

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY BY THE MEDFORD PRINTING CO.
Office Mail Tribune Building, 25-27-29 North 1st street; telephone 75.
The Democratic Times, The Medford Mail, The Medford Tribune, The Southern Oregonian, The Ashland Tribune.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One year, by mail, \$5.00
One month, by mail, .50
Per month, delivered by carrier in Medford, Jacksonville and Central Point, .50
Saturday only, by mail, per year, \$3.00
Weekly, per year, \$3.00
Official Paper of the City of Medford, Official Paper of Jackson County. Entered as second-class matter at Medford, Oregon, under the act of March 3, 1879.

GERMANS EXPECT SPEEDY VICTORY AGAINST RUSSIANS

BERLIN, Nov. 20, by wireless to Sayville.—The opinion was expressed in military circles here today that notwithstanding the great number of Russian troops in Poland, estimated at 1,000,000, excluding those in the Schlieffen region, General von Hindenburg would soon be able to report a decisive victory. The position of the Russian forces is considered unfavorable, both on account of the nature of the ground and because such large forces are concentrated within a comparatively small territory.

Reports from Vienna tell of successes in Galicia, including the occupation by the Teutonic allies of Tarnow and Wladzka. According to these reports 7000 prisoners were taken.

Constantinople reports further victories near Azov, Sebun and Zavatlar. It is also said that in consequence of the advance of the Arabo-several of the governmental departments of Port Said, Suez and Ismailia, have been transferred to Zagazig, an Egyptian town forty miles from Cairo.

HISTORY PRESERVER VISITING MEDFORD

George H. Himes of Portland and E. J. Kaiser of Ashland are meeting with Will G. Steele in Medford today talking up the work of the Oregon Geographic Board to which they were recently appointed. Mr. Himes is the secretary of the Oregon Historical society and has in the past half century and more made a vast collection of valuable Oregon historic data that receives small appreciation now but will be invaluable to mankind. He mines his data every day and hour and hoards it like a miser does his dollars, that this mass of wealth may be preserved and not perish with the generation that made early Oregon history. As a collector of history his life time's work will leave something for his successors to ponder over and appreciate.

Mr. Himes arrived in the county Thursday and will visit Central Point Saturday and will leave Sunday for Douglas county.

MAYOR PURDIN CALLS MEETING TO AID NEEDY

In view of the fact that there are a number of indigent people in the city who will have to aid for support during the coming winter, a number of charitable people of Medford have thought it would be a good thing to do to organize an associated charities body to assist in such work, as under present conditions such people appeal to the mayor, and as the city has no fund for charitable relief, the only thing he can do is take the matter up with city council and have relief granted, and all this takes time; but if there was an association in the city with an office where aid could be obtained for the needy, much time and effort would be saved and relief could be more promptly given.

To bring about a betterment of these conditions a meeting is hereby called for Saturday evening, November 21, 1914, at the hour of 8:00 o'clock at the public library where such an association for charitable purposes may be formed. Each of the churches and the several lodges in the city are requested to send one or more delegates to this meeting, and all persons with charitable inclinations and who wish to aid in this work are requested to be present at this meeting.

Respectfully,
MAHLON PURDIN,
Mayor.

John A. Perl
UNDERTAKER
Lady Assistant
88 S. BAUTLETT
Phone M. 47 and 47-JB
Ambulance Service Deputy Coroner

A JINGO FALLACY

SIXTY-THREE cents of every dollar of revenue the federal government collects goes to pay for war, for army, for navy, for fortifications and the inheritance of previous wars—pensions. This in the most peaceful of nations at a time of peace.

Before the European war broke out, the cost of war in time of peace totalled over \$2,250,000,000 a year. Europe was still struggling to pay the debts of the Napoleonic, the Franco-German and Russo-Turkish and the Boer wars when the present conflagration broke out.

From 1895 to 1914, France spent \$1,533,529,998 in keeping peace by war preparations. Germany spent \$4,600,862,042 for the same purpose. Russia, Great Britain and other nations spent in proportion. And what has come of these expenditures to keep the peace by standing armies and big navies? The bloodiest, costliest, most destructive war in history.

The European war in itself proves the futility of the policy of armament and standing armies as a preventative of war. It is an object lesson that ought to firmly imprint itself upon the mind of even the most jingled jingo. The net result of militarism is the unnecessary, uncalled-for death of millions of innocent men, whose sole crime is that they happened to be born across the border from the nation in which they were placed by the accident of birth—sacrificed as helpless pawns in a game to give glory to the medieval illusions of a crowned head. In no possible way can victor gain from vanquished more than a fraction of the cost of victory.

In spite of the lesson taught by Europe—in fact, in the face of it, our army and navy authorities are engaged in inaugurating a campaign to double the size of the regular army and navy and create a reserve army, so that nearly a million men will be called from useful occupation to become parasites upon society. We are told that the hundreds of millions of dollars we have annually spent upon fortifications and defenses have been wasted and that in spite of the fact that 63 cents out of every dollar raised now goes for war purposes, the country is powerless to protect its ports or its territories.

As a matter of fact, it is no more necessary for a nation to go about armed and playing the bully than it is necessary for an individual. The man who totes a gun looking for trouble usually finds it. The nation with a great army and navy looking for trouble, usually finds it.

The United States has enjoyed a hundred years of peace with Great Britain, without a standing army, without even a fortress on the 4000-mile frontier with Canada, without even a warship in frontier waters. There is no reason similar relations, that now exist, with foreign nations, should not continue to exist indefinitely, without great armies and navies, which never yet produced peace.

The cataclysm of Europe, brought on by militarism, is sounding the death knell of militarism. War producing nationalism must go, along with war-created feudalism. The reign of the sword, the era of "blood and iron" must give way to the reign of humanity in a federation of the world. Justice must replace the rifle, and the rights of men supplant those of kaiserism, czarism and puppet royalty.

America needs no larger army—it needs no larger navy. To waste money in canal and island fortifications is merely to invite attack. To prepare for war in times of peace is now proven a jingo fallacy.

AN IRRIGATION DISTRICT

IF irrigation of the valley, or of any considerable portion thereof, is desired an irrigation district should be created at once.

This does not mean that any particular system of irrigation would be purchased or installed. The proposed district would be divided into five divisions. At the election voting the district five directors would be elected. These should be experienced business men. Their duty would be to investigate all proposed systems of irrigation. They would be allowed to issue warrants against the district up to \$5000, and no more, for such investigation.

The organization of the district would attract attention and bring numerous proposals for the installation of a system. The board would have authority to select a competent irrigation engineer. Any proposed plan would have to be first submitted to such engineer. If a plan should be selected by the board of directors the system could not be installed until the matter was submitted to a vote of the landowners of the district. At this time the cost and all details would be known and the election would have to be advertised for four weeks.

If the system were selected bonds could be voted at the same election. These bonds could be fixed so as to mature, 5 per cent in twenty-one years, 6 per cent in twenty-two years, etc., or they could begin to mature, 5 per cent in eleven years, 6 per cent in twelve years, etc. They would draw interest at not to exceed 6 per cent.

If no available system could be found, at a price which the voters would think fair, the district could, by a vote of 40 per cent of the landowners therein, be disorganized, after it had paid all of its expenses incurred.

In other words, the creating of a district furnishes the only feasible means of making an investigation as to what system to choose, how it should be installed and other necessary details. When installed it is paid for in the easiest possible manner, and is completely managed and controlled by its board of directors.

Mr. Diogones with his lantern
may not have been able to find an honest man but YOU can find lots of good Lumber cheap at
MEDFORD LUMBER CO.
Fir and Third Streets

DEFICIENT PUPILS DUE TO PARENTS

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 20.—Sweeping reforms in the administration of laws pertaining to sociology and education were recommended by William L. Bodine of Chicago, in an address at the convention here today of the National League of Compulsory Education. Mr. Bodine, who is superintendent of compulsory education in Chicago, and president of the National League, also condemned many of the marriage laws now in operation.

"Sub-normal and physically deficient school children are too often the result of laxity in the making and enforcement of state laws relating to marriage and divorce," the speaker declared. Among recommendations which he made to remedy the general situation were:

Rigid enforcement of all compulsory educational laws; protective divisions for children in the public schools; transportation facilities for crippled children to and from school; a minimum wage of \$100 a month for all truant officers and parental schools in every city.

PANAMA RAILROAD DISCUSSES FUTURE

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—The question of extending the mileage of the Panama railroad and the building of new ships to meet the prospective increase in South American trade was discussed here today at a special meeting of the road's directors. No conclusions were reached on these subjects, but another meeting of the board is to be held early in December when definite action on both propositions may be taken.

The directors at the meeting included Secretary of War Garrison, who is an ex-officio member of the board.

CLAIM 1500 BRITISH DROWNED IN YSER CANAL

BERLIN, Nov. 20, by wireless to Sayville.—Reports received today from Holland, according to information given out in official circles here, are to the effect that in the fighting near Bixchoote and Dixmude the French lost 20,000 men and that 1500 British were drowned in the Yser canal.

FOOD SOURING IN STOMACH CAUSES INDIGESTION, GAS

Wonder what upset your stomach—which portion of the food did the damage—do you? Well, don't bother if your stomach is in a revolt; if sour, gassy and upset, and what you just ate has fermented into stubborn lumps; head dizzy and aches; belch gases and acids and eructate undigested food; breath foul, tongue coated—just take a little Pape's Diapepsin and in five minutes you wonder what became of the indigestion and distress.

Millions of men and women today know that it is needless to have a bad stomach. A little Diapepsin occasionally keeps this delicate organ regulated and they eat their favorite foods without fear.

If your stomach doesn't take care of your liberal limit without rebellion; if your food is a damage instead of a help, remember the quickest, surest, most harmless relief is Pape's Diapepsin which costs only fifty cents for a large case at drug stores. It's truly wonderful—it digests food and sets things straight, so gently and easily that it is really astonishing. Please, for your sake, don't go on and on with a weak, disordered stomach; it's so unnecessary.—Ady.

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GAUNYAW & BOSTWICK

Proprietor.

STRANDED SHIP'S CREW IS SAVED

KENNEBUNKPORT, Me., Nov. 20.—After an unsuccessful attempt to escape from their vessel which was in danger of being driven onto the shoals off Cape Porpoise, Captain George L. Hardy of Deer Island and the crew of four men of the three masted schooner Fannie and Fay, finally succeeded in reaching land after a second battle with the elements today. The vessel was anchored in deep water and with the wind moderating there appeared to be a possibility that her anchors would hold and she might be saved.

The men were assisted in reaching shore by Barry Chapman, who went to their assistance with a motor boat.

Blood Sufferers Want to Know

The Light is Turned on to a Subject of Darkness.



The mere fact that S. S. S., the famous blood purifier, drives out disease is a world's story, a topic of conversation wherever men get together. They wonder why, simply because most remedies are mystified and put before them as "discoveries." The facts are that we pay too much attention to possibilities and not enough to real, home-grown accomplishment. S. S. S. is a remedy of our fathers. It has a history that is written deeply in men's minds because it has done the work. Driven out deep seated disease, revived hope, put the O. K. on appearance and clamped down tight any sort of germs to get the upper hand. Any sore spot on the skin is an immediate demand for S. S. S. since the first principle of this famous remedy is to strike out for places of trouble. This is a physiological fact and S. S. S. is true to the workings of our body.

Get a bottle of S. S. S. today at any druggist and begin blood health. It will master any blood disease and do it in a way to emphasize its influence. And if you would like definite advice write The Swift Specific Co., 56 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Their medical department is where most people first seek advice that puts them on the straight road.

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ATLANTA, 2 1/4 in. high



New styles first introduced in the Arrow Line in London. Particularly adaptable for wear with pleated and soft shirts.
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- | | | |
|----------|-------------|-------------|
| Raisins | Almonds | Walnuts |
| Currants | Pecans | Almonds |
| Figs | Filberts | Pecans |
| Dates | Brazil Nuts | Filberts |
| Coconuts | | Brazil Nuts |

VEGETABLES

- | | | |
|--------------|----------|-------------|
| Lettuce | Carrots | Tomatoes |
| Radishes | Turnips | Celery |
| Green Onions | Cabbage | Spinach |
| Cucumbers | Paranips | Cauliflower |

FRUITS

- | | | |
|-------------|--------|---------------|
| Oranges | Apples | Lemons |
| Bananas | Pears | Cranberries |
| Grape Fruit | Grapes | Huckleberries |

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