

BOSTON WINS THIRD GAME; 12 INNINGS

THRILLING FINISH GIVESTO BRAVES THIRD VICTORY

Twelve-Inning Struggle Witnesses Defeat of Athletics—Nip and Tuck From First to Last—Catcher Gowdy's ABTIn—Cinches Day for Boston—Drives Out Home Run.

FENWAY PARK Boston, Mass., Oct. 12.—In a thrilling finish of a twelve-inning struggle the Boston Braves, champions of the National league, defeated the Philadelphia Athletics by a score of 5 to 4. The world's series games now stand: Boston 3, Athletics 0.

The struggle was nip and tuck from the first to the last inning and it was Catcher Gowdy's formidable bat that carried the day for Boston. He drove out a home run and two doubles, all of which spelled runs for Boston. Bush of the Athletics and Tyler of the Braves pitched with honors fairly even. It looked like an Athletic victory when they scored two runs in the first half of the tenth inning, but Gowdy drove out a home run and a sacrifice fly by Connolly tied the score. In the last Gowdy doubled and Mann, running for him, scored when Bush threw Moran's hunt into left field.

Boston was plain baseball crazy today. Hundreds swarmed all night at the gates of Fenway Park. Within an hour after the unreserved stands were flung open every seat was taken and scores lined the back field fences and pressed against a guard fence erected around the rear of the outfield. Once the crowd broke the wooden barrier and mounted police had to drive the people back into the enclosure. This was three hours before game time. Outside the fences, unable to gain admittance, thousands clamored vainly to get in. An Indian summer day was furnished for the contest. The sun glowed brightly in a clear sky and the air was balmy. The playing field was dry and fast.

Betting at noon was 10 to 7 on the Boston to take the series.

(Continued on page 3.)

CHANGE MADE IN MEXICAN CONSULS

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 12.—Jorge Orozco has been selected to succeed Francisco Urquidi as Mexican consul general in New York, according to a dispatch from Eagle Pass, Tex. The dispatch also states that at a conference there between Foreign Minister Pabelo, of General Carranza's cabinet, and R. E. Mazquiz, constitutionalist representative at El Paso, reorganization of the entire Mexican consular service was decided on.

Mazquiz will act as consul general at El Paso, the dispatch states. Dr. Plutarco Ornelas is to be relieved as consul general at San Francisco and Salvador Martinez Alomillo has been tentatively chosen as the successor to Enrique Lorente, confidential agent at Havana, Cuba. Lorente now is in Mexico City. The successor to Ornelas has not been chosen.

FIVE FOREIGN BUILT SHIPS IN REGISTRY

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Five foreign built vessels of 16,566 gross tons were admitted to American registry under the recent act of congress during the week ending October 10, according to the department of commerce today. Of that number, two of the vessels are German, two Belgian and one British.

SECRECY HIDES GERMAN ACTION NEAR ANTWERP

Accounts So Contradictory as to Be Almost Worthless—Ostend Worth Many Antwerps for War Purposes—Attack by Troops Released at Antwerp Expected.

LONDON, Oct. 12, 10:30 p. m.—The news of German movements between Antwerp and Ostend up to the present is so fragmentary and contradictory as to be almost worthless.

The Germans are maintaining their customary secrecy and reports coming from Belgium and Dutch sources with losses suspiciously large and round in numbers are looked at with askance nowadays.

The capture of Ostend, it is conceded, would be worth the possession of many Antwerps to the Germans, so it is taken for granted they will not enter the popular seaside resort without fighting for every foot of the way. Great events depend on the result of the battle now in progress on the line of Lassigny and Lens, and the other operations connected therewith and in which the three German army corps released from the siege of Antwerp will try to take part.

The retention of Apremont by the French after fierce fighting, during which the place was lost and retaken, is regarded as important, as the town is well to the northward of Verdun. There is no confirmation of the report that the civil population of Belfort is quitting that city in fear of bombardment, and no news has been received here of any special hostile movements in that quarter.

COLORADO NOT ABLE TO FINANCE ITS STRIKE DEBT

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 12.—Governor E. M. Ammons today was at Wichita, Kan., attending the international dry farming congress. His most recent statement regarding the proposed withdrawal of the federal troops from the strike district was to the effect that the ability of the state to take care of the situation depended on the sale of \$1,000,000 bonds voted by the legislature last May for the payment of the military debt.

None of these bonds have been sold. About \$400,000 of them, it was stated today, have been exchanged for certificates of indebtedness issued to militiamen and other creditors of the state.

Several new organizations of the national guard recently have been enlisted at Delagua, Hastings, Walsenburg, Forbes and other points in the southern Colorado strike district. It is expected that all of these new organizations, totalling from 500 to 600 men, will have been mustered into service by the end of this week.

KRUGER'S NEPHEW ARRIVES IN LONDON

LONDON, Oct. 12, 11:45 a. m.—The Rev. Epka De Warr, a nephew of Paul Kruger, and at one time secretary of state for the Transvaal and a general in the Boer army arrived in London today after two months in Westphalia.

Mr. De Warr is a resident of the Boer colony of Hohenward, Tennessee, and is an American citizen, but he was held by the Germans as a British subject because he did not have his naturalization papers with him. He appealed to the American embassy in Berlin and was released.

AIRSHIPS DROP BOMBSON PARIS CREATING PANIC

German Aeroplanes Killed Three and Wound Fourteen Sunday—Six Bombs Dropped Today—Aerial Defense Organized—French Aviators Pursue German Birdmen

PARIS, Oct. 12, 6:04 a. m.—The progress of the campaign in the north of France and the fall of Antwerp were forgotten for a moment today by the people of Paris, who spent their time discussing the throwing of bombs on the capital from German aeroplanes as a result of which three persons were killed and fourteen wounded. At the same time officials adopted measures looking to the prevention of similar acts.

Another German bomb was dropped today at St. Ouen, a suburb of Paris, but it also did not explode.

This missile fell near a main factory, where there is a gasoline tank of eighty thousand gallons.

Six Dropped Today

It was announced officially later in the day that a Taube aeroplane had flown over Paris this morning and thrown down six bombs. Five French aviators went up to pursue the German airman.

General Hirschauer was appointed to take charge of the aerial defense of the city.

He organized last year the aerial branch of the army service.

A number of deputies met at the call of Deputy Denis Cochin to consider various means of rendering the city more secure from aeroplane attacks.

Cathedral Saved

The news that one of the German bombs yesterday struck the cathedral of Notre Dame has been communicated to the vatican. It is reported that the Pope exclaimed on getting the message: "Providence has prevented an outrage which would have shocked the world."

Military critics, commenting today on the movements of the armies in the Apremont region, assert it is worth of note that Apremont to the east of St. Mihiel, is the route the enemy would take if they sought to withdraw from St. Mihiel in the direction of Lorraine. Their positions in this vicinity, mean much to them, it is said.

SECRETARY OF STATE OF ILLINOIS KILLS HIMSELF IN GARAGE

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 12.—Secretary of State Henry Woods, one of the democratic senatorial candidates at the September primary, and former operator on the Chicago Board of Trade, killed himself early yesterday morning.

His lifeless body, with a gaping bullet wound in the center of the forehead and a revolver clutched in his right hand, was discovered this morning, lying in the tool-room in a garage at the rear of his residence.

No note of explanation was left by Mr. Woods and the only clue which would give a possible indication for cause of the deed was a bulky bundle of papers, showing extensive dealings in grain through a Chicago brokerage house.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR SPEAKS HERE TUESDAY EVENING



Dr. C. J. Smith, democratic candidate for governor, visited Ashland Monday afternoon and will visit other towns Tuesday, concluding with Medford in the evening, where he will speak upon campaign issues at the Natatorium at 8 o'clock.

Interred in Holland

It is impossible to give as yet the number of prisoners taken with Antwerp. Many of the defenders who fled to Holland were interred.

General Von Beseler, who has been decorated with the Order of Merit for his capture of Antwerp, has issued a proclamation addressed to the people saying no one would be harmed unless they committed hostilities on the Germans.

NACO GARRISON UNDER FIRE FROM MAYTORENA'S GUNS

NACO, Ariz., Oct. 12.—The Carranza garrison of Naco, Sonora, was again subjected today to shell fire from the guns of Governor Maytorena. The Villista artillery, which threw four shells into American territory yesterday, doing considerable damage, seemed to be better handled today, and the shells fell into the Mexican town.

General Hill, commanding the garrison, again ran trenches parallel to the boundary line to protect his men from the fire of Maytorena's Yaqui Indians who during Saturday night and early yesterday, worked around to the American line and directed their fire on the garrison from this side of the border. Hill complained that the American border guard had failed to prevent this violation of American neutrality.

6,000 BELGIANS FLEE INTO NETHERLANDS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Firing across the international border at Naco, Arizona, yesterday by American patrol troops and Mexican soldiers was characterized today by President Wilson as a "local difficulty." Apparently he considered that the incident had no bearing on the general situation in Mexico and was not inclined to attach much importance to it.

JUDGE LANDIS SUED FOR \$25,000

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—Suits for \$25,000 damages filed against United States Judge Kenesaw M. Landis on Saturday, it became known today, is the result of thirty days spent in jail by Frank Blackledge on a contempt charge preferred by the federal judge.

If the suit is pressed to trial it will be the first time in local history, it was said, that a United States judge was sued for damages as a result of one of his decisions.

Blackledge became involved in a bankruptcy suit and Judge Landis accused him of perjury. Blackledge bases his claim for damages on alleged impairment of his health, due to his stay in jail, loss of his position and \$2400, which it is alleged was involved in the bankruptcy proceedings.

SAY ANTWERP GARRISON FLED IN FULL ROUT

Cowardice of Defendants Hinted at in Berlin Dispatch—No Military Authority With Which to Treat Concerning Surrender—Burgomaster Finally Arranges Terms.

BERLIN, Oct. 12 (by wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The general staff of the German army announces today that in the beginning a very strong garrison defended Antwerp with great energy but that after the attack by German infantry and marine divisions, the defenders fled in full rout. Among the Antwerp garrison was one British marine brigade.

The complete collapse of the anticipated defense of Antwerp was shown by the fact that no military authority could be found with which to treat concerning the surrender of the city. The surrender was finally negotiated with the burgomaster.

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The following information has been given out in Berlin for publication: "Reports received here from Vienna set forth that the Russian siege of the Przemysl fortress has been abandoned. Austrian troops have defeated Russian divisions near Lanet. They also routed one division of Cossacks east of Nvamaomo.

"The Japanese have occupied the Shantung railroad in Shantung province, China. This is a Chinese state railroad and was built by Germans. China has protested against this action.

Japan a Puzzle

"The Politiken, a newspaper published in Copenhagen, in a recent issue declares that Japan's cause of action, especially in the occupation of German islands in the Pacific, is difficult of comprehension, as such steps have no military connection with the attack on the German territory of Kiao-Chow.

"The Corriere De La Sera, published at Stampa, Switzerland, reports revolting atrocities on the part of the French Senegales troops."

DEATH OF KING NOT TO CHANGE RUMANIA'S POLICY

ROME, via Paris, Oct. 12, 7:15 a. m.—The Idea Nationale published an inquiry made at the Balkan legation concerning the attitude of Roumania after the death of King Charles, M. Mikallovitch, Servian minister to Rome like all others from the Balkan states, expresses the opinion that the death of King Charles will not produce any great change in Roumanian politics, as the difference between the King and his people were more exaggerated than real, and that Roumania wishes to continue the policy which she adopted in the second Balkan war, and which enabled her to increase her territory without serious danger.

A change in the attitude of Roumania, according to diplomats from the Balkan states, it is not expected to occur immediately, but a change may be expected, they intimate, if the battle of Cracow has decisive results.

PEOPLE FLEEING BORDER FORTRESS

LONDON, Oct. 12, 5:20 a. m.—The Daily Mail's Amsterdam correspondent says Berlin newspapers are distributing posters announcing that the civil population is leaving Belfort (a French fortified town in the so-called territory of Belfort) in fear of a bombardment.

SLIGHT CHANGE AISNE BATTLE TODAY'S REPORT

Cavalry Engagements Continue on the Left Wing—German Attacks Fail—Some Progress Made in Center—Night Attack on Right Repulsed—Flag Is Captured.

PARIS, Oct. 12, 3:15 p. m.—The following official communication was given out in Paris this afternoon:

"First—On our left wing, the cavalry engagements continue in the region of Labasse, Estaires and Hazebrouck. Between Arras and the Oise, the enemy endeavored to deliver several attacks, which failed, notably between Lassigny and Roye."

Second—On the center we have made some progress on the plateau of the right bank of the Aisne, in front of Soissons and to the east and southeast of Verdun.

Night Attack Repulsed

"Third—On our right wing, in the Vosges, the enemy delivered a night attack in the region of Ban de Sapt, to the north of St. Die. They were repulsed.

"The flag captured yesterday belongs to the sixth regiment of active Pomeranian infantry, No. 49, of the twentieth corps of the Prussian army. The brigade of marine fusiliers was engaged during all the day of October 9 and the night of October 9-10 against German forces, and repulsed them, and at the same time inflicted heavy losses amounting to 200 men killed and fifty prisoners.

"The French losses amounted to nine killed, thirty-nine wounded and one missing.

Fighting in Prussia

"In the Belgian field: According to the last information received here concerning the situation at Antwerp, the Germans occupy up to the present time only the suburbs of this city. The twenty-four forts on the two banks of the river Escaut are resisting with energy.

"In Russia the fighting still continues with fierceness on the frontier of East Prussia. To the northward of Lyck the Germans are retreating, at the same time destroying bridges.

"In South Poland, between Ivango-rod and Sandomir, there has been artillery fighting with columns of the enemy, who have reached the Vistula."

6,000 BELGIANS FLEE INTO NETHERLANDS

THE HAGUE, via London, Oct. 12, 10:55 p. m.—A dispatch to the Nieuw Courant from Hulst, Holland, quotes a Belgian officer as saying that the total number of soldiers who have crossed from Belgium into Holland is about 6000.

Belgian troops were fired on last night by German machine guns on the Belgian frontier not far from Koewaert, Holland.

Many wounded men among the Belgian soldiers who crossed the Dutch line have been taken to Hulst, the Dutch government placing special trains at their disposal. The rest of the Belgians have been taken to Axel for internment.

UNCLE SAM BACK OF AMERICANS IN EUROPEAN TRADE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—President Wilson gave assurances that American trading in Europe have the government back of them to the limit of their rights and that he did not expect that there would be any interference on the part of the nations at war.

Belgian Soldiers Arrive at the Hague Today

LONDON, Oct. 12, 9:52 a. m.—Sixteen hundred Belgian soldiers, non-commissioned officers and men, arrived at The Hague today, according to a dispatch from that city to Reuter's Telegram company.

CAVALRY BATTLE RAGING AT LILLE FOR WEEK PAST

News From Front Scarce—Antwerp of Little Use to German—Save as Enabling Release of Several Division of Troops to Aid Sorely Pressed Right Wing—Damage Not Great

LONDON, Oct. 12, 10:20 a. m.—Except for a flood of vivid details regarding the fall of Antwerp, the British public has been practically cut off from news from the front during the last 12 hours. It is felt, however, that events of tremendous moment either are occurring or are impending in the area about Lille, where the cavalry of the contending forces has been in violent contact for a week. The military critics for the London morning papers devote their space to speculation regarding the utility of Antwerp for German offense or defense. Most of them agree that unless Dutch neutrality is violated Antwerp will be of no more use in forwarding the Germans' purpose of making Zeppelin and naval raids on England than other places in Belgium which have been occupied for some time by the invaders.

Release Regiments They agree, however, that for military purposes in the western theater of war the occupation of Antwerp is of supreme importance to Germany, which now will be able to release several divisions to aid the sorely pressed right wing. Furthermore, the capture of the city will insure the lines of communication should retreat be necessary through Belgium.

Additional details of the shelling of Antwerp indicate that the damage was not as great as at first estimated. The damage inflicted on the city by the German artillery may be offset in large measure by the great destruction wrought on German shipping in the harbor by the Belgians. An official communication from Berlin states that no information is yet available as to the amount of booty taken in the town.

The same official statement says that on Saturday German cavalry completely routed a French cavalry division of Lille, which indicates that the extreme limit of the western battle is within 20 miles of the straits of Dover.

Russian Repulse Claimed

It is officially announced in Berlin that in the eastern theater of war all attacks of the First and Tenth Russian armies have been repulsed, while the same fate was suffered by the Russians when they attempted an outflanking movement by way of Schirvinkt, East Prussia.

In South Poland, the Germans claim, their armies have reached the Vistula. The assertion is also made that the Russians have invented the stories which have been given out regarding great victories at Augustowo and Suwalki.

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