned to the state hospital for the criminal insane at Matteawan for at least a month. Supreme Court Justice Bijur, signer of two writs of habeas corpus in Thaw's behalf said today, upon the conclusion of a conference between counsel for Thaw, the sheriff of New York county, the warden of the Tombs prison and representatives of the state attorney general's office, that Thaw's attorney could by means of securing adjournments, delay the final hearing upon the first writ, secured early in the week until April 19. John B. Stanchfield, Thaw's chief counsel said he intended to make such moves.

ZEPPELINS RAID CALAIS AT NIGHT

CALAIS, via Paris, March 19.—A shower of shrapnel from French artillery greeted the Zeppelin which raided this city Thursday night and dropped bombs which killed seven persons without damaging the railroad station at which they were aimed. The characteristic throbbing of the Zeppelins engines gave warning of the airships approach between midnight and 1 a. m. The rays of powerful searchlights were turned upon the clouds in an effort to locate the aerial invader but the German craft flew high above banks of dark clouds and for some time was invisible.