

RUSSIAN FLEET OFF TO ATTACK BOSPHORUS AS ALLIES WIN DARDANELLES

CZAR'S SHIPS TO STRIKE PORTE'S NORTHERN GATE

Black Sea Fleet Passes Burgas, Bulgaria—Sultan Reported to Have Already Fled Capital—Allied Fleet Slowly Battering Way Up Dardanelles—Turkish Ships Retreat.

LONDON, March 5.—The Russian Black Sea fleet is steaming toward the Bosphorus, says a dispatch from Rome. The Bucharest correspondent of the Giornale d'Italia of Rome telegraphs that the Russian fleet has passed Burgas, Bulgaria.

Should the Russian fleet attack the Bosphorus it presumably would have to deal with the Turkish fleet, supposed to be in that region and the most powerful member of which is the cruiser Sultan Selim, formerly the German cruiser Goeben.

The Bosphorus is 18 miles long and from one half to one and one-half miles wide. It is defended with modern fortifications, which guard the approach to Constantinople at the western end.

Allied Fleets Busy

In the meantime the allied fleets are slowly battering their way up the Dardanelles without so far as is known a single serious loss among the ships. The sultan of Turkey, according to a report from Athens, already has fled from Constantinople, this however, has not been confirmed and reports from Turkish sources, notably an interview with Enver Pasha, depreciate the seriousness of the bombardment in the Dardanelles and insist that the real defenses of the straits have not been affected.

Situation Favorable

It can be said that from the British point of view the situation today, wherever fighting is going on, is taken as favorable to the allies. The South African rebellion has been crushed; the Turkish invasion of Egypt seemingly has been abandoned; the reports from the eastern battle front are favorable; no adverse news regarding the operations against the Dardanelles yet has been received and the blockade on foodstuffs into Germany is about to be enforced. In the western arena of the war the Germans, judging from dispatches reaching here, are fighting hard to recover the ground lost during the last fortnight. Near Arras they have forged ahead somewhat, but the allies report progress both in the Champagne, and the Argonne districts.

TAKE CARRANZA MONEY OR GO TO JAIL IS DECREE

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The food situation in Mexico City, already causing considerable concern to officials here, has been further complicated by a new decree by General Obregon, the Carranza commander, ordering all merchants in the capital to open their shops and accept constitutional currency.

The Spanish ambassador, Mr. Riano, discussed the situation with state department officials and Secretary Bryan took the latest official dispatches to the cabinet meeting.

Many of the merchants in Mexico City are foreigners, mostly Spaniards, and the state department probably will make representations to General Carranza. For refusal to accept Carranza currency the penalty in Obregon's decree is imprisonment.

The seriousness of the situation at Progresso, where there has been an embargo in force some days, is indicated in official dispatches. The port is closed as far as known here.

At Concordia, Kan., fifteen inches of snow fell. The precipitation here was twelve inches.

HISTORIC STRUCTURES OF CONSTANTINOPLE ARE THREATENED



The Hogue of St. Sofia, Most Famous Church in the World.

TWO GERMAN SUBMARINES LOST IN BRITISH WATERS

LONDON, March 5.—Two German submarines have been sunk in British waters, according to an official announcement given out in London today.

The text of the statement is as follows:

"The secretary of the admiralty makes the following announcement:

"The S. S. Thordis has now been examined in drydock and injuries to her keel and her propeller confirm the evidence of Captain Bell and the crew that on the 28th of February the vessel rammed and in all probability sank a German submarine which had fired a torpedo at her.

"Yesterday afternoon the German submarine U-8 was sunk in the channel off Dover by destroyers and the officers and men were taken prisoners."

The submarine U-8 was of 300 tons displacement. She had a speed of thirteen knots above water and eight knots submerged, with the radius of operation of 1200 miles. The vessel carried three torpedo tubes and had a complement of twelve men. The U-8 was a sister ship to the famous U-9, which in the early months of the war sank the British cruisers Hogue, Aboukir, Cressy and Hawke.

DOVER, England, March 5.—The crew of the U-8, numbering twenty-nine, was landed at Dover today and was taken to Dover Castle, under an armed escort.

The U-8 was smaller than the latest German submarines, her displacement under water being only 300 tons.

VANDERBILT CUP RACE TOMORROW

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—The Vanderbilt cup race, the chief event of the automobile speed game in America, will take place tomorrow over the course of the Panama Pacific international exposition. The race will start at 12:30 p. m. The course is in perfect shape, as no rain has fallen for several days, and with favorable racing conditions continuing the record made in the Grand Prix race last Saturday will be left far behind.

Thirty-one contestants are listed to start. "Bib" Burman, holder of the world's record for a mile, entered at the last moment. In practice this morning Burman broke the course record by speeding around at the rate of seventy-one miles an hour. On the straightaway the racers have been making 100 miles an hour.

AUSTRIANS FORCED TO EVACUATE CZERNOWITZ BUKOWINA'S CAPITAL

LONDON, March 5.—The Bucharest correspondent of the Evening News telegraphed today that the offensive movement in Galicia had forced the Austrians to evacuate Czernowitz, the capital of Bukovina. The dispatch adds that the main Austrian forces in this region have retired in the direction of Franzenthal, to the south of the Carpathians.



The "Sublime Porte" High Gate of Government Palace, From Which Turkish Government Takes Its Name. Formerly Justice Was Dispensed Publicly Under It.

KAISER'S PLANS FOR RUSSIAN INVASION ARE SPOILED AGAIN

LONDON, March 5.—Even if no decisive battle develops from the present Russian offensive on the eastern front the allies today are advancing the claim that the Austro-German plans for their spring campaign in the east have been measurably interfered with.

Some weeks ago Field Marshal von Hindenburg was sweeping victoriously through northern Poland, while in the south the Austrians were pressing forward both in Galicia and Bukovina. Today these roles appeared to be reversed. Russian troops are attacking the German line from the Niemen to the Vistula, and although the Germans are clinging tenaciously to their positions before Ossowetz and at other points north of the Vistula, their thrust toward Warsaw has been brought to a standstill and they are being slowly forced back.

Other news dispatches reaching London set forth that in the south the Austrians and the Hungarians continue to fling themselves with great bravery and even greater loss against the Russian lines. These onslaughts have not yet abated; the Russian general staff declares they have brought no gains. The German contingent in the Carpathians has been reduced to three army corps, according to report in London.

BLIZZARD COVERS MIDDLE WEST WITH SNOW BLANKET

CHICAGO, March 5.—The blizzard that swept portions of the middle west and southwestern states last night, reached Chicago early today. According to officials of the local weather bureau a heavy snowfall is expected. Reports from Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Arkansas told of a snow fall of four to seven inches. Traffic throughout Kansas, Nebraska and western Missouri was reported to be seriously affected. In Northern Nebraska high wind prevailed piling the snow in huge drifts, which in some places stopped railroad transportation. Telephone and telegraph communication was seriously hampered out of Chicago and through the snow districts.

OMAHA, Neb., March 5.—The heaviest snow storm of the winter prevailed over Nebraska, South Dakota and Iowa last night and today. The local weather bureau reported this morning the snow fall here as 14 inches, while more has fallen west.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 5.—The snow storm which swept over Nebraska last night and this morning, showed no signs of abating. Reports from all parts of the state indicated the snow was from six to nine inches

TWO WOMEN MOST INTERESTED FOLLOW TRIAL

Mother of Martin Cheers Him and Meeting Brings Tears to Eyes—Widow of Man He Murdered Weeps During Recital—Neighbors Tell of Threats Made Against Dead Man.

Loris Martin, accused slayer of Game Warden A. S. Hubbard, on trial in the circuit court, wept in the courtroom Thursday afternoon when his gray-haired mother, advanced from her seat among the spectators and placed a loving hand upon his shoulders. Mother and son conversed, while the jury was taking a short recess, and when the twelve men who hold his freedom in their hands filed back, Martin stood and cried, tears streaming down his face. Even after the jury was seated the mother stood erect, and with admiring eyes watched her son as he sat on the edge of his chair beside his attorney.

Another woman was in the courtroom at the same time—the widow of the man whose life Martin snuffed out. She was garbed in black, a heavy veil over her face, and was often in tears. The eyes of the two women did not meet. The widow left the courtroom before adjournment; the mother remained until the last word was spoken, for a farewell and a last glimpse of her boy.

Comedy in the Trial

Comedy also came into the trial. It was furnished by Ed Van Dyke, a tall and picturesque mountaineer, who had imbibed too freely and talked slowly. He gave his testimony with many gestures and told a thrilling story. Threats Martin is alleged to have made against the life of Hubbard he repeated with vigor, with emphasis on the profane portions. When cross-examined he startled the court by flatly denying that he had ever talked with Martin, had ever testified or that he had drunk intoxicants.

While testifying Van Dyke played with a string attached to a window

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STATE RESTS IN MARTIN TRIAL: DEFENSE BEGINS

Four Witnesses for Prosecution Tell During Morning of Threats Made Against Dead Warden by Martin—Three for Defense Testify as to Bad Blood Existing Between Two.

The state rested and the defense began in the trial of Loris Martin, charged with the murder of Game Warden A. S. Hubbard, in the circuit court this morning, and the fate of the Trail creek trapper will be in the hands of the jury some time tomorrow afternoon.

Four witnesses appeared for the prosecution—the last one Prosecutor Kelly himself, who took the stand to refute intimidation by the attorney for the defense that James Vogeli of Eagle Point, who told of a threat against the life of Hubbard Martin made on a hunting trip, was unduly influenced toward the state, because of a case involving the closing of his tavern through an order of the then Governor Oswald West.

Prosecutor on Stand

Prosecutor Kelly said that he received a letter from Governor West saying that the W. C. T. U. of Eagle Point had claimed that the saloon license under which Vogeli was operating was invalid, and suggested that he closed the resort. Prosecutor Kelly testified that he wrote Vogeli that it had been reported to him that his license was invalid. Vogeli secured his attorneys, who the state chief remembered as Porter J. Neff and Clarence Reames, brother of the attorney for the defense, to handle his affairs, and an investigation of the county records disclosed that his license was valid. Prosecutor Kelly said that in his letter he had ordered Vogeli to close, but the order had never been obeyed. Attorney Reames denied that he intimidated, as the prosecutor charged, that there was collusion between the state and the witness.

Vogeli Heard Threats

Vogeli testified that he was on a hunting trip with Martin, near the Chris Natwick road camp, two years ago, when the defendant threatened the life of Hubbard for his arrest for violation of the fishing laws. Vogeli said he asked Martin for his version of the affair, having heard several accounts and Martin gave it with some feeling. He said he told Martin it was "not right, but did not justify him in killing Hubbard."

Three witnesses were called by the defense before the noon recess—C. E. Terrill, a Little Butte creek farmer; S. H. Harnish, a livery stable man of Eagle Point, and Walter Woods, a stockman of the Eagle Point district, who admitted that he had been a witness in several lawsuits of the Eagle Point district. The credibility of all was attacked by the state, Woods in particular being under heavy fire upon cross-examination.

Terrill's Testimony

Terrill testified that he was standing in front of the Quiz in Medford a few weeks before the shooting, talking to Hubbard, when the game warden told him that he was going to arrest violators of the game laws in the Butte Falls district, along Griffin creek and at Trail. Terrill said he told Hubbard that Martin had threatened his life and Hubbard said:

"I'll tear into him—he's all bluff; I'll make him look like a whipped cur."

Terrill said that he told Hubbard once when he stopped at his home over night that Martin had threatened his life, and that the threats were a matter of common knowledge between the two.

Overheard Conversation

Walter Woods testified that he was going by the Childreth blacksmith shop in Eagle Point two years ago when he overheard a conversation between Hubbard and Childreth, in which the game warden said: "The only gun man in the woods is Mar-

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Map showing the territory through which the greatest naval action in history is taking place... The powerful allied fleets have battered their way up the Dardanelles by reducing the forts on either side until they are now within striking distance of the Turkish fleet massed at Nagara, the narrowest place along the strait... Victory for the British and French means that Constantinople is only 125 miles away and the path almost unobstructed. The sultan and his harem have flown to Brusa, in Asia Minor, shown on the map... If Constantinople falls it is likely to be known henceforth as Czargrad, by which name it is now called in Russia, and the name given the city 15 centuries ago by Constantine the Great will pass into history.