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\$10,000,000 LOAN FOR PURCHASE OF WAR SUPPLIES

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The loan of \$10,000,000 arranged by the French government with the National City Bank and other New York banking institutions, it was learned today is to be used in the purchase of war supplies in this country.

The loan, it is reported, is to run nine months and the collateral is to be six per cent treasury notes of the French government, issued for this period. The basis of the loan is reported to be about 5 1/2 per cent interest and it is said that the money will be advanced on the understanding that it is all to be spent in the United States.

In this connection it became known that the National City Bank had loaned \$2,000,000 to Norway and that Switzerland also sought to obtain a loan here.

"DON'T COUNT ENEMY - BEAT HIM" - DIMFTRIEFF

LONDON, Oct. 30, 7:11 a. m.—A Petrograd special to the Reuter Telegram company says:

"In the recent fighting near Przemysl two generals reported to their commander, the Bulgarian general Radko Dimitrieff, who is leading the Russian army investing Przemysl, that they were unable to hold out owing to the overwhelming numbers of the enemy. General Dimitrieff replied with an aphorism which will doubtless become historic. He said: 'Don't count the enemy. Beat him.'"

BARON FISHER NAMED ADMIRAL OF FLEET

LONDON, Oct. 30, 1:55 p. m.—The appointment of Baron Fisher, admiral of the fleet, to succeed Prince Louis of Battenberg, as first sea lord of the admiralty, was announced officially by the press bureau today.

GERMANS ARE MAKING PREPARATIONS FOR FLIGHT

LONDON, Oct. 30, 3:22 a. m.—A Daily Telegraph correspondent sends a dispatch from the Belgian frontier that the Germans are making preparations to retreat from their present positions in Belgium. They are removing their wounded from Bruges to Brussels and are throwing up entrenchments all the way along the proposed line of retreat from Ostend.

"All that has been said regarding the severity of the fighting around Dixmude," continues the dispatch, "has been too mild. Dixmude itself is in ruins and not a single house is standing in the adjacent villages of Beersel, Keyem, Essen and Vladsloot. All five places are practically a shambles, the streets heaped with German dead left behind in the retreat forced by the allies' artillery."

"Many German stragglers have been found in a condition of hysteria, shattered by the ordeal through which they had passed. A sign of demoralization in the German ranks is the number of deserters and stragglers seeking sanctuary beyond the Dutch border. The German authorities have sent out patrols especially to prevent these desertions."

You Get the Best There is when you smoke Gov. Johnson cigars and patronize home industry.

A POLITICAL MORON

LIKE a voice from the forgotten past was the speech of Robert A. Booth at the Natatorium last night. It was a repetition of the spell-binding chicanery of the '80's, a resurrection of the shattered idol of privilege—the great god, Protective Tariff—who in the partisan mythology of years gone by made the sun to shine, the seasons to rotate and prosperity to smile, and who, when sacrifices to his shrine ceased, deluged the land with calamity.

In his political beliefs, Mr. Booth may fairly be called a moron—that is, he has failed to mature, a case of arrested development. Himself a product of the golden age of privilege, he sighs for a return of the days when the people's heritage can once more be exploited in the creation of a few more millionaires like himself.

According to Mr. Booth, the world-wide financial depression is due mainly to the Underwood tariff, which, he asserts, has prostrated the farmer and producer, bankrupted the business man and closed down the factories. To prove it, he quoted statistics concerning the output and commerce of flush years of business as due to republican protective tariff, as against the record of this year, due to "democratic free trade." Free Australian wool, he asserted, was bankrupting the American wool-grower; Chinese eggs and butter, the American farmer, and Canadian lumber, the Oregon lumberman.

Such a little thing as a world-wide war and its effect upon the commerce of the nation; the fact that boards of trade and stock exchanges all over the world were indefinitely closed, preventing the sale or exchange of securities; the proclamation of moratoriums by most of the non-belligerent nations, whereby payment of debts was indefinitely postponed—all these trifles were not worthy of Mr. Booth's attention—cast into shadow by his idolatry of the republican totem-pole of protection.

Had Mr. Booth wanted to treat the tariff issue justly, he would, like ex-President Taft, have pleaded a fair trial for the measure. He would have admitted that it was designed to lower the cost of living, he would have called attention to the fact that the first six months of 1914, and until the declaration of war in Europe; business records of all kinds, including lumber manufacture, indicated a steady growth and revival and surpassed those for the same time in the previous year. He would have observed that farmers, woolmen, stock raisers and producers were receiving record prices for products of the soil. He would have admitted the truth—that the business depression in the lumber industry, in fact in all industry, is greater in British Columbia and Canada than in the United States. He would have congratulated the nation upon its sound business conditions and prospects for prosperity, instead of shouting calamity and disaster for the selfish purpose of securing an office. But no, Mr. Booth's speech was simply a plea for plutocracy.

Mr. Booth at one stroke removed from the administration all credit for all legislation enacted except the tariff, on the grounds that the currency, anti-trust and other measures were voted for by some republicans as well as democrats. But so was the tariff bill. La Follette and other republicans voted for it.

Mr. Booth, with the usual heartfelt throbs of the millionaire candidate at election time, paid a sob-sister tribute to the poor working man. He nearly shed tears in behalf of the lumberjacks he charges 12 1/2 cents a night out of a \$2 wage for sleeping in a wooden bunk. It will surprise most of them to know that to better their condition is the source of his philanthropic determination to sacrifice himself in their behalf by going as United States senator to Washington to help the lumber trust get the forest reserves from Uncle Sam and the O. & C. grant timber lands.

But if Mr. Booth's political speech was a sad jumble of glittering falsities, his personal defense of his timber record was worse. Most of the serious charges he ignored. On others he asserted as truths, statements contradicted by the sworn evidence of witnesses, and he asked the public to believe his own denials as against the records of state and federal land officers and the judgment of courts. He submitted no evidence to offset that filed against him by Governor West at the debate of a week ago, when the listeners declared the governor had proven his indictment of Booth as a "pious fraud."

UNDER WHICH FLAG?

WHEN the secretary of the treasury recently published a list of banks guilty of hoarding money, and threatened the withdrawal of public moneys from banks charging high rates of interest, he gave a shock to our money lords that left them almost speechless with indignation.

The audacity of a public official daring to question the right of private capital to use public funds to suit themselves, was something "new under the sun" to our party rulers and president makers.

But, having opposed the reserve bank measure with all their main and might, only to meet with ignominious defeat, they thought twice before engaging in a second combat with one who cannot only "watch and wait," but who is also ready and willing to fight to the end.

The action and words of the secretary of the treasury would not be possible under a different leader, and under the leadership of Woodrow Wilson it means more than a passing comment on present conditions.

It is part of the program for the emancipation of Americans from their enslavement to antiquated and incompetent economic and financial systems.

It is notice to the banks that banking is not a private business, but that banks perform a public function, and that hereafter they must perform it for the public benefit as well as for private gain.

It is notice that exorbitant rates of interest must go the way of exorbitant freight rates.

It is notice that the borrower must not be oppressed to pay dividends upon bank stock.

It means that some day in the near future the people's servants will direct and control the banks for the public

good, just as the interstate commerce commission directs and controls the railroads of the country.

The day of grafting and plundering the people by the misuse and abuse of the people's money will soon be a thing of the past.

The next congress will deal with the question of rural credits and farm loans. Again we will hear the dismal yawn of the banking element prophesying disaster, because a reduction of interest means reduction of dividends. But this time they will be without listeners.

The public knows now from their own lips that their protests against the reserve bank measure were the hypocritical howlings prompted by their bosses in Wall street.

The battle for the "NEW FREEDOM" is on and only the death of Woodrow Wilson or the disloyalty of the American people can stop it.

How stand you, voters of Oregon? Are you for him or against him?

Do you appreciate the work of this master mind who has sought out the weaknesses in our political and financial systems and is devising the remedies for their correction, that even from his political opponents has called forth such admiration as to make unwilling partisan tongues to speak words of praise and approval.

It is your day of triumph. The voice of the American people is once again finding expression in the halls of congress. Woodrow Wilson has made it possible.

Do you wish the progress to continue, or do you wish to return to the rule of Cannon, Aldrich and Penrose, where the laws of this land were made outside of congress by those who plundered and stole?

It is up to you, voters of Oregon, to help or hinder—to march on or retreat.

Watchman, what of the night?

GIVE THE WOMEN A CHANCE.

WOMEN of Oregon clamored twenty years—yes, thirty years, for the ballot—some of them fifty years. Now they have it, and their influence will be watched with interest.

One of the defects in our system of government, it has been claimed, is because of the fact that our laws are all man made. A few have been enacted in recent years upon demand of the women, but the bulk were originated by men as well as enacted by men.

The women of Jackson county have an opportunity this year to assist in the sending of a Jackson county woman to the legislature, to place some women conceived laws upon Oregon statute books. They should avail themselves of the opportunity.

Miss Mollie Towne of Phoenix, is a candidate for the legislature. She is a young woman who has made good. For several years she was chief deputy in the county clerk's office and has had an extended business experience. This she has supplemented by a thorough study of the law. Her qualifications are excellent.

Every woman should vote for Miss Towne and every man who wants to give the fair sex an opportunity to make good, will vote for her.

Club Women Endorse Normal

Oswego, Or., Oct. 19. To the Club Women of Oregon:

A resolution was introduced at our state convention held at Hood River last year, endorsing the effort to reopen the Normal School at Ashland. Feeling that this was a matter of importance, it was referred to the educational committee for thorough investigation and a report. Such investigation was made with the result that our committee reported to the convention just held at Eugene, earnestly urging a support of this measure in the belief that its success would contribute materially to helping an urgent educational need of the state.

The convention adopted the following resolution: "Resolved, that the Oregon Federation of Women's Clubs not only endorse the measure providing for the reopening of the Southern Oregon State Normal school, but pledge ourselves to work for the same in our respective communities."

We are taking this means of informing you of the action of the fed-

eration and requesting you, in fulfillment of that promise, to aid in furthering this measure, in the hope that our work may contribute to the educational uplift of the state. ELIZABETH E. PETTINGER, Chairman educational committee, O. F. W. C.

STAR Theatre

Friday and Saturday

The Viking Queen

Two Reel Edison

Hearst Selig Weekly

Late Current Events in Pictures

For Repairs

Lubin Drama

Love, Loot & Liquor Bluebeard the Second

On Same Reel, Biograph Comedies 10c—Admission—10c

IT Theatre

TODAY

Million Dollar Mystery

13th Episode, Two Reel Thriller

Mutual Weekly War News

The Smugglers of Sligo

Two Reel Romance, Irish Feature

Love and Gasoline

10c ALWAYS 10c

Advertisement for Black Silk Stove Polish. Includes image of a woman and text: 'This is the Stove Polish YOU Should Use. It's different from others because more care is taken in the making and the materials used are of higher grade. Black Silk Stove Polish Works Sterling, Illinois. A Shine in Every Drop.'

Advertisement for John A. Perl, Undertaker. Text: 'John A. Perl, UNDERTAKER, Lady Assistant, 22 S. BAKLEY, Phone M. 47 and 47-75, Ambulance Service, Deputy Coroner.'

PAGE THEATER

ONE NIGHT MONDAY, NOV. 2

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The Masterpiece of Dramatic Art of the Generation.

One year in New York, two years in London. Interpreted by a specially selected cast of actors from London.

PRICES, \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c

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PAGE THEATRE

Friday and Saturday

Nights, 7 P. M.

Matinee Saturday Only, 2 to 4:30 P. M.

The All-Star Feature Corporation Presents

"Miss Ethel Barrymore"

In a Five-Part Romance

"The Nightengale"

An original work by Augustus Thomas.

Miss Ethel Barrymore, the star in the motion-picture drama, "The Nightingale," has the distinction of being the most popular actress on the American stage. Not alone is Miss Barrymore a star in the photo play, but also in the legitimate drama and in vaudeville. Miss Barrymore has been under the management of Mr. Charles Frohman for many years and it was with great difficulty that the All-Star Feature Corporation gained the consent of Mr. Frohman for Miss Barrymore's appearance.

Selig:

"The House That Went Crazy"

A Comedy of Laughter.

Vitagraph:

"Officer Kate"

She becomes a policewoman. Her husband gets a good-looking hired girl to run the home. Kate resigns from the force.

Friday and Saturday Nights

Matinee Saturday, 2 to 4:30 P. M.