

ANTWERP, ATTACKED BY FIVE GERMAN ARMY CORPS REPORTED NEAR FALL

GREAT EFFORTS FOR CAPTURE OF CAPITAL MADE

Citizens of Antwerp Flee by Tens of Thousands—Bombardment of City Under Way—Belgians, Reinforced by British Troops and Guns, Confident of Holding City.

LONDON, Oct. 8, 12:50 p. m.—Five German army corps, according to reliable reports, today were battering their way toward the inner strongholds of Antwerp, the chief fortified city of Belgium and until the present siege the temporary capital of the kingdom. Although refugees have fled the city by thousands, the king and the queen of Belgium, it is understood here, remain, as do the American diplomatic agents.

LONDON, Oct. 8, 10:30 a. m.—All eyes turned today to Antwerp, whose fate was regarded here as important out of all proportion to the numbers of men engaged in its attack and defense. Germany must not only keep an open door to France, it is argued, but must be prepared to close the back door to Essen, a most important German military center. The war has presented no picture of greater desolation than that of the hosts of refugees fleeing from the last Belgian stronghold. Great crowds of the citizens of Antwerp, dumb with terror, are fleeing toward England and Holland in such numbers that the hospitality of these countries is likely to be taxed to the utmost. The flights of these refugees has been accelerated by the appearance over the city of Zeppelin airships, dropping destruction and death.

Germans Cross Nethe

The only ray of hope from the allies standpoint is found in the news that the almost exhausted garrison of Antwerp has been reinforced by fresh troops and more guns.

Up to the present only one great German siege gun has been brought into play and this piece of artillery is fired infrequently. Guns half the size of the destroyers of Liege and Namur are being used to batter the rings of forts which surround Antwerp.

Both sides confirm the report that the Germans have crossed the river Nethe, but the trenches along the Scheldt are still holding out. The German offensive movement is approaching the inner ring of forts, and Berlin reports the capture in the open field of four heavy batteries, fifty two field guns and as many machine guns.

Bombardment Begins

As the net is drawn tighter about the city, the efforts of its defenders are redoubled, many of the sorties have been marked by sanguinary fighting.

According to formal notification sent into Antwerp by the German commander, the active bombardment of the city is now under way.

(Continued on page two)

AUSTRIAN GUARDS TAKE TO HEELS

VENICE, Oct. 7, via Paris, Oct. 7, 9:30 p. m.—Reports from Buda Pest show that the Russians completely surprised a small body of frontier guard armed with antiquated rifles, who were holding Uzok Pass. The Russians suddenly emerged from hidden forest paths. The Austrians were speedily forced to retreat before this superior force.

In response to telegraphic call, guns were hurried forward from Contos, but there were no horses to drag them up the mountains and the guns were sent back to Contos, toward which the Russians advanced. They were met by a superior force and then were driven back to the frontiers.

ALLIES REPORT FIGHTING FORCES GERMANS BACK

Official French Statement Asserts That Kaiser's Attacks in North Repulsed—Center, Nothing Doing—No Change in Formation on the Right Wing.

PARIS, Oct. 8, 3 p. m.—The following official announcement was made in Paris this afternoon:

"First—On our left wing in the region of the department of Nord, the enemy has made progress at no point. At certain points he has moved back, particularly to the north of Arras, where the fighting is developing under conditions favorable for us. The operations of the opposing forces of cavalry are developing at the present time almost as far as the sea coast on the north.

"Between the Somme and the Oise, in the vicinity of Roye, the enemy is still in force, but we have retaken the major part of the positions we were obliged to give up.

"To the north of the Aisne the numerical strength of the German troops seems to have diminished.

"Second—On the center, between Rheims and the Meuse, there is nothing to report. On the heights of the Meuse between Verdun and St. Mihiel the enemy has drawn back to the north of Hattonchattel. He still holds St. Mihiel and some positions to the north of the St. Mihiel, on the right bank of the Meuse.

"In the Woivre district the violent attacks delivered by the enemy to the west of Vrenant.

"On our right wing, Lorraine and the Vosges, there has been no change.

"In Russia, along the line of East Prussia, the Russian offensive continues. Very spirited fighting is taking place on the frontier to the east of Suwalki."

REFUGEES SWAMP SOUTH HOLLAND

LONDON, Oct. 8, 9:55 a. m.—The Hague correspondent of the Express says South Holland is swamped with refugees from Antwerp and describes terrible scenes of desolation and despair among the thousands of Belgians on the road between Esschen and Rosendaal.

At the Rosendaal station, the correspondent says, hundreds sit weeping, having lost practically everything and many, mad with grief and anxiety, have increased the duties of the authorities who are doing everything possible to alleviate suffering. Thousands already are housed at Rosendaal at public buildings, while at Breda and smaller cities other thousands are being cared for.

TERRIFIC LOSS OF LIFE BRINGS CALM

BERLIN, Monday, Oct. 5, via London, Oct. 8, 6:30 a. m.—According to the latest dispatch reaching here from — (name deleted by censor, but probably some place in France), frontal attacks have proved so costly in lives to both sides that they have been deferred. The antagonists are awaiting the results of flanking movements which promise greater effect with fewer casualties.

The German soldiers in the center of the line (in France) live in their trenches. The only warm meal they get is served in the night. It is impossible to kindle a fire in the day time, as smoke discloses their position. Otherwise the men live on cold victuals, fruits and hents.

The Montenegro offensive operations toward Sarajevo are developing favorably.

ENGLAND'S ARTILLERY DOES VALIANT WORK IN THE WAR OF NATIONS.



How the Royal Field Artillery Fights. Drawn by Christopher Clark from the Sphere.

ZEPPELIN RAID UPON ANTWERP CAUSES PANIC

German Aircraft Drops Bombs Upon People of Belgian Metropolis, Destroying Houses, Killing People—Reinforcements From Britain Arrive in Nick of Time.

ANTWERP, Oct. 7, via The Hague and London, Oct. 8, 7:40 a. m.—The condition of panic among the population was increased today by the appearance at 11 o'clock this morning and 2 o'clock this afternoon of German aircraft which dropped bombs, destroying seven houses and killing a score of people.

On account of the Zeppelin's success, the large avenue leading to the railroad station quickly became black with a struggling mass of persons eager to escape from the city. Seized with an unreasonable, terrible fear of a bombardment or of a charge of German cavalry, the residents are transporting invalids, cripples and even the occupants of lunatic asylums.

Pathetic Sights Frequent

It was a pathetic sight to see the poor people, some carrying on their backs their hopelessly maimed or idiotic relatives who were crowded into railway vans and transported northward to remain in some cattle shed or railroad platforms until rooms can be found for them in Dutch asylums and institutions.

The situation, however, quickly changed again. While at 2 o'clock even grown men were weeping with terror and fighting for places around the railway station, at 6 o'clock everybody was again certain that the forces would be able to hold out against the Germans and even throw them back across the river Nethe, while everybody was telling his neighbor how far superior the guns were to the German heavy artillery.

Taking to the Cellars

The people remaining in the city tonight are taking to the cellars prepared to hear the first shell in the morning.

The Belgian ministers are trying to reach Ostend though Flanders and via Holland.

The Belgian army is marching into the city, tired out, leaving the guarding of the forts for the night to fresh troops.

The asterisks are given to denote words cut out by the censor. Evidently they related to forces and guns brought to Antwerp by the British.

REPORTED BULGARIA ENTERS CONFLICT

LONDON, Oct. 8, 3 a. m.—The Central News quotes the Vienna Reichpost as stating that furious fighting has taken place between the Bulgarians and Servians and that the Bulgarians have besieged Isip, Servia.

If this dispatch is true it would indicate that Bulgaria has entered the war on the side of Germany and Austria. There is no official notice that such action, however, has been taken and it may be that Bulgarian irregulars have attacked the Servians on their own account.

MARCONI WIRELESS REFUSED INJUNCTION

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The federal district court ruled today that it had no jurisdiction in the suit brought against Secretary of the Navy Daniels and four naval censorship by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America, to prevent the government from keeping closed the wireless stations at Sinesconet, Mass., and Sea Gate, N. Y. The company's application for an injunction was dismissed.

NAB SUBMARINE LONE ITALIAN USED FOR WAR

LEGHORN, Italy, via Paris, Oct. 8, 2:50 p. m.—The cruise of the Italian built submarine which disappeared from the Gulf of Spezia some days ago and later turned up at Ajaccio, Corsica, has come to an end. The French authorities of Ajaccio, who took possession of the vessel, asked Paris what disposition they should make of her. Paris communicated with Rome, sent a destroyer to get the submarine and there is every reason to believe she is now on her way home under this convoy.

This submarine was under command of a retired naval lieutenant, Angelo Bellone, who, leaving a letter in which he said Italian neutrality was a mistake and that it was the duty of every Italian to work individually to bring about Italian intervention in the present war, headed for the open sea. Here Bellone said to his crew that he had been entrusted with a secret mission and that he was on his way to the island of Corsica.

On arriving at Ajaccio the crew began to suspect that all was not right with the expedition. They voiced their suspicions to the port authorities, who at once took possession of the vessel.

All the members of the crew returned today to Leghorn from Corsica, and the submarine doubtless will be in the hands of her owners in a few days.

LORIMER INDICTED IN LA SALLE BANK CASE

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—Former United States Senator William Lorimer was indicted today on the charge of misappropriation of the funds of the La Salle Street bank, of which he was president.

SENATE CAUCUS REPORTED O. K. BY FINANCE BODY

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Final consideration of the war revenue bill began in the senate today when the measure, as perfected by the democratic senate caucus, was reported favorably by the finance committee.

But a single change was made in the bill, and this will be proposed as an amendment to the tax on cigarette manufacturers. Under the amendment manufacturers making up to 15,000,000 cigarettes a year will pay \$24 tax; those manufacturing from 15,000,000 to 25,000,000, \$48, and those manufacturing more than 25,000,000, \$96.

The committee left to a sub-committee the dispute over the tax on domestic wines and if a compromise between Pacific coast and central states winegrowers is reported it will be presented in the form of an amendment to the bill.

A flood of petitions protesting against the stamp tax on proprietary medicines as adopted by the committee was presented to the senate by Senators Townsend, Chamberlain and Burton, each of whom had numerous telegrams denouncing the proposed tax.

Chairman Simmons of the finance committee expressed the opinion that the senate would pass the bill before the end of next week and clear the way for adjournment of congress.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

Walter Bowne placed a classified advertisement in the Mail Tribune Wednesday evening offering a Ford runabout for sale. He had nineteen offers before 8 o'clock and had sold the car for \$1,000.

BELGIANS MOWED DOWN MERCILESSLY BY GREAT GUNS

LONDON, Oct. 8, 6:32 a. m.—A dispatch from Ostend to the Reuter Telegram company dated Wednesday says:

"The Belgian troops today victoriously repelled the German attempts to cross the River Scheldt at Schoonaerde, near Termonde. The enemy was forced to retire with considerable losses."

The correspondent of the Telegraph in Belgium, under date of Monday, sends a description of the fighting at Schoonaerde. He says:

"The German attack on the Belgian front near Schoonaerde began Sunday afternoon, their line extending from a line east of Termonde to a point beyond Schoonaerde. It entered in a desperate attack to cross a river over a bridge which the over-confident Belgians had left standing at Schoonaerde.

Spies Locate Trenches
"When the Germans opened fire with their heavy artillery the Belgians were astonished at the accuracy with which they found the Belgian trenches. Later it was found that German spies had been all through the district on previous days, mapping out the exact location of Belgium's defenses.

"The town of Schoonaerde, which is on the south side of the Scheldt, was in possession of the Germans. As a result of the German accuracy on their shell fire, the Belgians were compelled to withdraw their advanced positions to trenches 500 yards back. They suffered considerable losses on account of the bad ground and marshes which they were compelled to cross under fire. Some of this ground was so swampy that the Belgians waded in water up to their waists.

NETHE CROSSED BY INVADERS TO SHELL ANTWERP

LONDON, Oct. 8, 4:43 a. m.—The Germans succeeded in crossing the River Nethe early on Tuesday, according to the Times correspondent in Antwerp, Telegraphing under date of Tuesday night, he says:

"At 4 o'clock this morning the Germans succeeded in making good their footing on the north side of the River Nethe. Three times during the night small detachments had got across and were driven back or wiped out.

"Two thousand Germans were on this side of the river, I believe, by 6 o'clock this morning and since then they have by all accounts been coming in numbers.

"Presumably Antwerp will now have to submit to a bombardment or perhaps to a siege.

"Two boats leave in the early morning with the last of the English and French consuls and with both of the consuls general on board. The consuls are going because their usefulness is absolutely at an end. The burgomaster has issued notice that no restriction will be placed on the departure of the civilian population, and great numbers probably will go tonight or tomorrow while the roads to Ghent and Holland are still open.

"Presumably the boats mentioned will be the last to leave, so Antwerp is putting its house in order. We still cling to the hope that the enemy may yet be driven back across the river tonight or tomorrow."

MAYTORENA ENDS FIRING ON CITY OF NACO

NACO, Ariz., Oct. 8.—Maytorena ceased firing on Naco, Sonora, shortly before noon. His shells landed in the town, but did little damage, the ammunition appearing to be defective.