

ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP CATHEDRAL EXPOSES ANARCHISTS' PLOT FOR REAL REIGN OF TERROR

BOMB SIGNAL FOR CAMPAIGN OF DESTRUCTION

Attempt to Blow Up St. Patrick's Cathedral With 800 Worshippers Fails—Anarchists Planned Reign of Terror—To Dynamite Wall Street and Kill Millionaires.

NEW YORK, March 2.—An attempt to blow up St. Patrick's cathedral with a bomb today and the arrest of two men by detectives who had been informed for months of their activities, was followed by an announcement at police headquarters that the arrests had balked an anarchist plot to kill with bombs Andrew Carnegie, John D. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and other noted men.

It was part of the plot, the police assert, for gangs of men armed with rifles and revolvers to appear simultaneously in various parts of the city to shoot and to pillage; the biggest banks of New York City were to be blown and many wealthy men were to be slain.

Signal for Anarchy

The wrecking of the cathedral was to be the signal for the opening of the elaborate campaign of terror and looting. The plan was, according to the police, to place bombs in the homes of Andrew Carnegie, John D. Rockefeller and Cornelius Vanderbilt. So far had the plan progressed toward this, that the manufacture of bombs had started.

With these men disposed of the anarchists planned to enter the financial district and place their bombs in the city's biggest banks. General looting was to follow. For months a central office detective had worked in the inner circle of the anarchists, according to the police story. This detective, Frank Baldo, assisted in the manufacture of the bomb with which the attempt was made today to blow up the cathedral. The detective accompanied the bomb-thrower to the edifice and sat with him while he lighted the bomb and hurled it at the altar.

Extinguish the Bomb

Immediately the cathedral, in which 800 persons sat at worship, became alive with detectives, whose presence had been unsuspected by the bomb carrier. Baldo, sitting beside him, placed him under arrest; detectives sitting in the pew behind dashed into the aisle and stamped out the sputtering fuse. The congregation hardly realized what had happened when it was over and there was no panic. At police headquarters the prisoner said he was Frank Albarno, a lithographer, 24 years old. Soon after he was taken to headquarters, detectives arrested Charles Carzone, an 18-year-old boy, and charged him with complicity in the plot and with helping to make the bomb.

Detectives Concealed

Two scrub women on their knees in the vestibule where he was passed were in reality central office detectives. The white-wigged priest who

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PLAN TO OUST CHICAGO SALOONS

CHICAGO, March 2.—Plans for a campaign to oust saloons from Chicago in 1916 were discussed today at the opening of temperance headquarters here. More than 200 churches have agreed to support the movement and 24 temperance and kindred organizations have pledged their aid in the effort to drive out 7,152 saloons now open in the city.

CZAR RESUMES OFFENSIVE ALONG POLISH FRONT

Russians Claims to Have Thrown Back Two German Army Corps—Bad Weather Halts Attack Upon Constantinople—Both Sides Claim Success Along Western Battle Line.

PARIS, March 2.—Bombardment of the inner forts of the Dardanelles was resumed at 10 o'clock yesterday morning says an Athens dispatch to the Havas Agency. A Russian admiral delegated to attend a council of admirals has joined the allied fleet in the straits, making the trip by way of Dedagatch, a seaport of Bulgaria, and terminus of the railway line from Adrianople and Saloniki.

LONDON, March 2.—The attack of the Anglo-French fleet on the Dardanelles has been interrupted by unfavorable weather, but a despatch from Athens states that before the operations were suspended the two Turkish forts at the narrowest part of the straits had been silenced. It is stated that the Turkish army massed on the peninsula for defense of Constantinople consists of 100,000 men.

From Athens comes a report that Essad Pasha of Albania fame, the Turkish soldier who made his reputation as a strategic by the defense of Janina in the Balkan war, has been placed in command of the Turkish forces at Gallipoli flanking the straits.

Russians on Offensive

Of the land operations the most important at present under way are along the east Prussian frontier, in northern Poland and in Champagne on the western front. Concerning the latter engagement, French and German reports disagree sharply. Berlin states that the allies have been driven back, while Paris claims that the French have repulsed strong German counter attacks and gained more ground.

In Poland the Russians are on the offensive along the entire front. In the most important operations around Przasnysz, the Germans are said to have been defeated decisively and forced back across the border.

Petrograd reports the completion of Russian military operations around Przasnysz and claims to have thrown back to the frontier at this point two German army corps.

Petrograd announces also the resumption of the offensive by the Russian forces in Galicia.

Berlin Pessimistic

Berlin officially announces the repulse of Russian attacks north of Lomza and northwest of Ostroleka, but says that otherwise there is nothing to report along the eastern frontier. News dispatches reaching here from Berlin say that a certain degree of pessimism prevails there on account of the reported reaction in favor of Russia all along the eastern battle line.

Vienna, more communicative than her allies, reports successful action in the western section of the Carpathians and artillery engagements in Galicia, where the Russians are said to have been heavily reinforced.

The British press is virtually unanimous in praise of Premier Asquith's announcement yesterday of Great Britain's reprisals against the submarine warfare of Germany.

EL PASO, Tex., March 2.—Promoters of the Johnson-Willard boxing contest announced today that a committee of El Paso business men had telegraphed Jack Johnson a guarantee for his safe conduct to Juarez and return, offering a cash bond as assurance. Tom Jones, Jess Willard's manager, said that he would not take his boxer to Havana unless promoters there put up sufficient guarantee.

AURORA, ILLINOIS, MYSTIFIED AND SHOCKED BY THIRD MURDER MYSTERY

AURORA CASE LIKE WHITECHAPEL MURDERS

The third mysterious murder of a woman in Aurora recalls the sensational series of fourteen slayings by "Jack the Ripper" in Whitechapel, the slums of London, in the '80's. In the space of a few weeks 14 women were found dead and terribly mutilated. The whole civilized world was astounded, but the greatest efforts of the best detectives were futile. "Jack the Ripper" was never caught, even though he would write a note to the police with chalk on the wall nearest the body of his victim telling when he would commit the next murder.



Above is Photograph of Emma Peterson, the Third of the Aurora Murder Maniac's Victims. Below are the Other Murdered Girls, Theresa Hollander, and (at right) Jennie Miller.

MYSTERIOUS FIEND CLUBS GIRL VICTIMS TO DEATH

WILSON ORDERED GRAND JURY PROBE OF GERMAN PLOT

WASHINGTON, March 2.—President Wilson revealed today that he had directed the present New York grand jury investigation into the alleged frauds. It was indicated, however, that unless indictments were returned the United States could not take officially charges made against diplomatic officers or embassy attaches. The name of Captain Boy-Ed, naval attaché of the German embassy, has been brought prominently into one case. While international law holds a diplomatic officer immune from arrest, it is said, it does not preclude indictment. In such an event the affair becomes a question of the acceptability of any officer involved. President Wilson said today he had no official knowledge of reports that Count Bernstorff, German ambassador, was to leave his post here.

FIRST IN GRAVEYARD, SECOND IN CHURCHYARD, THIRD ON CITY STREET

AURORA, Ill., March 2.—A ghostly slayer who haunts this mid-west town's far-famed "murder belt" has just struck down his third girl victim—clubbed her to death on a main street at an early hour of the evening and disappeared into the black night of mystery which still cloaks the grim solution of two preceding tragedies! Standing out from that ghastly history of murder are three horrible pictures. All the rest is a gloom of a mystery more baffling than any in the annals of American crime. The First Murder Mystery The first scene flashed upon the startled eyes of Aurora people little more than a year ago. It was of a young woman's body, lying in blood-spattered snow across a grave. The girl's aged mother, moved by a sinister intuition, had leaped from her bed at about 11 o'clock on the night of February 16, 1914, and, clad only in her night clothes, had run barefoot across the moonlit snow to the neighboring cemetery. There she found her daughter's dead body. That was the Aurora graveyard murder. Theresa Hollander was the victim. Her head was beaten in by a piece of scantling. The brute who struck the blow was never found. A few months later—people were still whispering in horror-struck tones of the unsolved graveyard murder—came the Aurora churchyard murder. On the evening of November 19 last another young woman was found lying in a pool of blood, half under the hedge surrounding the Aurora First Methodist churchyard. The victim was Miss Jennie Miller, daughter of a former mayor. Her head had been crushed in by a blow from a plumber's wrench. The man who wielded it was never found. Now comes the third murder. Emma Peterson the Victim Miss Emma Peterson was the vic-

FILE PETITION FOR OLNEY AS RECEIVER ON WESTERN PACIFIC

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.—The Equitable Trust company of New York filed a petition with Judge Van Fleet of the United States district court today asking that the western Pacific railroad be placed in the hands of a receiver. The petition asked that Warren Olney, Jr., chief counsel of the railroad, be named receiver. Today's action follows the announcement of the controlling interests in New York Saturday that the railroad would be obliged to default its bonds, which fell due yesterday. The amount of the bond is \$5,000,000, of which about \$12,000,000 are held on the Pacific coast. In the petition filed today a request is made that permission be given to sell the railroad at auction if within a definite time to be fixed by the court the railroad is unable to meet its obligations. In a statement issued by the Western Pacific officials here Saturday it was declared that the railroad, while earning more than its operating expenses, had never been able to meet the full interest on its bonds. For the last ten years the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, holder of the controlling interest, has met the deficiency, paying in more than \$16,000,000, but is no longer able to continue, it was stated.

CZAR'S NEXT MOVE WILL BE EDUCATION

NEW YORK, March 2.—An officer of the emperor's household in a letter to a friend in this city, writes that the second wide sweeping reform to be effected in Russia will be compulsory education. The letter states that M. Kasso, minister of instruction and religion, is formulating a decree to be issued on the termination of the present hostilities and to be in full effect throughout the empire after five years. The matter is being discussed by the ministers of the cabinet. It is generally believed that the local government bodies will welcome the new move in education and give it financial support.

NAVAL BILL AGAIN SLICED BY CONGRESS

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Conferees on the naval bill agreed on two battleships, two submarines of ocean-going type, sixteen coast defense submarines, six or more torpedo-boat destroyers, and one oil fuel ship. The senate amendment appropriating \$1,000,000 toward construction of an armor plate factory was stricken out.

UNITED STATES SEEKS DETAILS ABOUT BLOCKADE

President to Send Note to Allies Asking What Means Will Be Taken to Carry Out New Policy—Denies the Right of Nations to Change Rules of Warfare.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The United States will send a note to Great Britain and France, in answer to the one received yesterday, inquiring what means will be taken in carrying out the policy of holding up supplies being carried to and from Germany. President Wilson told callers today that the British-French note outlined in very general terms a policy, but did not define the means of carrying it into effect.

No Right to Change

President Wilson refused to discuss the subject in detail, but said that no nation has the right to change the rules of warfare because the methods of war have changed. He indicated that the United States will not change its previously announced position; but will continue to make efforts to have the belligerents respect American shipping of a non-contraband character.

The president said it was not clear in his own mind whether the new action of the British and French governments established a blockade of Germany, although that would be the general effect of the order. He indicated that even though a real blockade were established, no questions affecting the neutrality of the United States would be precipitated by the continued vorages of American ships to Germany. The president added, he had not had opportunity to thoroughly digest the contents of the communication from Great Britain and France but the question was under serious consideration.

Not Neutrality Violation

The president made it clear, however, that for American ship to sail for Germany would involve no violation of neutrality but merely the usual risk of the owner of vessel and cargo in legal proceedings. The minister from the Netherlands inquired at the state department what reply the United States intended to make. He desired to send word to his government and the opinion was expressed that The Netherlands along with other neutrals, would send representations similar to those which this country might make.

VIOLENT FIGHTING IN PROGRESS ALONG WESTERN FRONT

LONDON, March 2.—The French and German official communications today agree that violent fighting is under way in the Champagne region, where the allies began an attack several days ago, and that losses have been unusually heavy. Berlin announces that new French attacks, made with strong forces, were repelled in most cases, and that the French losses were enormous. The Paris statement claims progress for the allies at several points and asserts that the Germans suffered very heavily. Apparently the battle is the largest and most severely contested of any along the western front since the engagement at Soissons.

Minor battles have occurred in the Vosges, and a report from the British commander, Sir John French, says that ground has been gained by his army, but operations in general along the line are unimportant except in Champagne.

In Russian Poland the fighting apparently has become less intense following the German reverse at Przasnysz, although the Russians assert that they are conducting a general offensive movement. The German official reports state that Russian attacks at several points near the border have failed.

TWO SPECIAL VENIRE'S DRAWN MARTIN TRIAL

Prospects Are for Third Venire Before Jury Is Secured in Trial of Game Warden's Slayer—Rigid Questioning Results in Admittance of Opinions Excusing Talesmen.

Two special venires—one Monday afternoon, the other this morning, have been drawn to secure a jury to hear the evidence and pass upon the innocence or guilt of Loris Martin, accused slayer of Game Warden A. S. Hubbard, near Trail last December. At noon today 12 men sat in the jury box, but of these it is predicted, but few will remain, after the rigid examination of both state and defense. The state has three challenges left—the defense eight, and all the pre-emptories will be used in the winnowing for a jury. In the first venire six men were drawn, in the second eight, and a third is probable.

Must Prove Ignorance

In the examining of the prospective jurors, not a loophole that the law allows, or a question that keen legal minds can suggest is overlooked. Talesmen were asked by the defense if newspaper articles giving accounts of the murder had influenced them, if they possessed any deep-rooted opinions for or against the game laws and their enforcement, and if they had attended the moving picture show benefit given for the widow of the slain officer at Ashland last January. Talesmen were also asked if they were members of any game or protective association, or friends of game wardens. They were also asked if they entertained any prejudice against a defendant because he lived the free and open life of the mountains.

No Technicalities Invoked

The state asked jurors if they held opinions formed by reading newspapers, if they were against the strict enforcement of the game laws and if they were friends of either of the principals. Several of the jurors were dismissed because they held fixed opinions relative to the merits of the case. It is expected that the jury will be completed this afternoon and that the first witness will be called when the court opens tomorrow morning.

The selection of the jury has been free from any legal sparring, both sides adhering to strict policies, without discussion of technical points. The opening instructions of the jury, if completed this afternoon will be given in the morning. The jury will be held under no restraint during the trial.

Much Interest Shown

Martin, the accused takes a respectful, but no zealous interest in the proceedings that means freedom or a long prison term for him. Two months of jail life has paled him. He was cheered Monday by the greeting of many old friends from the Trail district, who exchanged the time of day with him. He was anxious to see his mother and his sister.

No case in the history of Jackson county is exciting so much interest, has been so widely read, and discussed, or promises to be so hard fought. Every vantage of jurisprudence will be used by both sides, and when the case is under way the arguments on the admissibility of certain evidence will be lengthy. The first day of the trial found a courtroom packed with spectators, watching every move, and catching every word of the dry routine of selecting a jury.

BULGARIA PROTESTS MINES IN DANUBE

SOFIA, via Berlin and wireless to London, March 2.—Premier Radoslavoff has sent an identical note to the Austrian, Russian and Serbian embassies protesting against the damage done by mines planted in the Danube and which have been washed against Bulgarian territory bordering on the river.