

GERMANS NEAR COMPLETION OF ROUND TRIP TO PARIS AS ALLIES TURN WINGS OF LINE

SPEEDY RETREAT
ACROSS BORDER
NOW EXPECTED

Progress of Allies Considerable While German Progress on Meuse River Stopped—Fighting at Roze Ends in Favor of French—Battle of Cracow Opened.

LONDON, Oct. 2, 1:10 p. m.—Unless all signs are wrong the German armies in France or at any rate most of them are nearing the completion of their round trip. This, it is held here, is the only conclusion—hinted at even by the Berlin newspapers—to be drawn from the reports, both official and unofficial, of those on or near the scene of action.

It is evident that the progress of the allies on their left is considerable while the hole through which the Germans might have pierced the line of French fortresses on the Meuse river side has been stopped.

Allies Win at Roze

The fierce battling around the heights of Roze, to the northwest of Noyon, seems to have ended in favor of the French. The heights were captured by General Von Kluck's men on Wednesday, but on Friday, according to a French report, the allies regained control of the position.

Antwerp, temporarily the Belgian capital, ought to be capable of maintaining a long defense. King Albert is a romantic figure of the war in this quarter. He constantly goes into the danger zone and his determination, fearlessness and activity recalls those of Etatsdolder William in the historic siege of Leiden.

That the battle of Cracow, which opened yesterday will be a long and arduous struggle no one questions.

In Command of Cracow

General Von Hindenberg, the German commander who scored notable successes in eastern Prussia against the invading Russians, has taken supreme command of the combined German and Austrian forces. These undoubtedly are a formidable army, though the alleged total of two and a half millions of men is discounted.

Reports of the German headquarters staff dismiss the situation both in his and the Belgian theaters with the curt "no change."

From Petrograd, however, it is officially asserted that the "Russian troops continue to drive the enemy from the borders of the Suwalki and Lonsa governments and there has been continually determined fighting west of Slinno. The German troops which attacked Osovetz are retreating precipitately to the north."

Sarajevo Cut Off

Petrograd also announces that considerable forces of the enemy are concentrated in the western districts of Petrokoff and Kielec, Russian Poland.

The Montenegrin army, according to an official communication, stands across the road approaching Sarajevo, the supplies of which thus have been cut off.

The Montenegrins have commenced their attack of Sarajevo, the fall of which, it is claimed in the report, "seems imminent." The same announcement says that by the capture of Vlasnitza the Serbians have cut off the retreat of the Austrian army.

SECRETARY LANE TO
SPEAK IN WEST

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—President Wilson and Secretary Lane discussed today the legislative situation as it affects the administration's conservation bills. They expect the Alaskan coal land leasing bill to be passed before adjournment and the general land leasing bill and the general dam bill to be completed early next session.

Secretary Lane expects to speak in the west during the congressional campaign.

EARLY WITHDRAWAL
OF GERMANS FROM
ANTWERP PREDICTED

LONDON, Oct. 2, 5:05 p. m.—In a dispatch from Amsterdam, the correspondent of the Central News says advice reaching there today from Brussels set forth that there is every reason to anticipate the early withdrawal of the Germans from the Belgian capital. Wounded men are being sent back to Germany, he says, and the German official documents are being packed up. The German general staff has left Luxembourg in eighty motor cars for Mainz.

GERMANS SUFFER
FROM DIVISION OF
FORCES IN POLAND

PETROGRAD, Oct. 2, via London, 3:07 p. m.—It is the opinion of observers here that as a result of the recent fighting on the Russia-German frontier, the German positions are suffering from efforts to concentrate troops from four directions in the southeast Polish border, where a decisive battle is expected.

The north division of the German army landed between Memel, in East Prussia and Polangen, in Russia, but proceeded no further than Rosyeni, in the province of Kovna. The army from the province of Suwalki, repulsed at Druskeniki, on the left bank of the river Niemen, is now attempting to cross this river at Gretsch, where a big battle is in progress. It is evidently the intention of this army to flank the Russians under General Ruzky. A third army is trying to proceed from Niedenburg, in East Prussia, southeast in the direction of Warsaw, but apparently without success. Simultaneously the main German forces, starting from Posen, are proceeding eastward with Cracow as their objective. The southern division of the German army already has joined with the Austrians at Cracow.

MEXICAN BANDITS
SEIZE AMERICAN COIN

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Seizure of 500,000 pesos by Mexican soldiers from the Rea Del Monte mine, an American property, was reported today through foreign consular representatives in Mexico. The money is believed to have been taken by the same band which seized 1,500,000 pesos from a British corporation. The British embassy here has made representations to the state department. Efforts are being made through American consular agents to recover the loot.

GERMAN ARTILLERY
SENT TO PRUSSIA

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The Russian general staff report of operations against the Germans was received today by Colonel Golejewski, military attaché at the Russian embassy.

It adds that in the western district of the provinces of Piotrkow and Kielec the German forces are composed chiefly of artillery army corps brought from France.

"The operations of the Germans in Russian territory have demonstrated their tendency to keep almost exclusively to improved highways," says the dispatch. "The German artillery and supply column seem helpless in the mud of ordinary country roads. German batteries got hopelessly stuck on the first day of their advance into the province of Kalisz."

ALLIES LEFT IN
TURNING MOVE
NEARS BELGIUM

Von Kluck Pushed Gradually Toward Border—Terrific Fighting in Region of Roze, Where Germans Are Reinforced—Attempt to Cross the Meuse Fails—Allies on Offensive.

PARIS, Oct. 2.—The turning movement of the allies' armies in Northern France has brought the extreme of their left wing within about thirty miles of the Belgian frontier.

An official statement issued by the French war office this afternoon says that part of the battle line stretching generally north and south has been extended north to a point south of Arras. This line on which the allies are attempting to envelop the German right wing under General Von Kluck has been pushed gradually toward the Belgian frontier as the Germans widened their front in defense, until it extends some fifty five miles from the angle that rests on Tracy-le-Mont.

The statement says: "On our left wing the battle continues with terrific fighting, notably in the region of Roze, where the Germans now have concentrated important reinforcements. The action extends more and more toward the north. The front of the battle line is now extended into the region of Arras."

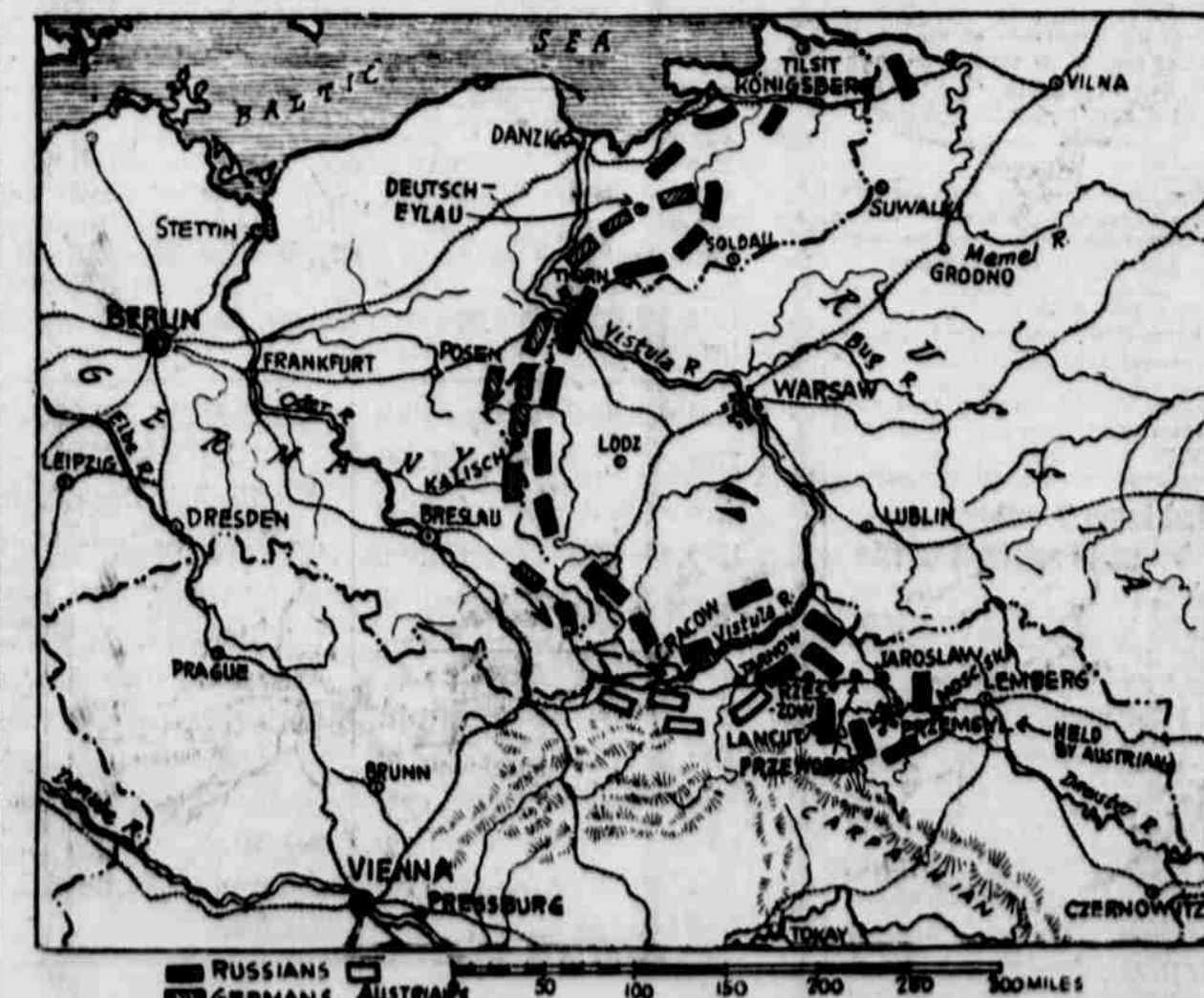
"On the Meuse the Germans attempted at night to throw a bridge across the river near St. Mihiel. The bridge was destroyed by our guns."

"In the Wouvre district our offensive continues and progresses step by step, notably in the region between Apremont and St. Mihiel."

"On the remainder of the front there have been attempted only partial operations here and there."

COTTON GROWERS
SEEK NATION'S AID

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Several southern congressmen appealed to President Wilson today not to consent to an adjournment of congress until the cotton situation in the south was relieved. They asked that \$450,000,000 be loaned to cotton growers by the government.



RUSSIANS HAVE ISOLATED PRZEMYSL AND ARE MOVING TOWARD TARNOW.

Russian troops, after moving from Lemberg and capturing Jaroslaw, are proceeding along the railway to Cracow and are at the Wislok River, one day's march from Tarnow. Another army in the south has advanced westward along the foothills of the Carpathians, capturing Khyrow, at the junction of several railway lines, twenty miles south of the fortress of Przemyśl, which they have completely isolated.

PETITION TO RECALL
PORTLAND'S MAYOR AND
TWO COMMISSIONERS

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 2.—Recall petitions bearing 10,000 signatures were filed here today for the removal of the mayor and two city commissioners. Gross incompetency in discharge of their duties is alleged. To oppose the commissioners at a special election to be called, the petitioners have named B. E. Kennedy to run against Mayor H. R. Albee, W. A. Leet against Commissioner W. L. Brewster and H. E. Abry against Commissioner R. G. Dieck.

GREAT BRITAIN
TO LAY MINES IN
CERTAIN SECTIONS

LONDON, Oct. 2, 4:15 p. m.—The official information bureau has issued the following on behalf of the admiralty:

"The German policy of mine-laying, combined with their submarine activity, makes it necessary on military grounds for the admiralty to adopt counter measures."

"His Majesty's government has therefore authorized a mine-laying policy in certain areas and a system of mine fields has been established and is being duplicated in a considerable scale."

"In order to reduce the risk to non-combatants the admiralty announces that it is dangerous henceforward for ships to cross the area between Latitude 52.15 north and 51.40 north and Longitude 1.35 east and 3 east. In this connection it must be remembered that the southern limits of the German mine field is Latitude 52 north. Although these limits are assigned to the danger area it must not be supposed that navigation is safe in any part of the southern waters of the North Sea."

Instructions have been issued to his majesty's ships to warn east-going vessels of the presence of this new mine field.

CEASE EXPORTS
OF FOOD STUFF
TO WAR ZONE

Holland Agrees to Prevent Shipments to Germany and Other Belligerents—Simplifies Differences Arising From Ship Search and Seizure of Cargoes—Friction Eliminated.

LONDON, Oct. 2, 1:45 p. m.—Holland has given assurances that it will prevent the exportation of foodstuffs from Holland to Germany or to other countries now at war. This action by the Dutch government greatly simplifies the differences which have arisen concerning cargoes of food destined for the Netherlands and makes it possible for the British government to cease the seizure and investigation of cargoes of foodstuffs consigned to Dutch dealers.

The decision will eliminate also the friction caused by the seizure of foodstuffs bound for the United States to Rotterdam. It is described as gratifying both to the British foreign secretary, Sir Edward Grey, and the American ambassador, Walter Hines Page, who have been conferring daily as to what shipments may be properly considered contraband. A great percentage of the American exports to Holland is wheat and other foodstuffs, the status of which is now thoroughly defined.

The British and American governments are still exchanging representations regarding copper and some other commodities shipped from American companies and considered as contraband of war. Much American copper shipped to Dutch ports is reported as being sent for sale in the open market without consignment to a definite customer. Great Britain has for the copper seized and the question has arisen whether such seizure is an interruption of trade, inasmuch as the cargo is not definitely sold and billed to a designated firm.

HONOLULU, T. H., Oct. 2.—The British Kestrel, which arrived here today from the Fanning islands, reports that the cable station there was destroyed by the German cruiser Nurnburg.

The cutting of communication between Vancouver and Australia was reported last month, and it was supposed then that the Nurnburg, which had left here not long before, was responsible.

MOMENT NEAR TO
LIFT CURTAIN ON
WAR'S GREAT DRAMA

LONDON, Oct. 2, 2:20 a. m.—A correspondent of the Central News at Calais, who has returned from a tour near the allies' left, says: "Without disclosing military secrets, I can say that I have seen many things that remove any misgivings as to the outcome of the battle. The moment is near when the curtain will be lifted on the greatest drama ever seen in war. The German right wing is in extreme danger."

BERLIN ASSERTS
TWO ANTWERP
FORTS SILENCED

BERLIN, Oct. 2, by wireless to Sayville, L. I.—According to announcement made in Berlin today, the great battle in France is still undecided. The Germans are described as hammering the French positions at numerous points with their heavy artillery. The attempts of the allies to break through the German lines have been repulsed. The heaviest losses have been in the Argonne region.

The Germans continue to make steady progress.

In the fighting before Antwerp the German artillery has silenced two of the Belgian forts. German troops captured thirty aeroplanes sent from France to Belgium.

In the eastern arena the Russian offensive movement from the Niemen river against the Germans in the province of Suwalki is declared to have failed. It is officially reported that the Russian fortress of Osovetz, in Russian Poland, was bombarded by the Germans until September 25.

The fighting in France, the siege of Antwerp and the offensive operations under General Von Hindenberg, all going on at the same time, are taken in Berlin to indicate that the German army is not lacking in men.

A statement given out in Berlin says that about 1120 officers of the Russian armies are held as prisoners of war in detention in Germany.

CINGCADE WEDS
AFTER DIVORCE

Harry Cingcade, policeman, and Laura Woodley, a waitress at the Medford hotel, were married at Yreka, Cal., this morning, according to a telegram received by A. W. Walker. Three weeks ago Cingcade secured a divorce from his wife on the grounds of cruelty. He will not return to this city, according to his friends. There is a state law prohibiting the marriage of a divorced couple within a year of the time of the issuance of the divorce.

Cingcade and his bride went to Ashland Thursday afternoon and took the afternoon southbound train for California. He did not resign from the police force—just left with a farewell to the chief. A special filled his place last night. Both the contracting parties are well known in this city.

Mrs. Cingcade was married ten days ago, and since that time has been in Ashland and northern California. Since then she has not returned to this city.

Prosecutor Kelly announced this morning that if either of the divorced parties came within the jurisdiction of Jackson county warrants for their arrest under the state law would be issued.

CLAIM CLAYTON
BILL A REVIVER
OF BIG BUSINESS

Republicans Assert Anti-Trust Measure Is Step Backward—Declare the President Ignorant of Its Sinister Results and That Administration Has Surrendered to Wall Street.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Senator Norris, republican, led the attack on the Clayton trust bill conference report in the senate today, reiterating that the conference managers had "pulled the teeth of the bill" and made it a "Sunday school statute."

Senator Clapp, republican, declared the report was an "absolute step backward." He quoted from President Wilson's pre-election speeches to show that the president was opposed to theory of trust regulation by governmental commissions, which, he said, was the theory on which the administration's anti-trust program was framed.

"Since this conference report came in," said he, "I am convinced it is part and parcel of a general policy of which the president may be ignorant; of which the conferees may be ignorant—which will out the government back into the hands of big business. But I don't believe that the president or the conferees have consciously surrendered to big business. I believe that the president is, as a former president was once described, an amiable gentleman surrounded by men who know what they want and how to get it." Senator Clapp said.

He added that the president was too enmeshed with other problems of international import to give proper consideration to the Clayton bill.

Senator Bristow replied, saying: "I am convinced that the president has surrendered his administration to the most sinister influences in this republic. There has been no administration since the beginning of this government, which has so abjectly surrendered to the Wall Street interests as this administration."

MEXICAN CHIEFS
TO SETTLE CRISIS
ON OCTOBER 10

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The council of generals representing all elements in Mexico will convene at Aguas Calientes, October 10, according to official advices received here today, with a purpose of settling all difficulties. It will bring together for the first time a full representation of General Villa's adherents with those from Carranza and Zapata.

State department officials were unable to estimate the effects on the political conference in Mexico City on the approaching meeting of the military chiefs.

It was assumed that nothing will be done of far-reaching consequence before the Aguas Calientes conference has assembled and indicated what degree of support can be expected for the policies adopted by the Mexico City convention.

Official reports told of the opening of the convention in Mexico City, but gave no indication of the outcome.

FAMOUS SPECIALIST
ENLISTS AS PRIVATE

MONTREAL, Que., Oct. 2.—Dr. John George Adami, one of the world's famous authorities on tuberculosis, has enlisted as a private in the battalion which is being raised at McGill University for service in Europe. Dr. Adami presided over the 1908 international tuberculosis congress in Washington and has been showered with honors because of his successful work.