

## RUSSIA CLAIMS GREAT VICTORY AT CRACOW WHILE JAPS CAPTURE TSING TAU

JAPS TO RULE  
TSING TAU UNTIL  
WAR IS FINISHED

German Fortress in China Capitulates After Gallant Defense Lasting Three Months—Teutons Fight Bravely to the Last, Blowing Up What Was Left of Forts.

TOKIO, Nov. 7, 9:45 p. m.—Vice-Minister of the Navy Suzuki, speaking today of the future of Tsing-Tau, said:

"While the European war continues Tsing-Tau will be administered by Japan. At the conclusion of the war Japan will open negotiations with China."

## Fortress Surrenders

After desperate assaults, in which the Japanese, in the face of heroic resistance, rivalled the bravery of their forces at Port Arthur, Tsing-Tau surrendered at 9:20 o'clock this morning. At that hour Governor Meyer-Waldeck, following the hoisting of white flags on the forts, sent an officer with a flag of truce to the Anglo-Japanese lines.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon the Japanese and German officers opened a conference at Moltke barracks when the formalities of capitulation were concluded.

The Japanese officers pay unstinted tribute to the bravery of the Germans, who fought tenaciously to the last. Unofficial reports are that the Germans blew up what was left of their forts before surrendering and practically the whole town is in ruins. A Japanese torpedo boat flotilla that entered the bay found that nearly all the ships had been destroyed.

## Lessons of the War

An official estimate places the Japanese killed in the final assault last night at thirty-six, with 182 wounded. The British took an important part in the victory and two other officers were wounded. No statement of the German casualties is available, but it is expected that they were heavy.

The minister of war for Germany states that the lessons learned from the siege, first, the destructiveness of the new heavy guns that the Japanese used for the first time; and second, the effectiveness of the aeroplane observation service whereby the methods of the defense were discovered. The prisoners, who will number, it is said, between 6000 and 8000, will be brought to Japan.

The official version of the victory, issued by the Japanese war office, follows:

## Official Version of Victory

"A general bombardment on October 31 permitted the occupation on November 1 of the first attacking position—36.5-meter hill, 3000 feet south of our previous position, and bounded by the Shi-Ho and the

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RAILROADS FORCED  
TO SELL STOCK  
IN COAL MINES

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 7.—Stock in several eastern Ohio and West Virginia coal companies valued at \$3,750,000, passed into the hands of John S. Jones, a coal operator of Chicago, today as a result of an entry made by United States District Judges Warrington, Knappen and Denison in the suit brought by the government against the New York Central and Chesapeake and Ohio railroad companies, their subsidiary lines and various coal companies controlled by them. The case was brought by the government under the Sherman anti-trust law and the federal officials declared it to be the most sweeping victory that has ever been accomplished under the act. The price was fixed at \$3,750,000.

BATTLE RAGING  
TO OUST KAISER  
FROM RUSSIA

Last German Stronghold in Poland Attacked—18,500 Prisoners Taken Along with Many Pieces of Artillery—Germans Heavily Entrenched at Sieradz—Resistance Broken.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 7.—The left wing of the Russian army in engagements taking place between October 23 and November 4 on the front in the vicinity of Cracow took prisoners 274 officers and 18,500 men of the enemy, according to information given out today. In addition to these prisoners the Russian forces captured three Howitzers, 40 pieces of artillery, 38 rapid-fire guns and a large quantity of material for the manufacture of cartridges.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 7, via London, 2:40 p. m.—Russian forces are attacking the German position at Sieradz, on the Warthe river in Russian Poland, south-east of Kalisz and about 15 miles east of the German border, according to information reaching Petrograd today.

This engagement marks the beginning of the ultimate advance against the last fortified German positions on Russian soil.

The Germans are heavily entrenched at Sieradz and appear determined to dispute the crossing of the River Warthe.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—Notwithstanding Russian claims to an overwhelming success in the east, there is nothing to show that the German and Austrian forces have met great disaster and although they were compelled to retreat, they apparently were able to fall back upon strongly fortified positions selected in advance.

Russia, in an official statement, makes claim that the resistance of the enemy has been broken, after fighting of several weeks along a front of 350 miles. This campaign has now been closed in the opinion of the Russian military authorities, who say that a new period of the war will be inaugurated.

Of the fighting on land and sea brought about by Turkey's entrance into the war, little was learned today. Turkish officials at Smyrna are said to have made further seizures of vessels of hostile countries and the Russian general staff in Caucasus reports that the Turkish force which attempted an offensive movement has been driven back with heavy losses.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 7.—Captain H. Kikuchi of the Japanese freighter Azumasan Maru, said today that he had been conveyed from Japan to the Pacific coast by two Japanese battleships, but he refused to divulge their names. He said the warships left him two days out from San Francisco.

## TOKIO CELEBRATES TSING-TAU'S FALL

TOKIO, Nov. 7, 3:50 p. m.—Tokio is celebrating today the fall of the German fortress at Tsing-Tau after an actual siege of a few days more than three weeks.

It was in the middle of September that the real attack began, although preparations were begun immediately after war was declared by Japan on August 15.

Crowds collected everywhere and many processions were formed, the enthusiastic people dragging floats decorated with flowers as a symbol of victory. Japanese and British flags are floating everywhere through out the city.

The final and successful attack on Tsing-Tau began shortly after midnight Friday morning and the first inroad by the allied forces, which was largely instrumental in the fall of the place, was the taking of the middle fort of the first line of defense. This was accomplished by a brilliant charge of infantry and en-

BRITAIN'S NEW FIRST SEA LORD OF THE ADMIRALTY, WHO SUCCEEDS PRINCE OF BATTENBERG



ADMIRAL SIR JOHN FISHER

TROOPS LEAVING  
BELGIAN BATTLES  
TO MEET RUSSIANS

HAVRE, France, Nov. 7, via Paris, 2 p. m.—The following Belgian official communication was given out here today:

"The situation on the Yser shows no change. The enemy has posts on the left bank of the river, but has contented himself with a feeble artillery fire directed against the roads in the environs of Ramscapelle.

"The defeats in Russian Poland seem to have resulted in the retreat of portions of the enemy's troops in Belgium. There has been reported particularly in this connection the departure toward the east of a division of 5000 men, who have been seen marching from Brugge toward Ghent. Furthermore, five troop trains left Brussels recently, going in the direction of Louvain."

HARVARD DEFEATS  
PRINCETON EASILY  
SCORE OF 20 TO 0

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 7.—Without showing much of her hand, Harvard gave Princeton the soundest defeat ever scored by the Crimson over the Orange and Black, the score standing 20 to 0 at the end of the game. The Crimson first eleven scored two touchdowns and Mahan kicked two goals from the field in three periods and a half a minute in the fourth.

During the rest of the game nearly 20 Harvard substitutes went in to the play. Mahan proved himself an able substitute for Brickley by kicking two field goals. The Princeton offense was a bitter disappointment to 500 cheerers of the Orange and Black.

Until Harvard substitutes went into the game Princeton could not gain five yards by rushing. An unusual number of fumbles marked the play, with Logan the principal offender.

At Amherst—Massachusetts Aggies, 7; Middlebury, 0.  
At Princeton—Yale Freshmen, 26; Princeton Freshmen, 0.  
At Manchester, N. H.—Carliste, 0; Holy Cross, 0.

JAP WARSHIPS  
FREED FOR BATTLE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Official dispatches telling of the fall of Tsing-Tau were received today at the Japanese embassy and interpreted as signaling the beginning of an offensive naval campaign in the Pacific. Three squadrons of warships, which have been occupied in blockading Kiao Chow, will now be released, it was said, to hunt down the German ships in the Pacific.

It was stated at the embassy that in all probability a joint occupation of British and Japanese forces would take place at Tsing-Tau immediately.

KAISER AT FRONT  
INSPIRING SOLDIERS  
TO GAIN CALAIS

LONDON, Nov. 7, 7:15 a. m.—The correspondent of the Express of the Belgian frontier, under date of Friday, telegraphs the following:

"The Kaiser is close to the front in Flanders, making efforts to inspire his troops to gain Calais."

"Despite the nearly successful bomb attack on him at Thielt, Sunday, the Kaiser continues to drive daily through the territory behind the Bruges and Courtrai roads. His route is always kept secret."

"Daily he singles out certain soldiers for acts of exceptional bravery and personally talks to the wounded, invariably saying:

"Good day, comrade. The Kaiser wishes you a speedy recovery."

"The Kaiser dined with the staff at Ghent yesterday and returned to headquarters thoroughly dissatisfied with recent events in the campaign."

## PRICES OF MEAT IN EAST ADVANCE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—With the federal quarantine against the foot and mouth disease covering practically every suspected cattle market, officials of the bureau of animal industry today organized a force of inspectors to trace every shipment of cattle made from the infected area during the last two months.

Officials believe the quarantine already established covers all points at present affected, and that the strict maintenance of quarantines and the slaughter of infected cattle will stamp out the disease.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—The Chicago Union Stockyards, for the first time since its organization forty-nine years ago, was closed today because of the epidemic of foot and mouth disease raging among cattle in thirteen states.

Placed under quarantine by state and federal officials for a period of

QUIET PREVAILS  
ON BATTLE LINE  
AT RIVER YSER

French and British Forces Successfully Repulse German Attacks Along Entire Front—French Recapture Positions Near the Oise, Previously Lost.

PARIS, Nov. 7, 3:01 p. m.—The official announcement given out in Paris this afternoon says that the situation is relatively quiet on the river Yser below Dixmude.

The statement sets forth that French and British forces have successfully repulsed German attacks along almost the entire front. Reference is made specifically to Dixmude and Bischoote, where counter attacks were repulsed; to the southeast of Ypres, where the French have assumed the offensive with the British, and to Neuve Chapelle, where the British forces drove back the Germans.

## Positions Recaptured

Day and night attacks between Arras and the Oise have been checked and near Vailly the French recaptured positions previously wrested from them. In the Argonne other attacks were repulsed, and here the French claim having won a victory.

The text of the statement follows: "On our left wing the situation is relatively quiet on the Yser downstream from Dixmude. The Belgian troops, who advanced along the right bank of the Yser from Nieupoort, in the direction of Lombaertzyde, and who had been counter attacked by the Germans, were sustained in time. The situation has been entirely re-established in this locality."

"At Dixmude the marine fusiliers repulsed a fresh counter-offensive movement. Further to the south the attacks of the enemy around Bischoote also were repulsed by French troops, who subsequently advanced. To the east of Ypres the situation is without change. To the southeast of this town we have resumed the offensive in combination with the British troops operating in this region and repulsed an attack particularly violent and pronounced by detachments belonging to the active army corps recently brought into this region by the Germans."

## British Repulse Enemy

"Between Armentieres and the canal of Labassee, the British army, on its side, repulsed a violent attack on Neuve Chapelle. Between the canal of Labassee and Arras, as well as between Arras and the Oise, several counter attacks, delivered by night and by day, have been checked. We even made some slight progress in the region of Vermelles and to the south of Aix Moulette."

"On the center, in the region of Vailly, we continued during the day of yesterday to recapture ground previously lost to us. In the Argonne

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VILLA UPHOLDS  
NEW PRESIDENT  
WITH HIS ARMY

General Issues Declaration That He Is Heart and Soul With Gutierrez and Will Sustain Him by Force of Arms—Is Disposed to Make the Law Respected.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Rafael Zubaran Capmany, Carranza's confidential agent here, entered a strong denial today to published reports that the deposed first chief had ordered an attack Sunday on the American forces at Vera Cruz.

"It is to Carranza's highest desire," he said, "to have the American troops evacuate Vera Cruz in a peaceful and friendly manner."

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 7.—General Villa, in a telegram to the Associated Press from Aguas Calientes, says:

"General Eulalio Gutierrez, having taken oath of office today before the military convention assembled in this city as provisional president of the republic, I want it made known to the Mexican people, and to the world in general, that I am in accord with his resignation, and that I will sustain him with the force of arms, because I consider him a revolutionary leader of a heart identical with that of the people, and that I am disposed to respect and make respected the law, and to procure betterment and well-being for the people of my country. (Signed).

"FRANCISCO VILLA,

"General in Charge."

RUSSIAN FLEET  
BOMBARDS PORTS

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 7, 5:32 p. m.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram company from Amsterdam brings the following statement by the Turkish army headquarters received from Constantinople by way of Berlin:

"The Russian army showed no activity on Friday."

"This morning the Russian fleet bombarded the Black Sea ports of Zunguldiak and Kuzlu for two hours. At Kuzlu the Greek steamer Nikos was sunk. At Zunguldiak the French church and the French consulate were destroyed."

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT  
ABOLISHED IN OREGON?

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 7.—Complete returns from nearly every county in Oregon today indicated that the bill to abolish capital punishment probably had passed at Tuesday's election. The anti-capital punishment league claimed the measure would receive a majority of 8000 votes. If the bill passes, two condemned murderers at the state penitentiary will escape the death penalty.

A re-check of unofficial figures later in the day gave a lead of 1555 against abolishing the death penalty. Missing precincts leave the issue in doubt.

RUSSIANS SEIZE  
TURKISH DIPLOMATS

LONDON, Nov. 7, 12:15 p. m.—The Amsterdam correspondent of Reuter's Telegram company reports that a message received there from Vienna says that Austro-Hungarian consul general and the Turkish diplomatic representative at Tabriz, Persia, have been taken prisoners by the Russians and transported to Tiflis.