

ALLIES TIGHTEN GRIP, BATTLE IS RACE OF MOVES

LONDON, Sept. 28, 8 a. m.—Telegraphing from Bordeaux, under date of Sunday, the Times correspondent says:

"The rival armies are now close together. A few hundred yards separated the trenches yesterday. Everywhere the German fury was unavailing and the close of the day found the allies' left reaching up still further north.

"The battle has become, to some extent, a race between this movement on the left and the enemy's offensive against the center and the right. The failure of the enemy to shake off the tightening grip of the allies on the Oise and north of Somme was accompanied yesterday by a renewed attempt to smash the center. Here was massed the flower of the army—the Prussian guard, which distinguished itself from the outset of the campaign by its ability to give and take hard knocks.

"Further to the right the German offensive at first met with some success. The attack was launched in the morning through the hilly, wooded country between the road from the Somme to Chalons and the railway from St. Menenhoult to Vouziers. At the end of the day the French recovered the lost ground."

Scene From Kitty Mackaye at Page Wednesday, October 7



CATHOLICS TAKE STAND TO BRING PEACE TO WORLD

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 28.—The actual work of the thirteenth annual convention here of the American Federation of Catholic Societies began this morning, when President Charles I. Denrehaud presented his report. He said the Catholic world looked to the assemblage that represented three million members of Catholic societies for leadership and counsel.

"The Catholics of the United States should take the initiative for the creation of fo-tering of concerted action for world peace," said Mr. Denrehaud. "Public sentiment should be quickened and congress impurtoned to cause this nation to make the first overtures for a serious, sincere and lasting agreement among the peoples of the world for international peace."

Referring to "accruited reports of cruelties perpetrated by some Mexican authorities on defenseless priests and nuns," President Denrehaud said, "the federation must raise its indignant protest at this inhuman persecution, and respectfully request the government to secure full explanation and reparation for the indignities and atrocities committed and for property losses."



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"RELATIVE CALM" ON SCENE OF BATTLE

PARIS, Sept. 28, 2:58 p. m.—The following official communication was given out in Paris this afternoon:

"There is nothing new to report in the general situation. Relative calm prevails along a portion of the front. Nevertheless, at certain points, notably between the river Aisne and the Argonne district, the enemy has delivered further violent attacks which, however, have been repulsed."

BEACHY LOOPS LOOP OVER WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28. Lincoln Beachy, in an aeroplane, looped the loop four times today over the dome of the capitol, while President Wilson watched the performance from a White House window.

Beachy finished the performance by turning two flops over the White House and then two more loops, flying low over the business section of the city, while government officials and thousands of spectators held their breath.

BERLIN'S CHIEF'S SON WOUNDED AT MARSAN

PARIS, Sept. 28, 4:30 a. m.—Among the 800 wounded Germans at Mont de Marsan, seventy miles south of Bordeaux, are Lieutenant George Von Bieberstein, a nephew of the late Baron Marschall Von Bieberstein and a son of Chief of Police Von Jagow of Berlin. Lieutenant Von Loening, son of the general who directed the bombardment of Liege, is among the prisoners at the same place.

MOROCCO SULTAN ON VISIT TO WOUNDED

PARIS, Sept. 28, 6 a. m.—A Biarritz dispatch to the Havas agency says that Mulai Abd El-Aziz, the ex-sultan of Morocco, has arrived there with his suite. He visited several of the military hospitals, congratulated the soldiers on their heroism and left generous contributions for the wounded. The ex-sultan will arrive in Bordeaux on Monday.

GREMBERGEN ATTACK BY GERMANS FAIL

LONDON, Sept. 28, 4:40 p. m.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company from Amsterdam says that the Germans in again bombarding Malines and at the same time attacking Grembergen, were repulsed by the Belgians, with heavy losses.

SPECIAL FLAG OF WAR MONSTROSITY

LONDON, Sept. 28.—England for the first time in this generation is becoming thoroughly familiar with other flags than the Union Jack, but it is having a hard time doing so.

In some quarters an attempt is made to display the flags of all the allies, reckoning them as France, Belgium, Russia, Serbia, Montenegro and Japan. One drawback is that all the national flags mentioned except two are tri-colors, and to English eyes all tri-colors look more or less alike. In fact, nearly every national flag in Europe is a tri-color, either vertical or horizontal. France has the blue, white and red vertical; Holland the red, white and blue horizontal; Belgium, black, orange and red vertical; and Russia, white, red and blue horizontal. Serbia's flag is simply the Russian flag upside down with a small device in the middle. Montenegro's is the same as the Serbian with a different device in the center.

A special war flag has been designed by a woman who has attempted to combine the flags of all the allies in one banner, but it is such a monstrosity that no one displays it.

BRITISH REPORT BATTLE ADVANCE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The British embassy has received a dispatch from the foreign office at London dated early today, saying the situation is satisfactory and counter attacks on the British front have been beaten back with heavy losses to the enemy.

SALTS IF KIDNEYS OR BLADDER BOTHER

Harmless to flush Kidneys and neutralize irritating acids—Splendid for system.

Kidney and Bladder weakness result from uric acid, says a noted authority. The kidneys filter this acid from the blood and pass it on to the bladder, where it often remains to irritate and inflame, causing a burning, scalding sensation, or setting up an irritation at the neck of the bladder, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night. The sufferer is in constant dread, the water passes sometimes with a scalding sensation and is very profuse; again, there is difficulty in voiding it.

Bladder weakness, most folks call it, because they can't control urination. While it is extremely annoying and sometimes very painful, this is really one of the most simple ailments to overcome. Get about four ounces of Jad Salts from your pharmacist and take a table spoonful in a glass of water before breakfast, continue this for two or three days. This will neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation to the bladder and urinary organs, which then act normally again.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the salt of nature and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is used by thousands of folks who are subject to urinary disorders caused by uric acid irritation. Jad Salts is splendid for kidneys and causes no bad effects whatever.

Here you have a pleasant, refreshing, water drink, which quickly relieves bladder trouble.

ATHLETICS WIN SIXTH PENNANT

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28.—Now that the Philadelphia American league team has clinched the championship of that organization, officials of the club are making active preparations for the world's series.

The victory of the Athletics gives Connie Mack his sixth championship, a new major league record. Under his tutelage they won the league pennant in 1902, 1905, 1910, 1911 and 1913, and in the latter three years they also captured the world's championship.

The national commission will hold a meeting here Wednesday to make final arrangements for the world's series, the first game of which probably will be played either October 8 or 9. Whether Boston or Philadelphia will secure the first game will be decided by the toss of a coin.

NEW HAVEN ROAD TO BE PROBED

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Federal Judge Mayer swore in today a special grand jury empowered to investigate whether the criminal laws had been violated by directors of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad in their administration of the road's affairs. The inquiry is an outgrowth of the government dissolution suit filed recently in the civil branch of the court and was inaugurated on the suggestion of president Wilson.

SOLDIER'S GARB NEW PROBLEM

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The possibility of having to furnish new clothes for the millions of soldiers in the war may have to be seriously considered if the conflict is prolonged through the winter. Some of the correspondents are already reporting that the soldiers' uniforms are beginning to show wear and tear. It used to be believed that a good uniform should last a campaign. That was not the experience of 1870. In December, 1870, German soldiers might have been seen plodding through the misty roads in the depth of winter barefoot, whilst many had only wooden shoes and linen trousers. When the tenth corps marched into Le Mans in January scarcely a soldier was clothed in the regulation manner. Civilian garments, even French red breeches, were common.

PROFESSORS NOT CURBED BY WAR

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 28.—The European war will not prevent professional exchanges between Harvard and Germany and French universities this year. Professor Waldemar Voigt will come from the University of Goettingen and Prof. Henri Lichtenberger from the University of Paris. Harvard will send to Paris Prof. W. A. Neilson and to the University of Berlin Prof. A. D. Hart.

SANDOWS ENLIST TO SAVE FATHERLAND

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—TheSchwerathletische Sport, the adherents of which are especially strong young men, is represented in the field by a great number of wrestlers and heavy-weight lifters for the defense of the country. The largest Schwerathletische club in Berlin has sent fifty-four, or nearly all its active members to the front. Among these are Franz Bachholz, the champion weight lifter of Berlin; Koelkel and Paulini, the world's champion wrestlers, and Koshier and Magsam, the European champions.

GRAY HAIR BECOMES DARK, THICK, GLOSSY

Look years younger! Try Grandma's recipe of Sage and Sulphur and nobody will know.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray; also ends dandruff, itching scalp and stops falling hair. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome.

Nowadays we simply ask at any drug store for "Wyley's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy." You will get a large bottle for about 50 cents. Everybody uses this old, famous recipe, because no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, thick and glossy and you look years younger.

For Congress



Fred Hollister
SERVING TWO MASTERS

When Congressman Hawley entered the race for the office he now holds eight years ago he was known to be a poor man. That was no disgrace to him, for he was looked upon generally as an honest man. Today this same Mr. Hawley is said to be well supplied with this world's goods in the shape of coin or its equivalent. This is no disgrace to him either, for it shows that in the eight years he has been in Washington he has been thrifty—a highly commendable trait in any man.

But among the numerous reasons why Mr. Hawley should be called to account, is his connection with a fraternal insurance society, and the fact that he draws from this society a monthly salary.

For many years Congressman Hawley has been a member of the Board of Head Managers of the Woodmen of the World, one of the strongest fraternal insurance organizations on the Pacific coast. He draws a monthly salary of \$75 and receives \$5 per diem and traveling expenses every time he attends a meeting of the Board meetings being held quarterly.

The records show that Mr. Hawley was absent from the regular Board meetings in February and May, 1914, but that he left his duties in Washington to attend the meeting of the Board at Denver in August, when his constituents in Oregon supposed he was in the National Capital sweltering under the load of responsibilities which rested upon the shoulders of his colleagues.

Now, in all justice to Mr. Hawley, we will say that we do not know whether or not he has ever used, or attempted to use, the high position he holds in the Woodmen lodge to further his political interests; but we do know that the position he holds might be used to line up the members of this organization and make of it a powerful political machine, the influence of which, thrown to any candidate in this Congressional district, would insure his election. And

Judging from some of the fine work done at some of the Head Camp sessions, we are inclined to think that Mr. Hawley will not overlook anything that is to his personal interest in politics.

What would we say or think of a candidate for congress who was a member of the board of directors in some old line life insurance company? But that is just the position Mr. Hawley holds in this great fraternal insurance society from which he draws \$75 per month and \$5 per diem and traveling expenses when in attendance at board meetings.

Who would think of sending a man who occupied the position of counsel for some railroad or other corporation, to Congress? True, we used to do that in the old days, but not now, if we know it. Then, why Mr. Hawley?

Again: Mr. Hawley draws \$75 per month for looking after the interests of the Woodmen of the World. Can he do justice to the society if he remains in Washington and neglects to attend the regular meetings of the Board of Head Managers? Can he do justice to his state and his district if he leaves his duties in Washington and attends Board meetings at Denver?

Frankly, we do not believe Mr. Hawley has any right to draw a salary from any corporation or association while a member of Congress. The \$7500 per year which he draws from the government ought, with the mileage attachment which brings it up to the \$9000-a-year mark, to satisfy the craving of most people without taking "tips" from insurance or other organization on the side.

Mr. Hawley should resign one of his jobs in justice to those he represents. It shows a very greedy nature to want to draw so many salaries. Turn that \$75-a-month job over to someone else, Mr. Hawley, or resign your seat in Congress. You cannot serve two masters.

(Paid Adv.)

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